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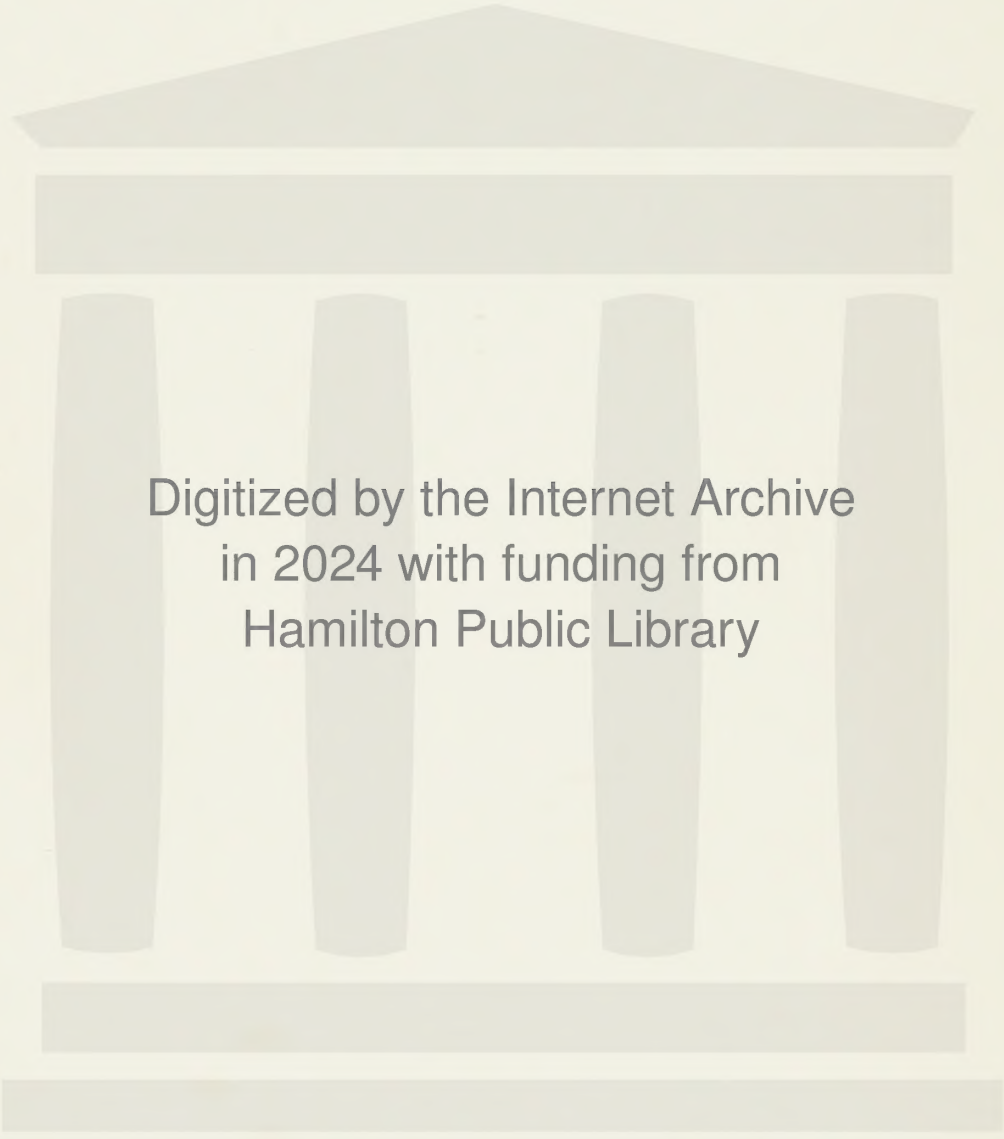
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HISTORICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL



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Alex. C. Rutherford



BIOGRAPHICAL

HON. ALEXANDER CAMERON RUTHERFORD, K. C., LL. D.

Hon. Alexander Cameron Rutherford, first Premier of the province of Alberta and a member of the senate of the University of Alberta since 1907, is the senior partner in the firm of Rutherford, Jamieson, Rutherford & McCuaig, barristers and solicitors, which maintains offices in the McLeod building of Edmonton and in the Imperial Bank Chambers of Edmonton South. His birth occurred at Osgoode, Carleton county, Ontario, on the 2d of February, 1857, his parents being James and Elizabeth Rutherford. He received his early education in the public and high schools of Metcalfe, Ontario, continued his studies in Woodstock College of Woodstock and prepared for a professional career in McGill University. The Hon. Dr. Rutherford engaged in law practice in Ottawa, Ontario, from 1885 until 1895 and then came west to Strathcona (South Edmonton), Alberta. Here he has remained an active representative of the bar to the present time, now practicing as senior member of the firm of Rutherford, Jamieson, Rutherford & McCuaig. He is also a factor in business circles as director of the Canada National Fire Insurance Company, director of the Imperial Canadian Trust Company and director of the Great West Permanent Loan Company. He is a member and one of the founders of Local No. 1 of the United Farmers of Alberta.

Dr. Rutherford was a member of the Ottawa Inter-Provincial Conference in 1906, vice president of the Dominion Lord's Day Alliance in 1907 and also delegate to the Imperial Conference on Education in London, England, in the latter year. He was presented to the late King Edward and was specially invited to the Royal Garden Party at Windsor Castle in 1907. His public career has been of a varied and highly important character. He was elected to the legislative assembly of the Northwest Territories for Strathcona constituency in 1902 and three years later was elected to the legislative assembly of Alberta, to which he was reelected in 1907. On the formation of the province he was selected its first Premier by Lieutenant Governor Bulyea and was called to form a ministry on the 2d of September, 1905. He served as Premier, minister of education and provincial treasurer during the period between 1905 and 1910 and resigned the Premiership on the 26th of May, of the latter year, owing to dissension in the ranks of Liberal members in the legislature. Under his regime as premier of Alberta the Normal College and Provincial University were founded and all the institutions and machinery of government were established as in other provinces of Canada. The Hon. Dr. Rutherford is an ardent supporter of high educational standards

and is responsible more than any other man in Alberta for the founding of a state-controlled University and for keeping degree-granting power in the hands of the Provincial University. He was the first exponent of railway expansion for Alberta by guarantee of bonds and he encouraged agriculture, coal mining, judicious labor legislation, and state control of telephones.

In 1888, in Ottawa, Ontario, the Hon. Dr. Rutherford was united in marriage to Miss Mattie Birkett, daughter of the late William Birkett. They are the parents of a son and a daughter, namely: Cecil, who served with the artillery in France and is a member of his father's law firm; and Hazel, the wife of Stanley H. McCuaig, of the firm of Rutherford, Jamieson, Rutherford & McCuaig.

The Hon. Dr. Rutherford has been a Liberal-Conservative in politics since 1911, prior to which time he was a Liberal. He is a Baptist in religious faith. He is a fellow of the British Association for the Advancement of Science and the Royal Colonial Institute of London, England, honorary colonel of the One Hundred and Ninety-fourth Battalion of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces and was director of National Service for Alberta of the National Service Commission during the period of the Great war. The Montreal Herald referred to him as "a man of fine ability," while the Toronto Globe characterized him as "an honest, up right figure in politics. A big man physically and mentally with a radiant humor in his eyes, and lines of stubborn strength finely blended in his genial face."

HERBERT GREENFIELD.

In the person of Hon. Herbert Greenfield, Premier of Alberta, are combined the capacity for leadership and a knowledge of the agricultural situation in western Canada which qualify him preeminently for the position of official spokesman and political chief for the organized farmers' movement of this province. Mr. Greenfield is what is known in newspaper parlance as a "dirt" farmer. Nearly twenty years ago he came west to Alberta to take up a homestead, on which he has made his home ever since, developing it into one of the finest and most scientifically operated farms in this region and accomplishing this result by his own untiring efforts. Therefore he can speak of agricultural methods and problems with the calm assurance of the man who has tested out the former and employed all of his mental and physical resources in the solution of the latter. He knows what the farmer in western Canada needs today, for he needs those very things himself. But the consciousness of a situation that needs remedying is only the first step in social and political reform. Once the diagnosis is properly made the remedy must be accurately prescribed if the condition is to be permanently improved. It is just here that Premier Greenfield stands out from the ranks of other men who have made a marked success of agriculture in Alberta.

An early business experience in England gave him an insight into merchandising and marketing methods and practices possessed by few men in the agricultural field, a knowledge that enables him to test out proposed measures for the distribution of farm products and discard those that are not practicable in the world of affairs as they are. Moreover, wide study along these lines has familiarized him with every phase of the agricultural situation and brought to his attention plans that have been tried out in other countries to better the condition of this particular industry. He is, therefore, one who can devise and put into successful operation plans for advancing the interests of the industry he represents along lines that will be helpful to everyone concerned, farmer, middle man and ultimate consumer. As Alberta is as yet largely an agricultural region it is but natural that the organized farmers' movement should be a dominant force in the political life of the province, where in the high tide of its success it has put one of its own leaders into the office of premier. The Hon. Herbert Greenfield, a farmer of northern Alberta, was selected for the post and sworn in on the 13th of August, 1921. His course in the ensuing period has vindicated the position of the United Farmers Association that there were men within the ranks of that organization who were entirely capable of assuming and effectively discharging the duties of the highest political offices in the provincial government.

Premier Greenfield is an Englishman by birth. He was born in 1869 in Winchester, and as a youth moved to the great city of London, with his parents, who took up their residence there. His early education, obtained in the common schools, has been supplemented in later years by extensive reading along general lines and serious study of those subjects that are of especial interest to him. When still a boy, however, he went to work in London in order to help his father and mother solve the problem of the family budget in a household of growing children. This early experience in office work was later to be invaluable to him. At the age of twenty-three Herbert Greenfield left his native land and set sail for Canada. In the Dominion he found employment at first with a farmer in Middlesex county, Ontario, and later went on to a farm in Lambton county in the same province, in this manner mastering the practical features of agricultural life in Canada.

It was in 1906 that Mr. Greenfield and his wife first came to Alberta. Here he located on a homestead a few miles south of the present town of Westlock that is still his home farm. While Mr. Greenfield was thus advancing his own fortunes, he was helping in the development of the region with which he had cast his lot as a homesteader. All the public movements for government, schools, and the other things that make a modern, enlightened community had his support and cooperation. For years he was secretary and treasurer of the local school board in his district. Before and since his election as premier he has taken a vigorous part in municipal public health affairs, working with particular zeal to procure

municipal hospitals for the province. He was a Liberal in political views up to the time the farmers went into politics as an organized body and was a leader in the local party organizations from the first of the Pembina constituency. Meanwhile the agricultural societies were gaining in strength and reaching out in the scope of their activities. For years Mr. Greenfield headed the Westlock Agricultural Society as president, while with the organization of the United Farmers Association and United Farm Women's Association he stepped into a place of political leadership as a spokesman for his own industry. To his wise counsel and able guidance this group owes much of its political success in the province. Cautious and conservative, even in the first flush of victory, he pointed out to his more enthusiastic associates the danger of assuming greater responsibilities than the newly formed organizations could bear, thus shaking the confidence of their own members as well as of the general public. As the associations grew in strength and their leaders became more experienced in political ways, he gave his support to the cause of the farmer in politics without reserve, throwing the whole weight of his personal influence on that side of the contest in the political arena. The assistance he rendered the party contributed enormously to its success in public life in those early days of experimentation; thus when the time came for one of its men to be chosen candidate for the premiership of the province, Herbert Greenfield had the solid backing of these two organizations. A successful canvass resulted in the election of the agricultural ticket and Mr. Greenfield was duly sworn in as premier.

As a speaker Premier Greenfield is very effective. His oratory, while convincing, is not that of a political demagogue, but rather the forceful and clear expression of the ideas and views of a man who has thought his way through problems after looking at them from all sides and testing them with a remarkably keen intellect. He has a good grasp of politics, comprehends all phases of a situation quickly and acts with decision. His methods are always fair and aboveboard, while his character as a man is impeccable, a consideration not to be overlooked when selecting public leaders.

In 1900 Mr. Greenfield was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Harris of Adelaide, Ontario, who accompanied her husband to Alberta in 1906 and shared with him the fortunes and misfortunes of a homesteader's life. A wedded life that had extended over a period of more than twenty years was terminated by the death of Mrs. Greenfield, who passed away on the 10th of January, 1922.

HON. ALEX ROSS.

When the present Premier of Alberta, the Hon. Herbert Greenfield, formed his ministry on the 13th of August, 1921, the Hon. Alex Ross of Calgary was asked to accept the portfolio of minister of public works. At that time Mr. Ross had had a comparatively short career in the political

arena of this province as member of the legislature from his district, to which office he was first elected in 1917. He came to the front in public life as a representative of labor and as its spokesman and leader defended its interests in the legislative halls with a loyalty and ability that won him the whole-hearted approval of his constituents and the admiration of the leaders of the labor and farmer movement elsewhere in the province. It was, therefore, with general approbation that the news of his inclusion in the Greenfield ministry was received by the public.

Alex Ross is a Scotchman by birth and spent his youth and early manhood in his native land. The son of James and Jessie (Thompson) Ross, he was born at Premnay, on the 15th of January, 1880. He was educated at Oyne, Aberdeenshire, following which he learned the trade of a stone mason. It was at the age of twenty-six that he set sail for America in 1906, and chose Canada as his future home. Here he continued to work along the lines of stone masonry and in Calgary, which is his home city, he rose to a place of leadership among the laboring men that resulted in his entering politics on the labor ticket. He stood for election to the Alberta legislature as labor candidate in the general elections of 1917 and was returned to that body for the first time. Four years later he was reelected to the office by acclamation on the 9th of December, 1921. As a member of the Greenfield ministry he has supported the policies of his chief consistently and loyally and has stood out as one of the men whose interests were inseparably bound up in the labor cause. The duties of his office have been discharged promptly and with ability, the department of public works holding an excellent record for effective and constructive work in its branch of the public administration. The principles and platforms of Mr. Ross's party are too well known in the province to need explanation. It is sufficient to point out that Mr. Ross is one of those men whose public and personal career has been such that he has served to inspire the general public with confidence in the great industrial-political movement he represents.

HON. CHARLES WILSON CROSS.

Hon. Charles Wilson Cross, a member of the Edmonton bar and for a number of years prominently connected with the political history of the province, being still a member of the provincial legislature, was born at Madoc, Hastings county, Ontario, on the 30th of November, 1872, and comes of Scotch ancestry. His father, Thomas Cross, was a native of Aberdeen, Scotland, while his mother, who in her maidenhood was Miss Maria Mouncey, was born in Canada but of Scotch parentage. Thomas Cross became a prominent merchant of Madoc and a leading man in the life of that community.

Reared under the parental roof, Charles W. Cross acquired his more advanced education in the Upper Canada College, in Toronto University

and in Osgoode Hall, and after this thorough and complete equipment for his professional career, he decided to put his knowledge to the test in the west, as he felt that the opportunities in that section of the country were superior to those of the more thickly settled east. In 1897, therefore, he made his way to Alberta and opened an office in Edmonton, where he at once entered upon the practice of law. Before long he had become a partner in the well known and prominent law firm of Short, Cross, Biggar & Ewing and almost from the beginning of his professional career he has enjoyed an extensive and growing practice, increasingly important as the years have passed by. His analytical mind enables him readily to understand the salient features of a case and his presentation of his cause before the courts is always clear, logical and convincing.

From his arrival in the province he has taken an active interest in politics and in the fall of 1905 was elected a member of the provincial parliament in the Edmonton constituency. He was immediately appointed attorney-general in the cabinet under Hon. A. C. Rutherford—a most distinguished honor for so young a man, but he proved adequate to the demands made upon him and his party never regretted having trusted the interests of the province in his hands. The public had the assurance that the rights of all would be protected and his course justified the faith that was reposed in him. He made a splendid record as attorney-general, his course constituting a most creditable chapter in the history of legal procedure in the province. Mr. Cross is still a member of the legislature but is not as active in politics as formerly, preferring to devote his attention to the private practice of law.

JOSEPH H. ROSS.

Joseph H. Ross is well known in educational circles of Alberta, and as acting principal of the Calgary Institute of Technology & Art he is doing valuable and important work. He was born in Menstrie, Scotland, October 30, 1887, of the marriage of James and Elizabeth (Lindsay) Ross, who were also natives of that country. The father operated a mill in Scotland and remained in his native land until 1890, when he migrated to Canada. For a considerable period he was connected with the Ogilvie Mills at Montreal in the capacity of millwright and later organized the Laurentian Sand & Gravel Company at Melocheville, Quebec, successfully conducting that business until called to his final rest. His demise occurred in June, 1912, when he was fifty-four years of age. The mother is now residing in Calgary.

Joseph H. Ross acquired his early education in the public schools of Beauharnois, Quebec, and afterward became a student at Shortell Academy at Montreal. After completing his course in that institution he became connected with electrical engineering, engaging in general construction work until 1911, when he came to Calgary as electrical inspector for

the city, which he had visited in 1906. For five years he filled that position and in 1916 he became an instructor at the Institute of Technology, being thus employed until 1918, when he enlisted for service in the World war. He joined the Flying Corps and was stationed at the Engine Repair Park in Toronto, Ontario, until the close of the war. On his return to this city he took charge of the Calgary Retraining Center, now the Institute of Technology, which in 1920 was taken over by the provincial government, and he is now acting principal of that institution. He has been very successful as an instructor, imparting clearly and readily to others the knowledge he has acquired, and he is actuated by a spirit of progress that takes cognizance of all improved educational methods.

On the 10th of October, 1911, Mr. Ross was united in marriage to Miss Grace Simpson and they have become the parents of two children: Sarah H., who was born on Christmas day of 1913; and Joseph, Jr., born April 9, 1916. Mr. Ross reserves the right to vote independently, supporting all movements and projects which he believes will advance the interests of good government. In religious faith he is a Presbyterian and his fraternal relations are with the Masons and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He served as president of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers of Alberta in 1912 and for three years was president of the local branch of that organization. He is a member of the National Association of Electrical Contractors & Dealers and an associate member of the Engineering Institute of Canada. He is much interested in the agricultural development of Alberta and owns and operates a productive farm. He is conscientious and efficient in the discharge of his professional duties and holds to high standards in his educational work, in which connection he is doing effective public service.

HARRY AUSTIN DRIGGS.

Harry Austin Driggs has had an active, useful and eventful life, making each moment count for the utmost, and as warden of the provincial jail at Fort Saskatchewan he occupied a position of trust and responsibility, which he capably filled for the past nine years, or until July 1, 1923, when he was transferred to Lethbridge. Mr. Driggs is a native of the United States. He was born in Adrian, Michigan, July 13, 1872, a son of Edwin B. and Maggie (Hastings) Driggs, the former a native of the state of South Carolina and the latter of Scotland. The father was a farmer and stock raiser, following those pursuits in Michigan and Texas and gaining a position of leadership in his chosen line of activity. He specialized in pure bred stock and was the first breeder of Hereford cattle in the Wolverine state, securing his stock in England.

Harry A. Driggs secured his education in Michigan, graduating from the Palmyra high school in 1891, and he afterward became a student at the Orchard Lake Military Academy, which he attended for two years.

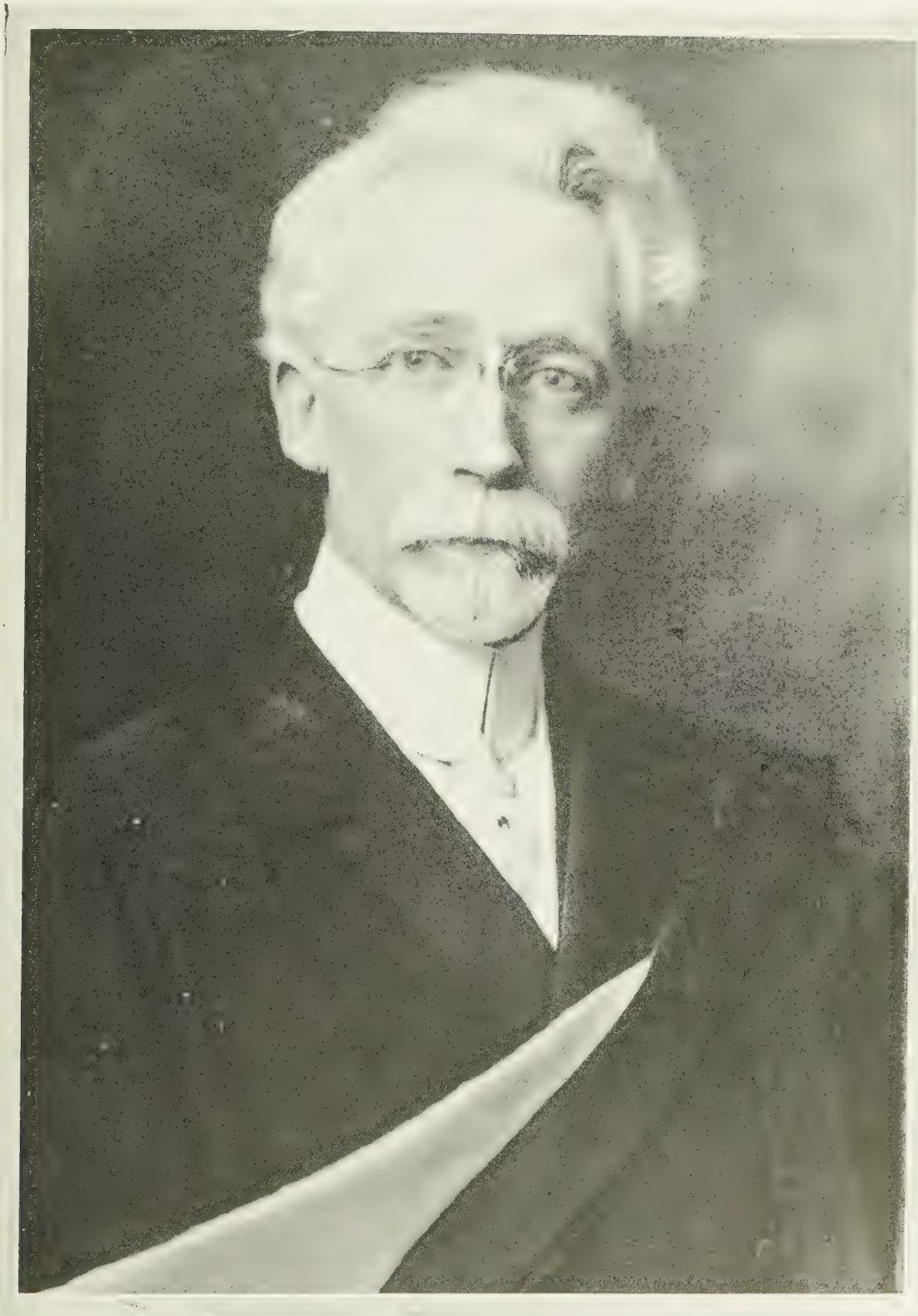
Subsequently he came to Canada, reaching Lethbridge, Alberta, in 1896, and for the next two years he worked as a cow-puncher. In 1898 he returned to the States and enlisted in the Thirty-first Michigan Volunteer Infantry, for service in the Spanish-American war, being stationed in the south until the cessation of hostilities. In 1899 he again made his way to Alberta and in the fall of that year engaged in ranching near Grassy Lake, in the Taber district. He held that property until 1908, when he disposed of it in order that he might give his attention to his other interests. In 1907 he had established a private bank at Grassy Lake and continued its operation until 1913, also conducting a general store during that period. In the spring of 1914 he was appointed warden of the new provincial jail at Fort Saskatchewan, in the Victoria district, and filled that position with efficiency and conscientiousness until he transferred from Fort Saskatchewan prison on July 1, 1923, to Lethbridge. He has also done important work as a civil engineer, assisting in surveying the townsites for Magrath, Sterling, and Grassy Lake, of which he was first president, also first reeve of Eureka municipality, and he was likewise engaged by the Lethbridge Irrigation Company in survey work on their canal, remaining with them until the work was completed.

Mr. Driggs was married in Michigan, on the 21st of February, 1900, to Miss Clara Anne Mitchell, a native of that state. He has attained the thirty-second degree in Scottish Rite Masonry and is an exemplary representative of the craft. He is faithful to the trust reposed in him and thoroughness and devotion to duty are his outstanding characteristics. He is regarded as a man of high moral character and substantial worth and the respect which is accorded him is well deserved.

GEORGE WILLIAM KERBY, B. A., D. D.

There are certain men who, without self-seeking, by the vigor and sincerity of their expressed convictions, draw to themselves an approving public attention. When to this magnetic quality of sensible candor they add a cheerful willingness to strive for the realization of their ideals, they become a powerful force for good. Such a man is Dr. George W. Kerby, author, minister, lecturer and educator, who for the past twelve years has been president of Mount Royal College of Calgary. He was born in Sombra township, in the province of Ontario, a son of Nelson and Hester Ann Kerby, and after completing a course in the Sarnia high school, attended the Cobourg Collegiate Institute. He is an honor graduate in arts, of Victoria University, affiliated with the University of Toronto, and at the convocation of 1911 received from the former institution the degree of Doctor of Divinity. Following his ordination to the ministry of the Methodist church he occupied prominent pulpits in Woodstock, Hamilton, St. Catharines and Brantford, Ontario, and at Montreal, Quebec.

In July, 1903, Dr. Kerby came to Alberta and for twenty years he



GEORGE W. KERBY, D. D.

has been a resident of Calgary, serving for eight years of that period as pastor of Central church, which was built under his ministry and is one of the largest institutional churches in the Dominion, with an overflowing cosmopolitan congregation. In 1911 he became the founder of Mount Royal College, of which he has been president since its beginning, and through his untiring efforts a splendid coeducational institution, doing vital work for the young people of western Canada, has been developed.

Dr. Kerby is the possessor of literary ability of a high order and is the author of several publications and magazine articles, including "The Broken Trail," a story of the west. It is filled with stirring incidents, graphically related and dramatically presented. It is a book with a mission, containing a message for the times, and should find a place in the library of every home in western Canada. His other publications are: "Keep a Grip on Harry"; "A Study in Faces"; "The Birds"; "The Cavan Blazers"; "Religion and Education—a New Rennaissance Needed"; "Difficulties in Western Education"; "The Boy and His Father"; "The New Age and the Spirit of Unrest" ;"The New Canadianism"; "Religion and Business"; "The Parting of the Ways"; and a series of eleven articles on schools, colleges and universities in the United States, published in the Daily Albertan of Calgary. He is an eloquent and impressive speaker and has become well known as a lecturer, appearing before chambers of commerce in many cities and before young people's gatherings, being a recognized leader in work for young men. An address on "International Comradeship," which he delivered before the Chicago Association of Commerce, was published in full in the Chicago Journal of Commerce and the British American of that city, as well as in several Canadian papers. The late George Sutherland, editor of the British American, made the following comment on the speech: "Dr. Kerby delivered the finest address ever given before the Chicago Association of Commerce. The big banquet hall of the La Salle Hotel was packed by Chicago leaders of industry. The audience cheered again and again through the delivery of the speech and at its conclusion rose in a body, waving handkerchiefs and cheering Dr. Kerby for fully five minutes. As the luncheon broke up, hundreds rushed forward to the speaker to shake his hand and warmly congratulate him." Dr. Kerby has traveled extensively in the British Isles and on the European continent. On his return to Canada he delivered a series of addresses on his travels, in which connection the following comments were made by the press of the city of Calgary: "Rarely if ever in Canada has there been such absorbing interest in a series of lectures. Every nook and corner of the big auditorium was filled, even to the choir gallery. Large numbers of people with their money in their hands had to be turned away." "He has certainly discovered the golden secret of capturing and holding the ears and hearts of the people. Terribly in earnest himself and throwing into all his work and words a wonderful electrical energy, he inspires his listeners to a degree excelled by few living Canadian orators." Dr. Kerby has also written several poems of merit, which have appeared in various publications, a partial list of

his contributions being as follows: "They Blazed the Trail For Us"; "Brotherhood"; "Abraham Lincoln"; "A Reverie"; "The Master Mind"; "Friendship's Garden"; and "Pauline Johnson's Grave."

Dr. Kerby was largely instrumental in starting ten Methodist churches in this city and has become known as "The Father of Methodism" in Calgary. He was also the father and founder of the "Men's Own," and was recently elected fraternal delegate from the Methodist church of Canada to the Methodist Episcopal church, South, in the United States. He is a member of the church union committee and in 1906-7 was president of the Alberta Methodist conference, while from 1910 until 1917 he was assistant secretary of the General Conference of the Methodist church of Canada.

Dr. Kerby is still in the prime of life and is an enthusiastic Canadian, with an international vision of world problems. He takes a great interest in community and national affairs and from 1914 until 1917 was a trustee of the Calgary public schools. He was chairman of the local board of education in 1915-16 and has also been a trustee of the Calgary General Hospital, and is chairman of the local committee of the National Council of Education. He is a member of the Calgary Board of Trade and has been honored with the presidency of the Rotary Club. He is also connected with the Canadian Club and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is prominent in Masonry. He is a past master of Zetland Lodge, No. 83, A. F. & A. M., and from 1915 until 1918 served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Alberta. During the World war he was chief recruiting officer in Military District, No. 13, and district representative under the military service act. He holds the honorary titles of major and chaplain and is also president of the local chapter of the Red Cross Society. He is serving as vice president of the Canadian National Authors Society and is chairman of the Calgary branch of that organization.

Dr. Kerby is a frequent speaker before the Provincial Teachers' and Trustees' Association, of both eastern and western Canada.

Of his address at the Ontario Educational Association, and the Canadian National Conference on Education and Citizenship, the Toronto Globe says: "It is encouraging to have so broadly a Canadian deliverance from an educational leader in the west, and so pronounced a repudiation of local, religious and racial sectionalism." While the Mail and Empire said: "Dr. Kerby of Calgary pronounced perhaps the greatest oration that the association has heard in some years. His gibbeting of the rural reactionary will contribute not a little to a forward movement."

The press in general speaks of Dr. Kerby's Chautauqua address on "The Task of a Nation", given in the leading centers of Ontario and the west, as a real contribution to our Canadian national life and ideals. He is described as "The embodiment of the Canadian Spirit—a fervent idealist who believes in education as the means of developing the Canadian boy and girl, the greatest of all our resources."

On October 11, 1888, Dr. Kerby married Miss Emily Spencer, a daughter of the Rev. James Spencer, M. A., deceased. Dr. and Mrs. Kerby

have become the parents of two children: Mrs. Arthur J. Cowan, B. A., of Vancouver, British Columbia; and H. Spencer Kerby, B. A., S. C., of the Royal Air Service of Great Britain. Dr. Kerby has never been an idle sentimentalist, but a worker, and the lofty ideals which he cherishes find embodiment in practical effort for their adoption. Fine personal gifts are his and he has spared no labor to make full use of his powers, which have been unselfishly devoted to the service of others. He is a broad-gauged man and every possible moment of his life has been given to advancing the interests of humanity along the line of charitable thought and action, that there may be a recognition of the ties of brotherhood and appreciation of each other.

COLONEL FREDERICK CHARLES JAMIESON.

High on the roll of the leading representatives of the Alberta bar appears the name of Colonel Frederick Charles Jamieson of Edmonton, nor is interest in his personal history confined to what he has accomplished as a representative of the legal profession, for there is also a most interesting military chapter, while a public-spirited devotion to the general good is one of his marked characteristics. A native of Carleton county, Ontario, he was born May 18, 1875, and is a son of James and Mary Ann (Craig) Jamieson. His mother is a native of the north of Ireland but was brought to Canada in her infancy and is now living at Edmonton with her son, Dr. A. E. Jamieson. The father, who has departed this life, was born in Carleton county, Ontario, and for many years devoted his life to the cultivation of the old homestead which his father had taken up from the government in 1820, the family having been one of the first to settle in that part of Canada, and with the pioneer development of the region the representatives of the name were actively and helpfully identified.

Frederick Charles Jamieson pursued his education in the schools near his father's home and at Kemptville, Ontario, and then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for two years in his native province. It was in 1895, when twenty years of age, that he heard and heeded the call of the west. Recognizing the opportunities that were offered in this unsettled but rapidly developing section of the country, he came to Alberta and secured a homestead at Lacombe, on which he remained for two years. In January, 1896, he removed to Edmonton and began the study of law under the direction and in the office of A. C. Rutherford, while later his preceptor was S. S. Taylor, K. C. He also studied for a time with Judge H. C. Taylor and thus his training was thorough and comprehensive. On the 1st of August, 1899, he entered upon the active practice of his profession in connection with Hon. A. C. Rutherford, with whom he has been associated to the present time, the firm now being Rutherford, Jamieson, Rutherford & McCraig. Mr. Jamieson has an extensive

clientele both in Edmonton and the surrounding country and is notably successful in the handling of cases, being regarded as a most wise counselor as well as an able advocate.

Early in his professional career interruption came in the shape of military service, for Mr. Jamieson is one of the Canadian veterans of the South African war. In 1900 he joined the Canadian Mounted Rifles under the command of Lieutenant Colonel T. D. B. Evans and spent a year in military duty. He returned in 1901 and resumed practice with Mr. Rutherford but throughout the intervening period has always manifested active interest in the local militia and in 1906 organized a squadron of Mounted Rifles at Strathcona, which organization is now included in the Nineteenth Alberta Dragoons, which Colonel Jamieson commanded for a term of five years. At the formation of the First Canadian Division, Colonel Jamieson was given command of Divisional Mounted troops, with which he served overseas until July, 1916, with the rank of lieutenant colonel. During the remainder of the war he was on staff duty in Canada and the United States. In September, 1918, he was appointed to the command of the Two Hundred and Sixtieth Battalion which formed part of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces to Siberia. He retains his interest in military affairs as colonel of the Twenty-ninth Infantry Brigade, Canadian Militia.

In the year following his return from military service in South Africa, Colonel Jamieson was married to Miss Ann V. C. MacLeod of Edmonton and they have one son, Kenneth. Fraternally Colonel Jamieson is a Mason and is a member of the Loyal Orange Association. In politics he is a Conservative. He has held few public offices but for a period of six years was city solicitor for the city of Strathcona prior to its amalgamation with Edmonton, his professional ability making his service in this connection of marked value to the municipality.

PERCY W. ABBOTT.

Percy W. Abbott, senior partner of the firm of Abbott & McLaughlin, barristers and solicitors of Edmonton, his highly developed capability bringing him to a notable place in professional circles, was born in Lucan, Ontario, on the 29th of April, 1882, his parents being Thomas and Alice Maria (Powe) Abbott. His youthful days were largely devoted to the acquirement of his preliminary education in the public and high schools of Lucan, after which he attended the Regina Normal School and thus laid a broad and substantial foundation upon which to build the superstructure of professional knowledge. Having determined upon the practice of law as a life work, he began reading with the firm of Taylor & Boyle and was admitted to the bar in 1909. Opening an office in Edmonton in the same year, he has continued in active and successful practice here and he entered upon his present partnership relation in 1917, the

firm of Abbott & McLaughlin holding enviable place at the Alberta bar, as indicated in the court records in the many favorable verdicts which they have won.

In 1908 Mr. Abbott was married to Miss Margaret Louise Pearl McIntyre of Edmonton and they have become parents of three daughters, namely: Winifred Margaret, Doris Loraine and Madeline Claire.

Mr. Abbott is a leading member of the Edmonton Club, and he belongs also to the Edmonton Golf & Country Club. He likewise has membership with the Independent Order of Foresters and is past high chief ranger. He is identified with the Ancient Order of United Workmen and with the Masonic fraternity and the nature of his interests and the rules that govern his conduct are further indicated in the fact that he has membership relation with the Young Men's Christian Association. In 1920-21 he served as alderman of his city, and in 1921-22 he was president of the Edmonton Board of Trade, and at all times he manifests an active and helpful interest in everything that pertains to the welfare and upbuilding of the municipality or tends to advance its material, intellectual, social and moral progress.

HON. P. EDMOND LESSARD.

Hon. P. Edmond Lessard, who has left the stamp of his genius and ability upon the development of the Northwest and who is a citizen of whom Edmonton has every reason to be proud, was born at Cranbourne, in Dorchester county, Quebec, on the 3d of February, 1873, his parents being Jean P. and Annie Campbell (Davidson) Lessard. The father is a native of St. Joseph, Beauce county, Quebec, and his birth occurred on the 4th of August, 1838. He is now living with his son in Edmonton, at the advanced age of eighty-four years. In his early life he was a contractor and later became a successful farmer. He was a son of Leger Lessard, who was also born at St. Joseph and who passed away many years ago but lived to celebrate his golden wedding anniversary some time before his demise. The mother of P. Edmond Lessard was born in Quebec and was left an orphan when but three years of age. She passed away in Cranbourne, in the province of Quebec, in October, 1910, when she had reached the age of seventy years.

At the usual age P. Edmond Lessard became a pupil in the public schools of Cranbourne, passing through consecutive grades and thus qualifying for entrance into Mount St. Louis College of Montreal, in which he pursued a commercial and scientific course, being graduated with the class of 1902. When his college days were over he turned to the business world and secured a position as bookkeeper in a mercantile house, devoting his attention to that line of activity in the east until 1898, which year witnessed his arrival in Edmonton. Throughout the intervening period he has been closely associated with the development and progress of this

section of the country. Here he became a bookkeeper for the firm of Gariepy & Chenier. After two years the junior partner sold his interest in the business to Mr. Brosseau and at that time Mr. Lessard was made manager for the firm, occupying the position for two years, when he purchased the interest of Mr. Brosseau and thus entered into partnership with Mr. Gariepy. The business was successfully conducted until 1910, when they sold all of their interests save one store in the country and Mr. Lessard turned his attention to real estate, insurance, loans and the underwriting stock business. The same thoroughness and close application which had characterized his work in former years now constituted a distinct source of success in this connection. He carefully systematized and organized his interests and his wise management and thoroughly reliable methods brought to him many clients, which made his business one of substantial proportions and of gratifying profit. A man of broad business vision, Mr. Lessard, however, did not confine his attention solely to one line but became interested in various other enterprises which have been contributing factors to the growth and upbuilding of this section. He was sole proprietor of two stores in the country and he and his partner, Mr. Gariepy, became extensively interested in Edmonton realty. Associated with Senator Roy, Mr. Lessard established the weekly "Le Courier de L'Ouest" and built up the business until there was a circulation of eight thousand copies of this paper, with Mr. Lessard as the managing director of the business. He also became interested in and was elected to the directorate of the Western Garment Company, Limited, of Edmonton, manufacturing shirts and overalls for the northern trade and enjoying an extensive patronage almost from the beginning. These various activities of Mr. Lessard have constituted most important elements in the steady business development and material growth of the province. At all times he has readily discriminated between the essential and the nonessential in business affairs and has manifested marked ability in coordinating seemingly unrelated interests into a harmonious whole. He enjoys an unassailable reputation for integrity as well as progressiveness and his marked executive ability has enabled him to carry forward to successful completion whatever he has undertaken. In addition to his other interests he is president of the Imperial Agencies, which are doing a general brokerage and loan business, and he is now devoting much of his time to this undertaking, in association with M. A. Boileau and Leo Savard. He is also president of St. Paul Mercantile, Limited, St. Paul, Alberta.

In November, 1900, occurred the marriage of Mr. Lessard and Miss Helen Gariepy of Edmonton and they have become parents of five children: Albertine, Arthur, Alice, Bertha, and Paul. The social position of the family is an enviable one and Mr. Lessard has also figured prominently in connection with church activities and public affairs. He was president of St. Jean Baptist Society for one term and he is interested in all that has to do with civic interests and activities. For two terms he was a trustee of the separate schools and the cause of education has al-

ways found in him a stalwart champion. He has been vice president of the Board of Trade and was a member of the provincial legislature in 1909, while in October of that year he was made minister without portfolio of the Rutherford cabinet, resigning his position, however, in May, 1910, at the time that Premier Rutherford resigned. Mr. Lessard is still a member of the provincial parliament for the constituency of St. Paul and his devotion to the public welfare, combined with the splendid qualities that he has shown in other directions, make him a splendid representative of Canadian manhood and chivalry.

JOSEPH J. DUGGAN.

Joseph J. Duggan is numbered among those who typify the spirit of progress in Edmonton and during the period of his residence here he has made his influence count as a forceful factor in advancing the interests of the city along many lines. He was born in Radnorshire, Wales, in 1873, and his parents, Thomas and Frances (Williams) Duggan, were also natives of that country. The father was the proprietor of a noted summer resort frequented by many of Great Britain's most distinguished men. ex-Premier Lloyd George often being entertained there. Mr. and Mrs. Duggan were active and helpful members of the Baptist church and in politics he was a Liberal. His public spirit found expression in effective service for his community and he was a member of the city council and also acted as chairman of the school board. He was the father of fourteen children, seven sons and seven daughters, the subject of this review being the eldest member of the family residing in Canada. H. O. Duggan lives at Medicine Hat, Alberta, where he is engaged in the real estate business, and D. M. Duggan is mayor of Edmonton. The seventh daughter married Gilbert Blackstock, a prominent representative of the legal profession and also a resident of Medicine Hat.

Joseph J. Duggan acquired his education in the public schools of Wales and on starting out in the business world he entered the field of merchandising, successfully following that business in his native land for fifteen years. In 1912 he arrived in Edmonton, where he opened a real estate office, and in the intervening period of eleven years he has negotiated many important realty transfers, conducting his operations on a large scale. His judgment is rarely at fault concerning the value of property and its possible rise or diminution in price and his investments are proving a profitable source of income.

In 1904 Mr. Duggan was united in marriage to Miss Bessie Evans, also a native of Wales, and a vocalist of unusual ability. At the Chicago World's Fair in 1893 she won first prize as a contralto soloist and she also sang at the White House before Mrs. McKinley. She likewise appeared at Brooklyn Tabernacle and later made a three months' tour of the United States, winning favor with the public and laudatory notices from mu-

sical critics. After visiting the States, Mrs. Duggan had the honor of singing before England's queen and she is now a successful teacher of voice in Edmonton. She was a pupil of the noted vocal instructor, Madam Clara Novello Davies, now a resident of New York city, and she is a medalist of the Royal Academy of Music, London. In musical circles of Edmonton she occupies a position of leadership, being president of the Ladies' Musical Club. Mr. and Mrs. Duggan have a son, Kenneth, who is a student at Alberta College.

Mr. Duggan is a member of the Presbyterian church and his political views are in accord with the platform and principles of the Liberal party. The cause of education finds in him a strong champion and he has served as chairman of the finance committee of the Edmonton School Board, while in 1921 he was vice chairman of the Edmonton Hospital Board. He is a Master Mason and is also a member of the Edmonton Board of Trade. He possesses the initiative, self-reliance and foresight which have always characterized the men who have established important business enterprises and is one of the best known and most reliable realtors in Edmonton. His interests and activities have been directed along those lines which have for their object public improvement and the advancement of the general welfare and his course has at all times marked him as a citizen of worth.

REV. JAMES McCAFFREY.

Rev. James McCaffrey, a priest of the Catholic faith at Lethbridge, was born in Lowell, Massachusetts, a son of James and Mary (Gallagher) McCaffrey, both of whom were natives of Ireland, in which country they were reared and married. They crossed the Atlantic and took up their abode in the United States in the '40s and there the father followed the trade of wool sorting, to which business he devoted his life. He was a son of James McCaffrey, who engaged in farming in Ireland. The mother was a daughter of John Gallagher, who passed away on the old family homestead in the Green Isle of Erin. To James and Mary McCaffrey were born eleven children, five of whom are living, Father McCaffrey of this review being the eighth in order of birth. The family adhered faithfully to the Catholic church and the father was also identified with the Ancient Order of Hibernians, while his political allegiance was given to the democratic party.

His son and namesake, James McCaffrey, obtained his early education in the parochial schools of Lowell, Massachusetts, and then attended the Holy Angels College at Buffalo, New York, where he studied in preparation for the priesthood and was ordained in 1906. His ordination took place in Saskatchewan and he was assigned to his first charge at Prince Albert. There he remained for twelve years as assistant and as priest and he also had charge of the orphanage before being appointed to

the position of assistant priest. In 1916 he came to Lethbridge, where he took charge of St. Patrick's church. The parish has three hundred families and there are about five hundred pupils in the two schools, which are connected with the parish.

Father McCaffrey belongs to the Knights of Columbus. He became a naturalized citizen of Canada in 1904 and he has exerted considerable influence over public thought and action here. He is at the head of St. Patrick's church, with three assistant priests under his direction, Father Cazanet being the first assistant, with Father Hermes as missionary and Father Bedeault also as missionary. The last named, however, is now in France. Under the guidance of Father McCaffrey the work of the church is steadily growing and it is his plan to erect a house of worship for the parish.

ARTHUR H. RUSSELL, K. C.

Arthur H. Russell, King's Counsel, is one of the most prominent criminal lawyers in the province of Alberta, and is a resident of Red Deer, where he has lived since 1911. He was born in Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, on the 27th of May, 1884, a son of Benjamin and Louise E. (Coleman) Russell, likewise natives of Nova Scotia, the former well known in legal circles. He was engaged in the practice of law on his own account until he was appointed to the bench in Nova Scotia, and he is still serving on the bench. He is an authority on contracts, bills, notes and cheques, and he is associate editor of an important legal work published under the name of the English and Empire Digest. Mr. Justice Russell until recently lectured in the Dalhousie Law School. He received his early education in Halifax and was graduated with the M. A. degree from Mount Allison University, Nova Scotia. He immediately became prominent in legal circles and later was a dominant factor in political circles. He was a member of parliament from Halifax and Hants counties for eight years, from 1896 to 1904. He has always been a stanch supporter of the Liberal party.

In the acquirement of his early education Arthur H. Russell attended the Mount Allison Academy and University and in 1908 was graduated from the Dalhousie Law School. He immediately began practice, locating in Shelburne, Nova Scotia, but he remained there only six months, at the termination of which time he came to the province of Alberta and settled in Vegreville. He was admitted to the bar in this province in 1910 and in the same year became associated with F. A. Morrison, now judge of the district court, for the practice of law. That partnership was maintained one year and in 1911 Mr. Russell came to Red Deer as crown prosecutor. He resigned that position some time later and since that time has devoted most of his time and attention to criminal law. He has won well merited success in this branch of the profession and is readily conceded

to be one of the representative criminal lawyers in the province. On the 4th of February, 1919, Mr. Russell was appointed King's Counsel. He devotes his entire time and attention to his profession, of which he is a constant student, and he has a fine library.

In 1911 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Russell to Miss Kathleen Gertrude Roberts, a daughter of John and Jessie (Porter) Roberts of Seaforth, Ontario. Mrs. Russell was educated in that community and lived there until her marriage. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Russell three children have been born: Frances Louise, Benjamin, and Kathleen.

In his political views Mr. Russell is a stanch Liberal and he maintains an active interest in party affairs, being well informed on all important questions and issues of the day. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

SAMUEL H. ADAMS, B. A., K. C.

For thirteen years Samuel H. Adams has successfully practiced law at Calgary and civic affairs have also occupied much of his attention. He is now serving for the second term as mayor of his city and has also filled other public offices of trust and responsibility, the duties of which he has ably discharged. He was born at West Flamboro, Ontario, September 3, 1879, a son of Samuel and Mary J. (Loughery) Adams, natives of County Tyrone, Ireland, the mother having been brought to Canada by her parents when she was five years of age. The father emigrated to the Dominion when a young man of nineteen years, locating at West Flamboro, in the province of Ontario, where he acquired a farm, which he continued to cultivate until his demise in 1909. The mother is still living and has reached the advanced age of eighty-five years. They were the parents of six sons and one daughter, five of whom survive.

In the acquirement of an education Samuel H. Adams attended the public school of West Flamboro and the high school at Dundas, Ontario, and during 1898 he was a student in the Normal School at Winnipeg, Manitoba. The next three years were devoted to teaching school at Sperling, Manitoba, and in 1902 he entered Manitoba University, from which he was graduated in 1906, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. While attending that institution of learning he taught for two summer sessions at Russell and Strathclair, Manitoba, and in the fall of 1906 he came to Calgary, Alberta, taking up the study of law in the offices of Bernard & Bernard and Jones & Nichols. He completed his course in 1909 and then became a member of the firm of Jones, Rescod & Adams, with which he was identified until 1917, when the partnership was dissolved. He practiced alone until 1920, when he became associated with I. F. Fitch, and the firm of Adams & Fitch has been continued, a liberal clientele being accorded them. Mr. Adams has been created a King's Counsel and is a talented representative of his profession. Thorough-



SAMUEL H. ADAMS, K. C.

ness is one of his outstanding characteristics and it is manifest in the preparation of his cases, while in his presentation of a cause he seems to lose sight of no point that has a bearing upon the interest of his client.

On December 27, 1910, Mr. Adams was united in marriage to Miss Margaret N. Ross, a daughter of David F. and Margaret Ross, natives of Owen Sound, Ontario. The father was a pioneer missionary, working for the spiritual uplift of the Indians. His demise occurred in 1921. Mr. and Mrs. Adams have four children: Jesse V. M. M., Muriel, Fanny L. and Ruth. Mr. Adams has always taken an active interest in political matters and for five years was president of the Calgary Liberal Association, while he has also served the East Calgary Federal Association and the North Calgary Provincial Association in a similar capacity. He has never been neglectful of the duties of citizenship and for five years was a member of the board of aldermen of Calgary, while since 1921 he has filled the office of mayor. The welfare of the city is his first concern and he is exerting every effort to give to the municipality a good, clean government, standing at all times for progress, reform and improvement. In this connection the following excerpt from one of the local papers will no doubt prove of interest to the readers of this volume: "It will be remembered that the present mayor of Calgary several years ago first saw the city from the hurricane deck of his trusty bicycle. It was a Whittington-like entrance for the twice mayor of this great city, but it was not chronicled at that time, for bicycling was very common." Mr. Adams is a member of the Presbyterian church and since 1911 has been chairman of the board of managers of Hillhurst Presbyterian church. He is identified with the Calgary Bar Association and his fraternal relations are with the Knights of Pythias, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and the Loyal Orange Association, while the nature of his recreation is indicated by his connection with the St. Andrew's Golf Club. Endowed by nature with a keen intellect, he has used his powers not only to further his individual interests but also to advance the general welfare, and his is a well rounded development.

STEPHEN DILLINGHAM.

Since 1920 Stephen Dillingham has been editor of the Macleod Times and Weekly News. He is one of the many business men of modern times who base their success on special efficiency, and he is achieving well-merited success. He was born near Lindsay, Ontario, on the 1st of June, 1872, a son of Sidney and Sarah Jane (Smith) Dillingham, the former a native of Toronto and the latter of Belleville, Ontario. The father was engaged in the lumber business for many years. He operated a mill in Ontario for some time and later entered the retail lumber business in Wawanesa, Manitoba. His demise occurred at the age of sixty-five years, and his wife died at the age of sixty-two. She was a member of the

Quaker church. To Mr. and Mrs. Dillingham four children were born, one of whom died in infancy. The living children are: H. C., who is a printer and publisher at Innisfail, Alberta; Stephen, whose name introduces this review; and Esther, who is the wife of Ernest Reeves of Winnipeg.

In the acquirement of his education Stephen Dillingham attended the public schools of his birthplace and was graduated from the high school at Minden, Ontario. In 1886 he removed to Manitoba and for four years lived on and farmed the homestead of his father. In 1890 he began to learn the printing trade, working on the Brandon Times at Brandon, Manitoba, for three years. In 1898 he established the Brandon Independent and published it for two years, at the termination of which time he sold it. He then went to the United States and was foreman on various papers throughout the country. He was manager of the Grand Forks Plaindealer of Grand Forks, North Dakota, for one year, and in 1907 he returned to Canada, locating in Saskatchewan. He was editor of the Langham Times and published a paper at Aberdeen in 1909. He then established the Biggar World, which he published for one and one-half years and for a like period he was publisher of the Saskatchewan Herald. For some time thereafter Mr. Dillingham worked at the mechanical end of the trade. On the 9th of March, 1920, he established the Macleod Times and Weekly News and is manager and editor of this sheet, which has a circulation of twelve hundred. In connection with the printing of the paper Mr. Dillingham handles much job printing. He is a man of high principles and deserves the support of his fellow townsmen.

On September 22, 1898, Mr. Dillingham was married to Miss Clara Jane Bayne, a native of the vicinity of Windsor, Ontario. To their union eight children have been born, all of whom are living: Virginia, who is the wife of P. A. McFarquahar, is residing near Macleod; the others are: John, Neil, Clara, Hope, Alice, Faith and Charity.

Mr. Dillingham follows an independent course in politics and his paper is independent. He takes an active interest in local affairs and through the Times has rendered Macleod substantial aid. His religious faith is that of the Church of England.

JOHN DARLEY HARRISON, M. D.

For more than thirty years Dr. John Darley Harrison has engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery in Edmonton. During the latter part of this period he has largely specialized in surgery and has gained a place of notable distinction and prominence in this field. Back of his success lies comprehensive and thorough college training, supplemented by later investigation, research and reading, whereby he has kept in touch with the latest theories and discoveries of the profession. His life work has indeed been of value and service to his fellowmen and his entire

record reflects credit and honor upon the profession, of which he is a representative. He was born in Horton Landing, Nova Scotia, on the 27th of August, 1866. Dr. Harrison's father was the chancellor of the University of New Brunswick and there the son pursued his advanced education after completing his preliminary work in the public schools. Following his graduation from that university he entered upon preparation for the practice of medicine in McGill University at Montreal and completed his medical course as a member of the class of 1891. He was then appointed house surgeon of the Montreal General Hospital, where he continued until the spring of 1892, gaining that valuable knowledge and experience which is never so quickly acquired in any other way as in hospital practice.

In June of the latter year Dr. Harrison left the east and came to Alberta, settling at Edmonton, where he has remained. Here he continued in general practice for an extended period but during the last few years has concentrated his attention and efforts largely upon surgery. He took postgraduate work in Europe in 1906 and has been a constant student of the science of medicine. He belongs to the Academy of Medicine and is also a fellow of the American College of Surgeons.

Dr. Harrison is likewise one of the board of governors of the University of Alberta. He belongs to the Rotary Club and to the Elks lodge, and his activities and interests are broad and varied. He has ever been actuated by a most generous spirit that has prompted his ready assistance to individuals or causes that he deems worthy of help. No project for the welfare or benefit of his adopted city seeks his aid in vain and his influence has constituted an example that many have followed. Everywhere he is spoken of in terms of the highest respect and regard and without invidious distinction he may well be classed as one of the most honored and representative men of Edmonton.

H. SPENCER KERBY, D. S. C., A. F. C.

Canada may well be proud of the heroism and bravery exhibited by her sons in the World war, and the nation of tomorrow will be composed of stalwart men who have been forged in the fires of experience and have come forth ready to bear the heaviest burden of citizenship. One of the outstanding figures in that memorable conflict was Squadron Commander H. Spencer Kerby, whose feats of courage and daring will live forever in the history of the nation and have won for him an enduring place in the hearts of his countrymen. He is a son of the Rev. Dr. George W. Kerby, president of Mount Royal College of Calgary and a man of scholarly attainments, whose biography is published elsewhere in this volume.

H. Spencer Kerby acquired his early education in the grammar and high schools of this city and in 1914 was graduated in mechanical engineering from Toronto University, soon afterward receiving the appoint-

ment of hydrographer for the Dominion government in the North Calgary district. Feeling that the nation needed his assistance, he went to England during the early stages of the World war, for the purpose of enlisting in the Royal Naval Air Service and successfully passed the required examination. He and his friend, John Turner-Bone, were the first Canadians accepted for that branch of service and were congratulated by the British Admiralty on the fact. After six weeks of training at Hendon he received a commission as flight sub-lieutenant and upon obtaining a pilot's license was sent to Chingford as one of the guard against Zeppelin raids, becoming a staff officer of the naval air station at that place. About six weeks later he was ordered to the Dardanelles and served under Commander Samson, for whose capture, dead or alive, the Germans offered the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars. Lieutenant Kerby was shot in an air attack during that campaign and fell into the sea, with his machine in flames. He was picked up by a trawler after being in the water for an hour and brought to the barren island on which the aerodrome was located. As a result of exposure and climatic conditions he developed enteric fever and was first taken to a Malta hospital, later being sent to a hospital at Gosport, England. When partially recuperated he was honorably discharged and returned to Canada, in April, 1916.

In order to effect a sure recovery Lieutenant Kerby went to the Peace River district of Alberta, where he spent about three months in surveying, and in September of the same year he returned to England. He was again accepted for service and was sent to the Cramwell Naval Air Station in Lincolnshire, acting for a short time as pilot instructor at the large aerodrome at Sleaford. Following this he was ordered to the west front and for six and a half months fought on the Somme without respite, accounting during that time for the destruction of many Hun machines. The six surviving members of the squadron received special congratulations from the officer in command and were granted a ten days' leave in London. They were presented to the king, the prince of Wales and chief of the admiralty on the war front.

Lieutenant Kerby was in Belgium and Flanders during the heavy bombardment in the early part of the summer of 1917, and after spending six months on this front, was transferred to the Royal Naval Air Station at Walmer on the coast of Kent, where Hun raids were in progress. He was made commanding officer and in the first raid encountered eight enemy planes, driving one of them into the sea. The official admiralty's report is as follows:

"The pilot who destroyed the Gotha and who was flying a land machine, reports that he first pursued an enemy aeroplane, flying twelve thousand feet from the North Foreland to about fifteen miles off Zeebrugge, where he lost the hostile aircraft. Returning to the mouth of the Thames he observed anti-aircraft fire bursting in the vicinity of Southend, and flew in that direction, climbing. He then observed eight Gotha aeroplanes followed by four British machines, steering northeast. The enemy machines were about two thousand feet above him when he got beneath

them. He pursued climbing to eighteen thousand feet and attacked without result when about thirty miles out to seaward. At this moment he saw a single hostile machine four thousand feet below the enemy formation, but flying with it. He attacked from the front, and drove the enemy down into the water, where he observed him to turn over, and saw one of the occupants hanging onto the tail. Thereupon he threw him his life belt, and did two or three circuits around him before returning to England. While returning he endeavored to communicate the position of the hostile machine to British destroyers."

"The point of the whole story," says the London Sketch, "being that this young man was flying a land machine. Had his engine failed him, of course, or been driven down by enemy fire, he was done—except for his life belt. This he threw to the Hun who was struggling in the water. I don't know if that is war, but it is something a great deal finer than war."

Lieutenant Kerby received a special wire from the admiralty congratulating him on this act of heroism, and later was summoned to Buckingham Palace, where he was decorated with the Distinguished Service Cross. The leading publications of Great Britain made prominent mention of the feat, depicting Lieutenant Kerby in the act of saving his enemy's life. Four days afterward, in a raid made by ten enemy machines, he brought down a large German Gotha, which contained three men and fell within three hundred yards of the shore at Margate, the battle being witnessed by thousands of spectators. The machine was drawn out of the sea and was the first Gotha which the British had an opportunity to photograph.

Lieutenant Kerby remained as officer in command at this station until November, 1917, when he was given a month's leave in Canada. He returned to London on New Year's day of 1918 and was made flight commander, being ordered to report to the firing line in France within three days. However, this order was rescinded and instead he was sent as special instructor to the naval aerodrome at Cramwell. He had charge of the work of training air men for the warships and Prince Henry, the kings' son, was a member of the same staff. In April, 1918, he was advanced to the rank of squadron commander and placed in charge of the aerodrome at Frieston, on the Lincolnshire coast. This is a special aerodrome for training in aerial gunnery, and for the final preparation of air men for the front. For exceptional service at this station he received the Air Force Cross—all these achievements before he attained his twenty-fourth year.

After the signing of the armistice he was given a commission in the permanent air force and appointed commander of the aerodrome at Halton Camp Bucks, where he had some four thousand young men under him, in training as aeroplane mechanics, for the upkeep of His Majesty's air fleet. In April, 1922, he was one of eighteen selected to form the first Royal Air Force Staff College at Andover, completing his course in April, 1923, when he was slated for the foreign service in the autumn.

He exemplifies in his life the highest qualities of manhood and citizenship, and judging by his past record the future holds for him great possibilities.

He was married in London, England, on September 12, 1921, to Miss Muriel Finch Roberts, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. G. Roberts of "The Gables," Lindslafe, Bucks.

WALTER HUCKVALE.

Among the prominent and progressive citizens of Medicine Hat is Walter Huckvale, now filling the office of mayor. His public record is characterized by marked devotion to duty and a progressiveness that manifests itself in the discharge of all the duties that devolve upon him in this connection. Mr. Huckvale is a native of England, his birth having occurred in Oxfordshire in 1861, his parents being William and Ellen (Evans) Huckvale, who were also natives of that country, where they spent their lives. The father devoted his attention to farming from early manhood until his life's labors were ended in death, thus following in the business footsteps of the family, who for generations had been tillers of the soil. The grandfather of Walter Huckvale in the maternal line was John Evans, who operated one of the first steam flour mills in the middle section of England. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. William Huckvale were nine children, four of whom are living, Walter having been the seventh in order of birth. The parents were members of the Baptist church and politically Mr. Huckvale was a Liberal.

Walter Huckvale obtained his education in private schools of his native country and there received his initial business training, spending five years in a wholesale hardware office at Birmingham. In 1882 he came to Canada and traveled over this country and the United States for some time before settling down. In September, 1882, he made his way to Qu'Appelle, Saskatchewan, and there worked in connection with the construction of the telegraph line, for a time serving as foreman of the work. He afterward went to Edmonton and to Calgary and was in Calgary in 1883 when the first passenger train made a trip over the road. Mr. Huckvale began ranching near Kipp and engaged in that business for nine years, after which he removed to Manyberries creek, south of Medicine Hat. He has gone through all of the experiences, hardships, trials and privations of frontier life. His home was twenty miles from his nearest neighbor but with resolute purpose and unfaltering industry he continued his work and remained on the ranch until 1916, when he sold out and removed to Medicine Hat, here taking up his permanent home, having maintained a home for his family here since 1908. In the meantime his labors had wrought a marvelous change in the district in which he lived. The work of settlement had been carried steadily forward and no longer was his residence an isolated home. Neighbors were

near him and the countryside had been made to bloom and blossom as the rose. Mr. Huckvale is now living retired, in the enjoyment of the fruits of his former toil, his competence being sufficient to supply him with all of the comforts and many of the luxuries of life.

In 1898 Mr. Huckvale was married to Miss Jane Evans, who was born in Bolton, Ontario, a daughter of Robert Evans, who was quarantine officer for western Canada for a number of years, after which he engaged in the hotel business at Macleod in 1896. Later he retired and his last days were spent in Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Huckvale have become parents of four children: Eleanor, who is case recorder in a hospital at Medicine Hat; Evans, a law student at Calgary, who was graduated from the Royal Military College at Kingston; Cuthbert, a rancher in Alberta; and Sidney, who is in school at Toronto. Mrs. Huckvale and her children are members of the Anglican church. He is an honorary member of the Sons of England and belongs also to the Order of Moose. In politics he is a Conservative and in 1921 was elected mayor of Medicine Hat, in which position he is now serving for the second term, devoting his entire time and attention to the duties and responsibilities of the office. Since 1916 he has been president of the local branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society at Medicine Hat, which did more war work than any other branch of the order per capita in Alberta. Mr. Huckvale was also at one time president of the Western Stock Growers Association, a position which he occupied for a number of years and he has been closely associated with the irrigation activities of southern Alberta. His life work has been along the line of ranching and farming and he has done much to promote agricultural standards and to advance actual labor in the matter of reclaiming the wild lands of the west for the purposes of civilization.

WILLIAM GRANT CARPENTER.

William Grant Carpenter, superintendent of the city schools of Edmonton and widely and prominently known in the educational circles of Alberta, came to his present position thoroughly equipped by preliminary training and previous experience. Through a period of ten years he has labored to develop and promote the school system of Edmonton and his efforts have been far-reaching and resultant. Mr. Carpenter was born in Ontario, April 19, 1877, and is a son of Gideon B. and Catherine (Errett) Carpenter, who spent their lives in Ontario, where the father engaged in business as an agent in handling notions and other merchandise. Like his son, he also devoted a considerable period to teaching in the public schools and proved himself a capable educator, imparting clearly and readily to others the knowledge that he had acquired. Both he and his wife were active and consistent members of the Baptist church and in his political views he was a Liberal.

William Grant Carpenter was educated in the public schools of Brock-

ville, Ontario, where he completed a high school course and then entered the Brockville Collegiate Institute, from which he was graduated with the class of 1896. He afterward took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for four years, and later attended a training school of Ontario—the Normal College at Hamilton. He next matriculated in McMaster University of Toronto, from which he was graduated with the class of 1905, subsequent to which time he taught in Bowmanville, Ontario, for three years, that period being devoted to high school work there. He was also identified as a teacher with the Hamilton Collegiate Institute for a year and, removing to the west, was for two years a teacher in the high school at Calgary. He was then appointed principal and later was transferred to the Calgary Normal School, with which he was connected for a year. At the end of that time he was transferred to the position of principal of the high school at Edmonton, in which capacity he continued for two years, and in 1914 was made superintendent of the Edmonton city schools, which has been his relation with the educational system of the city since that time. He holds to high ideals in his service to the public and is constantly studying to improve his methods and render the work of the schools more effective in preparing the young for the practical and responsible duties of life.

In 1906 Mr. Carpenter was united in marriage to Miss Mary Margaret Webster, who was born in Ontario, and they have become parents of two children, Margaret and John, aged, respectively, thirteen and twelve years. Mr. Carpenter is identified with the Board of Trade in Edmonton, is a member of the Rotary Club and of the Canadian Club and also belongs to the Baptist church. In these associations are found the nature of his interests and the rules that govern his conduct, making him a worthy representative of the high ideals of manhood and citizenship.

EDWIN A. McBAIN.

Edwin A. McBain, recognized as a strong business executive, forceful and resourceful in all that he undertakes, is now president of the Lakeside Coals, Limited, of Edmonton. Without special advantages at the outset of his career, he has advanced steadily, step by step, until he occupies a prominent position as a representative of corporation interests in this section of the dominion. He was born in Conestogo, Ontario, November 7, 1872, and spent the period of his boyhood and youth at Palmerston and Chesley, Ontario, where he pursued his education in the public schools and enjoyed only such advantages as most lads of the period received. When twenty years of age he started out in the business world in connection with the lumber trade and for ten years he was on the road as a commercial salesman. He was ambitious to engage in business on his own account, however, and afterward established a hardware and lumber business at Reston, Manitoba, where he remained for nine years.

On the expiration of that period he sold his interest there and for one year thereafter was at British Columbia. In 1912 he came to Edmonton, where he has since made his home and through the intervening period of a decade he has won a place in the foremost ranks of the representative business men of this city. Here he established a wholesale lumber business, which he carried on most profitably until 1916. He then sold his interest therein and took over the business of the Lakeside Coals, Limited, which at that time practically had an undeveloped field. The firm's holdings are situated fifty miles west of Edmonton, where it has approximately thirty million tons of coal and it is now mining three hundred tons daily. This is domestic coal and the product finds a ready sale. The business is steadily growing and developing under the wise guidance and capable management of Mr. McBain, who is a man of broad vision and sound judgment and whose commercial record has at all times measured up to the highest business ethics and standards.

On the 5th of August, 1903, Mr. McBain was united in marriage to Miss Jeannette H. Stark and they have four children: Pauline, Dorothy, William Allen and Beatrice. The social position of Mr. and Mrs. McBain is an enviable one and the hospitality of their home is greatly enjoyed by an extensive circle of friends. Mr. McBain is well known as a member of the Canadian Club, while his religious faith is that of the Methodist church. He has a wide acquaintance and his course throughout his life has ever been such as to make him a man whom to know is to esteem and honor.

ERNEST W. COFFIN, B. A., PH. D.

Ernest W. Coffin, principal of the Provincial Normal School at Calgary, is a man of high intellectual attainments, and broad experience as an educator well qualifies him for the responsible duties which devolve upon him. He was born in Prince Edward Island, in February, 1875, a son of Edwin and Jessie (Stewart) Coffin, also natives of that island, where the father still resides. He was a farmer and shipbuilder throughout the period of his active connection with business affairs. He died in March, 1923, at the age of eighty-nine years. The mother passed away in 1915, when seventy-seven years of age.

Reared in Prince Edward Island, Ernest W. Coffin there attended the public schools and later went to the States, continuing his studies in Connecticut. Returning to Prince Edward Island, he entered the Prince of Wales College at Charlottetown and was graduated with the class of 1893. He spent the next five years as a public school teacher and then enrolled as a student at Dalhousie University in Halifax, Nova Scotia, from which he received the B. A. degree in 1902, winning a medal for high scholarship in the classics. He was then sent by the Presbyterian mission to the British West Indies, acting as high school instructor and teacher of training work at San Fernando, on the island of Trinidad, from 1902

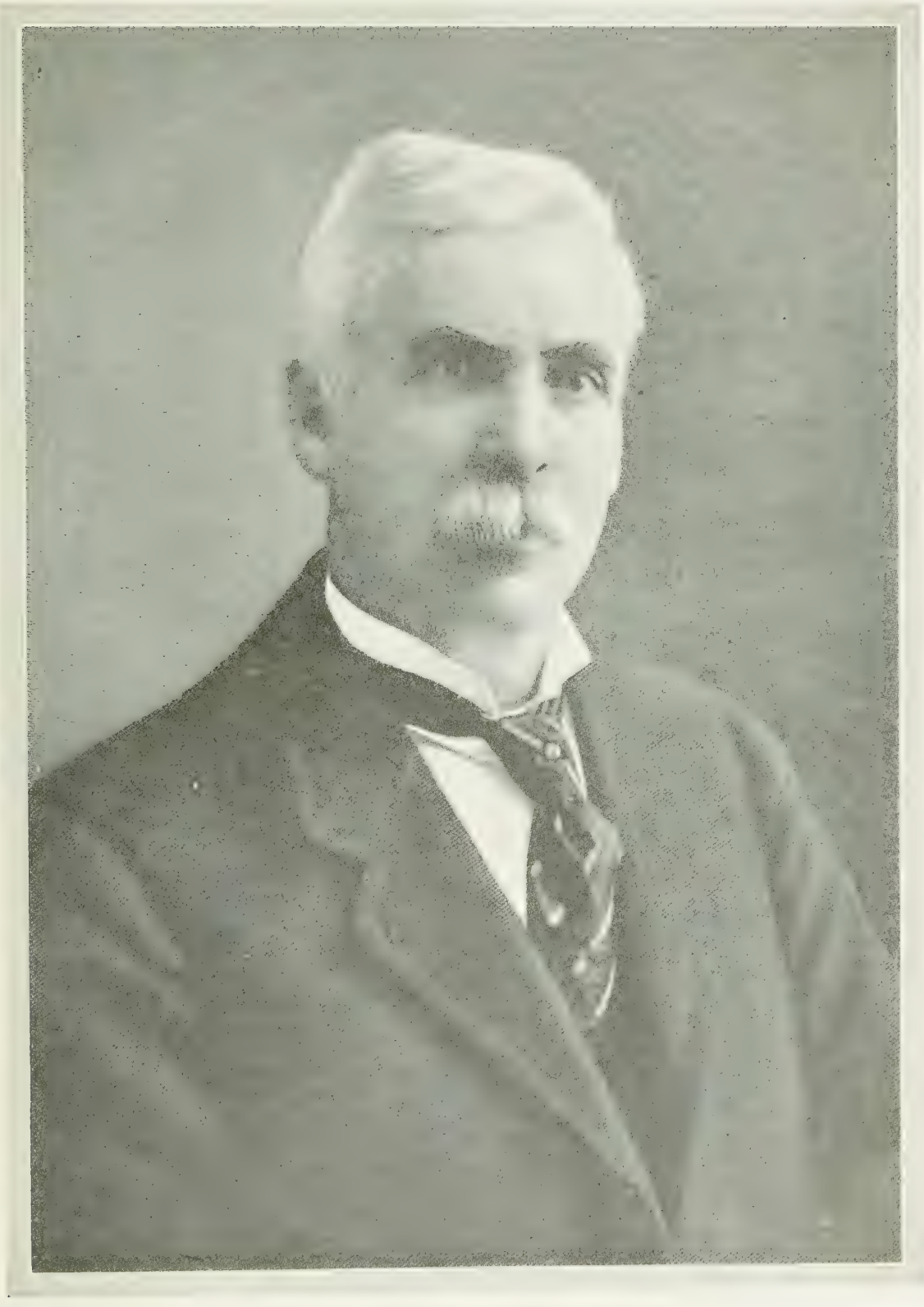
until 1905. In the latter year he took up the study of psychology and education at Clark University of Worcester, Massachusetts, his instructors being G. Stanley Hall, the noted educator, and Professors Burnham and Sanford. He was teacher of psychology and education in the Normal School at Winona Lake, Indiana, for a year and in 1909 became vice principal of the Provincial Normal School at Calgary. He filled that position until 1911, when he was made principal, and has since served in that capacity. He keeps in touch with the most advanced thought of the day along educational lines and his services have been very valuable to the institution, which through his cooperation has acquired additional prestige. During the summer of 1922 he was instructor in educational psychology and educational principles at the University of Indiana and is regarded as an authority on those subjects.

In June, 1912, Dr. Coffin married Miss Susie M. Baillie, a daughter of A. C. and Jane (Wilson) Baillie. Her father was a prominent merchant of Pictou, Nova Scotia, and there passed away in 1910. Mrs. Baillie is still living. To Dr. and Mrs. Coffin have been born three children: Edwin Lewis and Alexander Stewart, born in 1913 and 1917, respectively; and Dorothy Jean, born in 1922. Dr. Coffin is a member of the Knox Presbyterian church and for several years served on its board of managers. He is an independent Liberal in politics and fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order, belonging to Ashlar Lodge, A. F. & A. M. He is also a member of the Young Men's Christian Association. He is a man of scholarly attainments, deeply interested in those things which are of cultural value, and his influence has become a potent force in promoting the educational advancement of the province.

KENNETH A. McLEOD.

Kenneth A. McLeod has been a witness of the development of Edmonton from an early pioneer period to the present era of progress and prosperity. He has seen it grow from a small trading post to a city of large commercial importance, with its ramifying trade interests reaching out to many sections of the Dominion, and at all times he has borne his share in the work of general improvement and upbuilding. He is the builder and owner of the McLeod building, the finest office structure in the province and he is today one of the prosperous men of Edmonton. His life story is a most interesting one, for he arrived here a penniless young man at a day when the most farsighted could scarcely have dreamed what the future would bring to the city.

Kenneth A. McLeod was born at Port Elgin, Bruce county, Ontario, September 7, 1858. In the spring of 1870 the father, with the family, removed to Kansas, casting in his lot with the pioneer settlers of that state. There the father homesteaded land near Solomon City and the family lived on the frontier for three years, meeting with all of the hard-



KENNETH A. McLEOD.

ships and experiences of pioneer life. At the end of that time they returned toward the Atlantic seaboard and settled on a farm in the vicinity of Lynchburg, Virginia, where they remained until the fall of 1876. At that date they returned to Ontario, and there the father operated a sawmill.

Kenneth A. McLeod was a youth of about eighteen years at the time of the family's return to his native province. He had acquired his education in the frontier schools of the districts in which the family had lived and he had been trained to business interests and activities by his father. He worked in the sawmill until the fall of 1877 and then went into the lumber camps of northern Michigan, where he spent one winter. In the spring, however, he returned to Ontario, and soon afterward he took up railroad work on the Credit Valley Railroad, which was being built from Trenton to Picton, connecting with the Grand Trunk at Trenton. In the following spring he went to Winnipeg, arriving there in March, 1879, and later he proceeded to Rat Portage, where he was with a construction gang engaged in building bridges for the Canadian Pacific. He continued in that work for two years, or until 1881, after which he followed his trade of carpentry in Winnipeg for a time.

On the 5th of August, 1881, Mr. McLeod left that city in company with a partner, James Gore, and two other young men. Mr. McLeod and Mr. Gore, however, owned the outfit, consisting of three ox carts and one cart drawn by a pony. These were heavily loaded with their camp outfit, including a barrel of sugar, a barrel of dried apples, a barrel of flour and a keg of nails. Mr. McLeod and his partner walked all the way from Winnipeg to Edmonton, camping wherever night overtook them and were ninety-three days in making the trip. Game was very plentiful and their guns supplied them with meat, which thus supplemented what might otherwise have been a very meagre meal. On the 3d of November, 1881, Mr. McLeod arrived in Edmonton, which was then a small village, with a population of about four hundred. Soon after their arrival James Gore decided to return home and so the partners divided their outfit, Mr. McLeod taking as a part of his share the oxen and carts. He had no money at the time of his arrival, having paid out his last thirty-five cents for crossing the outfit at Fort Saskatchewan ferry before reaching the village. At that time the Hudson's Bay Company had just completed the survey of the original townsite west of First street, and Mr. McLeod purchased two lots from the company, making the first payment of eighteen dollars with money received from the sale of a hundred pounds of sugar to Hon. Frank Oliver. This sugar he packed on his back from his camp in a clump of willows, which stood about where the Journal building is now standing. After securing his lots he built a shack thereon, in which to spend the winter, obtaining the lumber from the Hudson's Bay Company in exchange for his three oxen. A little later he obtained carpenter work with the Hudson's Bay Company. In the spring of 1882 there was quite a boom in Edmonton. He then sold his lots and his little cabin for seven hundred dollars and

began building and contract work on his own account. He continued in that line of business here until 1888, when, because of dullness in building operations at this point, he left for what is now the state of Washington. There he continued to work at carpentry for two years, after which he returned to Edmonton, where he again took up building and contracting. Since that time he has been a prominent factor in the business circles of the city and his building operations have constituted a most important feature in the improvement of Edmonton. In 1893 he erected the first sash, door and planing mill in the city and this he operated in connection with his building and contracting business, both lines proving very successful. In 1900 he sold his mills to the W. H. Cushing Company. Since then with the passing years he has made large investments in city real estate and in farm lands. In the spring of 1913 he began the erection of the McLeod building, the finest building in the Alberta province and one that would be a credit to any city of any size. His knowledge as a contractor now stood him in good stead. He was able to select the best material and to see that the best workmanship went into the construction of the building, which, however, on account of war conditions was not completed until the 1st of January, 1915. It is a nine-story structure, one hundred and eighteen by one hundred feet, having steel frame and tarrezo and marble floors throughout. The outside finish is white pressed brick and terra cotta. No wood has been used in the construction of the building except for doors, sash and window trim, all of white oak, and the windows are all of plate glass. The entrance and the hallway are of Italian marble of the finest quality and the corridors and staircases throughout are also of marble. The McLeod building was completed at a cost of about six hundred thousand dollars and this investment indicates that the owner had faith in Edmonton and the province where he has lived since the city was a mere trading post, and in the development of which he has taken active part. There are about three hundred offices in this building and he now gives much of his attention to the management of the property, in connection with which he has operated farms quite extensively. He also owns coal lands in the province, his holdings in this particular being quite large. His business investments have been most judiciously made, indicating his sound judgment and his unfaltering enterprise.

Not only has Mr. McLeod been closely associated with the material development and building operations of Edmonton but also with its government, for he was a member of the first city council, and several times served as a trustee of schools, and for several terms as a member of the Board of Trade council. Mr. McLeod belongs to the Masonic fraternity and is a past master of his lodge, while in his life he fully exemplifies the beneficent spirit and objects of the craft. The major part of his time and attention, however, have been concentrated upon his business affairs. In his vocabulary there is no such word as fail. He has always formulated his plans carefully and has executed them promptly and in carrying on his business interests he has never failed to reach his objective,

while the methods that he has employed have ever been such as would bear the closest investigation and scrutiny. Today Edmonton honors him as one of her pioneer and foremost citizens.

Mr. McLeod was married on March 19, 1894, to Miss Amie Logan Lauder, and there are nine children by this marriage, namely: John F., James Kenneth, Archibald Norman, Jean Katherine, Roderick Lauder, Kenneth Nelson, Kathleen Mary, Margaret Hellen, Stuart Donald. John was overseas with the Forty-ninth Battalion, and James K. and Archibald N. were with the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Battalion. James Kenneth was severely wounded and invalided home shortly before the armistice was signed. Roderick, at the age of seventeen, joined the navy as a cadet on the Patrol Boat Galliano and was lost when the vessel foundered, about the 30th of October, 1918, off Cape St. James, on the Pacific coast, with the entire crew—forty-seven in all.

HON. WILLIAM ASBURY BUCHANAN.

Hon. William Asbury Buchanan, journalist and statesman, now editor and publisher of the Herald at Lethbridge, is a son of the Rev. William and Mary (Pendrie) Buchanan, and was born at Fraserville, Ontario, July 2, 1876. His education was acquired in the schools of Trenton, Brighton and Norwood. He was a youth of seventeen years when he entered upon the work that eventually led him into the field of journalism, for in 1893 he secured a position on the Peterboro Examiner, with which he was identified for three years. He was on the editorial staff of the Peterboro Review from 1893 until 1898 and then became city editor of the Toronto Telegram, occupying that position until 1903. In the latter year he became managing director of the journal published at St. Thomas, there remaining until 1905, when he came to Alberta and established the Lethbridge Herald. He continued the publication of the paper as a weekly only until 1907, when he established a daily and has since been editor and owner of the paper, which is regarded as one of the strong and influential factors in molding public opinion in Alberta.

It was also Mr. Buchanan who organized the first Alberta legislative library, opened in Edmonton in 1907 and it was after completing this important work that he returned to Lethbridge and established the daily edition of his paper. Throughout the period of his residence in this section of the Dominion he has been prominent in public affairs. He was quartermaster of the Twenty-fifth Regiment at St. Thomas, Ontario, for two years and thus wrote the military chapter into his life history. He has likewise been a councilor of the local Board of Trade and has been president of the Lethbridge Liberal Association. In 1909 he was elected for Lethbridge to the Alberta legislative assembly and was appointed a member of the provincial cabinet without portfolio. In December, 1909, he resigned from the ministry, owing to differences with the govern-

ment on the railway policy. In August, 1911, he was elected to the house of commons for Medicine Hat and was reelected at the general election in 1917. In 1912 he was made a member of the special committee on old age pensions and was a member of the special redistribution committee in 1913.

In 1904 Mr. Buchanan was married to Miss Alma Maude Freeman, a daughter of E. B. Freeman, J. P., of Burlington, Ontario. They have two sons: Donald, who is in school; and Hugh. Mrs. Buchanan was educated in the Hamilton Ladies' College of Ontario. She is a member of the Imperial Daughters of the Empire and of the Ladies Golf Club and is also identified with different church societies, both Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan having membership in the Methodist church at Lethbridge. Mr. Buchanan belongs to the Alberta and Eastern British Columbia Press Association, of which he was on two occasions president, and he also occupied the presidency of the Canadian Club, while formerly he was chairman of the Alberta Amateur Association, and secretary of the Ontario Hockey Association. He belongs to the Chinook and the Lethbridge Country Clubs, the Ontario Club of Toronto and the Laurentian Club of Ottawa, and finds his recreation largely in golf, turning to this when leisure permits.

In 1921 Mr. Buchanan retired from parliament and is now concentrating his efforts and attention upon journalistic affairs and is interested in oil development work. Alert and enterprising, he keeps in touch with the vital questions and problems of the day and has done much to mold public thought and action.

MRS. EMILY FERGUSON MURPHY.

Mrs. Emily Ferguson Murphy, known throughout the literary world by her pen name of Janey Canuck and acknowledged one of the twelve greatest living Canadian women, holds the position of police magistrate and judge of the juvenile court in and for the province of Alberta. "Of all its women," said the Edmonton Journal, "Mrs. Murphy is the one whom all Alberta and the west delight to honor and of whom they are preeminently proud." She was born at Cookstown, Ontario, to Isaac and Emily (Gowan) Ferguson and acquired her education in the Bishop Strachan School. She is the wife of Arthur Murphy, M. A., and the mother of two daughters. The year 1904 witnessed her arrival in western Canada. By His Majesty King George she was decorated a Lady of Grace of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem. She has won wide and enduring fame as the author of "Janey Canuck in the West," which was published by Cassell & Company in 1910 and by J. M. Dent & Sons in the Wayfarers Series of 1917; "Open Trails," published by Cassell & Company in 1912 and by J. M. Dent & Sons in 1920; "Seeds of Pine," published by Hodder & Stoughton in 1914 and by the Musson Book Com-

pany of Toronto in 1922; "The Black Candle," published by Thomas Allen in 1922; and "Little Canadian Cousins of the Great North-West Provinces," published by Page & Company of Boston in 1923. "The Black Candle," a book on the narcotic drug traffic and its menace, has been declared by the reviewers to be an epoch-making one and the first comprehensive study of the subject yet made. Mrs. Murphy is also a contributor to Canadian, English and American magazines and since 1920 has been honorary president of the Canadian Women's Press Club, of which she served as president from 1913 until 1920. She was honorary secretary for Canada of the Society of Women Journalists of England from 1913 until 1924, served as a member of the Imperial Press Conference in 1920, acted as councillor of the Canadian Authors Association from 1921 until 1922, and as a member of the executive board from 1923 to 1924. She was chosen vice president of Edmonton branch of the Canadian Author's Association for the years 1923 and 1924.

As police magistrate and judge of the juvenile court in and for the province of Alberta, Mrs. Murphy is making a splendid record, being particularly well fitted for this important and responsible position. She has the honor of being the first woman in the British Empire to be appointed a police magistrate. She occupied the presidency of the Federated Women's Institutes of Canada from 1919 until 1921; served as vice president of the National Council of Women of Canada from 1918 until 1923; was vice president of the Canadian Association of Child Protection Officers in 1921 and 1923; director of the Child Welfare Association of Canada, 1923-24; vice president of the Social Service Council of Canada from 1920 until 1924; vice president of the Canadian Committee of Social Hygiene from 1918 until 1924; member of the board of directors of the Canadian Committee of Mental Hygiene from 1918 until 1924; member of the War Conference of Women held at the invitation of the War Committee of the Dominion Cabinet in 1918; member of the general committee of the Canadian Society of the League of Nations for the years 1923 and 1924; and member of the White Cross Association, executive committee, Seattle, United States of America, for the years 1923 and 1924.

B. B. Cooke, writing under the caption "Some Canadian Women," says of Mrs. Arthur Murphy: "Two women of peculiarly big calibre has Canada given to literature. One was the late Agnes Dean Cameron of Victoria, British Columbia; the other is Mrs. Arthur Murphy of Edmonton. There are other women writers in Canada, many of them distinguished and artists in their particular line of work, but Agnes Deans Cameron and her friend, Emily Ferguson Murphy, are of a type by themselves—women with great hearts and great minds, women who have the mother instinct in writing which gives them a point of view and a sympathy with the subjects they handle, such as others, not possessing this instinct in such marked degree, cannot command. Agnes Deans Cameron is dead; her name remains a big and glorious memory to all who knew her and to thousands who had met her only in the most casual manner or heard her talking in her writings. Mrs. Arthur Murphy, per-

haps a more humorous woman, is very much alive in her writing prime, and bubbling over with enthusiasm for Canada, for Alberta, for the country she knows and loves. In her, as in Agnes Deans Cameron, is a certain 'humanness' which makes her writings strike straight into the heart of the person who reads them. It has made her friends in almost every city or town in the Dominion, from Grouard to Toronto, Victoria, Halifax and in some places that lie far outside Canada."

The Bookman of London, England, in its August number, has placed Mrs. Arthur Murphy of Edmonton in its "Gallery" and has given three pages to discuss her philosophy, which it describes as having "literally sung its way through the Dominion." "Her work," says The Bookman, "has the optimism of the true lyric; the song of the open road. The refrain of the windswept spaces was never set to a better tune . . . It is not style that matters in the work of 'Janey Canuck' any more than it matters in the work of Walt Whitman—a kindred philosopher. She comes scattering seeds of gladness in our midst, and lo! our gloom is gone like a black cloud that breaks before the April sun. She is the philosopher of gladness and content and common sense, a philosophy as durable as Bergonism. The whole thing is a garland of gladness sparkling with the dews of a clean, fresh philosophy—a crown of rest for the tired brows. What patron saint, we wonder, bends over 'Janey Canuck' when she is weaving her bright fancies . . . Of all 'Janey Canuck's' books, commend me to 'Open Trails.' It is a rubric—a book that makes you want to go and bury your face in the cool brooks, to hear blackbirds and robins piping against the clear skies; to be the brother to the wind, the lover of the stars; to breathe the freedom of the sun-washed spaces and to follow the trail through the fragrant pine woods and 'winding mossy ways.' It is as refreshing as a bunch of spring flowers . . . What then is the charm of 'Janey Canuck' that has set all the critics raving on the other side of the Atlantic and has taken us captive? We cannot analyze it any more than could Emerson analyze the charm of the Rhodora of the woods. When you hear the thrush singing his song in the green tree you do not ask what makes it sing; you are content to listen. So is it with the author of 'Open Trails'."

WILFRED B. BROWNE.

Wilfred B. Browne is one of the successful and representative business men of Warner. He was born in Powasson, Ontario, on the 24th of March, 1883, a son of Alonzo and Eliza Caroline (Patterson) Browne, both natives of Ontario. The paternal grandfather, Daniel Browne, was born in Belfast, Ireland, and came to the Dominion of Canada at the age of five years. He took up the study of medicine in early life and practiced for many years in the province of Ontario, passing away at the age of seventy-two years. The maternal Grandfather Patterson spent the

greater part of his life in Ontario. He served as sheriff of Atlanta district for some years, and lived to be eighty-six years of age. Alonzo Browne received his education in the public schools of Ontario and in early life engaged in farming. He owned considerable land in Ontario and followed agricultural pursuits there until 1891, when he came to Alberta. He landed at Innisfail with fifty cents in his pockets and a return trip ticket to his home in Ontario. He disposed of the ticket for ten dollars and filed a claim on some land, which he later proved up on, and brought it to a highly cultivated state and the following year he sent for his family. Aside from farming he engaged in contracting and building for many years. Mr. Browne now owns a fine half section of land and for the past few years has specialized in the breeding of Holstein cattle. He is one of the foremost men of the community in which he resides, is a Liberal in politics, taking an active interest in all civic affairs, and his religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. To Mr. and Mrs. Browne four children were born: Eliza, who is the wife of H. W. Shaw of Victoria, British Columbia; Wilfred B., whose name introduces this review; Lucy, who is living at Ottawa, Ontario; and Elmer, who is living at home.

In the acquirement of his education Wilfred B. Browne attended the common schools of Innisfail and later entered a business college in Lethbridge. After putting his textbooks aside he engaged in cow-punching and riding the range for the Glenbo, Bow Chase, Bar N and R. G. Robinson ranches. Later he took up the study of steam engineering and was given a certificate. For some time thereafter he was employed as an engineer in the power house and machine shop of the Canadian Pacific Railroad mines at Bankhead, also at Coleman. In 1913 he came to Warner and entered the business world on his own account, establishing an implement store here, the value of which was estimated at about forty-five thousand dollars and he won success in this enterprise. He suffered a loss in 1918, however, when much of his stock was destroyed by fire. He purchased a garage here, which also was destroyed by fire in 1920, and for some time he was associated in business with Walter Munday. Later Mr. Browne rebuilt the garage and is now conducting it, together with the implement store and a real estate and insurance business. In the development of his various enterprises Mr. Browne has met with the success won by well organized methods, intelligently and capably executed, and he fully merits the esteem and respect accorded him by his fellow townsmen.

Mr. Browne gives his political allegiance to the Liberal party and takes an active interest in all local affairs. He was a member of the city council in 1918 and 1919. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church and fraternally he is identified with the Masons, holding membership in Warner Lodge, No. 100, and he is a past master in the local lodge. He is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having been a member of the order for eighteen years. He has held all chairs in that order up to the office of vice grand. Mr. Browne represents the

type of citizen who is regarded as an acquisition to any community, forwarding its development by his diligence and enterprise in matters of business, and promoting its general progress by maintaining a high standard of citizenship and cooperating in every commendable public movement.

WILLIAM DUNCAN LIVINGSTON HARDIE.

William Duncan Livingston Hardie has occupied the position of mayor of Lethbridge since 1913 and his entire administration of public affairs has been marked by progressiveness that has been most resultant. His efforts have been of great benefit to the city along many lines of improvement and upbuilding and the record that he has made is highly satisfactory to his fellow townsmen. A native of Scotland, he was born near Edinburgh, on August 17, 1862, and is a son of William and Agnes (Livingston) Hardie, who are also natives of the land of hills and heather. Coming to the new world about 1863 they made their way to Youngstown, Ohio. The father was a son of William Hardie, a native of Scotland, where he was a mine manager and where he spent his life. The grandfather in the maternal line was Duncan Livingston, likewise a mining man. After removing to the United States William Hardie was also a mine manager, continuing to act in that responsible position to the time of his retirement. Both he and his wife still survive, the former having reached the venerable age of eighty-five years, while his wife is now eighty years of age. They have long been consistent and faithful members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Hardie gives his political allegiance to the republican party, while fraternally he is a Mason.

William D. L. Hardie pursued his education in the public schools of his native country and in an academy, while later he entered the University of Glasgow. His early business experience came to him through a four years' apprenticeship at mining engineering and for a long period he directed his labors in that field. The year 1889 witnessed his arrival at Lethbridge, Alberta, and he secured the responsible and onerous position of superintendent of the Alberta Railway & Coal Company, in which capacity he continuously and acceptably served for twenty years. Since his retirement from the business he has concentrated his efforts and attention upon official duties. He was first elected mayor of Lethbridge in 1912, to serve for the year 1913 and for one year he was on duty in connection with the aldermanic government. In 1914 Lethbridge adopted the commission form of government and Mr. Hardie has since been mayor, continuously filling the position now for a decade. He has contributed much to the development, upbuilding and improvement of the city and he employs the most practical and resultant methods in the attainment of high ideals of municipal service and progress.

In April, 1885, Mr. Hardie was married to Miss Margaret Jane

Kirtley, who was born at Newcastle, England, a daughter of Thomas and Sarah Kirtley. Her father was also a mining man and on coming to the new world settled in Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Hardie have become parents of five children: Ianthe, now the wife of J. S. Jones, manager of the Montreal Bank at Medicine Hat; Agnes, the wife of W. E. Murphy, an electrician of Minneapolis, Minnesota; E. W. Gladson, who for nearly five years was in service during the World war, being shot through the shoulder and badly wounded in battle, after which he was invalided home; Jesse M. O., who was also in the service and was twice gassed and once wounded, being three times at the front during his service of four years; and Inzola, who married J. Laird Thompson, a bond broker of Toronto.

Mr. Hardie and his family attend the Presbyterian church and fraternally he is a Mason, loyal to the teachings of the craft. He has served as master of his lodge and is at all times actuated by the highest principles in everything that he undertakes. In politics he maintains an independent course. He is now commissioner of finance and public safety and Lethbridge has benefited greatly by his devotion to the highest standards of citizenship and of municipal welfare.

JOSEPH E. GILLIS, B. A.

Joseph E. Gillis, formerly a successful educator, is now engaged in the practice of law at Blairmore, and although devoted to his profession, he has also found time to participate actively in civic affairs, his influence being at all times on the side of progress, reform and improvement. He was born in Prince Edward Island, February 23, 1881, and is a son of Stephen and Catherine (McNeil) Gillis, also natives of that island. To their union were born fourteen children, of whom eleven survive, and the subject of this review was the only member of the family to come to Alberta.

The public schools of his native island afforded Joseph E. Gillis his early educational opportunities and when nineteen years of age he became a teacher in the schools there, being thus occupied from 1900 until 1905. He spent the following year as an instructor in the normal department of the Prince of Wales College and from 1906 until 1908 he attended St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, of which he is an honor graduate, receiving the Bachelor of Arts degree on the 30th of November of the latter year. From 1908 until 1913 he was a student in the law office of Chief Justice J. A. Mathieson and on the expiration of that period he came to this province, opening an office in Blairmore, where he has since followed his profession with ever-increasing success. In April, 1922, Mr. Gillis formed a law partnership with Donald G. Mackenzie and their clientele is a large and representative one.

Mr. Gillis married Miss Josephine McAree, also a native of Prince

Edward Island, and they have become the parents of two sons: Donald Edward and Allan Frederick. They are communicants of the Catholic church and Mr. Gillis is also identified with the Knights of Columbus. He is a stanch Liberal in his political views and in 1921 was the candidate of that party for the house of commons for the riding of Macleod, but failed to win the election. He has filled important municipal offices, serving on the school board, and for two years was councilman of his town. He was also a member of the financial board of Blairmore for some time, being connected therewith until 1921. He has a thorough understanding of the principles of jurisprudence and correctly applies his knowledge to the points in litigation. He wins a large percentage of his cases and whatever he does is for the best interests of his clients and for the honor of his profession.

ALEXANDER HANNAH.

Alexander Hannah is one of the talented members of the Calgary bar, whose ability in the field of corporation law has placed him with the foremost barristers of the Dominion. He was born at Whithorn, Wigtownshire, Scotland, April 13, 1877, a son of Henry R. and Hannah Anderson (Gibson) Hannah, also natives of that country. His father, who was well known as an agriculturist, died in 1899. His mother is still living.

The subject of this article was educated privately in Scotland and at an early age he was articled to John Campbell Maclullich, S. S. C. and crown prosecutor for Argyllshire, afterward completing his articles with George F. Bryce, W. S., Edinburgh, Scotland. Mr. Hannah became a law student in the University of Edinburgh, being fully qualified in 1899. In the following year he became identified with the firm of Mitchell & Campbell, solicitors, Perth, Scotland, and in 1901 was admitted to practice before the courts of Scotland. In 1905 he commenced practice in Glasgow, Scotland, and continued to do so until September, 1911, when lured by the call of the west, he left his native land and came to Canada. Believing that the western part of the Dominion would afford him better opportunities for advancement, he made his way to Calgary, Alberta, and became associated with the firm of Lougheed, Bennett & Company, and while with them was admitted to the Alberta bar. In September, 1912, Mr. Hannah became a senior member of the firm of Hannah, Stirton & Fisher, with which he was connected until the dissolution of the firm in 1919. In 1920 he rejoined the firm of Lougheed, Bennett & Company, being thus connected until the formation of the present firm of Bennett, Hannah & Sanford. The firm stands high in professional circles and is conducting an extensive and lucrative practice. Mr. Hannah is well versed in all branches of jurisprudence but has given particular attention to corporation law, being regarded as an expert in this branch



ALEXANDER HANNAH.

of the profession, and in addition to his practice he acts as lecturer on this subject to the University of Alberta.

On the 27th of May, 1914, Mr. Hannah was united in marriage to Helen Archibald, a daughter of the late A. R. Archibald of Aberfeldy, Perthshire, Scotland. Mr. and Mrs. Hannah have two children: Richard Henry and Nancy Anderson, aged, respectively, seven and five years.

Mr. Hannah has not confined his activities to his professional work; for some time he acted as secretary to the Liberal Unionist Association of the Central Division of Glasgow. In Canada he is an adherent of the Conservative party. In religious faith he is a Presbyterian. He is identified with the Masonic order and finds recreation in golf, fishing and shooting. He has been honored with the presidency and vice presidency of the Calgary Bar Association. Among other activities it may be mentioned that Mr. Hannah has served with the Volunteer Regiments of Princess Louise's Brigade of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, the Royal Scots Brigade (Queen's, Edinburgh) and the Scottish Horse. He is deeply interested in the Boy Scout movement—an epoch-making adventure in character building and a strong power for civic righteousness, and while in the old country was president of the western district of Glasgow and in Alberta has served as provincial commissioner and as assistant commissioner of the Alberta organization. He studies broadly and thinks deeply and has always been a patient and diligent inquirer after the truth. Whatever he does is for the best interests of his clients and for the honor of his profession, and no man brings to either a more unqualified allegiance nor riper ability.

CHARLES R. MORRISON.

It has been said that one who enters the newspaper field is never content to leave it, for there is a fascination in thus keeping in touch with the thought and activity of the world from which one cannot escape, and this statement finds exemplification in the career of Charles R. Morrison, managing editor of the Edmonton Journal, who has devoted his life to work of this character. He was born in the city of Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1872, a son of Charles and Effie (Sterling) Morrison, also natives of that country. In 1873 they went to New Zealand, where they resided for a number of years, and then came to Canada, establishing their home in Toronto, Ontario. The father was educated for the law but journalism made a greater appeal to him and for a considerable period he was connected with the Globe and Mail of Toronto. He was an earnest and helpful member of the Presbyterian church, as was also his wife, and in Masonry he attained the thirty-second degree, while he was also an honorary member of the Caledonian Society. Both Mr. and Mrs. Morrison passed away in San Francisco, California, in 1922. They had a family of three children, two of whom survive: Charles R. and Albert

J., the latter being a member of the theatrical profession and a resident of New York city.

In the acquirement of an education Charles R. Morrison attended the grammar and high schools of New Zealand and Otago University, after which he came to Canada and took up the study of pharmacy. His initial newspaper experience was obtained in the office of the Toronto Mail, later the Mail and Empire, in which he worked for nine years, rising to the position of city editor. On severing his connection with that paper he went to New York city and for a time was employed by the publishers of McClure's Magazine. He then went to the Pacific coast, becoming identified with the San Francisco Chronicle and Examiner, and he was also one of the staff of the Oakland Tribune. Leaving California, he made his way to Spokane, Washington, where he assumed the duties of managing editor of the Inland Herald. The year 1911 witnessed his arrival in Edmonton and he assisted in the reorganization of the Evening and Morning Journal, which was converted into an evening paper. He is now the assistant general manager and managing editor of the Edmonton Journal, being also a member of the board of directors. The Journal is conducted along the lines of modern newspaper education, being well organized not only in the department of its management, but also in the corps of its writers and in its mechanical department. It is a daily of high standing, with a large circulation, and in his editorial and managerial capacities Mr. Morrison has been instrumental in producing a paper of much interest and value to the city and district.

In 1901 Mr. Morrison married Miss Lorena M. Smith, who was born at Auburn, California, and there obtained her education. They have become the parents of three daughters: Gwendolyn, Lorena and Muriel. The first named has followed her father in the profession of journalism, while the other two children are still in school. Mr. and Mrs. Morrison are members of the Knox Presbyterian church of Edmonton. He has been a director of the Edmonton Exhibition, is connected with the Edmonton Board of Trade, is a member of the Mayfair Golf & Country Club and of the Rotary Club, being a former director of the last named organization. He is an able exponent of journalism and a man of broad views and modern standards, whose interests have ever been of that uplifting character which develops the citizenship and promotes the civilization of a community.

ADAM H. ESCH.

Commercial enterprise at Edmonton finds a worthy and prominent representative in Adam H. Esch, president of the Esch Company, Limited, which also controls one of the finest stationery stores in Alberta. A representative business man, Mr. Esch has steadily worked his way upward from a humble position in commercial circles, and the business of

which he is now the head would be a credit to a city of much larger size than Edmonton.

Adam H. Esch was born in St. Paul, Minnesota, August 4, 1875, and there spent the period of his boyhood and youth, acquiring his education in the public and high schools. He lived in St. Paul until 1902, when at the age of twenty-seven years he removed to Kaslo, British Columbia, where he conducted a stationery store for a year. He then went to Calgary, Alberta, where for eight years he was identified with the stationery store of D. J. Young. In 1911 he came to Edmonton, where he established the present store, and has one of the finest stationery stores in Alberta, carrying an extensive and well selected stock of commercial and fancy stationery, together with office desks, books, kodaks and photographic supplies. Close application, indefatigable energy and business ability have been the noncomitant elements in his success and he is regarded as one of the representative young merchants of this city.

On the 18th of June, 1901, Mr. Esch was married to Miss Isabelle Mary McDonald and they have five children: Florence, Kathleen, Dorothy, Hubert and Marion, aged, respectively, nineteen, seventeen, thirteen, seven and three years. The religious faith of the family is that of the Catholic church and Mr. Esch is identified with the Knights of Columbus. He is also a member of the Rotary Club and stands stanchly in support of that organization, which is looking ever to the benefit of the city in its commercial relations and to its upbuilding along the lines of civic virtue and civic pride.

JAMES HOSSACK WOODS.

James Hossack Woods, one of the representative newspaper men of Canada, has devoted the greater part of his life to journalism and for the past fifteen years has been editor and managing director of the Calgary Daily Herald. He was born in the city of Quebec, Canada, July 12, 1867, and his parents, Alexander and Elizabeth Woods, were representatives of old and prominent families of that place. For many years the father was chairman of the finance committee of Quebec and he also held other public offices of trust and responsibility. He was a member of the Dominion Board of Trade and was the first commissioner sent by Canada to Australia to promote trade relations between the two countries.

James Hossack Woods obtained his early education in private schools of Quebec, where he also attended high school and he was a student at Morrin College. Later he entered Manitoba University and also completed a course in McGill University at Montreal, which conferred upon him the degree of Associate in Arts. As a young man he went to British Columbia, where for a time he engaged in prospecting and mining, but his attention has since been concentrated upon the profession of journalism, and he has been very successful in this field of activity. He was

city editor of the Toronto Mail & Empire and later become editor of the Montreal Herald. He also acted as business manager of the Toronto News and likewise established the Woods-Norris Advertising Agency of that city. Since 1907 he has been editor and managing director of the Calgary Daily Herald, which ranks with the leading newspapers of western Canada, and under his able management it has become both the leader and mirror of public opinion. It is carefully edited and well organized not only in the department of business management but also in its corps of writers and in its mechanical department. His standing in newspaper circles of the Dominion is indicated in the fact that he has been honored with the presidency of the Canadian Press Association and he is now director for Alberta of the Canadian Press in its various branches of activity. He was also chairman of the party of representative newspaper men of Canada who visited Great Britain and the front in 1918, at the invitation of the British government.

Mr. Woods was married at Toronto, June 7, 1900, to Miss Leonora Christine Eby, a daughter of J. F. Eby, the owner of one of the large wholesale mercantile establishments of that city, and they have become the parents of a daughter, Eleanor Carson. Mr. Woods is independent in his political views, standing for principle and for clean politics rather than for the blind following of party leaders, and he has never entered public life except in connection with hospital work. He is a member of the Knox Presbyterian church, in the work of which he is deeply interested, and he has been chairman of its board of managers, also filling other offices in connection therewith. Fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order and his appreciation of the social amenities of life finds expression in his membership in the Ranchmen's Club of Calgary, the Calgary Golf & Country Club, the Royal Canadian Yacht Club of Toronto, the Edmonton Club of Edmonton and various other organizations of a similar nature. He takes an intelligent interest in public affairs and never uses his influence to support an unworthy cause. He bases his support of Calgary upon a comprehensive knowledge of its opportunities and resources and has made his paper the champion of every movement calculated to upbuild the city and promote the development of the surrounding district.

CLEMENS H. GRUNERT, V. S.

For seven years Dr. Clemens H. Grunert has engaged in the practice of veterinary surgery at Fort Saskatchewan and his success is the reward of conscientious effort and a thorough understanding of the scientific principles underlying his profession. Dr. Grunert comes from Switzerland. He was born April 10, 1884, and is a son of Clemens and Marie Grunert, of German descent, the father being a retired merchant.

Dr. Grunert completed a course in a veterinary school of Switzerland

and afterward attended the universities at Leipzig and Dresden, Germany. He remained in his native land until he reached the age of twenty-nine years and in 1913 emigrated to Canada. Upon arriving in the Dominion he entered the service of the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company, with which he was identified until 1915, and in September of that year he established himself in Fort Saskatchewan as a veterinarian. He has a modern surgical hospital, supplied with complete equipment for veterinary work, and a well-merited reputation for professional skill has brought to him a large and lucrative practice.

Dr. Grunert was married May 16, 1920, to Miss Bertha Giger, also a native of Switzerland, and they have one child, Marlis. Dr. and Mrs. Grunert attend the Presbyterian church, and fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His clientele comes not only from Fort Saskatchewan but also from the surrounding region, and during the period of his residence in this community he has gained the esteem and friendship of many.

FRANK W. RUSSELL.

Following in the professional footsteps of his father, Frank W. Russell has chosen the practice of law as his life work and has proven a worthy son of a distinguished sire. He has been a resident of Vegreville for the past twelve years and is the oldest practicing barrister in the town. He was born near Halifax, Nova Scotia, October 16, 1873, and is a son of Hon. Benjamin and Louise (Coleman) Russell, both natives of that province. The father was graduated in law from Dalhousie University and has devoted his life to the legal profession, practicing in the city of Halifax, in which he is widely and favorably known. He is an eminent jurist, presiding over the supreme court of Nova Scotia, and in governmental affairs he has also played an important part. In 1896 he was elected a member of parliament from Halifax, serving until 1900, and in that year was chosen to represent Hants, Nova Scotia, in that legislative body, continuing in office until 1904. During his younger days he was official reporter of the assembly and he was also reporter of the supreme court of Nova Scotia. To Judge and Mrs. Russell were born eight children, seven of whom survive. Of these four are living in this province, namely: A. H., a barrister and solicitor of Red Deer; B. W., who resides in Calgary and is doing engineering work for the government; Mrs. E. B. Roach of Calgary; and Frank W.

After completing his public school training Frank W. Russell became a student in the law department of Dalhousie University, finishing his course in 1894. He then went to the States and took postgraduate work in law at Cornell University at Ithaca, New York, leaving that institution in 1895, well equipped for his profession. Entering his father's office in Halifax, he became a member of the firm of Russell & Ross, with

which he was connected until 1902, when he went to Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, and opened an office. He remained in practice there for eight years and throughout that period acted as town magistrate, while for a time he also served as assistant reporter of the supreme court of Nova Scotia. In 1910 he came to this province, selecting Vegreville as the scene of his professional activities, and he has had no reason to regret his choice, for a liberal clientele has been accorded him. He is well versed in all branches of jurisprudence and conducts his law business with ability, carefully preparing his cases and presenting them with clearness and force.

Mr. Russell married Miss Elvie R. Dillman, a native of Nova Scotia, and they have become the parents of eight children, the firstborn being Marjorie L., who is a graduate nurse. The others are: Norma, Mary, William B., Hugh M., Barbara M., Bruce D. and Jean. Mr. Russell has always taken a keen interest in civic affairs, being particularly active in promoting the cause of education, and from 1913 until 1922 was a member of the Vegreville Board of Education. He is identified with the Masonic order and exemplifies in his life the beneficent teachings of the craft. He possesses a keen mentality and is fitted by natural ability and by training for the legal profession, in which he has gained a gratifying measure of success. However, his interests are not confined to the law and he is recognized as a broad-minded, public-spirited citizen, whose influence is at all times on the side of progress, reform and improvement.

HON. JEREMIAH W. HEFFERNAN, K. C., M. P. P.

Possessing all of the requisites of an able barrister, Hon. Jeremiah W. Heffernan has established his position among the leading representatives of the Edmonton bar, and he also figures prominently in public affairs as a member of the Alberta legislature. A native of Canada, he was born at Picton, in the province of Ontario, January 4, 1884, and is a son of John J. and Ellen (Naughton) Heffernan, both of whom are natives of Ireland. The father was born in Limerick and the mother in Kilfinun and they are now residents of Picton, Ontario.

In the public schools of his native town Jeremiah W. Heffernan mastered the elementary branches of learning and afterward became a student at Ottawa University, from which he was graduated in 1905. He next entered Osgoode Hall at Toronto, Ontario, in which he received his professional training, completing his course in 1910. He began the practice of law at Toronto, where he maintained an office for three years, and since 1912 has successfully followed his profession in Edmonton. He has a large clientele, which he conducts with ability, carefully preparing his cases and presenting them with clearness and force. Recognition of his legal acumen has led to his selection for public office and in 1914 he acted as prosecuting attorney for Edmonton, while from 1914 until 1919

he served as crown prosecutor for Alberta, making a highly commendable record in both offices. In 1921 he was created King's Counsel and in the same year he was chosen to represent his district in the provincial parliament of Alberta, being elected for a term of five years. He discharges his legislative duties with fidelity and ability and his attitude toward any measure is determined by his belief in its efficacy as a factor in good government. Mr. Heffernan has also become well known as a journalist, being the editor of the Western Catholic, one of the leading religious publications of Canada.

On the 8th of January, 1913, Mr. Heffernan was married in Toronto to Miss Margaret McCormick. He is a communicant of the Catholic church and is also affiliated with the Knights of Columbus, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the Edmonton Club and the Edmonton Golf & Country Club. He is a strong adherent of the Liberal party and served for five years as president of the West Edmonton Liberal Association. He is a broad-minded man, looking at significant questions from a rational standpoint and reaching his conclusions after hard and logical thinking. In all the relations of life he has conformed his conduct to high standards and his pronounced ability has won for him a position of distinction in the ranks of his profession.

JAMES F. ADAMSON, M. D.

Dr. James F. Adamson has made the practice of medicine his life work and experience and study have broadened his field of usefulness, enabling him steadily to advance until he now ranks with Edmonton's leading physicians. He was born in Ontario, in 1877, and his parents, Alfred and Sarah (Blain) Adamson, were also natives of that province, in which they spent their lives. The father was born in 1832 and his attention was given to the cultivation and development of a well improved farm in Ontario. Success attended his labors because his operations were intelligently conducted, for he was a well educated man of broad and liberal views. He was a member of the Anglican church and his political support was given to the Conservative party. His father, Dr. Joseph Adamson, and his uncle, Dr. Peter Adamson, were physicians of high standing and in 1820 they were sent to Canada by the British government to minister to the physical welfare of their subjects in the Dominion. Dr. Joseph Adamson was also active in military affairs, serving throughout the Napoleonic wars with the rank of colonel. The maternal grandfather, John Blain, was a native of Ireland and as a young man migrated to Canada, where he became connected with milling operations. His daughter, Mrs. Adamson, was born in 1837, and passed away in 1913, when seventy-six years of age, and Mr. Adamson died in 1910, at the age of seventy-eight. They reared a family of eleven children, all of whom are living.

James F. Adamson, the ninth in order of birth, obtained his professional training in Trinity Medical College of Toronto, Ontario, from which he was graduated with the class of 1904, and afterward went to the northern part of the province, where he remained for about six months. In 1906 he came to the west, locating in Edmonton, which has since been his home, and the passing years have brought him a large practice, for he has a thorough understanding of the principles of medical science and correctly applies his knowledge to the needs of his patients.

Dr. Adamson is a veteran of the World war. He enlisted in the Medical Corps of the Royal Army in August, 1915, and was commissioned a lieutenant. In the same month he was sent overseas and won a captaincy during the second year of the war. He was released from military duty in 1919 and returned to Edmonton, where he has since followed his profession uninterruptedly.

In April, 1908, Dr. Adamson was united in marriage to Miss Agnes Mackerow, who was born, reared and educated in the city of Toronto, and they have three children: Grace, Robert and Peter. Politically the Doctor adheres to the Conservative party and his religious views are in accord with the doctrines of the Anglican church. His fraternal connections are with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Foresters. He has taken postgraduate work in New York city and has never lost the attitude of a student toward his profession, in which he has made continuous progress, winning a well-merited reputation as an able and conscientious physician.

WILLIAM LAURIE.

William Laurie, a prominent barrister of Cardston, was born at Owen Sound, Ontario, on the 28th of September, 1856, a son of Patrick Gammie and Mary Eliza (Carney) Laurie, the former born in Scotland, in 1833, and the latter born in Barrie, Ontario, in the same year. The paternal grandfather William Laurie, was born in Scotland and emigrated to Ontario in 1843. He was well educated for his day, being a graduate of the Mareschal College in Aberdeen, Scotland, and he taught school and engaged in farming until his demise in 1879. The maternal grandfather, Richard Carney, who emigrated to Ontario in 1833, from London, England, was sheriff of the Algoma district of Ontario for many years. His death occurred in 1885. Patrick G. Laurie located in Ontario in 1843, at the age of ten years. He learned the newspaper business in Toronto and worked on various papers there, and later became manager and editor of the Owen Sound Times, subsequently establishing and managing the Essex Record, at Windsor, Ontario. In 1869 he went to Winnipeg as an employe of the Nor'wester, then owned by Sir John Schultz, and he was connected with various papers in Winnipeg until 1878. At that time he located in Battleford, Saskatchewan, and established the Saskatchewan

Herald, the first newspaper ever published west of Winnipeg. It is still in existence and is now owned and managed by his son, Major R. C. Laurie. Mr. Laurie devoted practically all of his life to newspaper work and he was widely known in that connection. He was Queen's Printer for the Northwest Territories from 1878 to 1883. He was an inspector of schools in the early days and also served as a coroner for some time. His political allegiance was given to the conservative party and his religious faith was that of the Anglican church. His wife was a member of the Methodist church. Mr. Laurie's demise occurred in 1903, and his widow died in 1912. To their union eleven children were born, six of whom are living: William, whose name introduces this review; Major Richard C.; Mabel, the wife of John A. Reid, who served as Alberta representative to England; Minnie, the widow of P. V. Gauvreau, first agent of the Dominion lands at Edmonton; Effie, the widow of Lieutenant J. H. Storer, who was killed in action in France in 1917. Mrs. Storer is now a member of the staff of the Moose Jaw Times; and Jessie, the wife of J. C. DeGear of Battleford, Ontario.

In the acquirement of his education William Laurie attended Manitoba College at Winnipeg and later began the study of law in that city. He was admitted to the territorial bar in 1895. He was engaged in civil service work from 1884 to 1890 in Battleford, and from 1890 to 1897 in Regina, Saskatchewan. He worked in a law office in Lethbridge for some time, having located there in 1897, and in 1901 he came to Cardston and established offices for the practice of law. In 1914 he went to Battleford, Ontario, where he served as mayor for two and one-half years. He returned to Cardston in 1918 and resumed his practice, and he is a prominent and highly esteemed barrister and has an extensive clientele. Mr. Laurie is a veteran of the Northwest Rebellion of 1885. He joined the Royal Northwest Mounted Police as special constable and was active in the battle of Duck Lake.

Mr. Laurie has been twice married. His first wife was Elizabeth Herbert, a native of Warwick, Ontario. They were married in 1892 and her death occurred in the same year. In 1894 he was married to Illa Humphries, a native of Strathroy, Ontario, and to them two children have been born: William T. joined the Princess Pat Regiment for service in the World war and went overseas. He was wounded at Vimy Ridge, on the 9th of April, 1917, and upon recovery he was transferred into the air service, and was flying in France when the armistice was signed. He entered service in 1916 and was overseas almost three years. He is now living at Tampa, Florida, where he is engaged in the banking business; Douglas C. M. joined the Princess Pat Regiment in 1915 and was wounded on the 8th of October, 1916. He was sent to England to convalesce and in June, 1917, returned to France, and was with the Old Regiment at Mons when the signing of the armistice closed hostilities. He is now a clerk in the Union Bank at Cardston.

Mr. Laurie is a consistent member of the Presbyterian church, while his wife is a member of the Evangelical church. His political allegiance

is given to the Conservative party and he was town solicitor for nine years. He has also been school trustee. Fraternally Mr. Laurie is identified with the Knights of Pythias. He is a man of high intellectual attainments and possesses a genial and pleasing personality, which has won for him many friends.

NORMAN MONTAGUE PLUMMER.

Born and educated in England, Norman Montague Plummer, a barrister of Calgary, came to Alberta at the age of twenty-seven to seek his fortune in the Canadian Northwest. After a somewhat varied experience in the work of the Dominion government and a period of service in the Great war, he took up the study of law and is now practicing independently and successfully.

At Swindon, Wiltshire, Norman Montague Plummer was born on the 5th of September, 1882, his parents being Alfred and Caroline Elizabeth (Brown) Plummer. The father was a merchant, dealing in wines and spirits throughout his life, his death occurring in 1911. Norman M. Plummer never knew the joys of a mother's care, for his mother died when he was a baby. His education was acquired at All Saints' School at Bloxham, which is affiliated with Magdalene College, Oxford, and is one of the links in the Woodward system of public schools. In 1901 he passed the necessary examinations to qualify to act as an auctioneer, surveyor and valuer. Upon leaving school he was articled to Thomas Lavington, an auctioneer, for four years and upon completing his apprenticeship engaged in that business until 1907. In this line of activity, however, he saw little chance of fulfilling his ambitions, so like many another young Englishman, he turned to the colonies for a larger opportunity.

In 1907 he came out to Edmonton, where he took up the study of accounting and later entered the government service at Grouard, Alberta. In the organization of this village he took a leading part and was its first secretary and treasurer. He stayed there with the Dominion Land department until trouble with his eyes made it impossible for him to carry on his work. Edmonton, whence he had come, was far away to the south and upper Alberta was locked fast in the grip of an Arctic winter, but the young man set out on foot for his four hundred mile journey southward and walked the entire distance on the ice. Happily he arrived safely, suffering no ill effects from this adventuresome trip, and soon obtained a transfer to the Land Titles office in Calgary, where he continued in the government service for several years. In 1914 he passed his examinations for the office of deacon in the Anglican church, with the intention of being ordained subsequently as one of the regular clergy, and for some time following he was connected with the activities of this church. On the 22d of June, 1918, he joined the Fifteenth Light Horse



NORMAN M. PLUMMER.

Regiment, but was transferred to the post of secretary to the assistant director of chaplain services, which he held until he was honorably discharged on the 31st of July, 1919.

Starting at the bottom again in civilian life, upon his return to Calgary, Mr. Plummer entered a law office as a law student and having successfully passed his examinations was called to the bar in May, 1922, and during the same month he was granted the degree of Bachelor of Laws by the University of Alberta. He was in partnership with Mr. C. F. Adams until the end of February, 1923, when the firm was dissolved and he is now practicing on his own account. Mr. Plummer is a man of strong character, has a well trained mind and possesses marked initiative. The public will do well to watch him, for he gives every promise of making a brilliant record of his legal career.

Mr. Plummer was married to Miss Elizabeth Leard, on the 6th of November, 1912. She was the daughter of Robert Leard, a native of Prince Edward Island, as was her mother also. Both parents are now deceased, and Mrs. Plummer died on March 2, 1923, at Calgary.

As a lover of outdoor sports Mr. Plummer is well known in Calgary. He belongs to the Canadian Club, was secretary and treasurer of the Calgary Cricket Club for nine years and of the Calgary District Cricket League. He likewise is secretary-treasurer of the Calgary Lawn Bowling Club and is a life member of the Newbury Guildhall Club, one of the prominent clubs in the south of England. Politically he follows an independent course and he is a member and an honorary lay reader of the Anglican church. In connection with his legal interests he maintains membership in the Alberta Law Society, the Calgary Bar Association and the Canadian Bar Association.

THEODORE BRANDLEY.

The history of Stirling would be incomplete without the record of Theodore Brandley, pioneer merchant and stock raiser. He was born in Zurich, Switzerland, on the 7th of December, 1851, a son of Henry and Anna (Meier) Brandley, likewise natives of Zurich. The father was a machinist by trade, serving three years' apprenticeship, during which time he received only his board. In 1872 he came to this country, bringing with him his family, and he immediately located in Salt Lake City. He followed his trade there for many years, building up a reputation as an expert latheman. His demise occurred in 1893, at the age of sixty-four years. Mrs. Brandley died in 1874, when forty-two years of age. To their union four children were born: Theodore, whose name introduces this review; Henry, who is living in Salt Lake City and is a deputy sheriff of Salt Lake county; Carl, who died in 1920, at the age of fifty-six years. He was a prominent solicitor of Salt Lake; and Anna, who is the wife of Joseph Coullard, a retired mining engineer of Montreal.

Throughout his life Mr. Brandley was a stanch supporter of the republican party and for some years he was a consistent communicant of the Protestant church. Later, however, he became a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he was an elder in the church at Salt Lake.

In the acquirement of his education Theodore Brandley attended the public schools of Switzerland and after putting his textbooks aside he became an apprentice in the baker's trade for two years. Upon the completion of his apprenticeship he worked in a bakery for another two years and subsequently came to the United States with his parents. He located with them in Salt Lake City and resided there until 1875, when he moved to Richfield, Utah. He farmed there for four years, at the termination of which time he entered the general mercantile business, his stock including hardware and furniture. He achieved substantial success in the conduct of that enterprise but he disposed of his interests in May, 1899, and came to Alberta, locating at Stirling. He bought four hundred acres of raw prairie land here, which he set about to bring to a high state of improvement and he engaged in general farming and stock raising. He likewise built a small store in Stirling and established a mercantile business. The business grew to such extensive proportions that he was compelled to build a larger store and he is now conducting the business under the name of Theo. Brandley. He is well known in Stirling by reason of his success in business affairs and he is accounted one of the active workers and progressive farmers of this locality, having the unqualified confidence and esteem of the entire community.

Mr. Brandley has been married three times. In 1872 he was married to Miss Mary E. Nagely, a native of Switzerland. To their union the following children were born: Mary, who died in infancy; Theodore, who was born in 1874, and died in January, 1922. He engaged in the meat business in Stirling for a time, being a butcher by trade, and he also worked in the mines in British Columbia; Joseph S., who is engaged in farming near Stirling; Rulon, who was attending the University of Utah at the time of his demise in 1892; Albert, who is engaged in farming near Stirling; Anna, who is the wife of H. Ostlund, a well known barrister of Lethbridge; and Reinhard, who died in infancy. Mr. Brandley was married the second time to Miss Marguerite Keeler, a native of Utah. Her demise occurred in 1910, when forty-five years of age. To them the following children were born: Louis, who is a graduate of Brigham Young University of Provo, Utah, is engaged in farming near Stirling; Myrtle is the wife of E. Burgomaster, a salesman at Salt Lake; Wilford is engaged in farming near Stirling; Harold, who is a graduate of the Brigham Young University, is a resident of Salt Lake; Marie is the wife of John Willardson, a successful lumberman of Elsinore, Utah; Emma is the wife of Ben Peterson, who is farming near Raymond; and Grace is the wife of Paul Redd, who is in educational work in Raymond. Mr. Brandley's third wife was Eliza Zaugg and to their union four children have been born: Alma, Theodora, Noel and Delight, all living at home.

Mr. Brandley is a communicant of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he is councilor to H. S. Allen, president of the Taylor Stake. He was one of the organizers of the local church. In his political views he is a Liberal and he is an active member of the party. He is now serving his ninth year as a member of the school board. While a resident of Utah he was a member of the constitutional convention of that state in 1904 and he served three terms as mayor of Richfield, and was chairman of the republican central committee in the county.

CHARLES W. LEONARD.

Charles W. Leonard, an alert and enterprising business man, who has advanced steadily toward the goal of success, is now president of the Western Transfer & Storage, Limited, at Edmonton. He was born near Woodford, Ontario, on the 7th of January, 1872, and was reared on a farm. He acquired his education in the public schools and at the Owen Sound Collegiate Institute in Ontario, and at the age of sixteen years he started out to provide for his own support. It was through his individual labor that he gained the money that enabled him to pursue his college course, after which he took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for a few years. In 1899 he removed westward to Saddle Lake, Alberta, where he became a teacher among the Cree Indians, thus continuing his labors for eight years. On the expiration of that period he removed to Edmonton and was employed in the auditing department of the Provincial government for three years.

Mr. Leonard next became identified with the company of which he is now the president. It was a small concern at the time, having only two teams and one single-horse wagon to take care of all its transfer business of that period. The business was then carried on under the name of the Western Cartage Company. Through the intervening years and under the capable guidance of Mr. Leonard, the patronage has steadily increased and the business constantly developed until this is now one of the largest transfer companies in the province. In addition to conducting a general transfer business the company has had the contract since 1912 as carters' agent for the Canadian Pacific Railroad and secured a similar contract with the Canadian Northern Railroad. In 1915 the corporation name was changed to the Western Transfer & Storage, Limited. In 1920 the company became carters' agents for the Grand Trunk Pacific Railroad, handling all business for the company in the way of hauling and transfer work in the city of Edmonton. In fact the Western Transfer & Storage, Limited, is today cartage agents for all the railroads entering the city, has several subsidiary companies operating in the city and is also the owner of the "Chinook" Coal Mine, and of the Western Warehouses, Limited, which is conducted as a subsidiary concern. The business is indeed one of mammoth proportions and in the upbuilding of

it Mr. Leonard has figured most prominently and successfully. He is likewise secretary and treasurer of Sturrochs', Limited, a dry goods company. His judgment is sound, his enterprise unfaltering and his progressiveness has long been accounted one of the most forceful factors in his career.

Notwithstanding the extent and importance of his commercial interests Mr. Leonard has always found time for activity in other fields and for the enjoyment of the social pleasures of home and of friendship. He wedded Nettie Wilcox and they have three children: Howard, Marchmont and Dorothy. Mr. Leonard is a member of the Council of the Board of Trade, also of the Rotary Club and the Fifteen Hundred Club and thus manifests an earnest and effective interest in the city's growth and progress and its civic development. He is also president of the Northern Alberta Coal Operators' Association. Nor is he neglectful of the higher, holier duties of life, but takes an active interest in the moral progress of the community. He is president of the Young Men's Christian Association, of which he was treasurer, and he has been treasurer and chairman of the finance committee of the McDougall Methodist church, taking an active interest in the various branches of the church work and doing everything in his power to promote its growth and extend its influence. He assisted in organizing and was the first president of the Canadian Warehousemen's Association, the organization of which took place in his office. This association has attained a national reputation and its name has been changed to the Canadian Storage and Transfermen's Association.

EPHRAM HARKER.

Farming in its most progressive and modern aspects finds a worthy representative in Ephram Harker of Cardston. He was born in Salt Lake, Utah, in 1854, a son of Joseph and Susanna (Sneath) Harker, extended mention of whom is made in the sketch of Levi Harker, appearing elsewhere in this work.

Ephram Harker had little opportunity for an education. He herded sheep for his father as a boy of sixteen years and subsequently engaged in sheep raising with his father on shares. Later he ran sheep on his own account on an open range, and in 1876 he went with his sheep to Wyoming and located near Evanston, on the Green river. He remained there until the spring of 1889, when he came to Alberta and settled near Cardston. He had traded his sheep in Wyoming for cattle here and he made the trip overland with a team and covered wagon. When he came to Cardston there was not a wire fence between Cardston and Lethbridge, very little ground was plowed, and Cardston had just a few log cabins. In 1891 he trailed a band of sheep from Montana here and in 1893 trailed another band here. At one time he ran ten thousand sheep and later bought ten thousand more, ranging twenty thousand at one

time. He was very successful until 1908, when he lost a great many sheep in the May blizzard. When the homesteaders began to come into this section of the country Mr. Harker disposed of his land and invested in land in the Cochrane country. At one time he owned three thousand acres there, two thousand acres being located on the Milk river, and one thousand acres were under cultivation. He ran his last band of sheep at the Milk River Ranch and also engaged in cattle raising there. Subsequently he returned to the family home at Cardston and is now devoting his entire time and attention to general farming. Mr. Harker was one of the organizers and builders of the first flour mill here, which was operated by water power. Floods washed out the mill and after they moved the machinery and rebuilt in town Mr. Harker sold his interest.

Mr. Harker has been twice married. His first wife was Alice Bennion, who was born in Salt Lake county, Utah, and to them six children were born: Mary is teaching school at Mountain View; Susan is the wife of Rufus E. Pilling; Ralph is living in Boise, Idaho, where he is a successful business man; Evelyn is the wife of James McMahon of Boise, Idaho; Edith, who is deceased, was the wife of Henry Walburger of Milk River; and Samuel is living on the Cochrane ranch. These children are consistent communicants of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. In 1889 Mr. Harker married Miss Elizabeth Carter, who was born in St. George, Utah, and to them eleven children have been born: Rose, the eldest member of the family, is deceased; Joseph, who is living at Raymond, served on a two-year mission in the State of Oregon; Winnifred is the wife of Seymour Smith of Mountain View; Irene is the wife of O. Berry of Cardston; and Elizabeth, Rex and Marjorie are living at home. The other children died in infancy.

Mr. Harker is an active worker in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he is a member of the high council, to which he belonged when the temple was constructed here. Mr. Harker gives his political allegiance to the Conservative party and he is active in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community. He has always been a hard working man of earnest purpose and honest methods and fully merits the success that has come to him. He is favorably known in his community and numbers among his neighbors and fellow townsmen many stanch friends.

REGINALD CUMBERLAY DAY, B. A.

Reginald Cumberlay Day, engaged in law practice at Edmonton, is recognized as an able advocate and a counselor whose judgment can be relied upon, and studiousness, combined with the habit of thoroughness, has brought him success and prominence in his profession. A native of Canada, he was born at Bradford, in the province of Ontario, on the 10th of May, 1886, and his parents were Isaac and Jeane (Caswell) Day, the

former of whom was born at Creemore, Ontario. In 1910 Mr. Day was graduated from Queen's University of Ontario, which bestowed upon him the B. A. degree, and he was afterwards admitted to the bar at Edmonton, becoming a member of the law firm of Mustard & Day in 1912. In 1921 John R. Boyle became senior member of the firm, which is now known as Boyle, Mustard & Day, and the list of their clients is an extensive and representative one. At the outset of his career Mr. Day learned the necessity for thorough preparation and never enters the court-room without being fully prepared to present his cause in the strong, clear light of sound reasoning, based upon the law and the facts in the case. He readily combats the opposing counsel in legal battle and his standing before the court is an enviable one.

On the 12th of June, 1912, Mr. Day was united in marriage to Miss Helen Frame and they have four children: Margaret Elizabeth, Frederick George, Helen Jane and John Craig. Mr. Day is a Liberal in his political views and in religious faith he is a Presbyterian. He is a member of the Edmonton Club and his cooperation can be counted upon to further any movement for the benefit of his city. His attention is concentrated upon his profession, in which he has made continuous progress, and while devoted to the interests of his clients, he never forgets that he owes a still higher allegiance to the majesty of the law.

BRIGADIER GENERAL JOHN SMITH STEWART.

Brigadier General John Smith Stewart is now engaged in the practice of dentistry at Lethbridge, having qualified for the profession in 1902. He was born at Brampton, Ontario, May 18, 1878, and is a son of John and Mary (Armstrong) Stewart, both of whom were of Canadian birth. He acquired his early education in the schools of his native town, where he passed through consecutive grades to his graduation from the high school. He afterward attended the Royal College of Dental Surgeons at Toronto, and is an honor graduate of Trinity University. In 1896 he became a resident of Alberta, settling at Edmonton, and commenced to study dentistry there, remaining at Edmonton until 1902, when he removed to Lethbridge and for some years was associated with his brother-in-law, Dr. McClure. He has since followed the practice of dentistry here, save for the period when he was engaged in military service during the World war. He was appointed officer in command (major) of the Twenty-fifth (Militia) Battery in February, 1908, and he served as a private of Strathcona's Horse in South Africa in 1900-1, winning the Queen's medal with four clasps. He raised the Twentieth Battery, Canadian Field Artillery, for overseas service in November, 1914. He was appointed officer in command of the Seventh Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, on the 10th of March, 1915, and in January, 1916, went to France, where he was twice wounded. In March, 1917, he was trans-

ferred to the command of the Fourth Brigade, C. F. A., in France, and won the D. S. O. and C. M. G. He was also twice mentioned in dispatches and was awarded the French Croix de Guerre. In December, 1917, he was promoted to the rank of brigadier general, C. R. A., of the Third Canadian Division, which divisional artillery he commanded during the anxious time in March, 1918, and the advances made from August, 1918, onward.

General Stewart was married on the 25th of September, 1907, to Miss Jean Chesney McClure, a daughter of Dr. William McClure of Hamilton, Ontario. In politics he is a Conservative and in 1911 and again in 1913 he was elected to the legislative assembly for Lethbridge, while once more he was chosen for legislative honors in 1917 and 1921. He discharges his political duties with the same sense of fidelity that marked his service on the battle fields of the World war and it is characteristic of Dr. Stewart that he is loyal to any cause which he espouses.

HON. NICHOLAS DU BOIS DOMINIC BECK.

There are certain men who without self-seeking, by the strength of their intellectual powers and the force of their personality, draw to themselves an approving public attention. Such an one is Hon. Nicholas D. D. Beck of Edmonton, who for fifteen years has served as puisne judge of the supreme court of Alberta, and while he has attained a position of preeminence in his profession, he has also been a most important factor in advancing the educational standards of his province. He was born at Cobourg, Ontario, May 4, 1857, a son of Rev. J. W. R. and Georgina (Boulton) Beck, the latter a daughter of Hon. G. S. Boulton, M. L., now deceased. For many years the father was rector of the Anglican church of Peterboro, Ontario.

In the acquirement of an education Nicholas Du Bois Dominic Beck attended private schools and the Collegiate Institute of Peterboro, afterward becoming a student in the law department of the University of Toronto, from which he won the LL. B. degree in 1881. He had been called to the bar of Ontario in 1879 and began his professional career in Peterboro, where he maintained an office until 1883. He then came to the west, locating at Winnipeg, Manitoba, where he followed his profession for six years. While in that city he entered the field of journalism, becoming editor of the Northwest Catholic Review, of which he was for a time also the owner, and this publication is continued as a medium of expression for the opinions of the English-speaking Catholics of western Canada. On leaving Winnipeg he came to Alberta, choosing Calgary as the scene of his professional activities, and from 1889 until 1891 he was a member of the law firm of Lougheed, McCarthy & Beck. He then removed to Edmonton, where he has since resided, taking a deep interest in the larger aspects of the political, legal, moral and educational advance-

ment of the Northwest Territories, now represented by the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan. It was not long before his ability became recognized and he was made crown prosecutor for the Edmonton district, serving in that connection from 1891 until 1907. From 1892 until 1907 he was solicitor for the city of Edmonton and in 1893 he was created Queen's Counsel. In 1907 still greater honors came to him in his appointment to high judicial office in the province, that of puisne judge of the supreme court of Alberta, and in 1921 he was appointed a member of the appellate division of that court. He brought to the office the judicial temperament, the fine poise, the instinctive love of justice, the breadth of mind, the integrity and the sympathy for mankind which constitute the ideal jurist and his course upon the bench has received the highest endorsement. In 1905 he was retained by the Dominion government as one of its legal advisers upon the autonomy bills of Alberta and Saskatchewan. For a time he was editor of the Territorial and Alberta Law Reports. He was a bencher of the Territorial Law Society from the time of its organization and became its president, and on the organization of the Alberta Law Society he continued as a bencher and as president of that society until his appointment to the bench.

No man in Alberta has worked more earnestly and effectively to promote educational advancement in western Canada than has Mr. Justice Beck. He was a member of the council of public instruction for the territory and Alberta and later a member of the senate of the University of Alberta, of which he is now ex-officio member and vice chancellor. As a result of the respective positions of the Conservative and Liberal parties upon the educational clauses of the autonomy bills, the former opposing any and the latter ready to accord some, though in his opinion a too meager guarantee of the continuance of separate schools, Mr. Justice Beck thenceforward, until his elevation to the bench, attached himself to the Liberal party, both in provincial and dominion politics.

Mr. Justice Beck has been married twice. His first union was with Miss Mary Ethel Lloyd, whom he wedded in 1886, and they became the parents of four children. The two daughters are Mrs. H. Milton Martin of Edmonton, and Mrs. John C. Landry, the wife of one of the leading barristers of this city. The sons are Cyril L. and H. Austin Beck. The former followed in the professional footsteps of his father. Soon after the outbreak of the World war he enlisted for military duty, was commissioned a lieutenant, and was sent to France, where he was shell shocked but remained in the service until the close of hostilities. The other son also defended his country in its hour of need and was made a sergeant. He was rendered unfit for further active service, but until the armistice did excellent work in the United States for the United States government. Both are now residents of Los Angeles, California. For his second wife Judge Beck married Miss Louisa Teefy, in 1906.

The Judge became a Catholic in 1883 and he is one of the governors of the Catholic Church Extension Society of Canada. He is a member of the Edmonton Club but is not identified with any fraternal organizations.

He is leaving the impress of his individuality in notable measure upon the legal history of the province and the record of no public official of Alberta has been more faultless in honor, fearless in conduct nor stainless in reputation. For thirty-one years he has been a resident of Edmonton and his record is one which reflects honor and distinction upon the city.

BARNEY W. COLLISON.

Barney W. Collison is a barrister and solicitor of Banff, commissioner of the Dominion police and police magistrate, having jurisdiction in all Dominion parks, and secretary of the Banff Winter Carnival. He was born in Dundas district, Ontario, on the 27th of December, 1880, a son of James and Katherine (McNulty) Collison, the former a native of Ontario and the latter of Ireland. For many years the father followed agricultural pursuits in this province but is now retired, residing in Iroquois. Mrs. Collison's death occurred in August, 1885.

In the acquirement of his education Barney W. Collison attended the public schools of Ontario and after graduating from high school took up the study of law in Cornwall, under the preceptorship of R. A. Pringle Kile, deceased. Later he enrolled in Osgoode Hall, Toronto, and he was graduated from that institution with the LL. B. degree in the class of 1905. In September of that year he was called to the Ontario bar and in the same year came west to Calgary and commenced the practice of his chosen profession. He devoted his entire time and attention to his law practice until October, 1916, when he received his appointment as commissioner of the Dominion police and police magistrate. Subsequently he removed to Banff and since coming here he has been a dominant figure in civic affairs. To him belongs the credit for the Banff Winter Carnival, which was held for the first time in February, 1917, and which proved such a success that it has continued to be a yearly event, and is usually in full sway from the 24th of February to the 5th of March. Mr. Collison is secretary of the carnival and James I. Brewster is president. Among its many events and attractions are curling, art skating, figure skating, skating races, swimming races, hockey matches, snowshoe races, ski jumping, long distance ski races, toboggan races, dog races, snowshoe tramps, tobogganing, trap shooting, swimming in hot sulphur springs, the illuminated Ice Palace, skijoring, ladies' hockey matches, sleighing, dancing, etc., and the buffalo barbecue. This Winter Carnival has been widely advertised throughout the province and the attendance is increasing each year.

In June, 1914, Mr. Collison was married to Miss Marie Payne, the ceremony being performed in Calgary, and to their union four children have been born: John Bennett, eight years of age; Helen P., seven years of age; Katherine E., four years of age; and Ola E., who is three.

In his political views Mr. Collison is a Conservative and he is never

too busy to lend his aid in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community at large. He has always been interested in outdoor sports and for some time was manager of the lacrosse and hockey teams of Calgary. He is a member of the Banff Golf Club and of the Banff Curling Club. His religious faith is that of the Anglican church. Fraternally he is identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, having been instrumental in locating the lodge here. He was made first exalted ruler of the lodge and still holds that position. He retains his membership in the Dominion, Alberta and Calgary Bar Associations.

ROBERT A. MAITLAND COOK, M. D.

With thorough professional training and constantly broadening experience, Dr. Robert A. Maitland Cook has won for himself a very enviable position as a representative of the medical fraternity in Calgary. He specializes in surgery and keeps in close touch with the advancement continually being made in the profession, being ever most careful to conform his practice to the highest standards of professional ethics. Dr. Cook was born in Grey county, Ontario, on the 8th of February, 1880, a son of Thomas and Margaret Marie (Maitland) Cook, the former a native of Quebec and the latter of Ontario. Their marriage was celebrated in Ontario and Mr. Cook followed agricultural pursuits in the province for many years, winning financial independence. He is living retired at the present time in Markdale, where he and his wife are prominent and highly esteemed citizens. They are active members of the Methodist church and the father is identified with the Canadian Order of Foresters. He gives his political allegiance to the Conservative party and maintains an active interest in civic affairs. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Cook three children were born: Ella, the wife of John Love, a farmer in Saskatchewan; Robert A. Maitland, whose name introduces this review; and John, a retired farmer of Meaford, Ontario.

In the pursuit of his education Robert A. Maitland Cook attended the country schools in the vicinity of the home farm and subsequently graduated from the high school at Owen Sound. In early life he developed a great liking for the medical profession and therefore, upon the completion of his literary education, he entered Trinity Medical College at Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1903. He began practice at Milestone, Saskatchewan, and remained there until 1914, when he came to Calgary. In 1915 he entered the Canadian Army Medical Corps as an officer for service in the World war, and went overseas in 1916, returning to this country in 1917. Prior to entering active service Dr. Cook was medical officer for the Eighty-ninth Battalion and after he returned to Canada he was assistant deputy in the A. D. M. S. When the government started conscription the Doctor was medical examiner for



ROBERT A. M. COOK, M. D.

the province, Military District No. 13, and examined over forty thousand men. In due time he received his honorable discharge from the army and in May, 1919, resumed his practice here. He specializes in surgery and has become widely known in that connection throughout the province. He takes postgraduate work every two years in Chicago and Rochester, Minnesota, and in that way keeps in close touch with the continual advancement being made in the profession. Aside from his profession the Doctor's hobby is raising chickens and he has produced a number of prize winners.

In 1905 was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Cook to Miss Anna May Glenn, a native of Owen Sound, Ontario. To their union one daughter was born: Marguerite, who is a student in the local high school. Mrs. Cook's death occurred on the 29th of October, 1922. She was a woman of culture and refinement and for many years was prominent in the club and social circles of this city. She was also a member of the Methodist church and a zealous worker in its behalf. Her death came as a severe blow to her family and many friends here and in the place of her nativity.

Dr. Cook and his daughter are consistent members of the Methodist church. He is fraternally identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and socially is a member of the Regal Golf Club and president of the organization. He finds his greatest recreation in outdoor sports and he is an enthusiastic golfer.

J. A. CARSWELL.

J. A. Carswell, owner and editor of the News, is one of the enterprising citizens of Red Deer. He was born in Oshawa, Ontario, in September, 1856, a son of Henry and Hannah (Orr) Carswell, the former a native of London, England, and the latter of Cornwall, England. They both came to Canada as young people and were married in Ontario. For many years the father was in the wholesale bakery and confectionery business. The last few years of his life, however, he devoted his entire time and attention to various city positions to which he had been called. He was a consistent member of the Church of England, while his wife was a member of the Methodist church. Both were zealous workers in the interests of their respective churches. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Carswell ten children were born, J. A., whose name introduces this review, being the fourth in order of birth. Six sons are living, two of them in Alberta, J. A. and L. J., the latter being a successful agriculturist.

In the acquirement of his education J. A. Carswell attended the public schools of his birthplace and after graduating from high school went into a newspaper office. He worked as an apprentice for some time, familiarizing himself with every phase of the printing trade and in 1881 he purchased the Colburn Express, which he ran with great success for one year. He then returned to Oshawa and purchased the Oshawa Vindica-

tor, which he published for ten years. He disposed of that paper because of poor health and in 1890 he moved to near Red Deer, where he took up a homestead and resided thereon for some fifteen years. The out-of-doors life afforded him on the farm soon brought back his health and in 1906 he moved into Red Deer and reentered the newspaper business. He purchased the News, which had been established but one year, and he has since published it. It is one of the most up-to-date papers in the district and province and enjoys a circulation of over fifteen hundred. In addition to printing the paper Mr. Carswell conducts a large job printing business. When he first came to Red Deer it was a very small community and he has seen it develop into a thriving metropolis, being now the fifth largest town in Alberta. He has contributed in a marked degree to this development, for he has ever wielded a great influence for good in this community.

In 1883 occurred the marriage of Mr. Carswell and Miss Augusta Lemon, who was born in Lundy's Lane, Ontario. To their union six children have been born, five of whom are living: The eldest daughter married A. Wood, who is a prominent citizen and is in the mercantile business in this province; J. Arthur graduated from the Alberta University with the Bachelor of Science degree, and is now engaged in surveying in the southern part of Alberta. He is a veteran of the World war, having served with the Princess Pat Regiment and later with the Flying Corps; Cecil Henry is employed in his father's printing office, having learned the printer's trade upon the completion of his education and is now a linotype operator. He is also a veteran of the World war, having enlisted in the Eighty-ninth Infantry and volunteered for machine gun service. He was twice wounded; Charles F., a progressive and representative attorney at Rimbey, received his education in the University of Alberta. He was likewise overseas with the Princess Pat Regiment and was so seriously wounded in the arm at the battle of Vimy Ridge that the arm will be crippled for life; and Kate is attending the University of Alberta, having graduated from high school and taught for two years prior to entering the University.

In his political views Mr. Carswell is a Conservative. For thirty years he has been a justice of the peace and he is one of the oldest holders of that office in the province. For two years he was a member of the city council and he was mayor of Red Deer during 1915 and 1916, giving to this community a progressive and prosperous administration. For several years he was a member of the local school board and was its chairman for one year. He has taken an active part in all farmer's movements and was prominent in the organization of an association in the early days of his residence here, and also assisted in the organization of a creamery association. He was chairman for over thirteen years of the county school board in the early days. Mr. Carswell is a consistent member of the Church of England and is a zealous worker in its interests. He was a delegate to the synod and was minister's warden for a period of from ten to twelve years. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons,

holding membership in the Ancient Free & Accepted Masons and the Royal Arch Masons, and was treasurer of the blue lodge for a time. Along the lines of his business he is identified with various press associations and he was formerly secretary of the Alberta Press Club. For recreation Mr. Carswell turns to outdoor sports, and for a number of years he devoted a great deal of his spare time to curling and was president of the Curling Club. Mr. Carswell has proven to be a business man of ability and his genial and pleasing personality have won for him many friends. He is readily conceded to be one of Red Deer's most essential and leading citizens.

WILLIAM N. CONDELL, M. D.

Dr. William N. Condell is one of the pioneer medical practitioners of Edmonton and the success which he now enjoys is well merited, for he is a self-educated, self-made man, who has worked his way upward in his profession through indomitable perseverance and the utilization of every available opportunity for advancement. He was born at Ventnor, Ontario, October 30, 1866, and his parents, William and Eliza (McFadden) Condell, were also natives of that province. The father devoted his life to the occupation of cabinetmaking, becoming a skilled artisan, and his death occurred in Ontario. The mother is now residing at Brandon, in that province. She is a member of the Methodist church and Mr. Condell was a Baptist in religious faith. They had a family of three sons: Milton, William N. and Angus, the last named being one of the leading physicians of Brandon. The paternal grandfather, William Condell, was a native of Ireland and as a young man he came to Canada, settling in the province of Ontario, where he followed agricultural pursuits, also working as a cabinetmaker. The maternal grandfather, Benjamin McFadden, was likewise a native of the Emerald isle and migrated to Canada, casting in his lot with the early settlers of Ontario, where he engaged in the occupation of farming.

The public schools of his native province afforded William N. Condell his early educational advantages, but his textbooks were soon laid aside and he began learning the trade of a carriage maker and woodworker. Impelled by the spirit of adventure, he started for California as a young man and aided in building some of the first street cars operated in Sacramento. For seven years he continued to follow his trade in that city, carefully saving his earnings in order that he might continue his education, and he then returned to Ontario, where he entered high school. After completing his course he became a student in the medical department of Queen's University at Kingston, Ontario, and was graduated with the M. D. degree with the class of 1899. He engaged in general practice at Spencerville, Ontario, for five years and then went abroad for further study, taking postgraduate work in Edinburgh, Scotland, and London,

England. On returning to Canada he spent six months in Brockville, Ontario, and in 1906 came west, locating in Edmonton, where he has since successfully followed his profession. He concentrates his attention upon diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, of which he has a thorough knowledge, and has built up an extensive practice, owing to his expert skill, being the first member of the profession in the city to devote his time exclusively to those branches of medical science.

In 1900 Dr. Condell married Miss Abigail Edith Blow, a native of South Mountain, Ontario, and a daughter of Robert H. Blow, a pioneer carriage maker of the province. To this union was born a son, Arthur Blow, who died in 1910, at the age of five. Dr. Condell is the owner of an attractive home at No. 10009 One Hundred and Fifth street in Edmonton, in addition to which he has acquired other realty here, thus demonstrating his faith in the future of the city. He stands for all that is progressive in citizenship and is a strong champion of the good roads movement, cooperating heartily in every project seeking the improvement of his community and district. He attends the Presbyterian church and fraternally is identified with the Masonic order, in which he has gained high standing. He is a past master of the blue lodge and thrice puissant master of the Scottish Rite Consistory, in which he has attained the thirty-second degree. He is a member of the Edmonton Academy of Medicine and the Alberta Medical Society and is also a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons. He is a man of marked strength of character who has fought life's battles unaided, never faltering in his purpose to reach the goal for which he set out, and the years have brought him success and prominence in his profession, while his sterling qualities of heart and mind have won for him the respect, admiration and sincere regard of all who have the honor of his acquaintance.

ALBERT W. FRASER.

Albert W. Fraser, mayor of Vegreville, is also a wide-awake, energetic and progressive business man, dealing in real estate and insurance, and in winning individual prosperity he has also contributed substantially to the improvement and upbuilding of his community. He was born in Halifax, Nova Scotia, August 7, 1876, and his parents, Robert and Jeannette (Munro) Fraser, were also natives of that province. Mr. Fraser was a sea captain. He and his wife were parents of twelve children.

The only member of the family who came to Alberta was Albert W. Fraser. He was graduated from the Halifax high school and remained in his native province until he reached his majority. In 1897 he went to Winnipeg, Manitoba, and entered the employ of the Hudson's Bay Company, with which he was connected for six years. In 1903 he came to this province, entering business circles of Fort Saskatchewan, in the Victoria

district, where he remained for three years. In 1906 he removed to Vegreville and six years later embarked in the real estate and insurance business, with which he has since been identified. In the conduct of his interests he displays enterprise, foresight and sound judgment and as the years have passed his business has enjoyed a continuous and healthful growth, having now assumed profitable proportions.

Mr. Fraser was married at Winnipeg, Manitoba, in 1901, to Miss Georgia Johnson, a native of the province of Ontario, and they have become the parents of three children: Margaret, Carroll and Robert Nicholas. Mrs. Fraser is affiliated with the Church of England and Mr. Fraser is a Presbyterian in religious faith. He is a strong Conservative in his political views and an active worker in the ranks of the party. He has also taken a prominent part in municipal affairs and is now mayor of the town. His standing in local business circles is indicated in the fact that he has been chosen president of the Vegreville Board of Trade, which office he is now filling. He is a member of the Community Club and the Curling Club and is president of the latter organization. Fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order and has been made grand master of his lodge. His interests and activities are evenly distributed and his is a well-rounded development. He has always been found thoroughly reliable in business matters and his even-paced energy has carried him steadily forward to the goal of success. He is deeply interested in the welfare and advancement of his community and is prominent among those whose enterprise and initiative typify the spirit of progress in Vegreville.

W. DIXON CRAIG.

W. Dixon Craig, of the Edmonton bar, is a man of versatile talents who has won success in the field of mining engineering as well as in the legal profession, and during the period of his residence in this city he has gained a wide and favorable acquaintance. He was born at Toronto, Ontario, and his parents were Thomas Dixon and Annie (Girvin) Craig, the former a native of London, England. The father was prominent in public affairs, serving for several years as a member of parliament. Both Mr. and Mrs. Craig are deceased.

W. Dixon Craig acquired his elementary training along educational lines in the public schools of his native city and afterward became a student at the University of Toronto, taking the B. A. degree and the Cawthorne Medal. He also completed a course in mining engineering and from 1899 until 1913 successfully followed that profession in eastern Canada. Attracted by the legal profession, he came to Edmonton in 1913 to take up the study of law and since 1917 he has been a member of the firm of Woods, Sherry, Macalister & Craig. They occupy a suite of offices on the ninth floor of the McLeod building and conduct a large and constantly increasing law practice. Mr. Craig is well read in the

minutiae of the law, is able to base his argument upon a knowledge of and familiarity with precedents and to present a case upon its merits, never failing to recognize the main point at issue and never neglecting to give a thorough preparation. He is also on the faculty of law at the University of Alberta.

In Ontario, Canada, on the 4th of June, 1902, Mr. Craig was married to Miss Grace E. Redmond, a daughter of W. L. Redmond, deceased, and they have become the parents of two children: Carmen Dixon and Dorothy Dixon. Mr. Craig is affiliated with the Anglican church and is deeply and helpfully interested in its work, being a member of the vestry of Holy Trinity church and also of the synod of the diocese of Edmonton. He is a Conservative in his political views and his social nature finds expression in his identification with the Edmonton Club and the Mayfair Golf & Country Club. He is serving on the board of governors of the latter organization and is also a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining & Metallurgy and the Association of Professional Engineers of Alberta. He possesses a vigorous mentality and his marked ability has won for him high standing in the legal profession and also in the profession of mining engineering. His interests and activites are evenly balanced and he is recognized as a broad-minded, public-spirited citizen, whose influence is at all times on the side of progress, reform and improvement.

JOHN F. FOWLER.

Unremitting energy, constantly applied toward the achievement of success, has enrolled John F. Fowler among the substantial business men of the Wetaskiwin district. He has been living retired in Wetaskiwin since 1921. Mr. Fowler was born in New Brunswick in 1860, a son of Stephen H. and Mary Jane (Miller) Fowler, the latter a native of Nova Scotia, and the former a native of New Brunswick, where their marriage was celebrated. For many years Mr. Fowler was in the lumber business there and also in western Ontario, the Rainy River country. In 1902 he and his family came to Wetaskiwin, some time prior to which date he had retired from active business. He was well educated for his day and took an active and prominent part in all civic affairs, and was a stanch supporter of the Conservative party. Both Mr. and Mrs. Fowler were members of the Methodist church. To their union eight children were born, John F., whose name introduces this review, being the sixth in order of birth, and the only one now living. Mr. and Mrs. Fowler were highly respected and esteemed citizens of this community.

In the acquirement of his education John F. Fowler attended school in Ontario and Quebec. He was graduated from the Collegiate Institute in Ontario and his first position after putting his textbooks aside was as bookkeeper in a lumberyard in New Ontario. He kept books and clerked

for some twenty-three years, being thus employed in Winnipeg when he determined to come west and start in business on his own account. He arrived in Wetaskiwin in 1902 and with two other men, opened a general store. They maintained the partnership for a number of years, building up a prosperous business, and subsequently Mr. Fowler bought all interests and conducted the enterprise as sole owner until 1921, when he closed out and retired from active business life. During the past year, however, he built two store buildings in this city. His success is attributed to hard work. Like all self-made men he has enjoyed the struggle for success and without doubt, finds his greatest satisfaction in the thought that he is indebted to no one for the position he occupies in the esteem of his fellowmen or the prosperity he is enjoying.

In 1888 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Fowler to Miss Kate Heavysege, a daughter of Charles Heavysege, the poet. She was born in Montreal and there reared to young womanhood. Mr. and Mrs. Fowler have a daughter, Edith, who attended the schools of Wetaskiwin from kindergarten through high school and later taught school in Gwynne district. She married, in May, 1923, Mr. C. F. Freeman of Gwynne district.

Mr. Fowler has always given his political support to the Conservative party and he maintains an active interest in party affairs. For eight years he was chairman of the local school board and for three terms he held the office of mayor of Wetaskiwin. During his administration he inaugurated and brought to completion many movements for the benefit of the community at large, and he is now a member of the education council of the province of Alberta. He is an upright and honorable man, interested in the advancement of the public welfare, and has won the confidence and regard of his neighbors, both as a successful business man and as a useful citizen.

JOSEPH WARD TURNER.

Joseph Ward Turner, since 1913 the efficient and valued superintendent of the Edmonton waterworks, has had broad, valued and interesting experiences throughout his life, being called to many sections of the world and gaining that wide experience which extensive travel and foreign residence brings. He was born in Shropshire, England, August 10, 1872, and when he was but twelve years of age his father sent him to Jamaica, West Indies, for the benefit of his health, where he joined an older brother, who was living on the island, engaged in missionary work. For four years Joseph W. Turner remained in Jamaica, during which time he was instructed by a private tutor. He then returned to his native country and entered upon an apprenticeship in mechanical and steam engineering, serving a four-year term of indenture. On the expiration of that period he went to South Africa and for six months he was identified with the Cape government, engaging in railroad work. He afterward went to the

Transvaal, where he was active in the work of installing machinery in the gold mines for four years and subsequently he spent a year in England, after which he returned to Jamaica, where other members of the family were living. In fact, the Turners had large interests on the island.

While it was not necessary for Mr. Turner to follow his profession when he again went to Jamaica, he nevertheless accepted a government position, largely equivalent to that of a magistrate in Canada. He continued to reside on the island until 1905, when he made his way northward to Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, and there became identified with the city government, continuing thus to serve from 1905 until 1907. In the latter year he located at Strathcona and was there superintendent of water and sewer, until the amalgamation of the city with the greater Edmonton, at which time he became superintendent of the water system of the united cities, the city waterworks in different sections becoming united under one management. Since 1913, therefore, Mr. Turner has been superintendent of the Edmonton waterworks and has been the prime mover in promoting the splendid system that the city now enjoys. His thorough understanding of civil and mechanical engineering, his familiarity with the scientific principles which underlie his work and his close application and indefatigable energy are the dynamic forces which have made his career a prosperous one and given him high position in connection with the city interests of Edmonton.

Fraternally Mr. Turner is connected with the Masons and also is a member of the Board of Trade, while his religious faith is that of the Baptist church. His life has ever been actuated by high and honorable principles and the sterling worth of his character is attested by all with whom he has come into contact.

VINCENT I. STEWART.

One of the pioneer settlers of the Cardston district is Vincent I. Stewart of Cardston. He was born in Ogden, Utah, on the 3d of May, 1865, a son of Isaiah L. and Elizabeth (Hatch) Stewart. He was born in Alabama on the 15th of February, 1837, and she was born in Nauvoo, Illinois, on the 2d of June, 1843. Their marriage was celebrated at Ogden, Utah, on the 16th of December, 1862. Mr. Stewart went with his mother to Ogden, Utah, in the early '50s. They had joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in Alabama. Isaiah L. Stewart attended the public schools in Ogden and in due time established a mercantile store there and also took up some land near that place. Aside from farming and merchandising he was engaged in mining and was considered an excellent judge of ore. In 1886 he removed to Rockland, Idaho, homesteaded and bought land there and specialized in raising live stock, horses and cattle, being one of the most successful men of his day. His death at Rockland, on the 29th of October, 1899, was the direct result of an injury

he received in a mine accident. Mrs. Stewart died in October, 1916. They were both zealous workers in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and Mr. Stewart was a Seventy in the church at the time of his demise. To their union the following children were born: Vincent I., whose name introduces this review; Evelyne and Eleomina, twins, both of whom have passed away; George L., who is engaged in farming near Ogden, Utah; Emma, who was born on the 3d of December, 1868, and died on the 25th of September, 1879; Virgil A., who was born on the 26th of February, 1872, and died on the 8th of June, 1892; Lawrence, who is a railroad man and is located at Pocatello, Idaho; William W., who was born on the 17th of August, 1876 and died on the 1st of September of that year; Lydia A., who was born on the 22d of October, 1877, and died on the 10th of September, 1878; Noah W., who was born on the 21st of November, 1879, and is engaged in farming near Ogden, Utah; Nina B., who was born on the 21st of October, 1882, and is the wife of Andrew Draper of American Falls, Idaho; John D., who was born on the 28th of April, 1885, and who is engaged in the taxi business in Lethbridge; and Maude R., who as born on the 9th of July, 1889, and died on the 21st of September, 1891. Throughout his life the father was a stanch supporter of the republican party.

In the acquirement of his education Vincent I. Stewart attended the public schools of Ogden, Utah, and he worked on the home farm after putting his textbooks aside. When his parents went to Idaho he went with them and homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of land, there engaging in farming and stock raising. In November, 1892, he came to Cardston and purchased land on which there was a log house, but which was otherwise unimproved. The following summer he made a trip to Idaho and trailed some cattle through to his new home, his wife driving the wagon while he took care of the cattle. Later he homesteaded some land near Mountain View, Alberta. At that time the land was raw prairie and he helped put it under cultivation and assisted in laying out the present town of Mountain View. He built a log house on the land and was obliged to do his freighting from Lethbridge. From time to time he added more land to his original farm and at one time owned three-quarters of a section and also property in Mountain View. The first house he built in Mountain View is still standing. He followed farming and ranching with great success and was bishop of the Mountain View ward of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints for nineteen years. Subsequently he was called by the church to the Glenwood ward at Glenwood, Alberta, and he disposed of his interests in Mountain View. He was bishop of the Glenwood ward for two years and during that time bought property there and built a four thousand dollar home, and set out many trees. At one time he owned two thousand acres of well improved land near there, but now owns only seven hundred. In 1914 Mr. Stewart came to Cardston and has since resided here, where he is a highly esteemed and respected citizen.

On the 21st of November, 1888, was celebrated the marriage of Mr.

Stewart to Miss Ann Mary Webb, a native of Gloucester, England. To their union five children have been born: Lester C., who is engaged in farming, served on a mission for the church for two and one-half years in the central States; Nellie M. is the wife of Eddie Savage of Lethbridge; George V. is a farmer; and Melba A. and Zina M. are living at home.

Mr. Stewart continues to devote a great deal of his spare time to the church and is now holding the office of high council. He has served one term on the Cardston Hospital board and while a resident of Glenwood he was a member of the town council for three terms. He is interested in all lines of progress and improvement and his cooperation can be counted upon to further the material, intellectual and moral upbuilding of the community.

JOHN WALTER.

John Walter could well be classed as one of Edmonton's builders and promoters. He resided in the city for a half century and was a potent force in promoting its growth and progress along many lines. He aided in advancing the work of pioneer times and in the later period of progress and improvement and the worth of his labors can scarcely be overestimated.

John Walter was born at Stenness, in the Orkney Islands, August 12, 1849, and in the year in which he attained his majority he joined the service of the Hudson's Bay Company and sailed from his native town in the Hebrides to York Factory on Hudson Bay. He traveled westward by way of Norway House on Lake Winnipeg and the Saskatchewan river to Edmonton, proceeding by York boat until, when the river was frozen over, the journey had to be continued by dog train. Before leaving his native country Mr. Walter had learned the boat builder's trade and it was at Edmonton that a large number of the York boats from the Hudson's Bay Company were built. These had a cargo capacity of five tons and the boats were sharp at both ends. These boats could carry sail when circumstances permitted and for nearly a century they were used by the company as a means of transportation on the rivers through Canada. About the time of Mr. Walter's arrival there was a change in the method of transportation from York boats to team and wagon across the plains, while later steamers on the rivers were utilized and in the '80s railways supplanted the earlier methods of transportation. Buffalo robes constituted the principal source of trade of the Hudson's Bay post when Mr. Walter came and buffalo meat largely supplied the larder. It was not until four years later that the mounted police force established the authority of Canada in the western country. Mr. Walter bore his part in the work of early development and improvement and met unfalteringly the hardships and privations of pioneer life. One of the local papers at the time of his death said of him: "Mr. Walter fitted into the scheme



JOHN WALTER

of things throughout all the changes that took place. Quiet, unobtrusive, efficient, reliable, never assuming to lead but always well to the front in the march of progress, he bore his part at all times in the work that brought about the transformation of this country." Because of his light hair he was known by the Indians as Wapstiquan, meaning whitehead.

For five years Mr. Walter remained in the service of the Hudson's Bay Company and at the end of that time took up his abode on the river flat on the south side opposite the Hudson's Bay fort, now known as Walterdale, there continuing to reside until his death. He established the first cable ferry across the Saskatchewan at that point and he was also engaged in boat building at Edmonton and at Athabasca Landing. For a time he was associated in the enterprise with John Irvine but later the partnership was dissolved. When Mr. Walter removed to the west he brought by cart from Wininpeg one of the first coal stoves ever used in Edmonton and at that time it was an open question as to whether Edmonton coal was useful for fuel. With the building of the railroad to the south side of the river in 1891 Mr. Walter recognized his opportunity for the development of his business and established a sawmill in Walterdale, being associated in this undertaking with William Humberstone of the Humberstone coal mine. Mr. Walter also opened a coal mine on the property in the rear of Walterdale and he made considerable investments in real estate in what was then the town of Strathcona, now a part of Edmonton, erecting there a number of dwellings and business houses. He continued to develop and expand his lumber operations with the growth and settlement of this section of the province, building a second sawmill on Ross Point on the north side of the river. He likewise built a steamboat on the Saskatchewan and he was actively interested in prospecting for oil in the Pelican Rapids. His entire course was marked by constructive business methods and his efforts constituted an important element in the steady growth and progress of the city, as well as in the upbuilding of his own fortune. He suffered considerably in the collapse of the boom in 1912 but the hazardous financial blow came to him with the flood of 1915, which carried away a large stock of sawn lumber piled at the mill on Ross Point and in the flood the mill itself was destroyed. Although he was no longer able to continue his lumber manufacturing business he retained a valuable equity in his large interests and never was his reputation for honest dealing, foresight and determination questioned.

On the 21st of October, 1886, Mr. Walter was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Newby, who went to Morley, Canada, in 1884, as assistant matron at the Indian Orphanage and afterward became a guest at the Hardisty home at Edmonton, Mr. Hardisty being chief factor of the Hudson's Bay Company. In the big house of the chief factor the marriage of Mr. Walter and Miss Newby was celebrated and they traveled life's journey happily together for more than a third of a century, until death separated them on the 25th of December, 1920, Mr. Walter passing away at that date and leaving two sons: John William and Stanley, who are engaged in farming. His life was indeed an active and useful one. He

was a member of the first city council of Strathcona, thus serving for six years and he declined to become mayor of the city. He ever stood for progress and improvement in everything that pertained to the material, intellectual, social and moral welfare of the community and his life record constitutes an integral chapter in the annals of Edmonton. When he passed away Harry W. Laughy, an old-time friend, under the caption of "Rest in Peace," wrote the following poem to the memory of John Walter:

"Today we break the sacred sod
That grows above our old-time dead;
Another one would join the host
That long our early conquest led.
While herald angels sang on high
He laid aside his load of care
And faced the last, long, sunset trail,
To meet the others, waiting—there.

"Old friend—tried friend of back-flung years—
Whose hand was ever wont to give,
Thou 'rt dead today, they'd have me think,
But long thy kindly works shall live.
The settler's child, in years long past,
Oft knelt to bless thy hand that gave;
That settler's child—a way-worn man—
Shall kneel today beside thy grave.

"Thou 'rt passed, thy just reward to claim,
In realms beyond the set of sun;
Thy monument—already reared—
A thousand kindly deeds well done;
Upon the stone that marks thy grave—
Oft blessed by friendship's un-shed tear—
May hands of Love inscribe the words:
'Here sleeps a whole-souled pioneer.' "

DAVID BURTON EMENO.

D. B. Emeno, assistant district superintendent of the Bank of Montreal, in Alberta, has been identified with this well known financial institution for eighteen years. He was born at Lunenburg, Nova Scotia, November 19, 1887, and his parents, Captain Alexander and Annette Emeno, were also natives of that province. The father was a seafaring man and followed maritime pursuits until he was about fifty years of age, when he retired, making his home in Lunenburg during the remainder of his life. At the time of the World war he acted as inspector

on the American shipping board. In October, 1918, he was killed in an automobile accident. He is survived by the mother, who still lives in Lunenburg.

After completing his public school training as a student in Lunenburg Academy, David Burton Emeno entered the employ of the Bank of Montreal in the capacity of junior clerk, in 1904. In 1912 he became an accountant in the branch at Edmonton, Alberta, and in the following year was made manager of the Cardston establishment, remaining there until 1919, when he was placed in charge of the Lethbridge branch. In 1921 he was appointed one of the western inspectors and in the following year he was made manager of the Calgary branch, assuming his present duties in January, 1923.

Mr. Emeno has been married twice. In September, 1916, he wedded Miss Helen Harrington, who passed away in February, 1920, leaving two sons, Lionel B. and William S. In August, 1922, he married Miss Frances Pennefather. He is a member of the Anglican church, the Ranchmen's Club, the Calgary Golf and Country Club and the Gyro Club, while fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order.

GEORGE C. M. BOOTHE.

Although one of the younger members of the legal fraternity of Edmonton, George C. M. Boothe has made rapid progress in his profession, readily mastering the intricacies of the law, and he has already attained a clientele and a reputation that many an older practitioner might well envy. He was born at Brandon, in the province of Manitoba, Canada, in 1890, of the marriage of George C. M. and Susannah (Welch) Boothe, both natives of Ontario. The father died at Bagot, Manitoba, in 1908, and the mother is now a resident of Portage la Prairie, Manitoba.

George C. M. Boothe obtained his high school and college education at Portage la Prairie, where he also studied law, and in 1913 he was admitted to the bar at Winnipeg, Canada. In the same year he came to Edmonton and in 1913 he joined William Morrow in a law partnership, becoming senior member of the firm, which has since enjoyed a prosperous existence, an extensive and representative clientele being accorded them. Mr. Boothe believes in the maxim: "There is no excellence without labor" and follows it closely. He has much natural ability but is withal a hard student and is never content until he has mastered every detail of his cases. He has a comprehensive understanding of legal principles and correctly applies his knowledge to the points in litigation.

In Portage la Prairie, Manitoba, on August 3, 1913, Mr. Boothe was united in marriage to Miss Grace D. Lyall, a daughter of William L. Lyall. Mr. Boothe is a member of the First Presbyterian church and his political views are in accord with the tenets of the Liberal party, while through his connection with the Edmonton Golf & Country Club he ob-

tains needed relaxation from professional cares. He also belongs to the Kiwanis Club. He is a young man of marked energy and determination, whose ambition, industry and ability are carrying him steadily forward in his chosen vocation, and in his law practice whatever he does is for the best interests of his clients and for the honor of his profession.

ALFRED J. N. TERRILL.

Alfred J. N. Terrill, editor and owner of the Medicine Hat News, was born at Hamilton, Ontario, December 3, 1869, a son of Joseph John Gurney and Euphemia (McGann) Terrill, who were natives of Ontario and of Ireland, respectively. They were married in Ontario, where the Terrill family has long been represented. The grandfather was Esli Terrill, who was born in Ontario and belonged to a family of Loyalists, his parents having come from the United States to Canada during the Revolutionary war. They were given property here by the British government in recognition of their allegiance to the crown. The grandfather of Alfred J. N. Terrill in the maternal line was John Barrett McGann, who was born in Ireland and was a highly educated man, having received liberal opportunities in Dublin. He was the pioneer educator for the deaf and dumb of Canada and all of his sons and daughters became instructors of the same unfortunate class as did four of his grandchildren.

The death of Joseph J. G. Terrill occurred in Ontario. The mother is now making her home at Whitby, Ontario. Joseph J. G. Terrill was also a teacher in a school for the deaf and dumb. He was graduated from Toronto University and taught to the time of his demise, becoming most efficient in the matter of instructing those to whom speech and hearing had been denied. He held membership in the Church of England, to which Mrs. Terrill also belongs and his political allegiance was given to the Liberal party. His death occurred in 1870, and his widow has continued her residence in Ontario throughout the intervening period. In their family were two children: Edith, the wife of Dr. J. M. Forster, who is superintendent of the Ontario Hospital at Whitby, Ontario; and Alfred J. N.

Alfred J. N. Terrill was educated at Belleville, Ontario, where after attending the public and high schools he continued his education in Ontario College. He started out in the business world in the employ of the Grand Trunk Railroad Company, with which he remained for a year and then went to the home of an uncle in Cumberland, Maryland, where he began work on a newspaper. He remained with his uncle for two years, largely acquainting himself with the business during that period and then secured a position on the Baltimore (Md.) Herald, acting in a reportorial capacity for two years. He next returned home and soon afterward obtained a position on the Toronto World. Later he went to Woodstock and was employed on the Sentinel Review of that city for two years,

while for six or seven years thereafter he occupied a position on the Peterboro Examiner. He also for a time was associated with the Barrie Advance, spending one year as editor of that paper and later he purchased an interest in the St. Catharines Journal. In 1904 he came to Medicine Hat and here entered the employ of Fred Forster but later organized a company and purchased the paper and the plant. He then began issuing a daily known as the Medicine Hat News and has since conducted the paper with good success. It is an interesting journal devoted to the dissemination of general and local news and to the discussion of all questions vital to the community and to the province.

In December, 1908, Mr. Terrill was united in marriage to Miss Mary Mitchell, who was born in Scotland but during her infancy was brought to the west by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Mitchell, her father becoming a cattle rancher near Medicine Hat, in pioneer times. He conducted his ranching interests on an extensive scale not only in Canada but afterward in the Argentine. Mr. and Mrs. Terrill have a daughter, Patricia, who entered high school at the age of eleven years and may enter the university at the age of fourteen if her parents so desire.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Terrill are members of St. John's Presbyterian church and he is well known in club and social circles. He has membership in the Cypress Club, of which he was formerly president and he also belongs to the Golf & Country Club. He is likewise the president of the Byng Baseball Club and at one time was president of the Medicine Hat-Redcliff Football League. He has always enjoyed athletics, in which he has taken an active interest but he allows nothing to interfere with the faithful performance of his duties in relation to his business and devotes the major part of his time to the newspaper, of which he is the manager, editor, secretary and treasurer. The company built and owns a splendid two-story building with fifteen foot basement and not only publishes the Medicine Hat News but also conducts an excellent job printing department in connection therewith. Mr. Terrill has devoted practically his entire life to newspaper work and one of the strong elements of his success is undoubtedly the fact that he has not dissipated his energies over a wide field but has concentrated his efforts along the line in which he embarked as a young tradesman. Thus he has continually promoted his knowledge of journalistic work and his efficiency, and he is today one of the well known editors and newspaper publishers of this section of the province.

W. W. GOULD.

W. W. Gould, an auditor of highly developed efficiency in his chosen profession, has made his home in Edmonton since 1905. In the educational field he was previously active for a number of years and then, concentrating his attention in another direction, he became a chartered

accountant and since 1912 has been well known in this section of the province as an auditor. He was born in the village of Wooler, Ontario, June 4, 1870, and there spent the period of his boyhood and youth, supplementing his early education by a high school course in the Colborne and Trenton high schools. When a young man of nineteen years he took up the profession of teaching, which he successfully followed for twelve years, imparting readily and clearly to others the knowledge which he has acquired and making for himself an enviable position in educational circles. In 1905 he came to Edmonton, where he entered the employ of the department of education, becoming chief clerk, so serving for seven years. He then qualified as a chartered accountant and has since been active in this line of duty. In 1912 he opened offices in the Tegler building as an auditor and his patrons are now many, for he has attained a high degree of efficiency in this field. For two years he was lecturer on accountancy in the university and here his early teaching experience served him in good stead, enabling him to make most thorough the work of the department under his guidance.

Mr. Gould is identified with the Kiwanis Club and is interested in all of those forces which make for civic righteousness and progress in the community. He belongs to the McDougall Methodist church, in which he is recording steward and he does all in his power to further the work of the church and extend its influence, while his standards of personal conduct are high.

JAMES B. CORBET.

James B. Corbet, superintendent of the Alberta branches of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, is well fitted by training and experience for a position of this responsibility and the consensus of public opinion places him with the leading financiers of Calgary and the province. He was born in County Down, Ireland, in November, 1875, and is a son of James and Margaret (Morrison) Corbet, also natives of the Emerald isle. They are now residing in the States, making their home in Seattle, Washington.

James B. Corbet was reared and educated in Ireland, remaining in his native land until 1889, when he started for the new world, being but fourteen years of age when he came to Canada. After starting out in the business world he entered the employ of R. G. Dun & Company and was with that agency for ten years, being connected with its offices at Seattle and Tacoma, Washington, during that period. In 1901 he joined the Canadian Bank of Commerce, with which he has since been identified, working his way steadily upward as he proved his worth and ability. In 1908 he was made auditor of its Winnipeg bank, filling that position for three years, and later he became assistant inspector, subsequently winning promotion to the office of inspector. On the 1st of October, 1920,

he was appointed superintendent of the Alberta branches, in which capacity he is now serving, with headquarters in Calgary, and his ability is proving a potent element in advancing the interests of his house in this province.

On the 8th of June, 1910, Mr. Corbet was married to Nora Secord, a daughter of Major Villers, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Corbet have four children: Nancy, Campbell, James and Villers. Mr. Corbet is a Presbyterian in religious faith but the family attend St. Stephen's Anglican church, of which Mrs. Corbet is a member. Mr. Corbet is connected with the Ranchmen's Club of this city, the Calgary Golf & Country Club and the Manitoba Club of Winnipeg. With keen insight into business affairs and situations and a thorough understanding of every phase of banking, he is ably directing the interests entrusted to his charge, and Calgary regards him as a valuable addition to its citizenship.

SIMPSON JAMES SHEPHERD, K. C.

Simpson James Shepherd, K. C., one of the leading barristers of the province, now successfully engaged in law practice at Lethbridge, is the third oldest barrister of the city in years of continuous connection with the bar here. He was born in Uttoxeter, Lambton district, Ontario, February 6, 1877. His parents, James and Mary (Dowler) Shepherd, were substantial farming people of that locality, but both are now deceased.

Simpson J. Shepherd obtained his early education in the public schools of his native town and attended high school at Forest, Ontario. At the age of twenty years, or in the spring of 1897, he removed to western Canada and established his home at Saskatchewan, living principally at Maple Creek until the fall of 1903. From there he entered McGill University, in preparation for a legal career and was there graduated with the B. C. L. degree in 1906. His proficiency in his studies in the university brought him a MacDonald scholarship and after his graduation at Montreal he spent a year in France, perfecting himself for his chosen career. He then devoted several months to travel through the west and in January, 1908, located at Lethbridge, where today, with two exceptions, he is the oldest member of the bar engaged in active practice. For a time he was associated with Judge W. C. Simmons, first as a student for a little more than a year, and following his admission to the bar of Alberta in the spring of 1909 he became a partner of Judge Simmons. This relationship was maintained until the appointment of Mr. Simmons to the supreme court of Alberta in October, 1910, after which Mr. Shepherd practiced alone until May, 1911, when he became associated with A. E. Dunlop of the Nova Scotia bar. He enjoys a large and growing practice and his experience and talent have gained him prestige among the representatives of the legal profession in this part of Canada. He is a member of the Alberta Law Society and also of the Lethbridge Bar Association.

He is now senior partner in the firm of Shepherd, Dunlop & Rice, recognized as one of the strongest combinations among the representatives of the Lethbridge bar.

On the 7th of September, 1910, Mr. Shepherd was married to Miss Ethel M. S. Dixon, a daughter of John Dixon, who was at the time of his death a resident of Maple Creek. They have three daughters: Marjorie, in school; Nancy; and Joan. Mrs. Shepherd was educated at Havergal College in Toronto and she is an active member of the Daughters of the Empire.

Mr. Shepherd was in charge of the first Victory Loan campaign in Lethbridge and was president of the local board. A Liberal in politics, he has been active in political circles for a considerable period and has held the offices of president of the Liberal Association of Lethbridge and president of the Liberal Association of the Federal Riding of Medicine Hat. He regards nothing as foreign to himself which has to do with the progress and upbuilding of city or province and has been closely associated with community affairs on the side of development and successful achievement. For some time he was a member of the Alberta Returned Soldier Commission. Fraternally he is a Mason, being a member of North Star Lodge, No. 4, A. F. & A. M., and religiously he is connected with the Methodist church, while socially he has membership with the Chinook Curling and Golf Clubs. He is fond of all outdoor sports, including shooting and golf and turns to these for recreation when leisure permits.

WILLIAM MONTGOMERY CHANDLER.

As superintendent of the Alberta branches of the Union Bank of Canada, William M. Chandler is a forceful figure in financial circles of Calgary and of the province and thirty-two years' experience have given him an expert knowledge of this branch of business activity. He was born in Toronto, Ontario, June 26, 1872, and is a son of John and Eleanor (Montgomery) Chandler, the former a native of England and the latter of Ireland. In 1862 the father emigrated to Canada, settling in Toronto, where he has since resided, being numbered with the honored pioneers of that city. He is still active in business affairs, although he has reached the age of eighty-two years, acting as manufacturers' agent, and he also owned and operated a factory. He is one of the best known cricketers in Canada and has never lost interest in the sport. The mother is now seventy-eight years of age, and they have many friends in the city which has so long been their home.

William M. Chandler was reared and educated in Toronto, attending the public schools and the Upper Canada College, from which he was graduated in 1890. His initial experience along financial lines was gained as junior clerk in the Canadian Bank of Commerce, with which he remained for twelve years, and he then became associated with the United

Empire Bank, which was afterward absorbed by the Union Bank. He has since been identified with the latter organization, which he served as bank manager at various points in the east, and later was made assistant inspector of their eastern branches. In 1913 he was appointed inspector of their establishments in Saskatchewan, afterward becoming western inspector, with headquarters at Winnipeg, Manitoba, and while stationed there was made superintendent of the Alberta branches. He remained in Winnipeg until May, 1922, when he transferred his office to Calgary, and the extent of his responsibilities is shown in the fact that he has sixty-eight banks under his jurisdiction. He efficiently discharges the duties of his office and his course has amply justified the trust reposed in his ability. His success in banking indicates that he has chosen the field best suited to his talents and his activities therein have taken him to every part of the Dominion, to the Yukon Territory and to the cities of New York and Seattle, in the States.

Mr. Chandler was married June 12, 1902, in Paris, Ontario, to Miss Jean Munn and they have become the parents of two children: Gordon Montgomery, who was born October 27, 1904; and Frances Margaret, born May 14, 1907. Mr. Chandler is affiliated with the Anglican church and in Masonry he has taken the chapter degree. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Ranchmen's Club and the Calgary Golf & Country Club. He is fond of all outdoor sports, being especially interested in lacrosse, hockey and golf, which afford him needed recreation and diversion. In his earlier years he was a member of the Canadian Militia, serving as lieutenant of a company composed mostly of Indians, who made him chief of their tribe. He has never dissipated his energies over a broad field, but has devoted his life to the banking business, gaining that specialized knowledge which makes him an authority in matters pertaining thereto. Like all men who have achieved success in the best sense of the term, he has been a tireless worker and what he has accomplished represents the fit utilization of his innate powers and talents.

CAVALLO W. RICKERD.

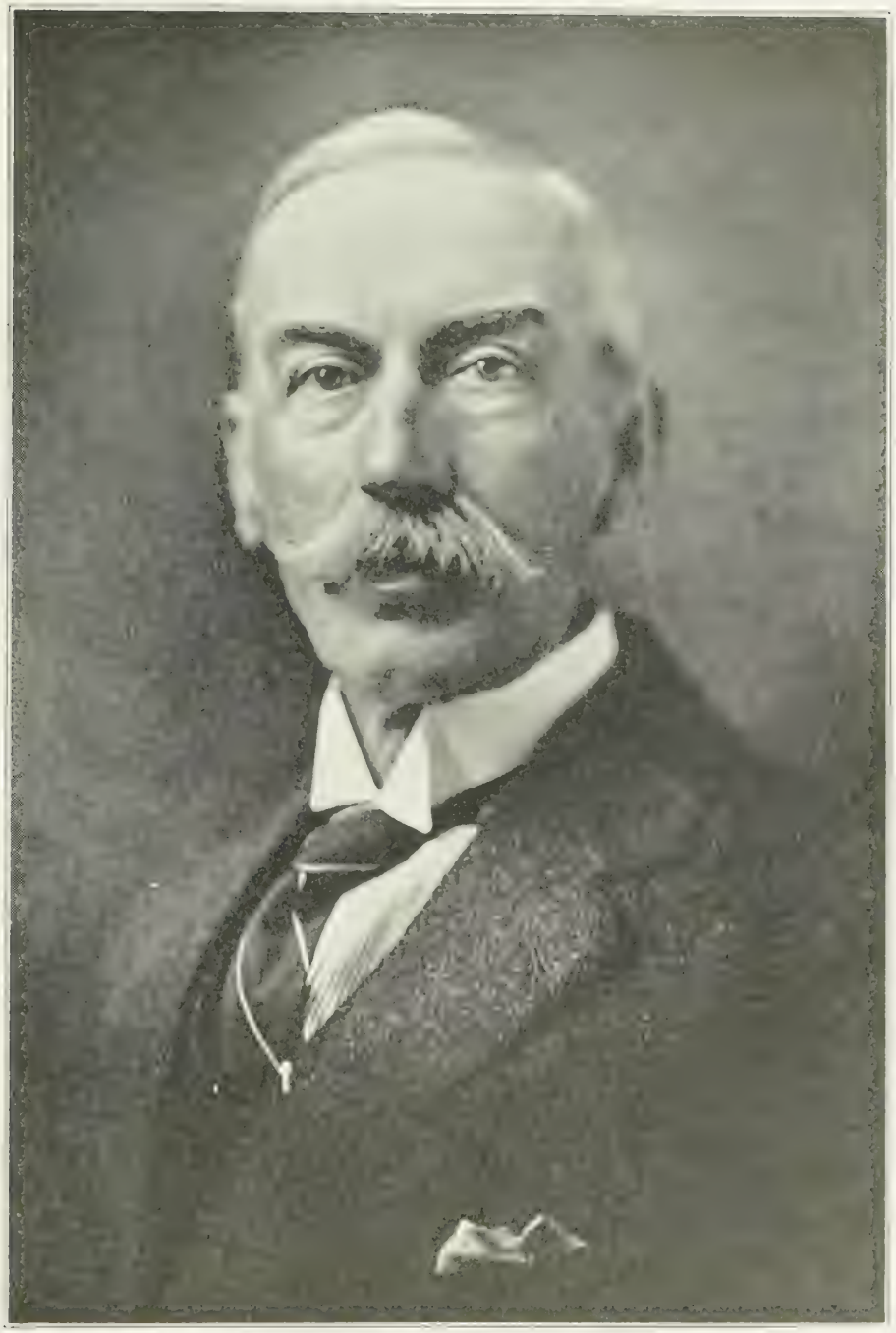
Cavallo W. Rickerd, a prominent business man and influential citizen of Edmonton, is the possessor of that quality which has been termed the commercial sense. He has energy, enterprise, initiative and administrative ability and is thus successfully controlling the interests under his guidance. He is a native of the state of Minnesota and completed his education in a seminary at Eau Claire, Wisconsin. At an early age he entered the business world, first serving an apprenticeship to the machinist's trade, after which he turned his attention to the lumber industry, with which he was identified for a period of thirty-five years, operating in the states of Wisconsin and Minnesota. He would float the logs down the river and cut them in his mills, having about six in operation, and his

activities in the lumber business were attended by a substantial degree of success. Hoping that a change of climate would prove beneficial to his health, which had become somewhat impaired, Mr. Rickerd came to western Canada, intending to take a much needed rest, and in 1912 he arrived in Edmonton. However, the habit of industry was too strong for him to resist and he at once became an important factor in the commercial activity of the city, purchasing a transfer business, which he conducted independently for a time. Subsequently he entered into a partnership with Charles W. Leonard, who had managed to secure all of the local transfer business from the railroads entering the city, and they consolidated the Western Cartage Company and the Standard Express Company. Later the business was incorporated under the present style of the Western Transfer & Storage Company and Mr. Leonard assumed the office of president, while Mr. Rickerd became secretary-treasurer, which offices they are now filling. Their business has kept pace with the development of the city and they are conducting their operations on a large scale, occupying a position of leadership in this line. In 1917 they extended their efforts into another field, acquiring the Chinook coal mine, which has proven a very profitable investment, and their interests therein are conducted under the name of the Edmonton Collieries, Ltd., of which Mr. Rickerd is the president. Thirty-five thousand tons of coal are taken from the mine annually and all of their output is sold in Edmonton.

Mr. Rickerd divides his time equally between the two industries, both of which are in a very prosperous condition, and his business associates have the utmost confidence in his judgment, foresight and integrity. He is a York Rite Mason and while residing in the States was master of his lodge. He is a man of marked business ability who recognizes the difficulties, the possibilities and the opportunities of a situation. Energy and perseverance are brought to cope with the former and tact and resourcefulness utilize the latter in the accomplishment of his well defined purposes, and his efforts have ever been of a character that contributed to public progress and prosperity, as well as to the attainment of individual success.

EDWARD N. BARKER.

Edward N. Barker, provincial magistrate with headquarters at Lethbridge, has had an interesting career with varied experiences that have called him to many sections of the North American continent. His entire life has been one of activity and usefulness and at the present writing he is devoting his entire attention to the faithful discharge of his official duties. A native of England, he was born in Spilsbury, Oxfordshire, on the 25th of August, 1859, his parents being T. C. and Margaret (Neal) Barker. He traces his ancestry back through several generations. His great-grandfather was at one time mayor of Wakefield, England, and his grandfather, Thomas Barker, was a Yorkshire man. His father, the



EDWARD N. BARKER.

Rev. T. C. Barker, was born near Leeds, Yorkshire, England, and was head boy of the Shrewsbury school, winning the medal that was given to the best scholar. He afterward attended Oxford and took his degree at Christ's Church College. He became a clergyman of the Church of England and was rector of Spilsbury for thirty-one years. In the winter of 1874 he went to Rome to place the English church on a substantial basis in that city. He started the first Protestant church within the walls of Rome, after which he returned to England and in 1886 removed to his old home in Yorkshire, remaining there until advanced age prevented his further active work in the ministry. He then took up his abode in Hampshire, where his last days were passed. He was a Conservative in political views and was a deep student of all matters of vital interest as well as of things strictly ecclesiastical in nature. He possessed splendid oratorical ability and he was also widely known through his writings, being the author of two works, one on Aryan civilization. He was also examiner in religious knowledge for many years. His wife was born in Norfolk, England, and they became the parents of seven children.

Edward N. Barker, the third in order of birth, was educated in King Edwards School at Bromsgrove, Worcestershire, and Kings School in Canterbury and later he entered upon an apprenticeship to learn agriculture. He spent two years on the farm of Lord Chesham, who was a leading agriculturist and later he went to Rossett in North Wales, being employed on a farm five miles south of Chester. Still later he returned home and then in 1882 crossed the Atlantic to the new world, making his way to Sioux City, Iowa, where he remained until April, 1883, there working on a cow ranch. At that date he went to Billings, Montana, and was there employed on a cow ranch for a year, at the end of which time he and three companions started for Lethbridge, traveling on horseback and by prairie schooner. Mr. Barker proceeded to the Cochran ranch, where he put up hay during the first summer. In 1885 he enlisted in the Rebellion as a member of the Rocky Mountain Rangers and for a time was at Medicine Hat, receiving his discharge from the service in August of that year.

When his military experience was over Mr. Barker returned to the farm and in the fall of the year took up a claim near Cardston. There he built a cabin, living upon his claim until May, 1891. In the year 1887 the Mormons settled in that locality and began farming, occasioning considerable trouble in the district.

In October, 1889, Mr. Barker was united in marriage to Miss Clara Dusenbury, who was born at Hannawa Falls on the Hudson, and they went to the state of New York for the winter of 1891-2. In the latter year they removed to Georgia and for two years afterward were on the Shellstone farm. In 1894 Mr. Barker took up his abode at Newburgh on the Hudson, where he had a farm and engaged in the breeding of fancy chickens, there remaining until 1900, when because of illness he went to England and spent a year in recuperating his health in his native country. With his return to the new world he settled at Albany, New

York, and in connection with a friend engaged in the publication of a paper for a year, while subsequently he was employed on a paper in New York city—"The Field and Fancy." He continued in the eastern metropolis until the spring of 1905, when he returned to Cardston. He owned a quarter section of land here but afterward sold it and for a time engaged in the real estate, loans and insurance business at Cardston, where he made his home until January, 1922.

It was in the year 1909 that Mr. Barker was called upon to mourn the loss of his wife, after which he went to Edmonton and spent that year in a newspaper office. In 1907 he was made justice of the peace and served in the position for a number of years. He was first made police magistrate at Cardston in 1917 and in 1920 was made traveling magistrate. He removed his headquarters to Lethbridge in January, 1922, and now devotes his entire attention to the duties of the office, which he is discharging with credit to himself and satisfaction to the general public.

Mr. Barker has always been deeply interested in agricultural progress and about 1905 he assisted in organizing the Alberta Farmers Association. He has many times served as judge of dogs, poultry and flowers at various fairs and exhibits throughout North America and has written largely upon such subjects. He likewise manifested considerable interest in dry farming at an earlier day and his broad experience along agricultural lines enables him to speak with authority upon questions relating to the development and cultivation of the land.

Mr. Barker is a member of the Church of England and fraternally he is a Mason, active and prominent in the order. He was district deputy grand master of District No. 11 in 1919 and 1920 and has ever been a loyal follower of the teachings and high principles of the craft. He is also a member of the Red Cross and Patriotic Fund and was on the military tribunal. He took active part in furthering the interests of the government throughout the World war period and his aid and influence have ever been on the side of progress and improvement. He has always kept well informed on politics, too, and while living at Cardston he was president and secretary of the Board of Trade. Anything that tends to advance the interests of community or country receives his allegiance and support and throughout his life he has been actuated by a most progressive spirit.

REV. DAVID G. McQUEEN, D. D., LL. D.

Rev. David G. McQueen, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Edmonton, has held this charge for thirty-six years and his religious instruction has proven a potent force for good in the city in which he has so long resided. He was born at Kirkwell, in Wentworth county, Ontario, on Christmas day, 1854, of the marriage of James and Catherine Goldie (Hewitson) McQueen, both natives of Scotland. They resided

in that country until 1833, when they emigrated to Canada, settling in Ontario at an early period in the history of the province, and the father hewed a farm out of the wilderness. He was well educated and was accounted the best informed man in his district. Appreciative of the best in literature, he became the possessor of a valuable library and on starting for Canada he brought with him all of his books, regarding them as his greatest treasures. He was an earnest and conscientious member of the Presbyterian church and a Liberal in his political views. His fellow townsmen, recognizing his worth and ability, called him to public office and for a number of years he served as justice of the peace. Both Mr. and Mrs. McQueen passed away on their farm in Ontario and the property is now owned by one of their grandchildren. The paternal grandfather, Robert McQueen, was a native of Scotland and his entire life was passed in the land of hills and heather. He pursued a course in theology but never entered the ministry. The maternal grandfather, Thomas Hewitson, was also one of Scotland's sons and his occupation was that of a shepherd. To James McQueen and wife were born ten children, six sons and four daughters, and six of the family have passed away.

David G. McQueen, the youngest of the family, attended the public school of Kirkwell, Ontario, and the high school at Watertown and after receiving a teacher's certificate he devoted a year to educational work. He then matriculated in the University of Toronto and was graduated in 1884, winning honors in mathematics. He then took up the study of theology in Knox College, completing his course in 1887, and in June of that year he took charge of the First Presbyterian church of Edmonton, of which he has since been pastor. In 1905 he received from Knox College the degree of Doctor of Divinity and Alberta University has bestowed upon him the Doctor of Laws degree. His church is the largest in the city, having a membership of a thousand, and his labors have been effective and resultant factors in promoting the spiritual welfare of those who have come under his guidance. He gives his whole heart to his chosen life work and his sincere devotion to the cause of Christianity has won for him the affection of the members of his congregation and the high regard of those of other religious creeds. He stands high in the councils of the church and served as moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church in Canada in 1912.

On September 23, 1890, Dr. McQueen married Miss Catherine Robertson, a native of Strabane, Ontario, and a daughter of Alexander S. Robertson, an agriculturist of that province. His brother, William A. Robertson, served throughout the period of the Civil war in the United States and is now living in Victoria, British Columbia. Dr. and Mrs. McQueen have become the parents of seven children, of whom James is the eldest. He is an engineer for the local government at Hanna, in the Edmonton district; Alexander enlisted in the Princess Patricia Canadian Artillery for service in the World war, and was killed in action on the 4th of June, 1916, during the third battle of Ypres, having been wounded three times on the day preceding his death; Marjorie Gordon, the next of the family,

is teaching in the schools of this province; Robert received from Alberta University the degrees of Bachelor and Master of Arts, having taken a postgraduate course in King's College, London, England. He is now engaged as lecturer on economics in the University of Saskatchewan. During the progress of the war with Germany he was in training in the Flying Corps but was not sent overseas; Christina Catherine and Jean are both graduates of Alberta University and follow the profession of teaching; Helen Agnes, the youngest of the children, has completed her freshman year at the University of Alberta.

Dr. McQueen takes the interest of a progressive citizen in public affairs and soon after coming to this city he was made school inspector for the Edmonton district, capably discharging the duties of that position for four years. A man of scholarly attainments, he gives to his church the full service of a finely tempered mind and by example as well as precept has pointed out to others the higher course in life.

EDWARD H. MAUNSELL.

For many years Edward H. Maunsell was the most extensive rancher in the province of Alberta. He is now practically retired from active life, although he continues to ranch on a small scale. He was born in County Limerick, Ireland, on the 14th of October, 1854, a son of Frederick and Louise (Herbert) Maunsell, the former a native of Limerick county and the latter of Kerry county. The Maunsells are an old and honored family and Mr. Maunsell has in his possession a history of the family, dating back to 1066. Frederick Maunsell was engaged in agricultural work throughout his active life and he achieved susbstantial success in that connection. Both he and his wife died in Ireland. They were consistent communicants of the Church of England. To their union nine children were born, Edward being the fourth in order of birth. The oldest son, George W., who was a member of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police for some years and likewise engaged in farming near Macleod, is deceased; the second son, Henry, came to Alberta in 1881. He is engaged in ranching at the present time, his ranch being known as the "Ivy ranch."

In the acquirement of his education Edward Maunsell was under the instruction of tutors in his early years and later attended a finishing school in Limerick, Ireland. He came to Canada in 1874, locating in the province of Manitoba, where he joined the Royal Northwest Mounted Police and came to what is now Macleod. He was among the first troops in this country at that time, serving under Colonel French, and they patroled the country from the Swan river valley to Manitoba. In 1876 he was stationed at the barracks in Macleod and was with the Mounted Police until 1877, when his term of service expired. During the time he patroled the country buffaloes were running wild. After leaving the

police force he went home to Ireland on a short visit. Upon his return Mr. Maunsell took out squatter's rights, together with his brother, and they started cattle ranching. They had one hundred cows to start with, bringing the cattle through from Montana. After six months time the Indians had killed half of the herd and the brothers trailed the remainder of the cattle into the mountains, where they left them until 1881, when the Indians were put on the reservations. Mr. Maunsell proved to be a very successful rancher. From time to time he and his brother extended their land holdings and at one time they leased from the government two hundred thousand acres of land, which they operated in addition to their original land holdings. At that time their herd numbered some seventeen thousand head of cattle. Another brother entered into partnership and the three brothers, G. W., H. F., and Edward continued to operate the ranch until 1887, when G. W. withdrew from the partnership. Edward and H. F. continued the partnership, however, and for years conducted the Ivy Ranch, on which H. F. still resides. The Ivy Ranch was named from their brand, the brand being the Roman numeral IV. As settlers commenced to emigrate into this section of Alberta, the brothers lost a good deal of their grazing land. In 1900 they leased the Piegan Indian reservation of one hundred and fifteen thousand acres, an acreage covering sixty-five miles, and they enclosed all of this land with fencing. For many years the Maunsells were on friendly terms with the Indians and Edward Maunsell was made a chief in the Piegan tribe and was named "Sa-Sas-Ke." In 1906 the Maunsell brothers leased two hundred thousand acres of land from the government, which they operated in addition to their original land holding, and they also purchased the herd belonging to the late Senator Cochrane. For some time the Maunsell brothers were the largest ranchers in the province of Alberta. In 1897 they purchased a number of sheep but were unsuccessful in that venture, the sheep becoming infected, so that a large number of them had to be slaughtered and the remainder were sold. The names of Edward Maunsell and his brother appear frequently in a book written by a Mr. Kelly, which is a book of information on ranchmen and ranches. Although Mr. Maunsell is now practically retired from active life, he still engages in ranching on a small scale.

On August 10, 1866, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Maunsell and Miss Jeannette Ryan, a native of Tipperary. To their union three children were born: The eldest child, Jeannette Louise Clair, is the wife of E. L. Buckwell of Macleod; F. W. E. was a student at the University of Alberta when war with Germany was declared and he at once put all personal interests aside and took an intensive course in training at the university. He was qualified for a commission, though he did not wait for it, but enlisted in the Sixty-third Battalion, Canadian Infantry, and landed in England in June, 1916. He was there drafted into the Tenth Battalion, Canadian Infantry, and went to the front. He served on the Somme and participated in many important engagements. He was killed at the battle of Vimy Ridge on the 9th of April, 1917, and was buried

where he fell; the youngest member of the Maunsell family is Antoinette, who is living at home.

The religious faith of Mr. Maunsell is that of the Episcopal church. Politically he is a stanch Liberal and in 1919, at the request of his many friends, he became a contestant in the election for the Macleod constituency in the provincial house, as a supporter of the Sifton government. He was defeated, however, by a small majority. Mr. Maunsell belongs to that class of substantial and representative citizens who constitute the best portion of any community by reason of their business activity, their loyalty in citizenship and their honor and integrity in private life.

THOMAS H. WHITELAW, B. A., M. B.

Dr. Thomas H. Whitelaw, who for fourteen years has been health officer of Edmonton, is well and favorably known to the residents of this city, in which he has made his home for twenty-four years, and he has therefore been a witness of practically the entire growth and development of the municipality. He was born at Guelph, Ontario, September 23, 1867, of the marriage of William and Isabella (Henderson) Whitelaw, both of whom were natives of Scotland, whence they emigrated to Canada. The father was an unusually well informed man and in the public life of the province he took a prominent part, serving as warden of Wellington county at the time the Prince of Wales—the late King Edward—visited the Dominion. He was a stanch Liberal in his political views and a leader in the ranks of his party. He was a progressive agriculturist and a self-made man, whose success was the merited reward of industry, perseverance and ability. He was an earnest and consistent member of the Presbyterian church, with which his wife was also affiliated. They became the parents of nine children, all of whom reside in the province of Ontario except the subject of this review, who was the eighth in order of birth. The paternal grandfather was George Whitelaw.

After completing the curriculum of the public schools Thomas H. Whitelaw attended the Collegiate Institute at Guelph, Ontario, and afterward became a student at the University of Toronto, from which he received the Bachelor of Arts degree in 1890, while four years later that educational institution conferred upon him the degree of Bachelor of Medicine. He began his professional career at Guelph and remained in that vicinity until 1898, when he came to this province, opening an office in Edmonton, where for ten years he engaged in the general practice of medicine, winning a large clientele. In 1908 his ability led to his selection for the position of health officer, of which he is now the incumbent, and his long retention therein is indisputable proof of his efficiency and the quality of service which he is rendering the city. He is thoroughly cognizant of the grave responsibilities which devolve upon him in this

connection and takes every precaution to safeguard the health of Edmonton's citizens.

On the 6th of January, 1900, Dr. Whitelaw was married to Miss Mary Laidlaw, a native of Toronto and a daughter of George Laidlaw, a citizen of Toronto since its early days, when it was known as "Muddy York." Dr. and Mrs. Whitelaw have a son, Alexander Whitelaw, now twenty-one years of age. He is a graduate of the Edmonton high school, after which he attended the University of Alberta for a year, and he is now pursuing a course in forestry at the University of Toronto, being in his junior year. Dr. Whitelaw is a member of the Presbyterian church and his political support is given to the Liberal party. His professional relations are with the Alberta and Canadian Medical Associations and he is also a member of the Canadian and American Public Health Associations. He is a self-educated man and the strength of character which he displayed in securing his medical training has been manifested throughout his career, bringing him to a most desirable position in his profession, of which he is an able exponent.

A. CLARK BURY.

Olds numbers among her foremost citizens A. Clark Bury, well known barrister and solicitor. He was born in Lancashire, England, on the 5th of December, 1882, a son of William and Esther (Clark) Bury, likewise natives of that country. The father, who is deceased, was an architect during the business part of his life and achieved substantial success, retiring at the age of thirty-six years. Mrs. Bury is living and continues to reside in England.

A. Clark Bury received his education in the public schools of England and in early life took up the study of law. In 1903 he came to Canada and for five years was a member of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. In 1908 he went into the north country, around the Peace and Yukon rivers and remained there two years. In 1915 he returned to the province of Alberta and in the fall of that year was admitted to the bar. In 1916 he came to Olds and has since engaged in practice, having built up an extensive and lucrative clientele. He is assisted by his wife who studied law in his office and was admitted to the bar in January, 1923. Mr. Bury is a constant student of his profession and well merits the confidence and esteem accorded him. Prior to locating in Olds he was magistrate of Coronation and before 1911 he was townsite agent for the Canadian Northern Railroad at Hanna. Aside from his private practice Mr. Bury is solicitor for the Bank of Commerce and the Bank of Montreal, both institutions located in Olds.

In 1911 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Bury to Miss Gertrude Elizabeth Richardson of Collingwood, Ontario. To their union two children have been born: William Haworth and Douglas C.

In his political views Mr. Bury is a Liberal and he maintains an active interest in party affairs. He was organizer of the Boy Scouts of Olds and is now scoutmaster. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons and his religious faith is that of the English church.

HON. JOHN A. JACKSON.

Hon. John A. Jackson of Lethbridge, judge of the district court, was called to the bench in March, 1913, and his record as a jurist throughout the intervening period of ten years is one which reflects credit and honor upon the judicial history of the province. John A. Jackson was born in Seaforth, Canada, March 25, 1875, his parents being George E. and Elspeth (Waugh) Jackson. The former was a son of Alexander Jackson, who was born in Ireland and in 1846 came to Canada, where he spent his remaining days. The Jackson family assisted materially in the substantial upbuilding of that city. One of the sons of Alexander Jackson was Captain T. R. Jackson, lately of El Cajon, California, now at Seaforth, Ontario. He was for a number of years instructor of the Northwest Mounted Police, located at Macleod, where he assisted in establishing the barracks. He is the oldest living officer of the original Northwest Mounted Police. George E. Jackson, brother of Captain Jackson, was born in Dublin, Ireland, and came to Canada with his parents in 1846, devoting the greater part of his life to merchandising in Seaforth. He was born July 19, 1834, and passed away in 1919. His wife, who was born near London, Ontario, in 1842, died in 1893. They were married in London, Ontario, and Mrs. Jackson was a daughter of Robert Waugh, who was of Scotch descent and on coming to the new world settled in the vicinity of London, Ontario, many years ago. There he engaged in business as a farmer and miller. He was a man of most friendly disposition, always keeping open house and when people would come to his mill to have their grain ground he would entertain them in his own home. It was his daughter, Elspeth, who became the wife of George E. Jackson and to them were born seven children: Margaret, living at Seaforth, Ontario; George Alexander, a railway contractor, residing at Montreal; Robert Edward, a hide merchant of Calgary; Henry M., a broker of Toronto; John A., of this review; Thomas T., a merchant of Seaforth; and Franklin C., who was a member of the Canadian Railway Troops during the World war and went overseas, serving for three years and winning the M. C. The religious faith of the parents was that of the Episcopal church and in politics Mr. Jackson was a Conservative. On one occasion he was a candidate for member of parliament but met defeat. Throughout Canada he was widely known as chess champion of the country.

John A. Jackson was largely educated in his native city, where he attended the public schools and received collegiate training. Later he entered Toronto University, from which he was graduated with the Bache-

lor of Arts degree in 1897. He prepared for law practice at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, and entered upon the active work of the profession in Blyth, Ontario, where he continued in active practice until 1903. He then removed to Ponoka, Alberta, where he practiced for a decade and in March, 1913, he was appointed to the bench and removed to Lethbridge, since which time he has been numbered among the jurists of this province. While practicing before the court his preparation of his cases was always thorough and comprehensive and since going upon the bench his rulings have been strictly fair and impartial, "winning him golden opinions from all sorts of people."

In 1904 Judge Jackson was married to Miss Sarah J. Emigh, who was born in Blyth, Ontario, and there pursued her education. She is a daughter of John Emigh, who was a merchant of Blyth. By her marriage she has become the mother of two children: Ethel Lillian, who is attending the Brankson Hall School of Toronto; and James T., also in school. The Judge and his wife are members of the Episcopal church and fraternally he is a Scottish Rite Mason. He has served as junior deacon and junior warden in his lodge, also as grand junior deacon and grand senior warden, as well as grand master in the Grand lodge. He has ever loyally upheld the teachings and purposes of the craft, exemplifying in his life the beneficent spirit which underlies the order. His political endorsement was given to the Conservative party and in early manhood he filled the position of town clerk of Ponoka. He was also a candidate for parliament in 1905 but was defeated by a small majority. His recreation is largely found in golf and athletics and he belongs to the Golf Club of Lethbridge and is also a member of the Chinook Club and the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, of which he is the president. While the social, fraternal and political activities of his career are sufficient to make his a well-rounded character the major part of his time and attention is given to his professional interests. He never lightly regards the duties nor responsibilities of his office and the fairness and impartiality of his rulings have ranked him with the ablest jurists who have sat upon the district bench.

FRANK G. STANLEY.

Financial interests of Calgary find an able representative in Frank G. Stanley, who is supervisor for the Alberta and Saskatchewan branches of the Standard Bank of Canada, and has been identified with this large financial institution for a period of sixteen years, rising to his present office through tenacity of purpose, untiring industry and the strength of his mental endowments. He was born at Lucan, Ontario, November 6, 1889, and his parents, James and Marie (Fox) Stanley, were also natives of that province. The father successfully engaged in the insurance business at Lucan and he was also interested in agricultural pursuits, owning

and operating several farms in Ontario. He passed away in January, 1919, and is survived by the mother, who still resides at Lucan.

In the acquirement of an education Frank G. Stanley attended the grammar and high schools of his native town and also completed a course in the Lucan Collegiate Institute. When seventeen years of age he entered the service of the Standard Bank of Canada at Lucan and for five years was connected with its branch in that locality. On the expiration of that period he was sent to its Edmonton establishment as accountant and his excellent work in that connection led to his promotion to the position of manager of the bank's interests at Leader, Saskatchewan. Later he returned to Edmonton as manager and was next advanced to the position of inspector of the Saskatchewan and Alberta branches. He was thus occupied until 1921, when he was made supervisor of the branches in the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, in which capacity he is now serving. He thus has jurisdiction over forty-four banks, twenty-four of which are located in this province and the remainder in Saskatchewan. Close study and broad experience have made him thoroughly familiar with the complex problems of modern finance and he is regarded as one of the most capable and valuable representatives of the large banking institution with which he is connected.

In December, 1919, Mr. Stanley was married to Miss Florence Eleanor Elliott and they have two daughters, Marion Eleanor and Martha Joan Elliott. Mr. Stanley is a member of St. Stephen's Anglican church.

JOHN WILLIAM HUGILL, K. C., D. C. L., LL. B.

In no profession does advancement depend more entirely upon individual merit and ability than in the law. Close application, keen analysis, clear mental perception and most careful preparation are indispensable elements in the life of every man who attempts to gain prominence in this arduous calling. That John W. Hugill is lacking in none of these requisites is indicated in the fact that he is numbered among the leading barristers of Calgary, and throughout his career he has maintained the highest standards of professional ethics.

A native of England, John William Hugill was born at West Hartlepool, County Durham, October 3, 1881, and his parents were John Henry and Hannah (Hebron) Hugill. He was a day boarder at the City of London School at London, England, and came to Halifax, Nova Scotia, in 1896, completing his matriculation studies at King's Collegiate School of Windsor, Nova Scotia, and was entered as a matriculant of the old University of King's College at the end of the summer term in 1898. The ensuing five years were spent in the offices of Furness-Withy & Company, Limited, at Halifax, Montreal and London, England, learning the steamship business. From 1904 until 1907 he was a political agent in London and from 1907 until 1910 he read law with Hon. J. S. Hall, K. C.,



JOHN W. HUGILL, K. C.

and R. B. Bennett, K. C. In 1910 he was called to the Alberta and Saskatchewan bars and until 1911 was identified with the law firm of Lougheed, Bennett, Allison & McLaws, well known barristers of Calgary. In 1911 he was an assistant solicitor in the law department of the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company and in 1912 was appointed the assistant solicitor on the Alberta division of that corporation. Since April, 1920, he has engaged in a general law practice and is vice consul for The Netherlands. He is now senior member of the firm of Hugill & O'Keefe and in July, 1921, was created a King's Counsel. He holds the degree of LL. B. from Manitoba University and B. C. L. from the University of King's College, subsequently receiving the degree of D. C. L. (in course). His is a natural discrimination as to legal ethics and he is so well read in the minutiae of the law that he is able to base his arguments upon a thorough knowledge of and familiarity with statute and precedent and to present a case upon its merits, never failing to recognize the main point at issue and never neglecting to give a thorough preparation.

On July 10, 1913, Mr. Hugill was united in marriage to Miss Eelen Cameron Templeton, daughter of Allan Templeton of Smith's Falls, Ontario, and Ayr, Scotland, and they have three children: John T., Eelen T. and Jean. Mr. Hugill is a Conservative in his political views and served a two-year term as alderman in the city of Calgary, while he has twice served as acting mayor. He is a member of the Anglican church and fraternally is identified with the Masonic order. He is also a member of the Calgary Board of Trade, the Ranchmen's Club and Polo Club of this city, the Calgary Golf & Country Club, the Edmonton Club and the British Empire Club of London, England. He holds the rank of major in the First Calgary Highlanders. He is also the possessor of literary talent, writing under the nom de plume of John Harker, and is a past honorary treasurer of the Calgary branch of Canadian Authors. He is a member of the law societies of Alberta, British Columbia and Saskatchewan and finds recreation in golf, polo and in hunting big game. His activities and interests have covered a wide range and he is recognized as a broad-minded, public-spirited citizen, whose influence is at all times on the side of progress, reform and improvement, and as an exponent of all that is highest and best in his profession.

JOHN MACKENZIE.

A representative citizen of Strathmore is John Mackenzie, who is editor and proprietor of the Strathmore Bow Valley Standard, He was born in Rothesay, Scotland, on the 1st of February, 1887, a son of Murdoch and Mary Mackenzie, also natives of Scotland. The father is a newspaper man, spending the greater part of his life in that work, and now owns and edits a newspaper at Rothesay. To Mr. and Mrs. Mackenzie five children were born: John, whose name introduces this review; Mur-

doch, who served in the intelligence department during the World war and died in 1918; Donald A., who served with the British Balkan Expeditionary Forces for two years and met his death on active service; and Marian and Jessie, who are living at home. Mr. and Mrs. Mackenzie were consistent communicants of the Presbyterian church and generous contributors to its support.

In the acquirement of his education John Mackenzie attended the Rothesay Academy and after leaving school he worked in his father's newspaper office. He learned the business from the ground up and in 1909 came to Canada and located in Calgary, accepting a position on the staff of the Albertan. He reported on that paper for three months, at the termination of which time he came to Strathmore and assisted in the establishment of the Strathmore Bow Valley Standard, which he managed for one year. He then bought out the others interested in the sheet and has since been sole publisher. He has installed modern machinery, intertype, cylinder press, etc. Aside from the publication of the paper Mr. Mackenzie does much commercial printing, and he devotes his entire time and attention to the paper and wields a great influence for good in this community. The value of the local newspaper in the upbuilding of the best interests of any community is universally conceded. The rule is that good papers are found in good towns, inferior journals in towns of stunted growth and uncertain future. It is not so much a matter of size as of excellence and adaptability to the needs of its locality. These conditions given, in an appreciative and progressive community, the size of the paper will take care of itself in a way mutually satisfactory to publishers and patrons. The Strathmore Bow Valley Standard, being located in a progressive community, enjoys a large and ever-increasing circulation and Mr. Mackenzie well merits the confidence and esteem in which he is held by his fellow citizens.

Mr. Mackenzie is a veteran of the World war, having enlisted in the Eighty-ninth Battalion in 1915, and received his training at Red Deer. In May, 1916, he went overseas to England, and was sent to France in November of that year as a member of the Tenth Battalion. He was severely wounded at Vimy Ridge on the 9th of April, 1917, receiving a bullet wound in the leg, and head injuries. He was invalided to England, where he remained in a hospital for some time. In January, 1919, he returned to Alberta and received his honorable discharge, with the rank of lieutenant.

In 1912 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Mackenzie to Miss Helen McKinnon Donaldson, a native of Scotland. To their union one child has been born: Mary Helen, who is living at home. Mrs. Mackenzie is a woman of culture and refinement and she is prominent in the club and social circles of Strathmore.

The family are consistent members of the Presbyterian church. Fraternally Mr. Mackenzie is identified with the Masons and he is a past master of Lodge No. 53, at Strathmore. He is a member of the local school board and a stanch advocate of education. Along newspaper lines

he is identified with the Alberta Press Association, of which he is president and he was the first president of Strathmore G. W. V. A. Mr. Mackenzie is justly accorded a place among the prominent and representative citizens of Strathmore, for he belongs to that class of men whose enterprising spirit is used not alone for their own benefit—he also advances the general good and promotes public prosperity by his ably managed individual interests.

THOMAS P. GREENTREE.

The history of Drumheller would be incomplete without the record of Thomas P. Greentree, who from the earliest founding of the town has been a prominent factor in its substantial growth and improvement. For some time he was a ranchman, but he now devotes his entire time and attention to the implement, insurance and real estate business. He was born in England, a descendant of an old and honored family, on the 26th of May, 1870, a son of Doveton D. and Mary (Craigie) Greentree. On the maternal side he is of Scotch descent, his mother having been a native of that country. The father was born in Gloucester, England, and served in the English army during the Prussian and Chinese wars, having had the distinction of serving as secretary to the Duke of Cambridge when that nobleman was in command of the British army. Mr. Greentree's demise occurred in his native country in 1876. To Mr. and Mrs. Greentree four children were born, Thomas P. being the eldest member of the family.

Thomas P. Greentree received his early education in the public schools of his native country and in 1884, at the age of fourteen years, he came to Canada and located at Hamilton, Ontario. He worked out on farms near there for some time and subsequently engaged in farming on his own account. In 1896 he went to Calgary, where he was a cowpuncher and worked on railroads for a time. He then became a ranchman and was active in that connection in the vicinity of Calgary until 1902, when he came to where Drumheller now stands. He brought his cattle with him to this country, arriving here a long time before the country was even surveyed. Braving all the trials and hardships of pioneer life Mr. Greentree homesteaded a large tract of land and set about to bring it to a highly cultivated state. Most of his trading he was forced to do at Calgary. In 1907 he homesteaded the original site of Drumheller, filing his claim on the land the day it was surveyed. In 1911, when Drumheller was being organized, he disposed of a part of his land, assisted in laying out the town, and had his original holdings divided into town lots. He retired from cattle ranching in 1910 and since that time has been in the implement, real estate and insurance business. In the years which have passed since he first located in the district of Drumheller, Mr. Greentree has not only witnessed a most wonderful trans-

formation but has largely aided in the labors which have transformed the wild tract into a splendid commonwealth. He mined the first coal in the valley, where the Newcastle mine is now located. He was one of the original applicants for the first school district and served on the first school board and he has always been a stanch advocate of education. The school was started with an enrollment of seven children, five of whom were his. He was one of the charter members of Carbon municipality, No. 278, and served as councilor of that body until the incorporation of the town of Drumheller.

Mr. Greentree married Miss Clara Louise Roberts, a native of Lancaster, Ontario. To their union ten children have been born: Beryl is the wife of Charles N. Paris of Drumheller; George D. was killed in Ypres, France, on his birthday, the 26th of September, 1916, while in the service of his country. He enlisted in the army at Drumheller the first day of the war and was sent to Calgary for training as a member of the Tenth Battalion. His loss to the community is keenly felt, for he was a most popular young man; Henry H. is living in Drumheller; Thomas died in an accident, at the age of eleven years; and William J., Charles E., Gladys, Reta, Richard and Reginald are all living at home.

The family are consistent communicants of the Church of England and Mr. Greentree was a dominant factor in establishing the church in Drumheller, and has served on the church board since organization, being now rector's warden. The success Mr. Greentree has achieved in life may be attributed to honest toil and perseverance, guided by sound judgment. Laudable ambition has led the way and as the years have passed he has advanced until success in a large measure is his and his example should serve to inspire and encourage others who must start out in life practically empty-handed.

J. A. BLEZARD, M. D., C. M.

Dr. J. A. Blezard, physician and surgeon of Edmonton, with offices in the Empire building, was born in Warkworth, Ontario, on the 17th of May, 1888. His boyhood and youth were spent on his father's farm to the age of seventeen years and he supplemented his early educational training by a high school course. He then entered business college, in which he studied for a year, after which he made his initial step into the commercial world by becoming identified with a mercantile enterprise at Maganatawan, Ontario. There he remained from 1907 until 1913, but in the meantime, or in 1910, he took up the study of medicine, becoming a student in Queen's University. He pursued the regular four-year course and was graduated with the class of 1914. He likewise spent one year in postgraduate work in New York city. In the summer of 1915 he became surgeon for the Edmonton, Dunvegan & B. C. Railroad at Edmonton, after which he practiced at Warkworth, Ontario, for a number

of months. In October, 1916, he entered the army with a captain's commission and was in overseas service until August, 1919, being connected with base and stationary hospitals and field ambulance. In the fall of the latter year he came to Edmonton, where he opened an office, and in the practice of his profession he has specialized in anaesthesia and obstetrics. He displays highly developed skill and efficiency along these lines and has been a close and constant student of the profession, keenly interested in everything that tends to bring to man the key to the complex mystery which we call life. He is a member of both the Alberta and Canadian Medical Societies and through the proceedings of these bodies keeps in touch with the trend of modern professional thought and progress. He is a Licentiate of the Medical College of Canada and at all times has earnestly striven to uphold the highest standards and ethics of the profession. Fraternally he is a Mason and in his life exemplifies the beneficent spirit of the craft. His sterling worth is acknowledged by all who know him and his colleagues and contemporaries in the profession attest his power and ability in the performance of the onerous and responsible duties that devolve upon him through his daily practice.

CHARLES LAVELLE WILLIS.

Charles Lavelle Willis is well known in journalistic circles of Alberta as the publisher of the Stettler Independent, which he has edited continuously during the past fifteen years or since he took charge in June, 1908. His birth occurred at Seaforth, Ontario, on the 10th of June, 1882, his parents being Robert and Luanna Willis, both of English lineage. In the acquirement of an education he attended the public schools and the Collegiate Institute of his native city, while subsequently he matriculated in Toronto University, where he studied mathematics and physics, English and history, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Before turning his attention to newspaper work he taught school for a period of three years, in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. As above stated, he has published the Stettler Independent since June, 1908, building up a large subscription as well as advertising patronage. The paper is devoted to the dissemination of local and general news and has been a factor in moulding public thought and action in the community.

On the 27th of January, 1913, in Regina, Saskatchewan, Mr. Willis was united in marriage to Miss Mary McPheeters, a lady of Scotch and Irish descent, and they have become the parents of three children.

Mr. Willis has Liberal political views, never allowing partisan prejudice to enter into his consideration of the qualifications and capability of a candidate for office. He has served as school trustee for ten years and the cause of education has ever found in him a stanch champion. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, while his religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. He is in all re-

spects a loyal and public-spirited citizen and brings to his various duties in life a keen mind and a broad intelligence, which are the basis of his success.

HON. ANDREW ROBERT McLENNAN, M. P. P.

Hon. Andrew R. McLennan, one of Edmonton's substantial business men, has also made his influence felt in civic, political and governmental affairs and is now serving as a member of the Alberta legislature. He was born at Walkerton, Ontario, in 1871, and his parents, Thomas and Barbara (Little) McLennan, were both natives of Scotland. In early life they came to Canada, settling in the province of Ontario, where the father acquired a farm and aided in developing the agricultural resources of that section of the Dominion. He had received an excellent education and through judicious reading was constantly increasing his store of knowledge. He was an influential factor in political affairs, serving as president of the Liberal Association, and his religious views embraced the teachings of the Presbyterian church. Mr. and Mrs. McLennan both passed away in Bruce county, Ontario. They had a family of twelve children, ten of whom survive, the subject of this review being the eleventh in order of birth.

Andrew Robert McLennan attended the public schools and later completed a course in a business college and on starting out in life he took up the occupation of farming but soon afterward embarked in the lumber business at Kenora, Ontario, where he engaged in the manufacture of lumber from 1897 until 1905. He next made his way to the province of Saskatchewan, locating at Abernathy, where he remained until 1912, when he came to Alberta and opened a lumberyard in Edmonton. He has since conducted a general retail business as a member of the firm of Pray & McLennan, Ltd., of which he is manager.

In June, 1903, Mr. McLennan married Miss Annette L. Pray, a daughter of his business associate, William H. Pray, who was born in the state of New York and has now reached the age of eighty-two years. Mr. and Mrs. McLennan have two daughters: Harriet Little, a high school pupil; and Mary H., who is attending grammar school.

Mr. McLennan has always taken a deep interest in political matters and formerly served as president of the Liberal Association. As a candidate of that party he was chosen to represent his district in the Alberta legislature at the last general election and he is recognized as one of the able members of that body. For three years he was an alderman of Edmonton, in which capacity he rendered effective service to the city, and he has also been honored with the presidency of the Edmonton Exhibition Association, having filled that office for two terms, while in 1920 he was president of the Curling Club. He is a Royal Arch Mason and a Presbyterian in religious faith. All the days in his career have not been equally

bright, but he has never allowed obstacles and difficulties to discourage him, realizing the fact that advancement goes hand in hand with energy, enterprise and determination, and success has crowned his efforts. He is imbued with the spirit of progress along all lines which lead to municipal and provincial development and combines in his character all of the qualities of a useful and desirable citizen.

JOHN THOMAS BATEMAN.

In the passing of John Thomas Bateman, Cardston lost a prominent and substantial citizen. He was one of the most successful ranchmen of his day and was a self-made man in the truest sense of the word. He was born in Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 19th of July, 1866, and his demise occurred at Cardston on the 11th of December, 1910. He was a son of Thomas and Mary (Bateman) Bateman. His father was born in England and went to Utah with his parents. The Batemans settled in Salt Lake Valley about 1850. The grandfather returned to England after two years and his death occurred at sea. His widow spent the remainder of her life in Utah, and died in her eightieth year.

In the acquirement of his education John Thomas Bateman attended the public schools of his birthplace and subsequently enrolled in the Brigham Young University at Provo, Utah. His parents died when he was a mere lad and he was thrown upon his own resources at an early age. He worked out for wages until he reached the age of nineteen, when he engaged in the sheep business for himself. He went into Wyoming and ran sheep there with good success. When he sold out his interests he owned some four thousand head of sheep. In 1897 he came to Cardston, making the journey as far as Lethbridge by train, and the remainder of the trip was by stage. He homesteaded some land at Hight river, which was at that time raw prairie, and he immediately set about to break it and bring it to a highly cultivated state. He had to trade at Hight River City, a distance of forty miles. Mr. Bateman specialized in stock raising and he had great success with his Durham cattle. At the time of his death he owned and controlled nine hundred and sixty acres of land, in addition to the original homestead. His early life was filled with hardships and reverses which were faced with confidence and borne with courage. Step by step he made his way in the world until he attained a position among Cardston's substantial farmers and most highly respected citizens.

In Salt Lake City, on the 11th of October, 1898, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Bateman and Miss Marguerite (Bateman), who was born in Salt Lake and was a daughter of Joseph and Mary E. (Allen) Bateman. Her parents were natives of Salt Lake City and the father engaged in farming in Salt Lake Valley for many years, and was a member of the police force in Salt Lake City for ten years. His demise occurred in 1889, when fifty-four years of age. Mrs. Bateman is making her home

in Salt Lake at the age of seventy-nine years. The paternal grandparents of Mrs. John Thomas Bateman, were Thomas and Mary (Street) Bateman, natives of England. They emigrated to the United States at an early day and went across the plains to Salt Lake Valley in 1850. They were pioneers in that country and resided there until death. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas Bateman five children were born: Mary, the wife of Samuel Walburger of Mountain View, was a school teacher previous to her marriage; John T., Ephram A., Graydon B. and Zelda, are living at home with their mother.

Mr. Bateman was a lifelong member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he was a teacher in the church. He was a man of great generosity of heart, contributing liberally and cheerfully of his means toward the relief of suffering, where he beheld it. The record of his well spent and useful life is one to which his descendants should refer with pride.

RALPH VICTOR BELLAMY, M. A.

Although advancement at the bar is proverbially slow, Ralph V. Bellamy has made rapid progress since entering upon his professional career, and the consensus of public opinion names him with the leading barristers of Edmonton, where he has resided since he was twelve years of age. A native of Canada, he was born at Port Hope, in the province of Ontario, August 26, 1880, a son of Thomas and Lora (Davis) Bellamy, also natives of Ontario. The father was born at Newcastle in 1852 and in 1892 he came with his family to Edmonton.

After completing his public school course Ralph V. Bellamy entered McMaster University at Toronto, from which he received the B. A. degree, and later went to Oxford University as the first Rhodes scholar from Alberta. He was admitted to the bar in 1917 and has since practiced in this city.

At Aylmer, Ontario, on the 6th of October, 1908, Mr. Bellamy married Miss Mabel Clark and they have four children: Eleanor, Dorothy, Thomas and Elizabeth. Mr. Clark is a Unitarian in religious faith and his political support is given to the Liberal party. He has the enthusiasm for Edmonton characteristic of its citizens and his loyalty and public spirit have found expression in effective efforts for the good of his city. He is now serving as school trustee of Edmonton, having been elected to that office in December, 1921, for a term of two years. Fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order, having membership in Jasper Lodge, No. 14, A. F. & A. M., of which he is a past master. He is widely and favourably known in Edmonton, in which he has spent practically his entire life, and has ever been deeply and helpfully interested in those projects which are basic elements in the growth and development of his city. Early recognizing the fact that industry and perseverance are indispensable

elements in the attainment of success, along those lines he has sought advancement, and wisely and conscientiously utilizing the talents with which nature has endowed him, he has won an enviable position in the field in which he has directed his efforts.

SAMUEL B. FERRIS.

Through sheer force of merit and ability Samuel B. Ferris has worked his way steadily upward, winning new honors and assuming larger responsibilities, until he is now superintendent of the Edmonton land department and recognized as one of the representative residents of that city. A native of Ontario, he was born in Shelburne, on the 18th of December, 1885, and his youthful days were spent on a farm, where he early became familiar with the best methods of tilling the soil, his time being divided between the duties of the schoolroom, the pleasures of the playground and the work of the fields. He pursued his education in the public and high schools and in a business college and for five years thereafter he was active along mercantile lines in his home town.

In the year 1906 Mr. Ferris left Ontario and made his way westward to Manitoba. Proceeding to Daysland, Alberta, he there went into the mercantile business. On the 18th of September, 1906, however, he arrived in Edmonton and entered the employ of the city on the 27th of the same month. Here he has since put forth his efforts in connection with the city government, save for one year. He started in a clerical position in the electric light department and later was identified with the water department. Subsequently he was transferred to the treasurer's department as cashier and so continued from 1909 until 1912, when he engaged in the real estate business. He was assistant assessor and tax collector from July, 1913, until 1918, at which time Edmonton collected its first income tax. A new department was established to handle this work and Mr. Ferris was placed at the head, so continuing until 1920. The city had become owner of so much property through tax sales that in 1921 it was found necessary to open a new department, called the land department, to inspect and place a valuation upon this land in order to make disposition thereof through sale or lease. Today in the land department there is carried on a business as extensive in the handling of property as that of any three real estate firms in the city and Mr. Ferris in control is displaying splendid business and executive ability and farsightedness in connection with property valuation. In 1920 the province of Alberta formed an assessment equalization board of five members and Mr. Ferris became one of that number. He has become very conversant with the value of property and land throughout the province and can speak with authority upon any question relative thereto.

In 1912 Mr. Ferris was united in marriage to Miss Bessie E. Hosford of Newcastle, New Brunswick, and they have one child, Eileen. The

religious faith of the family is that of the Methodist church and their social position is an enviable one. They have many friends throughout this section of the province and Mr. Ferris occupies a prominent position by reason of the high place which he has attained in the government service, as well as through his personal qualities and attributes.

DAVID HORTON ELTON.

David Horton Elton, a prominent and successful representative of the bar at Lethbridge, was born in Worcester, England, January 12, 1877, and is a son of John and Isabelle Amelia (Horton) Elton, who were also natives of that country and both representatives of prominent old Anglo-Saxon families. The grandfather in the maternal line was Richard Horton, whose people figured prominently in England for many years. Both Mr. and Mrs. John Elton were members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. The father died in England, after which the mother came to the new world, making her way to Salt Lake City, Utah, in 1890. Mr. Elton had been in the service of the Great Western Railroad and had thus provided for the support of his family of twelve children, of whom six sons and two daughters are living. The eldest son, John, was for fifteen years in the British military service and was with Lord Roberts in the Afghan war. He is now a resident of Los Angeles, California.

David H. Elton, who was the tenth child and seventh son in his parents' family of twelve children, was educated in the schools of Worcester, England, and in the high school of Salt Lake after the arrival of the family in the new world. He won his professional degree—that of Bachelor of Laws—in the Alberta School of Law, being a graduate of its first class. Before preparing for a professional career, however, he had served five years' apprenticeship at the stonecutter's trade in Salt Lake and for three years had been on a mission of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints without pay, in the southern states. He edited the Southern Star at Chattanooga, Tennessee, a religious paper, and with the completion of his mission work he returned to Salt Lake City in 1901. There he resumed work at the stonecutter's trade, but later in the same year he came to Alberta, settling at Cardston, where he edited the Alberta Star for the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and also served on the executive staff of the Alberta Press Association. In company with Colonel C. G. Porter and Bob Edwards, J. J. Young and Fred Simpson, he organized the Alberta and Eastern British Columbia Press Association and was prominently known as a representative of journalistic interests in this part of the country. He remained in Cardston from 1901 until 1908, when he removed to Lethbridge and entered upon the study of law under the direction of W. C. Ives, with whom he continued his reading until 1913, when he was admitted to the bar. Since that



DAVID H. ELTON.

time he has engaged in practice and has been commissioned K. C. His knowledge of the law is comprehensive and exact and in the preparation of his cases he is most thorough and painstaking, while in his presentation of a cause he is always clear, cogent and logical in his reasoning. He belongs to both the Lethbridge and Canadian Bar Associations and devotes the major part of his time to his professional duties, his allegiance to his clients' interests being proverbial.

In 1901 Mr. Elton was married, in the Temple at Salt Lake, to Miss Afton Hauser, who was born in Ogden, Utah, but was educated in Chattanooga, Tennessee, where she lived until her marriage. She is a daughter of Charles M. Hauser, who was educated for the Methodist ministry at Trinity College, in North Carolina, but afterward became identified with the Baptist church and preached the gospel according to its teachings for a number of years. Later, however, he was converted to the faith of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. To Mr. and Mrs. Elton five children have been born: Viva, a musician, was educated in Salt Lake City and in New York, studying under Friedheim, who was one of the pupils of Franz Liszt; Ursula, Hauser and Earl Kitchener are all in school; John Dalton, two years of age, completes the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Elton are consistent members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he presides over the Young Men's Mutual Association of the Lethbridge Stake of Zion. He is an active worker of the stake organization covering twelve wards, and their slogan for the current year is: "We stand for a pure life through clean thought and action." Mr. Elton belongs to the Chinook Club and also to the Authors' Club of London, England, being the composer of considerable patriotic verse. He served as city police magistrate of Lethbridge for six years and was sub-agent of Dominion lands while at Cardston. In politics he is a Liberal and he takes an active part in all political and public interests, his aid and influence ever being strongly felt on the side of progress, reform and improvement. He possesses splendid oratorical ability and is frequently heard on the public platform, addressing audiences on many vital questions. Mr. Elton deserves much credit for what he has accomplished. He was but three years of age when his father died, leaving the mother with a family of twelve children and in straitened financial circumstances. With the utmost care, however, she reared her family and, though they lacked many of the so-called comforts of life, they were thoroughly trained in habits of industry, integrity and honor and were taught the basic principles of Christianity. Thus it was that Mr. Elton came to have firm faith in Christ and His teachings and has devoted his life to the work of the Savior. He is largely indebted to his own efforts for the educational opportunities which he enjoyed. He attended high school when it was too cold to work at his trade and throughout the intervening years he has improved every chance to broaden his knowledge and thus promote his efficiency as a factor in the world's work. He won his degree of LL. B. while studying in the office of a barrister and when he located for practice in Lethbridge he was without capital. Laudable

ambition and indefatigable energy, however, constituted the foundation of his success, and while he has steadily advanced along professional lines, being now recognized as one of the ablest members of the Lethbridge bar, he has at the same time been fully cognizant of his duties and obligations in other connections and has done much to uphold the civic and moral standards of his community.

ROBERT BENJAMIN BURLAND.

Among those who have aided in establishing Calgary's financial prestige is numbered Robert B. Burland, who for eight years has been local manager for the Home Bank of Canada, and in business circles of the city he occupies an enviable position. He was born in Rapid City, Manitoba, the oldest town west of the Great Lakes, April 29, 1881, and is a son of James R. and Setma (Basler) Burland, the former a native of Quebec and the latter of the province of Ontario. In 1878 or thereabouts the father came to Manitoba, settling at Rapid City, where he still resides. For a number of years he engaged in pioneer farming but latterly moved to town and went into the furniture business, which he still conducts. He ranks with the leading merchants of the town and for many years has been president of the Rapid City Lacrosse Team, becoming widely known in this connection. In 1922 he took his team to Winnipeg, Manitoba, to compete for the national championship and although sixty-eight years of age he is still actively interested in Canada's national game. The mother has reached the age of fifty-eight years. Her father passed away at Rapid City when eighty-four years of age, while her mother is still living and has reached the advanced age of eighty-nine years. To Mr. and Mrs. Burland five children were born: Robert Benjamin; Gertrude, who married Dr. J. T. Mulvey of Rapid City; Russell James, who resides at Regina, Saskatchewan, and is connected with the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company; George Stanley, who died January 7, 1920, when twenty-nine years of age; and William Frederick, who is employed as an accountant in the Home Bank of Canada at Vancouver, British Columbia.

Robert B. Burland was reared on a farm near Rapid City and the nearest school was three miles distant from his home. Later the family moved into the town and he completed his education in the Rapid City school, afterward teaching school for a term. He then entered the private bank of D. A. Hopper of Rapid City, offering to work for a year without compensation in order to gain experience in financial affairs, but was paid a salary and remained with that institution until it was absorbed by the Union Bank of Canada three years later. He was with the latter organization for a number of years and acted as manager of one of its branches, resigning to enter the furniture business with his father, but he did not find merchandising a congenial occupation, and a year later he resumed his connection with financial interests. In March, 1908, he became an as-

sistant accountant in the Winnipeg establishment of the Home Bank of Canada and in March, 1911, was placed in charge of its branch at Neepawa, Manitoba. He remained there until September 7, 1914, when he was sent to Calgary to open a bank, and has since been its manager. He is well versed in the details of modern finance and has promoted the success of the institution by able, systematic work, tempering aggressiveness with a safe conservatism.

On December 24, 1910, Mr. Burland was married to Miss Mary Essie Porter, a daughter of David and Elizabeth (Chambers) Porter, both of whom are deceased. The father was a prominent lumberman and was also active in legislative affairs, serving as a member of parliament from Bruce county, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Burland have two children: James Porter and Mary Elizabeth, aged, respectively, ten and four years. Mr. Burland was reared in the faith of the Anglican church but is now a member of the Presbyterian church. His fraternal connections are with the Masons and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks of Newfoundland and the Dominion of Canada and he is also a member of the Canadian Club. Like his father, Mr. Burland is much interested in the game of lacrosse and is an expert player. In 1907 he trained a team of boys at Rapid City, Manitoba, all being natives of the town, and won the lacrosse championship of that province. His career has been marked by continuous advancement and his success is attributable to his tireless industry, his close attention to detail, his probity and courage. He stands high in the regard of those with whom business or social relations have brought him into contact and exemplifies in his life the spirit of progress characteristic of the west.

T. GILBERT ONSUM.

One of the most enterprising and progressive citizens of Innisfail is T. Gilbert Onsum, who is manager of the Sunny Alberta Land Company and also handles insurance. He was born in Minnesota, about one hundred and sixty miles northwest of Minneapolis, on the 7th of February, 1887. His parents, who are deceased, were natives of that state and the father engaged in agricultural pursuits there and in Montana.

T. Gilbert Onsum was reared on a farm in Minnesota and received his education in the public schools there. On reaching man's estate he went to Montana, where he worked on a farm for some time. Later he located in Great Falls, Montana, being there employed by a milling and packing company for a few years. Subsequently he determined to enter business life on his own account and in looking for a suitable location for the venture, decided upon Alberta. On the 11th of May, 1903, he arrived in Calgary and then came immediately to Innisfail, where he has since resided. He established his present real estate and insurance business here on a small scale and today it is one of the most successful enterprises in the

community. The Sunny Alberta Land Company enjoys an extensive business which is due to the ability and management of Mr. Onsum.

Mr. Onsum married Miss Rose M. Schilling and to their union one child was born, who is deceased.

Although the greater part of Mr. Onsum's time and attention has been devoted to the furtherance of his business interests, he is public-spirited and has always maintained an active interest in civic affairs. He was a member of the town council for one term, from 1909 to 1910, and he was formerly secretary and treasurer of the Rink Association. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Woodmen of the World. For some time he was secretary and treasurer of the local fire brigade, which won two cups in competition at Calgary. Mr. and Mrs. Onsum are consistent members of the Presbyterian church. In both public and private life Mr. Onsum has manifested the general business sagacity and foresight which have brought him such notable success in the direction of his interests and have served to number him among the representative citizens of his community.

JOHN KEITH.

For seventeen years John Keith has been identified with Edmonton's growth and development and as superintendent of the Revillon-Freres Fur Company he occupies a position of large responsibility, to which he has risen through merit and ability. He was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, June 29, 1879, and was reared on a farm, attending the public schools in the vicinity of his home. He was connected with agricultural pursuits until he reached the age of twenty-one, when he took up the study of commercial bookkeeping at Aberdeen, remaining in that city for four and a half years. Believing that better opportunities for advancement could be secured in a newer country, he came to Canada, arriving in Edmonton in 1905. He secured a position in the fur department of the Revillon-Freres Company and the efficiency with which he discharged the tasks allotted to him led to his advancement to the office of post manager, which he capably discharged for two years. In December, 1912, he was promoted to the position of superintendent, in which capacity he is now serving, having charge of the western district. He combines a detailed knowledge of the business with initiative and executive ability and under his able supervision the interests of the firm in this section of the Dominion have been materially advanced.

On November 11, 1908, Mr. Keith was united in marriage to Miss Elvira McKernan and they have become the parents of two daughters: Mary and Jessie. Fraternally Mr. Keith is identified with the Masonic order and in religious faith he is a Presbyterian, while his deep interest in the business development of the city is evinced by his membership in the Edmonton Board of Trade. However, he subordinates all other mat-

ters to the demands of his business and brings to his duties in that connection a broad mind and a keen intelligence, which are the basis of his success.

JAMES RAE, SR.

James Rae, Sr., of Medicine Hat, who is filling the office of police magistrate and is identified with agricultural interests in that locality, was born in Lannert county, Ontario, August 28, 1852, and comes of Scotch ancestry. He is a grandson of John and Mary (McKenzie) Rae, the latter dying in Scotland, after which the grandfather brought his family to Canada, making his way to Ontario in 1821. He had been a very prominent citizen in Glasgow and at one time was well-to-do. He had the first steam sawmill in the city and built up a business of substantial proportions but afterward formed a partnership with a man who completely disorganized and ruined the business. Accordingly, he was in limited financial circumstances when with his family he crossed the Atlantic and took up his abode in Ontario. There his splendid business ability and enterprise, however, asserted itself and again he won prosperity. His son, James McKenzie Rae, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, and when he accompanied his father and the family to the new world he was a youth of fourteen years. He assisted his father in the arduous task of clearing the land and building the first house and performed other such work as was incidental to the development of a new farm on the frontier. After reaching manhood he wedded Mary Bremner, who was born in Dundee, Scotland, and was a daughter of Charles Bremner, who was also a native of the land of hills and heather and came to the new world about 1821, settling in Ontario, where he hewed out a farm in the midst of the forest, converting a wild tract of land into rich and productive fields. He continued to occupy the old homestead throughout his remaining days. His daughter, Mary, by her marriage to James McKenzie Rae, became the mother of nine children, eight of whom are living, the following being residents of Alberta: John Knox and William, who are farmers near Veteran; and James of this review. The parents were members of the Presbyterian church and Mr. Rae gave his political support to the Liberal party.

James Rae, Sr., whose name introduces this record, was the third in order of birth in his father's family. He pursued his education at Bennie Corners, Ontario, but was obliged to quit school when only eleven years of age and start out to provide for his own support. His father was crippled in 1912 and unable to do any more work, so that he could not support the family. This burden largely devolved upon his young son and thus from early life James Rae has been forced to face life's duties and its responsibilities. In 1881 he came to Manitoba, where he took up a homestead, a preemption claim, living on this until 1890, when he removed

to the town of Boissevain, Manitoba. He was there clerk of the court and was also engaged in the implement business. He likewise filled the office of municipal clerk and treasurer and was reeve of the municipality of Morden in 1896. He also successfully conducted an implement store from 1890 until 1896 and in the following year he moved to Medicine Hat. Here he turned his attention to ranching, obtaining a tract of land and stocking it with cattle. He was on that ranch for two years and then sold out, after which he returned to Medicine Hat and purchased a hardware business and continued in the hardware trade until 1910, when he disposed of his store. In the meantime he had invested in property until he became the owner of a thousand acres of land, to which he gave his supervision and thereon engaged in raising cattle and horses. He has continued active in connection with ranch life and his sound business judgment is manifest in all that he undertakes. In 1913 he was appointed police magistrate and has since filled that position, covering a period of a decade, his official record being one over which there falls no shadow of wrong nor suspicion of evil. His ranch property is one of the beautiful farms near Medicine Hat and on this he runs a large bunch of horses. His farm is splendidly irrigated and he rents one hundred and eighty-seven acres of it for two thousand dollars per annum.

On the 28th of September, 1875, Mr. Rae was united in marriage to Miss Ellen Henderson, a native of Ontario and a daughter of Robert Henderson, who was a woolen manufacturer at Appleton and at Blakeney, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Rae became the parents of seven children: Janet McIntosh, who is now the wife of William Nelson Kelly, a railroad man, living at Medicine Hat; James, who is in the hardware business at Medicine Hat; Ellen Henderson, who married Kenneth Dunphy, an engineer on the Canadian Pacific Railroad, residing at Souris, Manitoba; Mary Bremner, the wife of William Hay, superintendent of schools at Medicine Hat; Catherine Elizabeth, the wife of Mervin Brown, formerly mayor of Medicine Hat and now at the head of the irrigation department of government service at Winnipeg; Margaret Evaline, a music teacher of Medicine Hat; and Marjorie Winnifred, a trained nurse now in Edmonton. The wife and mother passed away August 30, 1910. On the 11th of October, 1916, Mr. Rae was again married, his second union being with Catherine Weatherhead Wilson, who was born in Brandon, Manitoba, a daughter of James Wilson, formerly recorder of Edmonton, and Agnes (Wilson) Wilson. To this union two children have been born: William Wilson and Robert John.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Mr. Rae has been a supporter of the Liberal party but is not active in politics as an office seeker. He belongs to the Presbyterian church, in which his wife also has membership and he is prominently known in Masonic circles, having attained the Knight Templar degree in the York Rite and the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite. He served as master of the blue lodge in Boissevain, Manitoba, in 1891, and has also held office in the Royal Arch chapter. In fact, he was grand superintendent of the chapter in 1907 and

during his incumbency in the office visited every chapter in Alberta. He does all in his power to promote the cause of Masonry and is in hearty sympathy with the high purposes and beneficent spirit upon which this order rests.

SAMUEL ARCHIBALD DICKSON.

Samuel Archibald Dickson has broad experience as a legal practitioner and during the period of his residence in Edmonton he has gained a wide and favorable acquaintance. While he has won substantial success in his chosen profession, his interests are not confined to the law and he is recognized as a broad-minded man and public-spirited citizen, whose influence is at all times on the side of progress, reform and improvement. He was born at Seaforth, Ontario, February 19, 1876. His father, Samuel Dickson, also a native of that province, was born in 1841, and when twenty-six years of age, in 1867, he was married in Ontario to Nancy Anna Hannah. He passed away in Seaforth, Ontario, in 1916. The mother is now residing at Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta.

The public schools of his native town afforded Samuel A. Dickson his early educational advantages and his academic training was received at Toronto University, from which he was graduated in 1899. He next took up the study of law at Osgoode Hall in that city, completing his course in 1902, and in November of that year he located for practice in Edmonton. Soon afterward he went to Fort Saskatchewan, where he remained for two years, returning to Edmonton in 1905, and he has since made his home in this city. He is now senior member of the firm of Dickson & Paterson and they have built up a large clientele, being recognized as able advocates and wise counselors. Mr. Dickson possesses a comprehensive understanding of the law and displays marked skill in its exposition. In a discussion he has the gift of seizing the gist of the matter and the knack of setting it in correct perspective and has won the victory in many a notable forensic combat.

In 1908, in Hamilton, Ontario, Mr. Dickson was married to Miss Evelyn Hannah Ward, a daughter of Alfred and Margaret Jane (Hadley) Ward. Her father is deceased. Her mother still lives in Hamilton. Mr. and Mrs. Dickson have three children: Archibald Hadley; and Margaret Evelyn and Anna Elizabeth, twins.

Mr. Dickson gives his political support to the Conservative party and in religious faith he is a Presbyterian. He has been chairman of the board of managers of the First Presbyterian church of Edmonton and contributes liberally of his time and means toward its support, doing all in his power to promote its influence. In 1916 he organized the Edmonton Rotary Club, of which he was made director, filling that position for four years, and he has served in a similar capacity with the Young Men's Christian Association. He is a Master Mason and also belongs to the Mayfair Golf & Country Club. His life has never been a self-centered one

and his interests have reached out broadly to his fellowmen. He early recognized the fact that advancement at the bar is won only through individual effort and merit and that there is no profession more open to talent. He therefore closely applied himself to the mastery of legal principles and has steadily advanced until he now ranks with Edmonton's leading barristers.

THOMAS C. MILNES.

A farmer, rancher and real estate dealer of Claresholm, Alberta, Canada, is Thomas C. Milnes, who was born near Columbus, Indiana, on the 31st of March, 1870, a son of Thomas and Louisa (Hamblen) Milnes, the former a native of near Halifax, Yorkshire, England, and the latter of near Nashville, Indiana. The father emigrated to the United States as a small boy with his parents and they located in Indiana. Upon attaining man's estate he engaged in farming in Brown county, Indiana, where he was one of the pioneer settlers. He was a stanch supporter of the democratic party and was treasurer of the county for some time. Later he removed to Bartholomew county, near Columbus, Indiana, and on retiring from active life he moved to near Fowler, Indiana, where he was living at the time of his demise in 1900, at the age of sixty-nine years. Mrs. Milnes died in 1889. To their union four children were born: John, whose death occurred at the age of five years; William, who is living at Swayzee, Indiana; George W., whose death occurred at the age of twenty-one years; and Thomas C., whose name introduces this review. Mr. and Mrs. Milnes were consistent members of the Methodist Episcopal church and highly respected citizens of the communities in which they resided.

The public schools of Bartholomew county afforded Thomas C. Milnes his early education and after putting his textbooks aside he engaged in farming rented land, near Fowler, Indiana, where he also conducted a grocery business. Later he entered the real estate business in Fowler and sold land throughout the Yazoo and Mississippi valley, in which venture he won success. In 1905 he came to Claresholm, Alberta, Canada, arriving here on the 5th of March, and he immediately rented office space and resumed his real estate business. He also bought a homestead right and lived first in a shack, later in a tent and a granary, while he was bringing the land to a highly improved state. From time to time he increased his land holdings until he now has two thousand four hundred acres under cultivation in one body of land and a seven thousand acre well improved stock ranch. He has between twenty-five and thirty thousand dollars worth of improvements on the land. He engages in general farming and ranching, raising Aberdeen Angus cattle and Berkshire hogs, and he also conducts his real estate and insurance business, and his diligence and enterprise have won for him the confidence and respect of all who know him.

On the 23d of October, 1890, Mr. Milnes was united in marriage to Miss Maud E. Newby, who died January 4, 1892. To this union one son was born, Carl L., who attended a business college of Edmonton, and is now engaged in farming in association with his father. On August 9, 1893, Mr. Milnes was married the second time, Miss Jeanette Burnette becoming his wife. She died September 4, 1895, leaving a daughter, Blanche L., who attended Okenagan College at Summerland, British Columbia, and is now the wife of W. LeRoy Stebbins of Claresholm, who is in the garage business.

On the 8th of June, 1898, Mr. Milnes married Miss Emma McCleary, and to this union two children have been born: Maude, who is the wife of Harold S. Kendrick of Los Angeles, California, is a graduate of the University of Southern California, and she has the distinction of being the first woman to graduate with the Civil Engineering degree from that university; Marian is living at home and attends the Claresholm high school.

Mr. Milnes gives his political allegiance to the Liberal party and for some time he was mayor of Claresholm, giving to this community a progressive and businesslike administration. For the past two years he has been the member for the legislative assembly in the province of Alberta, representing the Claresholm constituency. He has attained the third degree in the Masonic order and is likewise a member of the Knights of Pythias. Mr. Milnes represents the type of citizen who is regarded as an acquisition to any community, forwarding its development by his diligence and enterprise in matters of business, and promoting its general progress by maintaining a high standard of citizenship and cooperating in every commendable public movement.

ALEXANDER GILLESPIE, M. D.

Thorough training well qualified Dr. Alexander Gillespie for the onerous duties and responsibilities that devolve upon members of the medical profession and he is now successfully practicing in Edmonton, his ability being widely recognized, particularly in the field of surgery, in which he specializes. Dr. Gillespie is a native of Ontario, his birth having occurred on the 5th of February, 1854. There his boyhood and youth were spent on a farm with the usual experiences of the farm bred boy and at the regular age he entered the country schools, completing the work of various grades until he became a high school pupil. When his course there was completed he reviewed the broad field of business with the purpose to select a life work and in 1880 he entered the Trinity Medical College, in which he pursued the regular four years' course, being graduated with honors as a member of the class of 1884. He then left for Edinburgh, Scotland, where he took postgraduate work, receiving the degree of L. R. C. P. Later he settled at Manilla, Ontario, where he practiced success-

fully for eleven years, and in 1895 he removed to Lindsay, there residing for eleven years, or until 1906, and then came to Edmonton, and has here since followed his profession, with the exception of a period of one year which he again spent in Scotland, taking postgraduate work. He has given the major part of his time and attention to surgical practice since taking up his abode in Edmonton and is recognized as one of the most skillful and eminent surgeons in this part of the Dominion. He is a constant student of his profession, keeping in touch with the onward trend of thought and investigation, and his methods are thoroughly modern and scientific in every particular. He belongs to both the Alberta and the Canadian Medical Associations.

On the 6th of October, 1885, Dr. Gillespie was married to Miss Sarah Campbell and they have become the parents of three children: Allister Campbell; William Fulton, who is a physician now doing postgraduate work in Toronto; and Annie, the wife of C. I. Grierson, who is in the employ of the Imperial Oil Company of Toronto.

Fraternally Dr. Gillespie is connected with the Masons and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a most loyal follower of the teachings and high purposes of these organizations. He also belongs to the Presbyterian church. In politics he maintains an independent attitude, nor has he ever been an aspirant for public office, preferring to devote his entire time and attention to his professional duties and in that field, through merit and ability, he has risen to distinction.

ALPHONSUS LANNAN, B. A., LL. B.

In a profession demanding keen mental perception and more than ordinary ability Alphonsus Lannan has made exceptionally rapid progress, readily mastering the principles of jurisprudence, and within a comparatively short period he has gained a well established position among the leading members of the Alberta bar. His ancestors formerly came from the south of Ireland, but his great-grandfather was a native-born Canadian and one of the first white settlers in Prince Edward Island, then called the Isle of St. John. It was there that the subject of this sketch was born, on the 14th day of July, 1883, and his parents were Andrew and Annie (Keoughan) Lannan, the former of whom followed the occupation of farming. He was the second son in a family of seven children, all of whom graduated from the Provincial University and for a time followed the profession of public school teachers.

Alphonsus Lannan received his early education at St. Dunstan's College, Prince Edward Island, and later attended Laval University at Montreal, Quebec, from which he was graduated in 1903, with the B. A. degree. In 1904 he came to what was then known as the Northwest Territories and in that year passed through the Territorial Normal School at Regina, Saskatchewan. Taking up educational work, he taught in the



ALPHONSUS LANNAN.

public schools of various places throughout the Northwest and in the newly formed provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan until 1914, when he became a law student in the office of Reilly & Lunney, barristers at Calgary. He completed the arduous law course in a period slightly over two years and won the Carswell prize by taking the second highest standing in the province of Alberta in the final law examinations. At the same time Mr. Lannan graduated from the University of Alberta, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and was admitted to the bar in 1917. He then became a member of the firm of Lunney & Lannan, with which he has since been associated, and a liberal and representative clientele has been accorded them.

In 1906 Mr. Lannan married Miss Kathleen Brown, a daughter of John H. Brown, who formerly resided in the States and removed from Minnesota to western Canada, becoming one of the pioneer ranchers of northern Alberta. To this union have been born five children, three sons and two daughters, all of whom are at home with their parents. Politically Mr. Lannan was always a follower of Sir Wilfred Laurier and still adheres to the old liberal standard. He is a member of the Catholic church and of the Calgary Council of the Knights of Columbus. He has a thorough knowledge of legal principles, which he correctly applies to the points in litigation. He is an earnest and conscientious student, deeply interested in his profession, and judging from what he has already accomplished, his future career will be well worth the watching.

JOSEPH ANDREW CLARKE.

For fourteen years Joseph Andrew Clarke has resided in Edmonton, during which period he has established his position among the successful and representative members of the legal fraternity of the city, and in municipal affairs he has also taken an active and prominent part, being recognized as a man of sound and well balanced judgment, who has worked earnestly and effectively to promote the public welfare. He was born at Osnabruck Center, in the province of Ontario, Canada, September 20, 1869, a son of Captain James Clarke, a native of Beragh, Ireland. The father was born in 1828 and when thirty-seven years of age, in 1865, he emigrated to Canada. He was married in Ontario to Miss Margaret Adams. Both have passed away.

Joseph A. Clarke pursued his education in the schools of Prescott and Brockville, Ontario, and afterward completed a course in law at Osgoode Hall in Toronto. He was admitted to the bar in 1906 and two years later located for practice in Edmonton, where he has since successfully followed his profession. As the years have passed his clientele has steadily increased and he conducts his law business with strict regard for the highest standards of professional ethics.

Mr. Clarke was married in this city on the 9th of October, 1911, to

Miss Gwendolen Asbury, whose father was an English minister. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke have become the parents of three children: Gwendolen Mary, Muriel Asbury and Bennett Winthrop. Mr. Clarke is a Protestant in religious faith and politically he is a Liberal with radical views. He is an active and influential worker in the ranks of the party and has been called to public offices of trust and responsibility. During 1903 and 1904 he served on the Yukon council of Yukon Territory and from 1912 until 1915 he was a member of the city council of Edmonton. His excellent record as councilman led to his election to the mayoralty in 1919 and he was reelected after filling the office for one term, giving to the municipality a most active and progressive administration. Fraternally he is identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. He has always found time for participation in matters relating to the general welfare and has ever recognized and fully met the duties and obligations of citizenship. Possessing an analytical, well trained mind, he is thoroughly alive to the important duties of his profession and is deserving of the high esteem in which he is held by his fellowmen.

CRAMMOND R. MORTON.

Crammond R. Morton, an enterprising hardware merchant of Vegreville, possesses that quality which has been termed the commercial sense, for he has energy, initiative and business acumen and he has therefore won a gratifying measure of success. He was born in the province of Manitoba, April 11, 1882, of the marriage of Edward and Jeannette (Watson) Morton, natives of the province of Ontario. The father arrived in Vegreville in 1912 and has since assisted the subject of this review in the conduct of his store. The mother is deceased.

In 1905 Crammond R. Morton came to this province, reaching here before the Canadian Northern Railroad Company extended its line from Manitoba to Alberta. He came to Vegreville as manager of the Merchants Bank and held that position for one and a half years, when he embarked in business on his own account, opening the Morton hardware store in 1906. He has since conducted the establishment, which now ranks with the leading mercantile enterprises of the town. His stock is complete and of high grade, and his reasonable prices, unfailing courtesy to patrons and thorough reliability have drawn to him a large trade. He is also interested in agricultural pursuits, owning a valuable ranch three miles north of Vegreville, on which he raises thoroughbred cattle.

Mr. Morton married Miss Effie Doran, a native of the province of Ontario, and they have become the parents of a son, John. They are members of the Union church and Mr. Morton is an adherent of the Liberal party. He takes an active interest in civic affairs and has served for a year as a member of the town council. Fraternally he is identified with the Knights of Pythias and he is also a member of the Community

Club. For seventeen years he has been a resident of Vegreville and has thoroughly identified his interests with those of his community, whose welfare and advancement are to him matters of deep concern. To the work of development and upbuilding he has contributed his full share and his fellow townsmen entertain for him high regard.

WILLIAM C. MacKAY.

The progressive spirit of the west finds exemplification in the career of William C. MacKay, to whom the recognition of opportunity has ever been equivalent to the accomplishment of a task, and his name now figures prominently in business circles of Edmonton in connection with the coal industry. He was born and reared in Prince Edward Island, there attending the public schools and also completing a course in a business college. His first position was that of clerk in a mercantile establishment of Charlottetown, and in 1907 he came to the west, selecting Edmonton as his place of residence. He secured employment in a coal office and subsequently became manager for the Standard Coal Company, filling that office for several years. Ambitious to have a business of his own, he organized the MacKay Coal Company, Ltd., in 1915, and his success in that venture led him to expand the scope of his activities. In 1917 he formed the Fraser-MacKay Collieries, Ltd., which took over a group of mines, and their output now amounts to five hundred tons of coal per day. Each enterprise has enjoyed a continuous and healthful growth since its inception and the business has become one of large and profitable proportions. Broad experience and careful study have given Mr. MacKay a comprehensive knowledge of the coal industry and his business methods have commended him to the confidence and support of the public.

Mr. MacKay was united in marriage to Miss Blanche Down and they have become the parents of two children: Gordon and Eleanor. He serves as president and manager of the organizations with which he is connected and two of the leading coal firms in the city stand as monuments to his initiative spirit and his powers of organization and administration. He has constructed his own success and in winning prosperity has also gained the esteem and goodwill of all with whom he has been associated.

CHARLES E. K. COX.

With public activities and official duties at Edmonton, Charles E. K. Cox has been closely associated for a number of years, much to the benefit of the city. He is now filling the position of city clerk and in many lines his labors have been of direct benefit and value to the community. He was born in London, England, August 25, 1861, and was educated in

the national schools of his country. There in young manhood he served as a member of one of the legislative bodies. As a vestryman for the borough of Camberwell in the London district, a municipal body equivalent to our city councils, governing a population of two hundred and seventy thousand. He served on the finance committee of this body and there he received his training for municipal official duties. In 1907 he came direct from England to Edmonton and soon afterward was appointed city auditor of Strathcona, filling that position until the 1st of January, 1910, when he was called to the office of secretary and treasurer. He continued to act in that capacity until the amalgamation of the two cities, which occurred in February, 1912. Since then he has been city clerk and secretary of various committees, also returning officer for the city of Edmonton. He is most conscientious in the performance of all of his public duties, his mental alertness, his recognition of public needs and his devotion to the general welfare combining to make him most efficient in the discharge of his duties.

Mr. Cox is a member of the English church and he is also prominently known in musical circles. He has done much to stimulate a love of music and promote musical progress in Edmonton and has been a member of the Albert Festival Committee since 1908, serving as its president in 1914 and 1915. He was the founder of the Strathcona Choral Society, of which he acted as conductor from 1908 until 1915, and he has been choirmaster of the Metropolitan Methodist church, the First Presbyterian church and Holy Trinity church. While thus active in musical circles he won three shields in competition. His interest has largely centered in things of cultural value to the community, as well as those affairs which promote material progress and he is today accounted one of the substantial and valued residents of his adopted city.

WALTER STUART GALBRAITH, M. D., C. M.

Dr. Walter Stuart Galbraith, who has attained to eminent rank as a physician at Lethbridge and is also well known in financial circles as a director of the British Canadian Trust Company, was born in Guelph, Ontario, August 1, 1866, and is a son of Francis William and Jane Elizabeth Galbraith. He is indebted to the public school system of the country for his preliminary educational opportunities and he later attended the Collegiate Institute at Guelph. From 1881 until 1895 he was a pharmacist, coming to Alberta in 1891, after which he entered upon preparation for his professional career as a student in McGill University, there winning the M. D. and C. M. degrees in 1899. He has practiced continuously in Lethbridge since 1899 and was a member of the firm of Mewburn & Galbraith from 1902 until 1907. Since the latter year he has followed his profession independently and has made steady advance, being recognized as one of the leading physicians and surgeons of the province. By broad

reading and study he has kept in constant touch with the trend of professional thought and scientific investigation and his ability is widely recognized. He was senator of the University of Alberta from its incorporation until 1921 and in the latter year accepted the presidency of the Alberta Medical Association. He was also president of the council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Alberta in 1917 and again in 1923, and has left unimproved no opportunity to promote the standing of the profession.

In 1901 Dr. Galbraith was married to Miss Matilda Gallinger and they have become parents of three children: Ruth Eleanor, who has completed her education; Francis O., and Jean Alexandra, both in school.

Fraternally Dr. Galbraith is connected with the Masons and with the Canadian Order of Foresters, while his religious faith is that of the Methodist church. He has ever manifested a deep and helpful interest in public affairs and in 1912 was chairman of the Lethbridge school board, and was a member of the board of trustees for nine years. He also served as mayor of the city in 1907, giving to Lethbridge a public-spirited and progressive administration, characterized by needed reforms and improvements. His entire career has been marked by the spirit of advancement, whether in his professional efforts or in public connection and his labors have at all times been of signal service and benefit to his fellowmen.

REGINALD HARRY BRETT, M. D.

Dr. Reginald Harry Brett, prominent physician and surgeon of Canada and medical superintendent of the Brett Hospital at Banff, was born at Arkona, Ontario, on the 5th of May, 1879, a son of Lieutenant Governor Robert G. and Louise (Hungerford) Brett, extended mention of whom is made in the sketch of them to be found on another page of this work.

In the pursuit of his education Reginald Harry Brett attended the schools of Banff and was a student in the Winnipeg and Calgary high schools. Subsequently he enrolled in St. John's College, Winnipeg, and was graduated from that institution with the B. A. degree in 1898. His earliest ambition was to enter the medical profession and he enrolled in the Manitoba Medical College, which conferred the M. D. degree upon him in 1902. He went to Vienna, Austria, and London, England, for postgraduate work, remaining abroad during 1906 and 1907, and he also took postgraduate work in New York and at the Mayo Brothers' Sanitarium in Rochester, Minnesota. He commenced the practice of his chosen profession in Banff, where he has remained, and he ranks among the foremost physicians and surgeons of the province. He is medical health officer for Rocky Mountain Park, coroner, a member of the council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Alberta, and was president of the council in 1920. For some years he has been surgeon for the Canadian Pacific Railroad in this district, including the Banff Springs Hotel in

Banff, and until the closing of the mines at Bankhead he acted as physician and surgeon there. Dr. Brett is now medical superintendent of the Brett Hospital in Banff, which institution was erected in November of the year 1911, and which is one of the foremost institutions of its kind in the Dominion.

For the past thirty-six years Banff has been a haven for countless sufferers from rheumatism and gout, for which the curative properties of the mineral water here are well established. The water has also proven efficacious in the treatment of sciatica, neuritis, kidney and bladder troubles, torpidity of the liver, and functional digestive disorders, skin diseases, neurasthenia and alcoholism. The Brett Hospital, while accepting cases of any kind except tuberculosis, is especially well equipped to take care of the above-mentioned conditions; the building is three stories high and has accommodations for sixty patients, mostly in private wards, several of which have private bath and toilet, though there are a few two-bedded rooms. Four large sun rooms afford ample space for recreation. The institution is steam-heated and thoroughly modern in every respect and a sufficient staff of nurses is always maintained to insure every attention that may be required. On one corner of the main building is an up-to-date bathing establishment, which is supplied with water from the main mineral spring on Sulphur Mountain, by a special pipeline. Plunge, tub, shower and sitz baths are given, together with dry heat and steam room treatments, according to what each case requires. The men's baths, which are on the ground floor, are presided over by a competent masseur, and the ladies' baths, which are on the second floor, are given a specially trained masseuse. The electrical room in the institution is equipped with all the necessary apparatus for giving treatments and also has an X-ray plant, both for treatments and pictures. The hospital pays special attention to the matter of diet, which is such an important one in the treatment of the conditions mentioned, and this department is in charge of a trained and most efficient dietitian. The climate of Banff is unexcelled—in summer the days are warm and the nights cool, and in winter extreme cold is rare and the days are mostly clear and bright. At all times the air is dry and very exhilarating, and the mountain scenery is unsurpassed in any part of the world. While patients cannot go out of doors as freely in the winter as in the summer, a course of baths is quite as efficacious. A great many of the guests at the hospital have really nothing wrong with them but come here for a rest and change and while here avail themselves of the opportunity to take a course of baths. For the more robust cases during the summer there is golf, tennis, boating, swimming and horseback riding; while in the winter there is curling, skating, snowshoeing, tobogganning and skiing. Dr. Brett devotes the greater part of his time and attention to the hospital and has won widespread prominence in this connection. Dr. Brett is owner of the Banff Pharmacy & National Park Drug Company and the Brett family owns considerable property in and around Banff.

On the 24th of February, 1912, was celebrated the marriage of Dr.

Brett to Miss Helen M. Fleming. She is a woman of charming personality and is prominent in the club and social circles of Banff.

Since attaining his majority Dr. Brett has given his political allegiance to the Conservative party and the principles for which it stands. He has never sought nor desired political preferment but he is essentially public-spirited and is never too busy to give his aid in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community at large. His religious faith is that of the Anglican church. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and the Masons. Along strictly professional lines he holds membership in the Alberta Medical Association. Socially he is identified with the Banff Golf & Curling Clubs.

CURT P. M. SMITH.

There is no doubt as to the popularity of Curt P. M. Smith in Wetaskiwin. For many years engaged in the hotel business, he has been a vital and forceful element in bringing about the present progress and prosperity of Wetaskiwin, and his two hostelries, the Driard and the Criterion, are second to none. Curt P. M. Smith was born in Saxony, on the 29th of November, 1882, and is a naturalized British subject. His sister Frieda is married to Mr. Guest, druggist at Prince George, British Columbia; his brother Alfred is connected with the Dairy Supply Company of Edmonton.

In the acquirement of his education Curt P. M. Smith attended school in Leipzig and spent four years in a commercial college. In early life he determined to enter the hotel business and subsequently became an apprentice and attended the Hotel University for two years. He was associated with his father thereafter and then traveled throughout Germany, Russia, Austria, Switzerland, France, Brussels, Holland and the Isles of North Germany. In 1902 he arrived in London, England, and for two years was identified with some of the largest hotels in that city. He then associated with the North British Railroad Company, with whom he remained six years in Glasgow, after which he became manager of the Glasgow Garden Club. His business brought him into association with many prominent men.

Mr. Smith came to Edmonton in 1912. Although he was an experienced hotel man in the old country, he was unfamiliar with the methods used in the conduct of hotels in Canada, but soon gained the requisite knowledge. In 1913 he came to Wetaskiwin to take over the Driard Hotel and manage it for a company. In 1916 he went to live on his farm. After prohibition came in Alberta he bought the Criterion and Driard Hotels and concentrated his attention upon their improvement. The Driard Hotel is used mainly for the traveling transient public and the Criterion has suites for steady residence, and both hotels are up-to-date in every

respect. He has won more than local repute for the quality of the food served in his restaurant.

In 1913 the marriage of Mr. Smith and Miss Mary Masterson was celebrated in Edmonton. Mrs. Smith was born in Glasgow and educated there. A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Smith on the 22nd of August, 1917.

Mr. Smith is a member of the United Farmers' Association, is president of the Good Roads Association and a director in the Hotel Association of Alberta, and he is president of the local Hockey Club and chairman of the Hospital Board.

REV. HENRY GOUTIER.

Father Henry Goutier wields a great influence for good in the city of Vermilion, where he has been in charge of the Catholic church since 1909. He was born in France, on the 17th of April, 1880, a son of Jules and Marie (Vanhoucke) Goutier, likewise natives of that country. In 1907 they came to Canada and the father farmed and ranched near Innisfail for a time. When their son was transferred to Vermilion they accompanied him and are now following agricultural pursuits in this vicinity.

Henry Goutier received his education in Calais, France, where he was born, and in the schools of Lille and Amiens. His first charge was at Corbie, France, when he was but twenty-four years of age. He remained there three years and in 1907 came to Canada with his parents. His first charge in the Dominion was at Innisfail, Alberta, from 1907 to 1909, in which latter year he was sent to Vermilion, and for the last fourteen years he has been in charge of the Catholic church here and under his guidance the church has enjoyed substantial growth. He has found it necessary to rebuild the church three times in order to accommodate the increased congregation.

Father Goutier is a kindly man, with a genial and pleasing personality. He is unselfish in his devotion to his church and is never too busy to give his cooperation in the furtherance of any movement for the development and improvement of the community.

A. BLAIR PATERSON, LL. B.

Although not yet thirty years of age, A. Blair Paterson has already won a well established position at the Edmonton bar, and industry, ability and tenacity of purpose are carrying him rapidly to the front in his profession. He was born in Glasgow, Scotland, May 8, 1893, a son of Adam Paterson, whose birth occurred in Innerleithen, Scotland, in 1852. He

married Margaret Robinson, a daughter of Captain James Robinson of the British navy, and in 1910 they established their home at Edmonton.

In the public schools of his native country A. Blair Paterson acquired his early education and his professional training was obtained in Alberta University, which conferred upon him the LL. B. degree. He also studied law in the office of Samuel A. Dickson, with whom he is now associated in practice as a member of the firm of Dickson & Paterson, and their professional standing is indicated by the large and representative clientele accorded them. Mr. Paterson has proven his ability to cope with the intricacies of the law and to arrive at clear deductions from the facts at hand. His mind is analytical and logical in its trend and in his presentation of a case he is always fortified by a comprehensive understanding of the legal principles applicable thereto.

In Edmonton, on the 23d of September, 1918, Mr. Paterson was united in marriage to Miss E. Jean Skinner, a daughter of Alexander Skinner, a native of Scotland, who was killed in the Boer war. Mr. Paterson is much interested in amateur sports and is a familiar figure on the links of the Mayfair Golf & Country Club, of which he is secretary, while he is also serving on its board of governors. He is a member of the Liberal party and his religious views are in accord with the doctrines of the Presbyterian church. He exemplifies in his life the sterling qualities of the Scotch race and his professional associates and the general public unite in bearing testimony as to his high character and substantial worth.

G. L. WILLIAMSON, M. D.

Dr. G. L. Williamson, physician and surgeon of Edmonton, comes to Alberta from the province of Ontario, his birth having occurred in Peterboro, on the 17th of March, 1884. There the days of his boyhood and youth were passed and he completed his public school education by a course in the high school at Port Hope, Ontario. He initiated his business career when twenty years of age by securing employment in a drug store and it was this that awakened his interest in the practice of medicine and led him eventually—in 1906—to enter the University of Toronto as a medical student. There he pursued the regular four years' course and was graduated with the class of 1910. He afterward spent a year in hospital and general work, being identified with Browning Hospital in 1911-12 and gaining that valuable training and experience which can never be so quickly acquired in any other way as in hospital practice. In the fall of 1912 he decided to seek a location westward and came to Edmonton, where he has been engaged in general practice throughout the intervening period. He is a member of the Alberta Medical Society and is serving on the executive committee of the Edmonton Academy of Medicine. He puts forth every effort to advance his knowledge and promote his effi-

ciency in his chosen calling and his course has been marked by a steady progress that has brought him continuously to the front.

In his fraternal relations Dr. Williamson is known as a Mason, loyally following the teachings and purposes of the craft, and he attends the Presbyterian church. His fellow townsmen speak of him in terms of high regard as a man, as a citizen and as a physician.

JOHN CALLAGHAN.

John Callaghan, a construction engineer of notable ability, has devoted his life to railroad work and the nature of the projects with which he has been connected indicates most clearly his high professional standing. He is now serving as general manager of the Alberta & Great Western and the Lacombe & Northwestern Railways, while he also acts as deputy minister of railways and telephones, with offices at Edmonton. A native of Iowa, he was born May 4, 1868, a son of Michael and Elizabeth (McGee) Callaghan, and acquired his education in that state. After completing an engineering course he entered upon the work of his profession and from 1889 until 1894 he was connected with the work of locating various projected railways in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, including the location and construction of the Seattle Terminal Railway & Elevator Company, the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern Railroad and the Everett & Monte Cristo Railway. In 1895 he was employed in a professional capacity by the Canadian Pacific and the Kaslo & Slocan Railroad Companies in connection with the building of their lines in British Columbia and during 1896 and 1897 he was engaged in locating and constructing the Columbia & Western Railway from Robson to Trail and Rossland, British Columbia. In the following year he was engaged on the location and construction of the Canadian Pacific Railroad from Robson to Midway and on the location of the line from Midway to Spence's Bridge, British Columbia. In 1900 he was on location and construction for the Canadian Pacific in the provinces of Ontario and Manitoba and in 1901-02 was employed by the Crows Nest Southern Railway, a branch of the Great Northern, to locate and construct a line from Jennings, Montana, to Morrissey Junction, British Columbia. He spent the year 1903 in similar work for the Great Northern at Vancouver, British Columbia, and vicinity and in 1904 was engaged on reconnaissance and location work for the Grand Trunk Pacific and Canadian Pacific Railroads. From 1905 until 1909 he had charge of location and construction for the western lines of the Canadian Pacific west of Winnipeg and in 1910 was with the firm of Foley, Welch & Stewart, directing the execution of their contracts with the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern Railway Companies. In 1911 he had charge of the location and construction of the Mountain division of the Grand Trunk Pacific from Edmonton to Fort George and from 1912 until 1918 he was chief engineer of the P. G. E.



JOHN CALLAGHAN.

Railway. In June, 1918, he became chief engineer for the Calgary & South Western Railway and a year later accepted the position of superintendent of the firm of Stewart & Welch, railway contractors, with offices at Calgary, Alberta, remaining with them until August, 1921. In September of that year he was appointed deputy minister of railways and telephones for the province of Alberta and general manager of the Alberta & Great Waterways and the Lacombe & North Western Railways, with headquarters at Edmonton. He brought to his responsible duties ripe experience, technical skill of a high order and marked executive force and has clearly demonstrated his ability to direct important public utilities.

Mr. Callaghan is a communicant of the Roman Catholic church and finds diversion in hunting game. He is a member of the Vancouver, Terminal City and Manitoba Clubs and his professional connections are with the American and Canadian Societies of Civil Engineers. He has attempted important things and completed what he has undertaken. Holding to high ideals, he has made his work a dynamic force in accomplishing results which have been factors in an advancing civilization, and his name is inseparably associated with the development and upbuilding of the Canadian Northwest.

WILLIAM HENDERSON.

A prominent and popular official of Cardston is William Henderson, police magistrate. He was born in Scotland, on the 11th of February, 1851, a son of Robert and Mary (Ross) Henderson, likewise natives of Scotland. The paternal great-grandfather was twice married. His first wife was Jeanette Lumsden and his second wife was Elizabeth Weir; the maternal great-grandfather, William Hogg, married Catherine Wilson; the paternal grandfather, James Henderson, was born in Leadhills, Scotland, and he married Christina Dalzell, and both died in the land of their birth; the maternal grandfather, Peter Ross, married Marion Hogg. All of these ancestors were natives of Scotland. Mr. and Mrs. Henderson, the parents of William Henderson, joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in 1852 and came to America in 1863. They came direct to Logan, Utah, by ox-team, the journey taking eight weeks. They secured land and engaged in general farming and stock raising near Logan. Later he disposed of his land and devoted his entire time and attention to work in the church. He was active in the Temple at Logan and was holding the office of high priest at the time of his demise, at the age of sixty-five years. When he first joined the church he did some mission work in Scotland and he was president of the branch church in his birthplace. Mrs. Henderson died in her sixty-eighth year. To them nine children were born, two of whom are living: William, of this review; and Jeanette, the wife of Andrew Anderson. The following have passed

away: James; Catherine, who was the wife of William Ellis; Christina, who was the wife of Andrew Nyman; Mary, who was the wife of Anthony Anderson; Eliza, who died in girlhood; Thomas; and Robert, who died on board ship.

In the acquirement of his education William Henderson attended the Free Church School at Tranent, Scotland, and came to the United States with his parents in 1863. He crossed the plains with them, driving an ox team, and after locating near Logan he attended the schools in that community for a short time. Subsequently he homesteaded some land near Robin, Idaho. Previous to this he worked in the mountains, getting timber. He arrived in Idaho in 1875 and farmed and raised stock for some time, achieving substantial success from the start. He was one of the organizers of the Cooperative Company at Arimo, Idaho, and he managed the store for some two years. In 1885 he was called on a mission by the church and he went to Scotland, where he remained two years. At the termination of that time he returned to Idaho and resumed farming until he came to Alberta in 1898, and located at Mountain View. He made the trip with horses and a covered wagon and he homesteaded some one hundred and sixty acres of raw prairie land near Mountain View. He hauled logs from the mountains to make his home and he made trips to Lethbridge and Macleod for supplies. He broke part of his land and specialized in raising cattle and horses, of which he had as many as two hundred head. He was one of the founders of the Mountain View Trading Company and managed the store successfully for some time. From 1915 to 1917 he served as Park ranger near Mountain View and in the winter of 1917 he was called to California on missionary work. He remained there until 1918, when he returned to Alberta and located at Cardston, where he built a home and has since resided. He has been police magistrate for two years, in which position he is satisfactorily discharging the many duties devolving upon him.

Mr. Henderson has been married three times. His first wife was Martha Pearson, who was born in Farmington, Utah, and to their union eight children were born: Mary, the wife of George Allen of Ogden, Utah; Catherine, who is deceased; Josephine, the wife of Joseph Tippets of Ogden, Utah; Janett, whose demise occurred in infancy; William, who is living in Ashton, Idaho; Robert, who is living in Idaho; Christina, who is the wife of Abel Larsen of Ashton, Idaho; and Albert G., who is a resident of Mountain View. Mr. Henderson's second wife, Keziah Capell, was born in Lancashire, England, in 1882. To their union five children were born: Orsen E., who is living in Idaho; Jane, whose demise occurred in infancy; Clara, who is deceased, was the wife of Ben Hudson; Thomas Joseph is a resident of Salt Lake City, and served on a mission in the southern states, most of the time in Georgia, from 1916 to 1917. He is a veteran of the World war, having served with the United States Marines; and Ross, who is living at Robin, Idaho. Mr. Henderson's third wife was Eliza Easthope, a native of Bountiful, Utah.

Mr. Henderson gives his political allegiance to the Conservative party

and is quite active in local affairs. He is essentially public-spirited and is never too busy to give his aid in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community at large. He devotes a great deal of his spare time to the church and is clerk of the second ward of Cardston, secretary of the High Priest Quorum of the Alberta Stake representative of the Genealogical Society.

CARLETON G. SHELDON.

Actuated by a most enterprising and progressive spirit, Carleton G. Sheldon has steadily advanced in the business world and the steps in his orderly progression are easily discernible. He is today the district manager of the Coal Sellers Company, Limited, of Edmonton, the main office of the company being at Calgary. Mr. Sheldon was born across the border, his birth having occurred near Springboro, Pennsylvania, on the 14th of April, 1880. His early experiences were those of the farm bred boy. He supplemented his early educational training by a high school course and later entered the State Normal School at Edinboro, Pennsylvania, while subsequently he became a student in Bucknell University of Lewisburg, Pennsylvania. In young manhood he began teaching and imparted readily and clearly to others the knowledge that he had acquired. In this profession he made continuous progress, teaching school at Springboro, Pennsylvania, and later he was school superintendent at Trumbull, Ohio. On the expiration of that period he entered commercial life by becoming an employe of the National Cash Register Company of Dayton, Ohio, with which he was there connected from 1903 until 1906. In the latter year he went to Toronto, Canada, as representative of the company, being made office manager in the purchasing and stock department. There he remained until September, 1913, when he came to Edmonton and took charge of the Western Foundry & Machine Company as general manager. During the World war period this company engaged in the manufacture of eighteen-pound high explosive shells for the Dominion government. Mr. Sheldon remained with the company until March, 1916, when he became secretary and commercial manager of the Humberstone Coal Company, Limited. He has proven himself well qualified to fill positions of administrative direction and executive control and under his guidance the business of the company was the largest in its history. He is now district manager of the Coal Sellers Company, Limited.

Mr. Sheldon finds time for cooperation in many public interests of benefit to the community, is a member of the Board of Trade and is interested in all those agencies which are looking to the upbuilding of the city and the benefit of the province at large. He belongs to the Kiwanis Club, is a member of the Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, has membership in the Masonic fraternity and is a member of the Interna-

tional Fuel Association. His religious faith is that of the Baptist church. While ever advancing toward high ideals, he employs the most practical methods and thus he achieves his purposes and reaches his objective.

PETER M. CAMPBELL, M. D.

For more than a quarter of a century Dr. Peter M. Campbell of Lethbridge has been engaged in the practice of medicine, and the record of his efforts is written in terms of success. He is recognized as one of the most able physicians and surgeons of this part of the country and today enjoys an extensive practice of a distinctively representative character. Dr. Campbell is a native of Admaston, Ontario, born on the 9th of February, 1872. His parents, John and Jane (Connery) Campbell, were also of Canadian birth but the Campbell family is of Scotch lineage, the grandfather, Peter Campbell, having been born in the land of hills and heather, whence he came to the new world with his parents when a lad of seven years, the family home being established in this country. He devoted his entire life to farming. The grandfather in the maternal line was a native of Ireland and also arrived in Canada in early life. John Campbell devoted his life to agricultural pursuits and lived for many years on one place, there passing away in 1921. His widow is seventy-eight years of age and is still a resident of Ontario. They were the parents of eight children, six of whom are living. Mrs. Campbell's religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church, to which Mr. Campbell also belonged, and his political views were in accord with the principles of the Conservative party.

Peter M. Campbell, the eldest of the family of eight children, pursued his education in the Renfreff high school and afterward took an art course in Queen's University at Kingston, Ontario, and then in preparation for his chosen profession he matriculated as a medical student at Queen's and was graduated with the M. D. degree in 1896. Immediately afterward he began practice in Beachburg, Ontario, where he remained until 1900, when he made his way westward, with Cardston as his destination. For six years he was a representative of the profession in that place and in 1906 he removed to Lethbridge, where he has since made his home. Here he at once opened an office and through the intervening period of seventeen years he has steadily advanced in his profession and has rendered most valuable aid to his fellow townsmen, by reason of his highly developed skill and his comprehensive understanding of the scientific principles of medicine and surgery.

In 1904 Dr. Campbell was united in marriage to Miss Esther Scott, who was born in Paisley, Ontario, and there pursued her education. They have one child, Jean, who was born in 1908 and is now in school. The parents hold membership in the Presbyterian church and Dr. Campbell is also a member of the Masonic fraternity, loyally following the teach-

ings of the order as he goes in and out among his fellowmen. His real recreation comes from mountain climbing and he gets the greatest enjoyment out of making the difficult ascent of the Rocky mountains. The major part of his time and energy, however, is given to his profession. He has taken postgraduate work in New York and in Rochester, Minnesota, and further keeps in touch with advanced professional thought and progress through his membership in the Alberta Medical Society and the Canadian Medical Association. Thoroughness has ever characterized his study and he is keenly interested in everything that tends to bring to man the key to the complex mystery which we call life.

CAPTAIN FREDERICK L. SHOULDICE.

In reviewing the prominent members of the Calgary bar mention should be made of Captain Frederick L. Shouldice, M. C., who began his professional career in this city in 1913, and experience, study and ability have brought him to the front in his chosen calling. He was born at Chesley, Ontario, in April, 1883, and is a son of James and Mary Margaret (Perdue) Shouldice, who are represented elsewhere in this volume. He attended the grammar and high schools of Chesley and completed his high school training at Regina, Saskatchewan, being also a student in the normal school of the latter city. He afterward devoted two years to teaching and then followed ranching for a similar period. In 1901 he came to the west with his parents and for two years taught school near Calgary, Alberta. In the fall of 1907 he began studying law in the office of Walsh & McCarthy and was admitted to the bar in January, 1913, at which time he became a partner in the law firm of Clark, McCarthy, Carson, Macleod & Company, with offices in the Canada Life building in Calgary. This connection was maintained until January, 1921, when he joined Leonard W. Brockington, now city solicitor of Calgary, and later John Boyd was admitted to the firm, which has since been conducted under the style of Shouldice, Brockington & Boyd. The partners are all men of high professional standing and theirs is one of the strongest law firms in the city. Of a family conspicuous for strong intelligence and indomitable energy, Mr. Shouldice entered upon the practice of law and success has come to him because of his close reasoning, his keen and logical argument and his ability to present his contention in the strongest possible light. Like his father, he is deeply interested in agricultural pursuits and has operated two farms.

Captain Shouldice is a veteran of the World war. In May, 1916, he enlisted for military duty and was commissioned captain of the Eighty-ninth Battalion. Later he reverted to the rank of lieutenant and was sent overseas, joining the Princess Patricia Canadian Light Infantry in France. He participated in the operations at Vimy in April, 1917, where he was wounded. In December, 1917, he returned to Canada on leave of

absence, going back to England in April, 1918, and in September of that year he rejoined his company. He took part in the Cambrai offensive and won the Military Cross at the capture of Tilloy. After an attack which continued for four days Captain Shouldice and twenty-six other men were the only remaining members of their unit who escaped without being wounded, with the exception of the headquarters staff. He was released from active service in March 1919, but is still on the officers' reserve list and is subject to call at any time.

In December, 1915, Captain Shouldice was united in marriage to Miss Jessie B. Riddell, a native of Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, and a graduate of Saskatoon University. Her parents were Robert H. and Jessie B. (McDougall) Riddell, natives of the province of Ontario. Her father devoted his life to the occupation of farming and became one of the pioneers of the Moose Jaw district of Saskatchewan. Captain and Mrs. Shouldice have two children: James Robert and Joan Patricia.

Captain Shouldice is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and politically he is an adherent of the Conservative party and is at present president of the Calgary Conservative Association. He is public-spirited and progressive in matters of citizenship and during 1920 and 1921 served as alderman of Calgary. He belongs to the Zetland Lodge of the Masonic order and is also a member of the Calgary Board of Trade, the Rotary Club of this city, of which he is president for the years 1923-1924, the Calgary Golf & Country Club and St. Andrew's Golf Club. He supports all worthy public enterprises and high ideals have actuated him at all points in his career, bringing him to an enviable place in the regard of his fellowmen, as well as in professional service.

E. N. HALLOCK.

Among the important business enterprises which have featured in the commercial upbuilding of Edmonton is that of Hallock & Son, wholesale lumber dealers, of which organization E. N. Hallock is the senior member. Opportunity has ever been to him a call to action and one to which he has made ready response. He was born in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, August 29, 1852, and was reared in the little town in which his birth occurred, enjoying the advantages offered by its public school system and thus qualifying for life's responsibilities and duties. In 1873 he went into the oil fields of Pennsylvania and afterward became identified with the lumber trade in his native state. He continued his activities there in connection with the lumber business until 1910, when he made his way to the far Northwest, settling at Three Valley, British Columbia, where he was manager for a lumber company until October of that year. He then came to Edmonton and accepted the position of manager of the Globe Company, having charge of its retail yards until January 1, 1912, when he embarked in the wholesale lumber business. In January, 1913, he

formed a partnership relation under the style of Hallock & Smith, of which he was the senior partner, and which continued until December 1, 1922, when Mr. Smith withdrew and Charles S. Hallock, Mr. E. N. Hallock's son, took Mr. Smith's place, and the firm name became Hallock & Son. They conduct a general lumber business, selling entirely to the wholesale trade, and the growth of the enterprise has been continuous through the past decade, making theirs one of the large and important lumber concerns of Edmonton. The development of the business is attributable in considerable measure to the close application, the indefatigable energy and the keen business judgment of Mr. Hallock, whose powers have developed through the exercise of effort and whose diligence and determination have brought him to the front in commercial circles.

Mr. Hallock is a member of the Board of Trade and he contributes to and attends St. Paul's church. His interest centers in those activities which make for the material, intellectual, social and moral progress of the community and Edmonton regards him as a valuable asset in her citizenship.

WALTER RAMSAY.

Among the energetic and progressive business men of Edmonton is numbered Walter Ramsay, a well known florist here. His trade has assumed extensive proportions under his capable guidance and management and the business is today a very substantial one. Mr. Ramsay came to Alberta from the province of Ontario, his birth having occurred near Hamilton, in 1870. His parents were John and Helen (Mackay) Ramsay, the former a native of Scotland, while the latter was born in the state of New York, where their marriage was celebrated. Mr. Ramsay, who has passed away, was a farmer by occupation and he was also active in public affairs, serving for several years as a member of the town council. His political endorsement was given to the Conservative party and his religious faith was that of the Presbyterian church. The mother is still living in Ontario, at the advanced age of eighty-five years. Their family numbered eight children, six of whom are living.

Walter Ramsay, who was the sixth in order of birth, obtained a high school education in St. Mary's, Ontario, and afterward took up the profession of teaching, which he followed successfully for thirteen years, proving most capable in imparting to others the knowledge he had acquired. In 1898 he came to Alberta and taught for seven years in the west after having had six year's previous experience in Ontario. In 1906, however, he entered commercial circles by turning his attention to the florist business, opening a small establishment. As his trade has increased he has developed his business plant until he now utilizes an entire acre of ground, with a store in the down-town district, while his shipments are sent throughout central Alberta. He devotes practically

his entire time to his business and produces large quantities of rare and beautiful flowers. His business methods have at all times been progressive and thoroughly reliable and these qualities have brought him substantial success.

In 1901 Mr. Ramsay was united in marriage to Miss Lucy McRae, who was born in Belleville, Ontario, a daughter of Walter McRae, a merchant. Mr. and Mrs. Ramsay have become parents of two children: Donald, a student in the Alberta University; and Helen, attending the public school. Mr. Ramsay has always been a stalwart champion of the cause of education and served as a member of the school board for a number of years. He is also a member of the Board of Trade and manifests a keen and helpful interest in many progressive public measures. In politics he is a Conservative. He belongs to the Rotary Club and his interest in civic affairs has been manifest in many tangible ways. He finds his recreation largely in curling and motoring, but allows no outside interests to interfere with business or his duties along other lines. Fraternally he is a Mason, and the religious faith of Mr. and Mrs. Ramsay is that of the Presbyterian church, in the work of which they take active and helpful interest, Mr. Ramsay now serving as clerk of the session. His sterling worth commands for him the respect and high esteem of all with whom he has been brought into contact.

JAMES SHOULDICE.

James Shouldice, one of the pioneer agriculturists of Alberta, is living in the Bow Valley about five miles west of Calgary, and owns a large farm on the Blackfoot Reservation, where he is conducting his operations on an extensive scale, and he has also found time for active participation in public affairs. He was born near Ottawa, Ontario, in November, 1850, and when three years of age was taken by his parents to Bruce county, Ontario. There he acquired his education and on starting out in life for himself he turned his attention to agricultural pursuits, which he followed in that locality for thirty-five years. He always took an active part in politics and in 1897 he was elected warden of Bruce county. In 1901 he came to the west, leasing a tract of fifteen thousand acres at Namaka, Alberta, which he operated for five years. He then purchased a farm six miles west of Calgary and in 1906, in cooperation with a neighbor, A. S. McKay, he donated one hundred acres of land to the city for park purposes, also giving a fifty-acre tract to Mount Royal College. At the present time he owns and operates three sections of land on the Blackfoot Reservation, south of Cluny, Alberta, and has one of the finest farms in this part of the province. He carries on his labors scientifically and brings to his occupation a true sense of agricultural economics. His land is rich and productive, owing to the care and labor which he bestows upon it, and he has equipped his farm with the most improved labor-saving ma-

chinery. He was one of the first men in Alberta to breed Hereford cattle and from 1901 until 1905 exhibited his stock at most of the western fairs. He brings to his pursuits an intelligent, open and liberal mind and as agriculture progresses as a science he advances with it.

In 1880 Mr. Shouldice married Mary Margaret Perdue, a native of the province of Ontario, and they became the parents of ten children, nine of whom survive. All were accorded a liberal education and one of the sons, Dr. E. E. Shouldice, is one of Toronto's leading surgeons, and another, Captain F. L. Shouldice, is practicing law in Calgary. Four of Mr. Shouldice's sons served in the World war and a daughter also served overseas. Mr. Shouldice is a strong Conservative in his political views and his public spirit has prompted him to put forth earnest and effective effort for the general good. For the past six years he has been counselor for the Marquis district and for fifteen years he served Bruce county in a similar capacity. In 1906 he received the nomination for the Alberta legislature, but met defeat at the polls, and was also an unsuccessful candidate for the Ontario legislature. He is a member of the Methodist church and has been a liberal contributor to all worthy public projects and institutions, exemplifying in his life the true spirit of Christianity. His labors have been beneficially resultant and although seventy-two years of age he is still an active factor in the world's work. His activities have been directed along those lines which have for their object public improvement and the advancement of the general welfare and he has contributed in notable measure to the agricultural development of one of Canada's greatest provinces. His life has been an exemplary one in all respects and commands for him the unqualified esteem of all with whom he has been associated.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER WELLS, B. A.

William A. Wells is recognized as a prominent and able member of the Edmonton bar and his success has its root in untiring application and a thorough understanding of legal principles. He was born at White Haven, in the province of Nova Scotia, November 10, 1884, and his father, John Shelley Wells, was also a native of that section of the Dominion, his birth occurring in 1856. In 1880 he was married at Gloucester, Massachusetts, to Miss Mary Ann Munroe, who passed away August 26th, 1917, while his demise occurred on March 3, 1921.

After completing his course in the high school at Guysborough, Nova Scotia, Mr. Wells entered the St. Francis Xavier College at Antigonishe, from which he was graduated in 1906, with the B. A. degree. He spent the ensuing year as a teacher in the schools of Nova Scotia and then went to Boston, Massachusetts, securing a position with a building contractor, in whose service he remained for a year. In May, 1908, he arrived in Edmonton, and taking up the study of law, he was admitted to

the bar in October, 1913. In 1919 he formed a partnership with J. C. McDonald and A. G. McKay, the latter of whom passed away in 1920, but the firm is still conducted under the style of McKay, McDonald & Wells and has been accorded a liberal clientele. Mr. Wells is careful in analysis, clear in his reasoning and logical in his deductions and is well qualified to take care of important litigated interests.

Mr. Wells is a veteran of the World war. In March, 1916, he enlisted at Edmonton as a private in the Two Hundred and Eighteenth Battalion and in May of the same year received a commission as lieutenant of No. 2 Company of that battalion, of which he was appointed adjutant in the following July. In February, 1917, he was sent overseas and became a member of the Eighth Battalion of Canadian troops, formed by uniting the Two Hundred and Eighteenth and Two Hundred and Eleventh Battalions. In April, 1917, he left England and served in France as adjutant of the Eighth Battalion until February, 1919. He was often exposed to the enemy's fire, but fortunately escaped injury and in May, 1919, returned to Halifax, Nova Scotia, where he was demobilized. On the 2d of June, 1919, he reached Edmonton and has since followed his profession uninterruptedly in this city.

Mr. Wells is a Conservative in his political views and in religious faith he is a Catholic. He is identified with the Knights of Columbus and also has membership relations with the Canadian Club. Devotion to duty is one of his outstanding characteristics and his life has been an exemplary one in all respects, winning for him the unqualified esteem of those with whom he has been associated. He is an earnest and diligent student of his profession and thoroughness characterizes all of his efforts. To his chosen life work he gives his undivided attention and concentrated effort. Persistency of purpose and laudable ambition have enabled him to make continuous progress in a most exacting profession.

P. F. SMITH, M. D.

Dr. P. F. Smith, who has been identified with the medical fraternity of Camrose since 1910, is a native of Prince Edward Island, where his birth occurred on the 25th of March, 1873. He was reared on the home farm and received his early education in the public and high schools in that vicinity. As a lad his earliest ambition was to enter the medical profession and subsequently he enrolled in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, graduating with the class of 1906. Immediately after receiving his degree he located in Birmingham, Alabama, where he practiced until June, 1910, when he came to Alberta. In August of that year he took up residence at Camrose and has since resided here, enjoying an extensive and important practice. Dr. Smith has met with more than an average degree of success and for some years has occupied a position of prominence among the representative physicians of the district. His



P. F. SMITH, M. D.

medical preparation was thorough and as he keeps in close touch with the progress of medical science through the medium of the various journals and periodicals issued for the benefit of the profession, he has continued to advance. Although he is progressive, he is not given to experimenting on his own responsibility and never lays aside an old, well tried method of treatment for a new one until assured beyond all question, of its superior efficacy. As he is most conscientious in his devotion to his patients, and closely observes the ethics of the profession, he is held in high respect by his fellow practitioners and the community at large. Dr. Smith has been a member of the school board and of the health board and he was one of the organizers and president of the Horticultural Society. For some time he has been coroner of the Camrose district and is now medical inspector of the Camrose school, which has enrolled some one thousand students.

In 1910 was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Smith to Miss Blanche Johnson of Memphis, Tennessee. To their union three children have been born: Franklin, Margaret and Christopher.

Fraternally the Doctor is a Mason and along strictly professional lines he holds membership in the Alberta Medical Society and the Canadian Medical Society. Dr. and Mrs. Smith are both widely known in this district, where they have many friends, and they are popular in local social circles. The Doctor's hobby is horticulture and flowers, and his reputation in this art is far-reaching. This year he took first prize for the best exhibit of flowers at Edmonton during the Horticultural Exhibition, his exhibit being composed of dahlias and gladioli.

HEBER S. ALLEN.

Heber S. Allen is one of the leading men of Raymond and his prominence has come to him by virtue of his identification with important enterprises. He was born in Hyrum, Utah, on the 26th of December, 1864, a son of Simeon F. and Boletta M. (Johnson) Allen, the former a native of Lansing, Michigan, and the latter of Norway. The father received his education in the public schools of his birthplace and in 1855 emigrated to Utah, going overland with oxen. He homesteaded some land in Cache county, Utah, and farmed for some time. He was also active in railroad construction work, being a contractor for the Southern Pacific, Utah & Northern and North Pacific Railroads, between Helena and Butte. In 1883 he assisted in the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railroad in the province of Alberta, also the Great Northern during 1886 and 1887. Simeon F. Allen and his brother, Joseph S. Allen, founded a mercantile business in Hyrum, Utah, which was conducted under the name of Allen Brothers, in which enterprise they achieved success, and the business is still in the hands of the family. In 1888 Mr. Allen came to Alberta and located at Cardston. Subsequently he homesteaded land near Mountain

View, which he brought to a highly cultivated state, and also raised live stock. He was likewise active in mercantile circles in Cardston, and lived in this district for some years, but later disposed of his interests and returned to his old home in Utah. His death occurred as the result of an accident at the age of sixty years. Mrs. Allen made the trip to the United States with her parents when but a child and came with them to Cache county, Utah. She is living on the old home place, at the age of seventy-eight years. To them eight children were born, seven of whom are living; Heber S., whose name introduces this review; George W., who is farming near Hyrum, Utah; Reuben, who is in the real estate business at Logan, Utah; Alvin, who is teaching school at Hyrum, Utah, and is also a fruit grower; Luella, the wife of Warren Wright of Hyrum, Utah; Lavina, the wife of Joseph Rose of Malad, Idaho; and Jennie, the wife of Irsen Israelson, professor in the Agricultural College in Utah. The family was reared in the faith of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and the father devoted a great deal of his spare time to church work. He was an elder in the church for many years and was likewise superintendent of the Sunday school.

In the acquirement of his education Heber S. Allen attended the common schools of his birthplace and subsequently entered the Brigham Young College and later the Brigham Young University and the University of Utah. After putting his texbooks aside he engaged in railroad construction work with his father, acting as bookkeeper accountant and manager of the commissary department. Mr. Allen had been granted a teacher's license upon graduating from school and in 1888-1889 he taught school during the daytime, and taught a bookkeeping class at night. He received twenty dollars per month for his labors, being partly paid in wheat, and out of that he had to board himself. Later he entered the employ of the Cardston Mercantile Company, working directly under the employ of Charles O. Card, founder of Cardston and there he acquired valuable business training and for four years managed the store. Later he associated with his father in the mercantile business, carrying a complete line of general merchandising, and operating under the name of H. S. Allen & Company, and at the end of five years he became sole owner. In 1911 Mr. Allen closed out, selling the building to W. H. Steed, but he moved the goods to Raymond, where he had formerly purchased a controlling interest in the Raymond Mercantile Company. He now owns practically all of the stock in the company, which is one of the largest mercantile companies in southern Alberta, and carries a complete line of building material and everything required on the ranch or farm. In 1903 the company was incorporated. In 1899 Mr. Allen built the Cardston Roller Mills, which were located fifty miles from the railroad and were operated by water power, the capacity being one hundred and fifty barrels. In 1902 the buildings were damaged by a flood and again in 1906, at which time the mills were transferred to Cardston and rebuilt on the railroad. They later incorporated the enterprise as the Cardston Milling Company. Subsequently these mills were merged with those of the Ellison Milling

Company and Mr. Allen is now vice president of and a director in this company at Lethbridge. He is still president of H. S. Allen & Company, which has been transformed from a mercantile enterprise into a company for the promotion of agricultural interests in the province of Alberta. The company owns a beautiful ranch, known as the Grandview Farm, where it engages in mixed farming, raising hogs, cattle, pure-blooded Percheron horses and sheep and also wheat and oats.

On the 2d of April, 1889, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Allen to Miss Amy Leonard, a native of Utah. To them seven children have been born. The eldest daughter, Maralda M., is the wife of William M. McKay, who is concluding a course in medicine at the University of Chicago. Mrs. McKay received her education in the schools of Raymond and later attended the Latter-day Saints University at Salt Lake City; Viola is the widow of Guy B. Alexander, who was one of the first three American soldiers to be killed in the World war. Mrs. Alexander is a woman of culture, having received her education in the schools of Raymond and likewise attended the Latter-day Saints University and the Agricultural College in Utah and received a degree in general arts and sciences in July, 1923. She is the mother of one child; Heber F., the third member of the Allen family, was educated in the Raymond public schools and attended the Latter-day Saints University in Salt Lake, the Chicago University and the Columbia University at New York. He was in line to receive the degree of Bachelor of Commercial Science at Columbia University, but withdrew from the university before the completion of his course; Hazel L. Allen, who is living at home, is a graduate of the Raymond high school, the Latter-day Saints University at Salt Lake and she received the B. S. degree from the State Agricultural College. She holds a first-class teacher's certificate in Alberta and is teaching domestic science in the Raymond high school; Lucile is a graduate of the Raymond high school and graduated from the Utah Agricultural College with the class of 1923; John L. is a graduate of the Raymond public schools and is now on a mission for the church in New York and throughout the eastern states; Irving LeRoy died in infancy.

Mr. Allen gives his political allegiance to the Conservative party and he is active in party affairs. He was the first postmaster of Cardston, holding that position for several years. Mr. Allen was president of the Knight Academy, which was erected at Raymond at a cost of fifty thousand dollars, and which for ten years was supported by the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. Later it became the Raymond high school. Mr. Allen is a prominent figure in church circles and is now president of the Taylor stake, succeeding Charles O. Card in 1902. In 1903 the Alberta stake was divided into two stakes, the Taylor and Alberta stakes. Mr. Allen was asked to come to Raymond to assist in the colonization of this stake and has since been president. He is public-spirited and is never too busy to give aid in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community at large. He was school trustee and a member of the town council of Cardston for a number of years and has also served

as a member of the Raymond council for many years. He is trustee of the Southern Irrigation district, of which he was one of the organizers, and he also assisted in the organization of the Raymond Opera House Company, of which he is a director. Preeminently an organizer and promoter, he has been successful in the handling of large affairs and has proven his power to coordinate and develop the various phases of modern industrial life. An unusual prosperity has resulted from unusual ability and has made the name of Heber S. Allen synonymous with activity and accomplishment.

LEVI WEBSTER.

Levi Webster is conducting a blacksmith shop in Cardston. He was born in Lestershire, England, on the 14th of September, 1876, a son of Samuel and Eliza (Smith) Webster, both natives of England. The paternal grandfather, John Webster, was born and died in England. He married Sarah Ann Southwell and after his demise she came to the United States and located in Utah, one year after Levi Webster had come to Canada. Her demise occurred in Utah, in 1904, in her seventieth year. The maternal grandfather, James Smith, was likewise a native of England, where he died. Mr. and Mrs. Webster arrived in the United States in 1882 and made their way immediately to Utah, locating at Coalville. The father had followed mining in his native country and worked in the mines at Coalville for a time. Later he took up land in Star Valley, Wyoming, and resided there until 1893, when he settled at Mountain View, Alberta. He homesteaded some land near Mountain View and constructed his first home of logs, which he hauled from the mountains. He still resides on this homestead and with his sons owns a section and a half of well improved land, whereon graded live stock is raised. He devotes the greater part of his time to his duties on the ranch and is enjoying the best of health, at the age of sixty-eight years. Mrs. Webster is sixty-six years of age. Mr. Webster was among the first to join the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in England and he devotes a great deal of his spare time to the church. He served in England on a mission of two years and is now a Seventy in the church. He has been very active in public life and while a resident of Mountain View held the office of justice of the peace for a number of years and was likewise a member of the school board. To Mr. and Mrs. Webster ten children have been born: Levi, whose name introduces this review; Alice, who is the wife of Fred Neville of Mountain View; J. W., who is engaged in ranching near Mountain View; Sarah, who is the wife of Thomas Burr, a barber of Lethbridge; Eliza, who is the wife of Bert Kelly of Mountain View; James, who is engaged in ranching in Mountain View; Burton, who is an inspector in an aeroplane factory at Salt Lake, having also held that position during the World war; Neoma, who

is the wife of John West of Mountain View; Mattie, who is the wife of Carl Praker of Mountain View; and Samuel, whose death occurred at the age of four years. Mr. and Mrs. Praker expect to leave soon on a mission for the church to the Samoa Islands.

In the acquirement of his education Levi Webster attended the schools of Utah and Wyoming and remained with his parents until he was married. He then learned the carpenter's trade and in 1893 came to Cardston and followed that trade in Cardston, Ferney, Morrisey and Bankhead, for some time, having assisted in erecting some of the first buildings in the latter community. Subsequently he learned the trade of a blacksmith and made his initial step in that capacity in Mountain View, where he built a shop and conducted business until 1909. In that year he went to Glenwood, Alberta, and operated a shop there until 1915, when he came to Cardston, and purchased a blacksmith shop and has conducted a general blacksmith and auto and wagon shop since that time. He is a man of practical methods, good judgment and general business sagacity and he is held in high confidence and esteem by all who know him.

In 1900 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Webster to Miss Mary Ann Nelson, who was born in western Idaho. To their union ten children have been born: Edith M. is the wife of Leech Thompson of Cardston; Alice A. is the wife of Merritt Dondle of Cardston; Ethel E., Samuel N. and Myrtle L. are living at home; Ruth I. died at the age of one and one-half years; and Neoma, Imogene, Gerald and Cora are living at home.

While a resident of Mountain View Mr. Webster served on the town council and since coming to Cardston has contributed in a great degree to the development and improvement of this community. He devotes a great deal of his spare time to the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and is now a Seventy in the church.

A. GLADSTONE VIRTUE.

A. Gladstone Virtue, member of the bar at Lethbridge, trying all kinds of cases and trying them well, was born at Beachburg, Ontario, on the 14th of November, 1891, and is a son of William and Annie Louise (Mitchell) Virtue. He is descended in the paternal line from Irish ancestry, his grandfather being James Virtue, who was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, whence, coming to the new world, he cast in his lot with the pioneer settlers of Ontario, where he followed the occupation of farming. His son, William Virtue, was born at Smith's Falls, Ontario, in 1847, and in early life learned the builder's trade, which he followed in the employ of others for a number of years and then began contracting and building on his own account. About 1901 he removed with his family to Lethbridge, where he is still living. Here he continued to engage in building operations until 1910, when he retired from active life and is

now spending his days in the enjoyment of a well-earned rest. He married Annie Louise Mitchell, who was born in Pembroke, Ontario, in 1860, and who passed away in 1917. She was a daughter of Henry Mitchell, a native of Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. William Virtue were born eight children, six of whom are living, A Gladstone being the sixth child. Mr. Virtue is a member of the Baptist Church and his political allegiance has long been given to the Liberal party, with progressive leanings.

A. Gladstone Virtue obtained his early education in the public schools of Ontario and of Lethbridge, having been a lad of ten years when the family home was established in this city, where he was graduated from the high school with the class of 1908. He then initiated his business career by entering the office of W. C. Simmons, under whose preceptorship he pursued the study of law. He afterward continued his studies in Osgoode Hall at Toronto, later returning to Alberta and was graduated in law in 1913, leading his class each year and becoming a gold medalist of the Law Society. He gained his LL. B. degree upon graduation from the University of Alberta in 1913, and in the fall of that year he located for practice in Lethbridge, where he devoted his attention to professional interests until the fall of 1915. The world having become involved in the great international strife, he then trained for his commission at the Royal School of Artillery at Kingston, and enlisted in April, 1916, in the Sixty-first Battery. With his command he went to France and was for fifteen months in front line service. He had the rank of lieutenant and was awarded the military cross. With his return to Canada, in June, 1919, he resumed the private practice of law, in which he is now engaged and has made for himself a most creditable position in the ranks of the legal profession. He displays marked ability in the trial of his cases, which he prepares with great thoroughness and care, and his presentation of a cause before the courts is always clear and logical.

On the 25th of June, 1919, Mr. Virtue was married to Miss Edith Torrance, who was born in Clinton, Ontario, and was educated in the Clinton Collegiate School. She is a daughter of John and Joanna Torrance, also natives of Ontario, where they still reside, the father having retired from active work some years since. Mr. and Mrs. Virtue became parents of two daughters, Joan and Edith. The wife and mother passed away on the 8th of February, 1922, in the faith of the Presbyterian church, of which she was an active and consistent member. Her many good qualities of heart and mind endeared her to all who knew her, so that her death was deeply regretted by many friends, as well as by her immediate family.

Mr. Virtue has membership in the Baptist church and is an earnest worker in all branches of church service, being superintendent of the Sunday school and vice president of the Alberta conference of his denomination. He is an earnest and active supporter of the Young Men's Christian Association, of which he is serving as a director, and is chairman of the boys' work committee. He also belongs to the Lethbridge Bar Association and his time is wisely divided between his professional interests and

duties and his labors for the benefit of his fellowmen and of the city at large. In politics he is a Progressive and he stands at all times for those interests which mean advancement for the individual and for the province. He is an ardent prohibitionist.

ARTHUR W. CHALLAND.

Arthur W. Challand, manager for the J. J. McLaughlin Company, bottlers of mineral water at Edmonton, is an alert, energetic and representative business man, whose course has ever been marked by a steady progress that has brought him to his present place of responsibility and importance in commercial circles. Mr. Challand was born in Yorkshire, England in 1862, and is a son of William and Hannah (Winterbottom) Challand, who were also natives of England, where they spent their lives, the father conducting business as a grain merchant there and winning a substantial measure of success. He and his wife were members of the Congregational church and his political endorsement was given to the Liberal party.

Arthur W. Challand was the second in order of birth in a family of three children. He enjoyed the educational advantages offered in a private school and when his textbooks were put aside he received his initial business training under the direction of his father, working in connection with the grain trade for two years. On the expiration of that period he bade adieu to friends and native land and sailed for the new world, making his way to Hamilton, Ontario, in 1896. He was there associated with the Hamilton Steam Rolling Mills Company for a period of two years, after which he entered the employ of the Diamond Park Mineral Water Company near Hamilton, filling the responsible position of manager. He next became associated with the McLaughlin Company in Toronto and continued in the office at that point for a period of ten years. Later he established a branch for the J. J. McLaughlin Company in Edmonton and here is in control of the business, which is that of bottling all kinds of mineral water. At the same time, for a period of six years, he was in control of the business of the McLaughlin Motor Company in Edmonton, but is now devoting his entire time and attention to the management of the bottling plant. He is thorough and systematic in everything that he undertakes and his capability has brought him to a responsible position in business circles.

Mr. Challand was married in England, in 1892, to Miss Edith Mary Payne, who was born in that country and there pursued her education. They are members of Christ church (Anglican) and Mr. Challand is a Mason and also a member of the Canadian Order of Foresters. In these associations are indicated the rules which govern his conduct and shape all the relations of his life. He holds to high ideals in public service and was the first president of the Rotary Club in Edmonton. He was also

president of St. George's Society for a year. He is an active member of the Board of Trade and a supporter of all those measures and activities which are a matter of civic virtue and civic pride. He enjoys all forms of manly outdoor sport, especially a game on the links, and is a member of the Golf and Country Club. Cheer and friendliness are among his marked characteristics and he is familiarly known as "Pop" Challand, a name indicative of the warm regard and friendship entertained for him by all who know him. He is classed today with the most popular men in Edmonton.

RICHARD A. PILLING.

Richard A. Pilling, a successful rancher of the Cardston district, is one of Cardston's most progressive citizens. He was born in Kaysville, Davis county, Utah, on the 14th of September, 1857, a son of Richard and Catherine (Adams) Pilling, the former a native of England and the latter of Illinois. The paternal grandfather, John Pilling, was born in England and was the first member of his family to join the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. After coming to the United States he located in Utah, in 1853, and engaged in farming and there his death occurred. He married Peggy Bank. The maternal grandfather was Elias Adams, who joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in the United States and at an early day emigrated to Utah, where he also followed agricultural pursuits. He fought in the War of 1812, between England and the United States. Richard Pilling, the father of Richard A. Pilling, joined the church in England and removed to America with his parents about 1850. They lived in Nauvoo, Illinois, until 1853, when they crossed the plains with their oxen and located at Salt Lake. He had received his early education in England and when a young man he took up land near Salt Lake and engaged in farming. He worked for a man one day in order to pay for the use of a yoke of cattle for one day with which to work his land. He achieved success as a farmer but during the period when the crickets infested the country, he lost most of his crops. Misfortune did not weaken his determination, however, and he later acquired more land and continued farming and stock raising until he emigrated to Cardston in 1889. He made the trip overland and trailed some stock through with him. He homesteaded some raw prairie land on the St. Mary's river and he was the first to take water from that river for irrigation purposes. He built a house of logs hauled from the mountains and was a stock raiser and general farmer until his death in 1903, at the age of seventy-three years. His widow is eighty-four years of age. To Mr. and Mrs. Pilling ten children were born: Richard A., whose name introduces this review; John, who is a resident of Cardston; Joseph, who is residing in Kimball; Mary, who is the wife of Edward Morgan of Layton, Utah; Elias, who is living at Leavitt, Alberta; George E., who is deceased; Marguerite, the wife of James E. Nelson of Cardston; James and Rufus

E., who are residents of Cardston; and Elizabeth C., the wife of Charles T. Marsden of Cardston. Mr. Pilling devoted a great deal of his spare time to the church and he was the first bishop of Etna, and was a member of the high council at the time of his death. His political allegiance was given to the Liberal party.

Richard A. Pilling received his education in the public schools of Kaysville, Utah, and he lived with his parents until he became of age. He then started farming near his native town, proving up on some land, and resided thereon until he came to Cardston in 1892. He homesteaded land on the St. Mary's river and broke part of it. This he sold and later bought other land, which he brought to a highly improved state and on which he raised live stock. For the past few years he has bought and sold live stock and is making a success in this connection. In 1913 he moved into Cardston, where he is held in high confidence and esteem by all who know him.

On the 31st of December, 1879, occurred the marriage of Mr. Pilling to Miss Amanda Penrod, who was born in Cedar county, Utah. To them eleven children were born: Richard W. is engaged in the oil business; Elijah L. is living in Long Beach, California; Amanda died at the age of seventeen years; Laura is the wife of Joseph J. Marsden of Cardston; Elias and John L. died in childhood; Frank L. is living in Polson, Montana; Valentine, Ivan H. and Lyle are living in Cardston; and Morris died in infancy.

Mr. Pilling is a citizen of Cardston who stands for progress along all lines of activity and the success he has achieved may be attributed to honest toil and perseverance guided by sound judgment. He spends a great deal of time in the interests of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he is now holding the important position of high priest. He served on a mission in Connecticut and New York from 1911 to 1913.

PHILIP QUESNEL, M. D.

Dr. Philip Quesnel, engaged successfully in the practice of medicine and surgery at Edmonton, was born in the province of Quebec, on the 10th of December, 1879. He was but five years of age when left an orphan, after which he was reared by his guardian. He supplemented his early education by a commercial course and later entered Montreal University, where he began the study of medicine in 1899. He completed the regular course and was graduated in 1903, opening an office in the province of Quebec, where he remained until 1906. In that year he located at Morinville, and there resided until 1908, engaged in the private practice of medicine, but in the latter year he took up hospital work, thus continuing until 1912. He came to Edmonton, which place offered an open field, and entered into active association with Dr. A. Blais for the practice of medicine. Here he has remained and has largely specialized in

obstetrics. He has particularly qualified himself for professional work of that character and his ability is recognized by the profession throughout this section of the province. During the World war Dr. Quesnel was in overseas service from 1915 until 1917, holding a captain's commission, and was attached to a regiment.

It is characteristic of Dr. Quesnel that he loyally supports any plan or project for the general good. He is a member of the Catholic church and along strictly professional lines has membership in the Alberta Medical Society and the Canadian Medical Association. In this way he keeps in touch with the trend of modern professional thought and progress and also by wide reading and study adds to his knowledge and ability, so that he is steadily advancing to a place in the front rank of the members of the medical profession in this section of the province.

JOHN MONTGOMERIE-BELL.

Studiousness, combined with the habit of thoroughness, has brought John Montgomerie-Bell to a position of prominence at the Calgary bar and he conducts his law practice with strict regard for the highest ethical standards of the profession. He was born in the city of Edinburgh, Scotland, June 18, 1879, and his parents, Mathew and Jane (Cockburn) Montgomerie-Bell, were also natives of that country. The father was one of the leading barristers of Edinburgh, where he successfully followed his profession for many years. His death occurred in that city in February, 1917, while the mother passed away in September, 1897.

The public schools of his native city afforded John Montgomerie-Bell his early educational advantages and he afterward became a student at Edinburgh Academy and Edinburgh University, graduating from the latter institution on the completion of a course in law, it being his desire to follow in the professional footsteps of his father. In 1904, when a young man of twenty-five, he severed home ties and started for the States, making his way to the Pacific Northwest. For two years he operated a fruit ranch in the celebrated Yakima valley of Washington and in 1906 crossed the border into Canada, locating in Calgary, Alberta. In the following year he returned to Edinburgh and entered a law office of that city, in which he remained until 1911, when the lure of the new world brought him back to Canada. He spent a short time in Vancouver, British Columbia, and in September, 1912, returned to Calgary, entering the law offices of Lougheed & Bennett. He continued with that firm until 1916, when he enlisted for service in the World war, and was later commissioned a lieutenant. He went overseas with the Fiftieth Battalion and participated in several major operations on the western front. He was wounded on January 18, 1918, and returned to Canada in October, receiving his discharge in December, 1918. For two years thereafter he had charge of the information and service branches of the Soldiers' Civil



JOHN MONTGOMERIE-BELL.

Reestablishment bureau and on the expiration of that period he devoted a year to agency work. In November, 1921, he resumed the practice of law, remaining alone until July, 1922, when he was joined by C. W. Coole, who received the LL. B. degree from Cambridge University of England and is now a member of the firm, which has taken its place with the foremost in the city.

In April, 1913, Mr. Montgomerie-Bell married Miss Jean Macleod, the youngest daughter of Colonel James F. and Mary (Drever) Macleod, the former of whom died in 1894. The mother survives and is now a resident of Winnipeg, Manitoba. Two daughters have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Montgomerie-Bell: Helen Rothnie, whose birth occurred in December, 1914; and Roma Macleod, born in June, 1920. Mr. Montgomerie-Bell adheres to the teachings of the Anglican church and is one of the vestrymen of Christ church of that denomination at Elbow Park, a suburb of Calgary. His political support is given to the Conservative party, and while he has never sought nor held public office, he is deeply interested in all that pertains to the welfare and progress of his adopted city. He is a member of the Calgary Golf & Country Club and during his student days took an active part in athletic sports, in which he excelled, being particularly well known for his prowess as a football player. At the outset of his professional career he learned the necessity for thorough preparation and never enters a courtroom without being fully prepared to present his case in the strong, clear light of sound reasoning, based upon the fact and the law. He is thoroughly alive to the dignity and responsibility of his profession and has gained the respect and esteem of his fellow practitioners and the confidence of the general public.

WALTER G. ROSS.

No resident of the Victoria district of Alberta is better known nor more highly esteemed than Walter G. Ross, who for over forty years has been intimately connected with the development and upbuilding of Fort Saskatchewan, enduring all of the hardships and dangers of pioneer life and sharing in many of its exciting episodes. He was born in Ottawa, Ontario, June 5, 1853, a son of Patrick and Elizabeth (Gordon) Ross, both of whom are deceased. The mother was a native of Scotland and the father was born in India, being of Scotch parentage. They had a family of seven children, of whom six survive, Anna being the firstborn. Frances married John Forbes and they reside in Vancouver, British Columbia. The others are: Walter G., of this review; William, a native of the capital city of the Dominion; John B., whose home is in Vancouver, British Columbia; and George, who is living in Prince Rupert, in that province.

William Ross, brother of Walter G. Ross, was born June 1, 1855, and when twenty years of age he came west to Alberta. In 1877 he entered a homestead in the province and proved up on his claim, engaging in

general farming for six years, when he also took up stock raising, being thus occupied until 1900. He then turned his attention to mercantile pursuits, opening a general store at Star, near the town of Lamont, in the Victoria district, which he conducted for five years, being associated with his brother Walter. He has since been a resident of Fort Saskatchewan, although he has made frequent business trips to the other provinces of the Dominion, and makes his home with the subject of this review, with whom he is still associated in business, their attention now being devoted to real estate operations. He is numbered among the substantial business men and leading citizens of his community and is highly respected by all who have the pleasure of his acquaintance.

It was in 1873 that Walter G. Ross came to Alberta, at which time he was a member of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, and was stationed at the old Hudson's Bay fort at Edmonton until the expiration of his three-year term of service. In 1877 he located at Fort Saskatchewan, being one of the earliest settlers in this locality, and the country was at that time inhabited chiefly by the redskins. For about sixteen years he engaged in trading with the Indians, with whom he always maintained friendly relations, acquiring a valuable fund of knowledge in regard to their language and customs. From 1884 until 1896 he served as postmaster of the town and in 1880 he had taken up a government claim. On his withdrawal from public office he joined his brother William in the conduct of a general store at Star, Alberta, of which they remained the owners until 1900. They then entered the real estate and insurance business in Fort Saskatchewan and for twenty-two years have continued therein, gradually increasing the scope of their operations. The prosperity which they now enjoy is well merited, for it has been gained through hard work and fair dealing, and their labors have also been of material advantage to the locality in which they reside.

Mr. Ross' public spirit finds expression in his service as a member of the town council, in which capacity he is doing everything in his power to promote the welfare of his town, standing at all times for constructive measures and progressive methods. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, with which his brother is also affiliated, and both participated in the work of quelling the rebellion of 1885. They have manifested in their lives the sterling qualities of the Scotch race—thrift, integrity and steadfastness of purpose—and have made the name of Ross an honored one in the district in which they have so long resided.

W. J. BARTLETT.

W. J. Bartlett, who conducts the best equipped printing office in the pass, is well and favorably known in journalistic circles of Alberta as the owner and publisher of the Blairmore Enterprise, a weekly of high standing. A native of Newfoundland, he was born May 15, 1880, of the

marriage of Isaac William and Elizabeth Anne (Bishop) Bartlett, who are still living on that island. The father was formerly a member of the Newfoundland Imperial Police and is now living retired on a pension, having reached the age of seventy-two years. Mr. and Mrs. Bartlett reared a family of seven children, all of whom are residing in Newfoundland except the subject of this review.

The public schools of his native island afforded W. J. Bartlett his educational privileges and in 1909, when twenty-nine years of age, he came to this province, entering the newspaper field at Blairmore, in the Rocky Mountain district. At that time two papers were being published here and Mr. Bartlett purchased both plants, which he supplied with the most modern presses and other equipment necessary for the conduct of a first-class printing establishment. He has since issued the Blairmore Enterprise and is producing a paper of much interest and value to the district which it serves. Its news is authentic and its pages are filled with good reading matter, attractively set forth. The Enterprise now has a large circulation and owing to the high quality of his work Mr. Bartlett is also conducting a profitable business in job printing.

Aside from the power which he exercises in his editorial capacity Mr. Bartlett has done effective public service along educational lines, serving on the school board from 1912 until 1920, and from 1913 until 1920 he was a member of the town council. Fraternally he is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and he is also a member of the S. O. E. and the K. of P. He is of the progressive type, both as a journalist and as a citizen, and through the columns of his paper encourages every movement looking to the upbuilding and prosperity of his community, district and province.

DAVID RITCHIE.

David Ritchie, chief of police of Calgary, has devoted practically his entire life to this branch of municipal service and has risen to his present office through proven ability. He was born in Cumberland, England, February 12, 1882, and his parents were James and Fanny (Graham) Ritchie, the former a native of Scotland, while the latter was also born in Cumberland. The father devoted his life to the occupation of farming and has always resided in his native land. The mother passed away in 1887.

Reared on his father's farm, David Ritchie acquired his education in the public schools of Annen, Scotland, and when not busy with his studies he assisted in the cultivation of the land. For a short time he followed railroading and when eighteen years of age became a member of the Dumfriesshire Constabulary of Scotland, with which he was connected for twelve years. Attracted by the lure of a new country, he came to Canada, reaching Calgary, Alberta, on the 29th of April, 1911. On June

22 of that year he joined the Calgary police force in the capacity of constable and was appointed a detective on November 24, 1911. He continued to fill that position until December 1, 1915, when he enlisted for service in the World war, and was commissioned a lieutenant in the One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Battalion. In February, 1916, he won promotion to the rank of captain and on August 12, 1916, was ordered overseas. His battalion was broken up in January, 1917, and he was transferred to the One Hundred and Sixteenth Battalion from central Ontario, then commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Samuel Sharp, deceased. On February 11, 1917, they landed in France, Captain Ritchie being at that time second in command of a company, and in July of the same year he was placed at its head. He was with the One Hundred and Sixteenth Battalion until the battle of Amiens, on August 8, 1918, when he was wounded and was sent back to England for hospital treatment. He remained in the mother country until November, being on sick leave at the time the armistice was signed, and returned to Calgary, December 24, 1918. He received his discharge on the 7th of January, 1919, and then resumed his duties as detective, acting in that capacity until September 15 of that year, when he was made chief of police of Calgary to succeed Alfred Cuddy, who had tendered his resignation to accept a position with the provincial police at Edmonton, Alberta. This is a memorable date in Captain Ritchie's history, for on the day of his appointment to his present office he was decorated by the Prince of Wales with the Military Cross, which he had won on the battle fields of France, receiving the following citation: "Near Domart, during the attack on August 8, Captain Ritchie was in charge of the leading company. He handled his company with great skill and daring and his actions were a great inspiration to men under his command. He was wounded in the jumping-off trench and again on the objective, but still continued to carry on until again wounded. He set a fine example to all ranks during the active engagement." Broad experience has well qualified him for the responsibilities which devolve upon him and he has thoroughly systematized the department, bringing it up to a high standard of efficiency. He is bending every effort to maintain law and order and under his regime the criminal element has found Calgary a most undesirable place of residence. He is also a poultry fancier and specializes in the raising of pure bred White Wyandotte chickens.

On September 27, 1901, Mr. Ritchie was married to Miss Margaret Hutton, a daughter of David and Mary (Tait) Hutton, natives of Scotland. The mother is still living but the father met an accidental death. Mr. Ritchie is a member of the Hillhurst Presbyterian church and his social nature finds expression in his connection with the Canadian and Rotary Clubs of this city. He is a strong advocate of clean amateur athletics, in which he has taken an active part as a wrestler and boxer, also playing soccer and handball. He is now serving for the second year as president of the Alberta branch of the Amateur Union and also as head of the Caledonian Games Society. He has the courage of his con-

victions and exemplifies in his life the sterling qualities of the Scotch and English races, being recognized as a man of strict integrity whom neither fear nor favor can swerve from the course which he believes to be right. He is loyal to the trust reposed in him and is discharging his duties as a public official in such a manner as to win high encomiums from Calgary's citizens.

DONALD C. McEACHERN.

Donald C. McEachern, who for an extended period has been identified with educational interests and is now attendance officer for the province of Alberta, making his home in Edmonton, was born in Ontario, April 12, 1875, and is a son of Neil and Ann (Campbell) McEachern, the former a native of Argyleshire, Scotland, while the latter was born in North Carolina, where her parents resided for a short time. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Neil McEachern, however, was celebrated in Ontario and both passed away in that province, where the father had for many years engaged in farming. They were consistent and loyal members of the Presbyterian church and in politics Mr. McEachern was a Liberal. To him and his wife were born fourteen children, eleven of whom are living, Donald C. being the twelfth in order of birth.

Spending his youthful days under the parental roof, Donald C. McEachern obtained his education in the Owen Sound Collegiate Institute, from which he was graduated with the class of 1897. He then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for eighteen months in Ontario, and in December, 1898, he arrived in Strathcona, Alberta, where the following year he again became actively identified with pedagogic work. He taught for ten years at Strathcona and Leduc, being principal of the schools at the latter place for four and a half years. From the beginning he displayed marked ability in educational work and his own zeal and enthusiasm inspired teachers and pupils under him. After retiring from the position of principal at Leduc he filled the position of accountant in the Dominion land office for about seven years, at the end of which time he became identified with the educational department of the province and is now chief attendance officer of Alberta. He has occupied this position since 1916 and his six years of service have been highly satisfactory to the general public and especially to all who are keenly interested in the welfare and progress of the schools.

In 1904 Mr. McEachern was united in marriage to Miss Grace Martin, who was born in North Dakota, and they have become the parents of a son, Donald Stewart, who was born in 1908 and is now attending the public schools. Mr. McEachern is a member of the Canadian Order of Foresters and his political support is given to the Liberty party. He and his wife have membership in the Presbyterian church and they are highly esteemed by reason of their sterling worth and many excellent traits of

character. Mr. McEachern has done most effective work along educational lines and has ever labored to introduce the highest standards and to make his service of the utmost value in promoting the interests of the schools.

MICHAEL HOGAN.

Michael Hogan, mayor of St. Albert, is giving to this community a progressive and businesslike administration and he enjoys the confidence and esteem of all who know him. He is also engaged in the real estate and insurance business, in which he has achieved substantial success. He was born in Park Hill, Ontario, on the 16th of August, 1872, a son of Michael and Bridgett (Heenan) Hogan, natives of Ireland. They came to Canada at an early date and the father engaged in farming in Ontario province, where they resided the remainder of their days.

In the acquirement of his education Michael Hogan attended the public schools of Ontario and in due time was graduated from high school. He engaged in teaching and in farming until 1900, when he came to Alberta. He located in Strathcona and taught there for a time. Subsequently he came to St. Albert and followed his career as an educator until 1910, when he entered the real estate and the insurance business. He was successful from the start, conducting his business on the highest and most honorable principles. In 1919 he was elected mayor, and has since been active in this office, having inaugurated and brought to completion many movements for the development and improvement of St. Albert. He was police magistrate from 1917 to 1921 and served on the town council a number of years. Mr. Hogan has always been a stanch supporter of the Liberal party and has wielded much influence in party affairs.

Mr. Hogan is a consistent communicant of the Catholic church and has membership with the Knights of Columbus.

WILLIAM SHORT.

William Short, a member of the prominent law firm of Short, Cross, McLean & McBride of Edmonton, has been King's Counsel since 1907. He was born in the province of Ontario, in 1866, a son of William and Mary (Faulkner) Short, the former a native of England and the latter of Ireland.

In the acquirement of his education William Short attended the public high schools of Ontario and subsequently enrolled in Toronto University. His boyhood ambition was to study law and he studied for that profession in Calgary, Alberta. He was admitted to the provincial bar in 1894 and immediately started into practice. He brought to the pro-

fession thorough training and innate ability and achieved success from the start and in 1907 he was made King's Counsel. He is a member of the prominent firm of Short, Cross, McLean & McBride and enjoys an extensive and important clientele, handling much important litigation before the courts. Mr. Short is actively interested in many enterprises and is one of Edmonton's most substantial citizens.

On the 7th of February, 1900, in Milton, Ontario, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Short to Miss Henrietta McMaster, a daughter of the late James McMaster. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Short two children have been born: William Allan, whose birth occurred on the 15th of December, 1900; and Ruth, who is living at home.

In his political views Mr. Short is a Conservative and he maintains an active interest in civic affairs. He has served four terms as mayor of Edmonton and one term as president of the Board of Trade of this city. Fraternally Mr. Short is identified with the Masons, being a Knights Templar, and socially he holds membership in the Edmonton Golf & Country Club. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. One of Mr. Short's favorite forms of recreation is traveling and he has traveled extensively throughout North America and Europe.

JOHN HERRON.

John Herron is now living retired at Pincher Creek, after years of earnest, persistent labor, which brought to him a handsome competence. He engaged in ranching for many years and still retains some of his land. He was born in Ontario, on the 15th of November, 1853, a son of John and Marguerite (Crane) Herron, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of Scotland. The father was a farmer and came to Ontario at the age of twenty-one years. He owned much land in that province and lived retired for some time prior to his death, which occurred when he was ninety years of age. Mrs. Herron died in her sixtieth year. To Mr. and Mrs. Herron twelve children were born, John being the third in order of birth. One son, Peter, came to Alberta in the latter part of the '80s and homesteaded some land near Pincher Creek, on which he resided until his death. John Herron, Sr., was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church throughout his life and was an Orangeman.

John Herron attended the common schools of Ashton, Ontario, until he was twelve years of age, at which time he hired out, working in the woods of Ontario and Quebec for six dollars per month. At the age of sixteen years he began to learn the trade of a blacksmith and in 1874 he joined the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, as blacksmith for the police at Winnipeg. The following spring he came to Alberta with the Northwest Mounted Police, as escort of Major General Snipe. From Calgary they moved on to Macleod and thence into Montana. Subsequently he returned to Calgary with the same party. Later he went

through the mountains to Walla Walla, Washington, and finding it too late to make his way back through the passes Mr. Herron went on to Salt Lake City, where he bought a pack horse and made the journey to Calgary by way of Macleod, arriving there at Christmas time. He was stationed at Calgary until he received his honorable discharge from the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, in May, 1878. He then returned to Ottawa, Ontario, by the way of Fort Walsh and there embarked in the grocery and liquor business. Later he entered the firm of Bate & Herron, which association was maintained until 1881, when he withdrew and came back to Pincher Creek. He organized a cattle company in this district, which was known as the Stewart Ranch Cattle Company and he obtained a lease of about forty thousand acres between Pincher Creek and South Fork. He became local manager of the ranch and he deserves great credit for what was accomplished. He engaged in breeding Clydesdale horses and imported several stallions. At one time he put one thousand head of horses, which he had brought from Idaho, in the Crowsnest Pass for the winter and he never lost a horse. When Mr. Herron determined to dispose of his interests and retire he held a large sale and averaged better than one hundred and eighty dollars per head. Aside from ranching he has done some experimental farming, and he owns a half section of land. He retired from active life in 1908.

Mr. Herron married Miss Ida Lake of Lindsay, Ontario. To their union three children have been born: The eldest child, Georgia G., is the wife of E. G. Ambrose, a successful farmer; Kate is the wife of J. L. Jenison, superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railroad at Edmonton; the youngest member of the family is Edith Maude, who is the wife of George Hunter, manager of the Union Bank at Lethbridge.

Mr. Herron gives his political allegiance to the Conservative party and he was elected to parliament at Ottawa in 1904 and again in 1908. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, being past master of the Royal Arch Masons, and he is also an Orangeman. Mr. Herron deserves great credit for what he has accomplished, for he started out in life empty-handed, met difficulties cheerfully and bravely, overcame obstacles, and by energy and perseverance worked his way upward to success. His friends throughout Macleod district are legion and he is held in high confidence and esteem.

HENRY AUSTIN CHADWICK.

Henry A. Chadwick has chosen the practice of law as his life work, and holding to high ideals, he has steadily advanced in the field of professional service until he now occupies a position of prominence at the Calgary bar. He was born at Guelph, Ontario, April 15, 1883, and his parents, Austin Cooper and Caroline C. (Nicholson) Chadwick, were also natives of that province. The father was a distinguished jurist and for

almost half a century presided over the county court of Wellington county, Ontario, holding office for a longer period than any other judge in the province, and it is doubtful if this record has been surpassed in the Dominion. The mother is living but the father passed away in June, 1921.

Henry A. Chadwick attended Upper Canada College at Toronto and prepared for his profession at Osgoode Hall in that city, graduating in law with the class of 1907. He first located for practice at Perth, Ontario, forming a partnership with the late the Hon. J. A. Stewart, and remained at that place until 1914, when he came west to Alberta, establishing his home in Calgary. He entered the law office of Lougheed, Bennett & McLaws, in which he spent fifteen months, and then became a member of the firm of Savary, Fenerty & Chadwick, with which he has since been connected.

In September, 1907, Mr. Chadwick married Miss Mary Helena Sandilands, a daughter of George Sandilands, who was one of the leading bankers of Guelph, Ontario, but is now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Chadwick have one child, Caroline Isabella, born in June, 1909. Mr. Chadwick is a member of the Anglican church and his political support is given to the Conservative party, while fraternally he is identified with the Canadian Order of Foresters.

JAMES MAY.

One of the pioneer citizens of Cardston who for many years was closely associated with the agricultural and stock raising interests of this district, was James May, whose death occurred on the 28th of March, 1910, a son of George and Hannah (Hobbs) May, both natives of England. Mr. and Mrs. George May joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in England and subsequently left their native country for the United States. On the way across the plains Mr. May's demise occurred, and his widow and children continued the journey.

James May, with his mother and the other members of the family, made the trip overland to Utah in the early '50s, it taking several weeks to make the journey. For some time he located at Bountiful, Davis county, where he engaged in farming and subsequently he removed to near Calls Fort, and there secured some land. He farmed with great success in Utah until 1888, when he came to Alberta and located at what is now Cardston, there being at that time but seven log houses here. He homesteaded some land five miles south of Cardston and, hauling wood from the mountains, a trip covering two days, he erected a log house with a dirt roof. He had to do his freighting of supplies from Lethbridge. After much hard work Mr. May got his land broken and under cultivation, and from time to time he purchased more land until he had three hundred and twenty acres. He was in the truest sense of the word a

self-made man. Earnest and persistent work was the source of his success and he well-merited the confidence and esteem in which he was held by all who knew him. His friends in this district were legion and his demise in 1910 was deeply regretted.

In 1877 Mr. May married Miss Rhoda A. Lang, a native of Salt Lake and a daughter of William and Mary (Pugsley) Lang. Her parents were both born in England, where they joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and after coming to the United States, emigrated to Salt Lake in 1852. They made the trip overland with oxen, experiencing the many trials and tribulations of that early day and they located near Salt Lake, where the father followed agricultural pursuits. Later they were called by the church to assist in the colonization of St. George and both Mr. and Mrs. Lang died there. To Mr. and Mrs. May eleven children were born: The eldest son, William L., died when he was seven years of age; Mary A. is the wife of William Cleveland of Twin Falls, Idaho; Jane died in infancy; Artamissia is the widow of Fred Best of Cardston; Ben H. is a veteran of the World war, having enlisted at Cardston with the Thirteenth Mounted Rifles and received his training at Medicine Hat and Calgary. Subsequently he was sent to France, where he remained eight months. He participated in several engagements including that at Vimy Ridge, and later received a lieutenant's commission and was transferred to the Cavalry; Agnes is the wife of James McLain and they are living in Missouri; Eunice is married to Claude A. Ferguson of Cardston. Zina died at the age of four years and Alice died at the age of six; Sterling I. is now living in Cardston. He was on a mission for the church five years in Tonga, one of the group of islands known as the Friendly Islands; Ross R. is an accountant in the Bank of Montreal at Calgary. Since 1920 Mrs. Fred Best and Mrs. C. A. Ferguson have successfully conducted the Model Millinery Store in Cardston. The May family are consistent members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

Although Mr. May devoted the greater part of his time and attention to farming and stock raising he was an active worker in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and was holding the office of high priest at the time of his demise. He served as bishop's councilor at Calls Fort, Utah, and also filled a mission in the eastern states.

SALTON McGIBBON, M. D.

As a specialist in diseases pertaining to the eye, ear, nose and throat Dr. Salton McGibbon has built up an enviable reputation and during the period of his residence in Edmonton he has gained a large practice in recognition of his professional ability. He was born in Arkona, Ontario, in 1878, and is of Scotch lineage in both the paternal and maternal lines. His father, Donald McGibbon, was born in the town of Killin, Perthshire,



SALTON McGIBBON, M. D.

Scotland, in 1832 and when he was but fourteen months old was taken by his parents to Canada. He was married in Ontario to Isabella Cameron, of Scotch parentage. Her death occurred in 1908, while he passed away in 1921, when he had reached the advanced age of eighty-nine years.

Salton McGibbon acquired his medical training in McGill University at Montreal, Quebec, from which he was graduated in 1902. He spent the years 1912 and 1913 abroad in perfecting his professional knowledge, studying diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. He was in Vienna, Austria, the greater part of the time, and the balance of it was spent in London, England, and Berlin, Germany. Previous to that time he was engaged in hospital work in Mexico. He returned to Canada on December 25, 1913, locating in Edmonton, where he has since limited his practice to those branches of medical science in which he specializes, and his professional activities have been rewarded by well merited success, for he is very skillful and conscientious in his work.

While pursuing his studies in Vienna, Dr. McGibbon was married, in 1913, to Miss Berta Gottlieb and they have become the parents of a son, Ralph Wilfred, whose birth occurred in 1914. Dr. McGibbon is an adherent of the Presbyterian church and in politics he reserves the right to vote independently, standing for all that is most progressive in matters of citizenship. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Manchester Unity Order of Odd Fellows and his professional connections are with the Edmonton Academy of Medicine and the Alberta Medical Association. He is constantly promoting his efficiency through study and investigation and his pronounced ability and high standards of personal honor have won him the respect of his professional associates and the confidence of the laity.

GEORGE BLIGH O'CONNOR, K. C.

George B. O'Connor has gained a position of distinction at the Edmonton bar and he enjoys in large measure the confidence and respect of his professional colleagues and associates. He was born at Walkerton, Ontario, in 1883, and his parents were Frederick S. and Maria I. (Hamilton) O'Connor, also natives of that province. Both are deceased, the former passing away in 1901 and the latter in 1911.

Reared in Walkerton, George Bligh O'Connor there attended the public high schools and afterward became a student at Osgoode Hall in Toronto, Ontario, from which he was graduated in 1905, on the completion of a law course. In the same year he came to Edmonton, where he entered upon his professional career, becoming a member of the firm of Griesbach, O'Connor & Company, with which he has since been identified. In 1913 he was created King's Counsel, and in 1920 he was honored with the presidency of the Edmonton Bar Association, filling that office for a

year. He also has business interests, being one of the directors of the Sterling Coal Company.

At Kingston, Ontario, on the 26th of October, 1913, Mr. O'Connor was married to Miss Hannah Margaret Fairlie, a daughter of Rev. John and Hannah Fairlie, the former a native of Scotland and now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor are the parents of a daughter, Margaret Isabel, who was born September 12, 1915. Mr. O'Connor is a member of the Anglican church and is serving as one of the vestrymen of Christ church. He is a Master Mason and the nature of his recreation is indicated by his connection with the Edmonton Golf & Country Club, while his political support is given to the Liberal party.

EUGENE E. CHANDLER.

Eugene E. Chandler, clerk of the district court, is one of the leading citizens of Wetaskiwin. He was born in Vermont, on the 30th of October, 1866, a son of Roswell Henry and Mary (Leland) Chandler, likewise natives of Vermont. Mr. Chandler, who was one of the most successful business men of his day, was a commission merchant and farmer in Vermont for some time and in 1879 removed to Kansas, where both he and his wife resided until death. Throughout his life the father was a stanch supporter of the republican party and the principles for which it stands, and he was a member of the Kansas legislature from 1892 to 1896. Mr. and Mrs. Chandler were consistent members of the Methodist Episcopal church. To their union six children were born, four of whom are living, Eugene E. whose name introduces this review, being the third in order of birth. One sister, Mamie, who is a music teacher and dressmaker, lives with Eugene E.

In the acquirement of his education Eugene E. Chandler attended the public schools of Kansas and was graduated from high school in Janesville, Wisconsin, and also took a commercial course there. Later he learned telegraphy and he was active in that connection for the Santa Fe Railroad in Kansas until 1893, when he came to Wetaskiwin. After coming here he homesteaded and proved up on considerable land in this district and lived on it three years, at the end of which time he moved into Wetaskiwin, where he clerked in stores and did other odd jobs in order to make ends meet, until 1902, when he became farm instructor on the Hobbema Indian Reservation. In 1905 he accepted a clerkship in an implement house and after resigning that position he became a clerk in the Dominion Land Office, so serving until December, 1906. In 1907 he was made assistant clerk of the supreme court, in 1912 he became acting district clerk, and clerk of the district court in 1917. He has since held this important office and is creditably discharging the many duties devolving upon him. When Mr. Chandler came to Wetaskiwin he had but fifteen cents to his name. The success which has crowned his

efforts is the more creditable to him by reason of the fact that he started out in life empty-handed and by indomitable industry and unfaltering energy, worked his way upward to the position he now occupies among the prosperous and enterprising citizens of Wetaskiwin.

In 1888 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Chandler to Miss Lydia Kolb, a native of Ontario. To their union nine children have been born, eight of whom are living: Edwin is a newspaper man in Albany, Oregon; Roswell Herbert is clerking in a store in Wetaskiwin; Mildred is the wife of James A. Horn, who is in the milk business at Rocky Mountain House; Levi is teaching school; Richard is clerking in the Imperial Bank; Howard is clerking; and Victor and Stanley are students in the local schools.

In his political views Mr. Chandler is a Liberal. He has always maintained an active interest in party affairs and is well informed on all important questions and issues of the day. Mr. Chandler was overseer of the village of Wetaskiwin from 1899 to 1902 and he was a member of the town council from 1905 to 1908. He is now serving as police magistrate. His religious faith is evidenced in his membership in the Methodist church and fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He has passed through all of the chairs in the local lodge and has likewise held all chairs in the grand encampment. Mr. Chandler is a man of strong individuality and marked character and these qualities have been developed in him by his independent and self-reliant life.

R. G. DOUGLAS, M. D.

Through the past decade Dr. Roy G. Douglas has been engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery in Edmonton and has made steady advancement along the line of his chosen profession as he has demonstrated his skill and ability to cope with the intricate and involved problems that are continually confronting the physician. He was born in Ontario, on the 2d of December, 1884, and his youthful experiences were those of the farm bred boy who divides his time between the work of the schoolroom, the pleasures of the playground and the duties assigned him by parental authority. A high school course supplemented his early training in the common branches of study, and after reviewing the broad field of business, with its limitless opportunities along the lines of agricultural, commercial, industrial and professional life, he determined to devote his attention to the practice of medicine. With this end in view he matriculated in Toronto University as a medical student and was graduated with the class of 1911. He afterward did postgraduate work and obtained valuable practical experience in Toronto hospitals for two years.

The opportunities of the growing west attracted Dr. Douglas and in 1913 he made his way to Edmonton, where he opened an office and has since engaged in general practice. Here he soon came into favor through

his capability in the line of his chosen profession, and as the years have passed he has enjoyed a large and growing practice.

Dr. Douglas belongs to the Presbyterian church and he is interested in many forces which make for the moral progress of the community and for the advancement of those activities which are a matter of civic virtue and of civic pride. He has little time for public work, however, and confines his attention to his profession. He belongs to both the Alberta and Canadian Medical Associations and thus keeps abreast with the trend of modern professional thought and progress.

REV. R. LORNE McTAVISH.

Rev. R. Lorne McTavish, pastor of the McDougall Methodist church at Edmonton, accepted the call to his present charge in 1918 and has here since lived and labored, doing splendid work in the further upbuilding of what was the first Protestant church of the city. A native of Ontario, he was born in Perth district, August 29, 1879, and is a son of Douglas and Annie (McGregor) McTavish, the latter a native of Scotland, while the father was born in Perth district, where their marriage was celebrated. He was educated in the public schools of Perth district and in Toronto and became a successful teacher. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church in early life but after the death of his wife Mr. McTavish united with the Methodist church. He was also a member of the Home Circle and of the Royal Templars and in these associations were indicated the rules that governed his conduct and shaped his relations with his fellowmen. In politics he was a Liberal. His family numbered eight children, six of whom are living.

R. Lorne McTavish, the youngest of five sons, acquired his early education in the public schools near his father's home and afterward attended Victory College at Toronto and also the Wesleyan College at Winnipeg. In the latter institution he qualified for the work of the ministry and was ordained in 1905. Since that time he has devoted his attention to this holy calling and his labors have been far-reaching and resultant. Following his ordination he was appointed pastor of the Methodist church at Fort Frances, Ontario, where he continued his labors for a year and then accepted a call to St. John's Methodist Episcopal church at Norwood. He also served seven years as pastor of the Young church at Winnipeg and afterward filled the pastorate of Zion church at Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, where he remained for three years. On the expiration of that period he was assigned to the pastorate of the United church at Wolseley, Saskatchewan, there serving for a year and then filled the pulpit of the Fifth Avenue church at Medicine Hat, Alberta, for two years. He next came to Edmonton, arriving in 1918 and through the intervening period of five years he has been identified with the McDougall church, which was the first Protestant church established in Edmonton.

The original house of worship was built in 1871 and since that time two other church edifices have been built, the congregation now having a most attractive church home. Under the guidance of Rev. Mr. McTavish the work of the church has been splendidly organized and is being carried steadily forward. There is a membership of between seven and eight hundred people and the church building has the largest seating capacity in the city. The auditorium is well filled at the various church services and Mr. McTavish is regarded as a most earnest, fluent and convincing speaker. He is also chairman of the western Edmonton district for the Methodist church and his work in that connection claims a considerable portion of his time, while his specific duties in his home church are many, making his life a very busy and useful one. He is regarded as a strong factor in the moral progress and development of Edmonton and the cause of Protestantism is making steady advancement under his leadership.

In 1908 Mr. McTavish was married to Miss Eva Houston, who was born in Stratford, Ontario, and they have become parents of three daughters: Grace, Edith and Isabel, all now in school. In politics Mr. McTavish is an independent voter, supporting men and measures rather than party. He became a charter member of the Rotary Club at Medicine Hat and was elected vice president at its organization. He attended the national meeting of Rotarians as a delegate from his club at Kansas City and he is ever interested in projects promoted for the uplift of mankind and the benefit of the community at large. His indefatigable energy declines no call to labor or to service and his efforts have been highly resultant as an influential factor for moral progress in the lives of many.

NORMAN R. BLUE.

Although his connection with the Vegreville bar covers a comparatively brief period, Norman R. Blue has already won a liberal clientele and his business in the courts is constantly increasing in volume and in importance. He was born in Chesley, Ontario, September 7, 1889, and more extended mention of his family is made in the biographical record of his brother, John Blue, which is published elsewhere in this work. He attended Owen Sound College and completed his professional training in the university at Edmonton, and in 1912 he began as a student of law at North Battleford, Saskatchewan, being at that time twenty-two years of age. He remained at that place for one and a half years and then came to this province, with the late A. G. Mackay, locating in Edmonton, where he resided from 1914 until 1918. The next ten months were spent in Mundare, Alberta, and in 1919 he removed to Vegreville, where he has since successfully followed his profession. He has been entrusted with important litigated interests and is devoted to the interests of his

clients. He has a comprehensive knowledge of the principles of jurisprudence, which he correctly applies to the points in litigation, and his logical deductions constitute forceful elements in winning favorable verdicts.

In 1919 Mr. Blue married Miss Anna B. MacLennan, a native of the province of Quebec. He has always been an indefatigable worker and an earnest student and is never content until he has mastered every detail of his cases. He has won an enviable degree of success, although he has not yet reached the zenith of his powers, and his ability and enterprise will undoubtedly carry him steadily forward in his profession.

JOHN M. MILLER.

On the list of Calgary's public officials appears the name of John M. Miller, who for eleven years has served as city clerk, his long retention in the office being proof of his ability and the trust reposed in him by his fellow citizens. He was born in Winnipeg, Manitoba, February 3, 1887, and is a son of Robert and Mary (Morton) Miller, natives of Scotland. In 1886 they emigrated to Canada, establishing their home in Winnipeg, Manitoba, and the father entered the employ of the gas company in the capacity of blacksmith, having followed that trade in Scotland. He also served as engineer and recognition of his ability and fidelity came in his promotion to the position of manager. He remained with that corporation for several years but is now retired and he and his wife are living in Winnipeg.

John M. Miller was reared and educated in his native city, attending the grammar and high schools and the Winnipeg Business College. After completing his course he became stenographer and bookkeeper in the office of the city clerk of Winnipeg, where he was employed from 1902 until 1907, when he was appointed private secretary to the mayor. He ably discharged the duties of that position for four years and in December, 1911, became city clerk of Calgary, in which capacity he has since been retained. His work is performed in an efficient and systematic manner and his services are very valuable to the public.

In April, 1912, Mr. Miller was united in marriage to Miss Edna Thompson Buchan, a daughter of Alexander and Margaret (Smith) Buchan, natives of Scotland. In 1883 the father came to Canada, settling in Winnipeg, Manitoba, where he has since resided, and for many years he has filled the office of district fire chief. Mr. Miller is a member of the Knox Presbyterian church and through his connection with the Calgary Curling Club and the Municipal Golf Club he obtains needed recreation and diversion. Fraternally he is identified with Elks Lodge, No. 4, at Calgary, the Canadian Order of Foresters, and the Masonic order, belonging to Ashlar Lodge, No. 28, A. F. & A. M. He has always endeavored to discharge his duty according to the best of his ability and his advance-

ment has been won through industry and merit. He stands for progress, reform and improvement in municipal affairs and has made a highly creditable record as a city official, exemplifying in his life the sterling characteristics of the Scotch race.

WILLIAM E. BRYANS, M. D.

Numbered among the alumni of Trinity Medical College of Toronto and further qualified for onerous and important professional duties by wide reading and scientific investigation, Dr. William E. Bryans is now successfully practicing as a member of the firm of Campbell, Roy, Bryans & Shillington at Lethbridge. The duties that devolve upon him he most conscientiously discharges and at all times he has held to the highest professional standards and ethics.

William E. Bryans was born in Ontario, in 1878, and is a son of Edward and Mary (Gallaher) Bryans. His grandfather in the paternal life was Edward Bryans, who came from County Fermanagh, Ireland, to the new world, settling in Ontario, where he followed the occupation of farming and reared his family. His son, Edward Bryans, was born in Fermanagh, in 1842, and he, too, turned to agricultural pursuits as a life work, retaining his residence in Ontario from the time of his arrival in the new world until his demise. He was there married in 1873 to Miss Mary Gallaher, who was born in Huron county, Ontario, in 1855, and is a daughter of John Gallaher, a native of Ireland, who settled in Ontario in pioneer times and there devoted his attention to the work of tilling the soil. Mrs. Bryans is still making her home in Ontario, but Mr. Bryans passed away in the year 1914, at the age of seventy-two. He was a member of the Anglican church and in politics was a Conservative, holding some local political offices. He served as a councilor for a number of years and at one time was a director of a fire insurance company for a considerable period. To him and his wife were born seven children.

Dr. Bryans, the third in order of birth, pursued his education in the Listowel high school, from which he was graduated about 1897. He then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for three years, but regarded this merely as an initial step to other professional labor, using teaching as a means of earning the money that would enable him to pursue his medical education. He entered Trinity Medical College at Toronto in 1902, and was graduated therefrom in 1906. He spent two years as interne in the Western Hospital at Toronto and thus gained that broad and valuable experience which can never be so quickly acquired in any other way as in hospital practice. Later he removed westward, taking up his abode in southern Alberta. He practiced at Carmangay for nine years and in 1918 came to Lethbridge, where he joined the firm of DeVeber, Campbell, Roy & Cragg. Following the retirement of the last named the firm became Campbell, Roy, Bryans & Shillington

and in this connection Dr. Bryans continues in active practice, his service being of marked value and benefit to his fellowmen, by reason of his highly developed skill in his chosen calling. He has pursued three post-graduate courses, two in the Post Graduate School of New York and one in the Northwestern University at Chicago. He also studied for three months under Dr. J. B. Murphy, eminent surgeon of that city. He devotes practically his entire time to his profession and his ability is pronounced.

In 1913 Dr. Bryans was married to Miss Mabelle Shouldice, who was born at Owen Sound, Ontario, and they have become parents of one son, Manley, eight years of age, now in school. Dr. Bryans and his wife are members of the Methodist church and fraternally he is a Mason. He has filled all of the chairs in the lodge and is a past master and he also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he is a Conservative and while residing at Carmangay served as mayor. He belongs to the Chinook Club and is appreciative of the social amenities of life but concentrates his efforts and attention upon his professional interests and duties and his membership along strictly professional lines is with the Alberta Medical Association and the Canadian Medical Association. He thus keeps abreast with the advanced thought and purposes of the profession and his colleagues and contemporaries in the practice of medicine and surgery, as well as the general public, attest his ability and his high standing as a physician and surgeon.

FRANCIS STACY McCALL.

Among the forces which are proving most effective in the intellectual and moral progress of Edmonton is the Alberta College North, of which Francis Stacy McCall is the principal. His equipment for the high service to which he has dedicated his life is most thorough and comprehensive and since his college days were over he has done most effective work in behalf of the uplift of his fellowmen through his teaching in both the schoolroom and the pulpit, bringing to those who have come under his influence a wider vision of effective service in the world's work. Mr. McCall was born at St. Williams, Ontario, May 10, 1881, and is a son of F. A. and Elizabeth (Killmaster) McCall, both of whom were natives of Ontario and the father is still living at St. Williams. He was a merchant and fruit man in early life. He is descended from Scotch ancestry, while his wife was of Pennsylvania Dutch lineage. He belongs to the United Empire Loyalist stock and his political allegiance has always been given to the Conservative party. He is an Orangeman and has long been a devoted member of the Methodist church. For a time he resided in the United States and during that period served as deputy clerk of Douglas county, Oregon. His business position for a time was that of fruit inspector while a resident of Oregon.

Francis Stacy McCall was the seventh in order of birth in a family of eight children, four of whom are living. He obtained his education in the public schools of St. Williams and also the high school at Port Rowan, while later he became a student in the Simcoe Model School for Teachers. He then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for three years as principal of his home school and for two years he was a student in the Normal College at Ottawa. On the expiration of that period he secured the position of principal of the Port Rowan schools, where he remained for two years, after which he volunteered for mission work in northwestern Canada. He was stationed in southern Alberta at Macleod for a time, where he did real pioneer work. The country was then but sparsely settled, railroads were comparatively few and even wagon roads had not been developed to any great extent. He rode ten thousand miles on horseback through the territory, in which he continued his missionary labors and his teachings were recognized as a strongly effective force for good in this frontier country. Later he returned east, going to Toronto, where he pursued a theological course in Victoria University. He then again came to the west as a teacher and was offered a position in the college at Edmonton. For a time he taught in Alberta College, attending college as a student in the morning sessions, while teaching through the afternoon period. He was the first student to register in the University of Alberta and was graduated with first class honors in English in the first class that completed the work of that institution—the class of 1912, receiving the summa cum laude. He also won other honors during his university days in making a splendid record by his high scholarship. He afterward pursued a theological course, which he completed by graduation in 1913, winning the gold medal for his efficiency in the school work. He was then appointed principal of Alberta College North, in 1913, and has remained in this position continuously, covering a full decade. The college has trebled in registration during this period and today there are thirty-five teachers under his leadership, while instruction is given in both public and high school courses, also in commercial courses and in music. High standards are being maintained in connection with the work of the school and Rev. Mr. McCall is actuated by advanced ideals in all of his work concerning the instruction of the young in preparation for life's practical and responsible duties.

In 1914 Mr. McCall was married to Miss Olive Steele Todd, who was born in Meaford, Ontario, and there pursued her education in the public schools and in the Toronto Conservatory, while later she attended the Currie School of Expression at Boston, U. S. A., and became a teacher of expression in St. Hilda's College at Calgary. She is a lady of innate refinement and culture and has been of much assistance to her husband in his work. They have become parents of three children: Elsie, who is in school; Hugh; and Francis.

Both parents are members of the Methodist church, in which Mr. McCall is now an ordained minister and throughout his educational work

it has been his high purpose to train pupils not only along the lines of intellectual development but in those moral concepts which make for the growth of character as well. Fraternally he is a thirty-second degree Mason and also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was the first worthy patron of the Eastern Star in Edmonton chapter and belongs to the Edmonton Kiwanis Club, in connection with which he has served as lieutenant governor of the Western Canada district for two years. He was also a member of the library board for a year and president of the social service council for two years. His interest has always centered in those channels through which flow the greatest and most permanent good to the greatest number. He has sought every opportunity to promote intellectual, cultural and moral progress and he has traveled quite extensively over the province in the interest of the college which he represents. He spent one summer at Crowsnest and there assisted in organizing Knox Methodist church, the first church of this name in the province of Alberta. A man of broad vision, actuated by high purposes, his labors have indeed been an effective force in promoting intellectual and moral progress. What he has done represents the fit utilization of his innate powers and talents, wisely directed by high ideals.

FATHER LOUIS C. WALRAVENS.

One of the most popular and highly esteemed citizens of Wetaskiwin is Father Louis C. Walravens, who has had charge of the Sacred Heart church here since 1904. He was born in Antwerp, Belgium, on the 2d of February, 1870, a son of Francis and Phillipina (De Keersmaecker) Walravens, both natives of Belgium. The father was a commissioner and a leading and influential citizen of the community in which he resided. He achieved substantial success in life and retired in 1889. He passed away in 1905, and Mrs. Walravens is making her home in Antwerp. To their union five children were born, Louis C. Walravens of this review being the only member of the family living in Canada.

The schools of Antwerp afforded Louis C. Walravens his early education and later he entered Notre Dame Jesuit College there. Upon the completion of a scientific course he enrolled in the theological department of Louvain University, from which institution he was graduated in 1895, having been ordained on the 28th of September, 1894. His first charge was the abbey of Grimberghen, Belgium, near Brussels, and for five years he remained there as lecturer on theology and philosophy. At the termination of that time he became parish priest at Pont Brule, where he served from 1900 until July, 1904, when he came to Canada and on the 6th of August, 1904, he arrived in Wetaskiwin, and since that time has been in charge of the Sacred Heart church. He has a congregation consisting of seventy families and he is dearly beloved by them. He has a separate school, taught by sisters who came to Wetaskiwin in 1910, the school hav-



FATHER LOUIS C. WALRAVENS.

ing seven grades and an enrollment of some seventy pupils. Father Walravens is probably the oldest priest, in point of service, in the province of Alberta. In 1911 he built a fine brick church in this city, and he still lectures from time to time in various cities in the province and is widely and prominently known.

During the World war Father Walravens took an active part in the furtherance of all worthy causes. He is a man of high intellectual attainments and he takes a leading part in the musical circles of Wetaskiwin. He has attained the fourth degree in the Knights of Columbus.

THOMAS LONGWORTH.

Thomas Longworth is one of the leading and prosperous business men of Lethbridge. He was born in Chorley, Lancashire, England, on the 20th of September, 1883, a son of Robert and Marguerite Alice (Morris) Longworth, also natives of England. The father has followed mining for many years in his native country. He is a consistent communicant of the Church of England and a member of the R. A. O. B., L. O. L., and Independent Order of Odd Fellows. To Mr. and Mrs. Longworth the following children were born: Thomas, the eldest of the family, is the subject of this review; Elijah L. is living in Montreal; Flora is the wife of John Rothwell, who is connected with the Montreal shipyards; John is engaged in mining in Lethbridge. He is a veteran of the World war, having served with the Second Tunneling Company of Engineers. He was a prisoner of war from the 2d of June, 1916, until after the signing of the armistice; James served as a member of the Fourth and Fifth Battalions, Royal North Lancashires and was killed at Amiens, in February, 1918. He enlisted in England and served as a corporal; Robert enlisted in the Tenth Battalion, Royal North Lancashires in 1916. He was wounded in 1917 and confined in a hospital until the armistice was signed and he received his honorable discharge in 1920; Bella; and Lilly, who is living with her parents in England.

Thomas Longworth attended school in his native community and likewise became a student at the Exton Grammar school. After putting his textbooks aside he engaged in mining, which he followed until he left his native home in 1908, and went to Coal Creek, British Columbia. Soon after arriving in British Columbia he resumed mining and in 1910 started work at the Royal Collieries. Subsequently he removed to Commerce and was driver boss from 1912 to 1913. In the latter year he removed to Frank, Alberta, and in December, 1914, joined the Canadian Expeditionary Forces. He was stationed at Medicine Hat until June, 1915, and then went overseas, remaining at Shorncliffe, England, until September, 1915, when he left for France. He was with the Second Battalion at Ypres in 1916 and was gassed during that engagement, after which he was sent to England to a hospital and subsequently returned to Canada. In Jan-

uary, 1917, he became superintendent of Mine Rescue Station, No. 1, at Lethbridge and he was active in that connection until 1919. At that time he was transferred to the employment department, where he is now serving. Since 1917 he has been president of the G. W. V. A. of Lethbridge. In April, 1922, he was elected one of the advisory commissioners of the city of Lethbridge, his term of service to expire in 1925.

In 1907 Mr. Longworth was married to Miss Ellizebeth Alice Thralfall, a native of Farrington, England. To their union one child has been born: Jack, whose birth occurred at the Royal Collieries, on the 18th of February, 1912. He is a student in the local schools.

The family are consistent communicants of St. Mary's Parish at Lethbridge. Mr. Longworth is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, holding membership in Mizpah Lodge, No. 72; Lodge No. 1616, L. O. L. of Lethbridge; and Moose Lodge, No. 379, of Lethbridge. Mr. Longworth is an intelligent and capable business man, of broad views and practical ideas, and is well informed on all current subjects.

WILLIAM C. WOOD.

William C. Wood, one of the well known and highly respected public officials of Calgary, is ably discharging the duties of city comptroller and for fourteen years has been the incumbent in that office. He is a native of the United States, his birth having occurred in Denver, Hancock county, Illinois, on the 10th of April, 1874, and his parents, Dr. Ezra B. and Martha Elizabeth (Thompson) Wood, were also natives of that state. The father was a successful physician and devoted his life to the practice of medicine. His death occurred at Carthage, Illinois, in 1877, and was caused by a kick from a horse. He is survived by the mother, who is now residing in Alberta.

At the time of his father's death William C. Wood was but three years old and in 1880 his mother re-married, her second union being with Adam Simonton, an agriculturist. William C. Wood attended the public schools of Nebraska until he was eleven years of age and in 1885 went to western Kansas, where his stepfather operated a large ranch. After spending some time there he went to live with his uncle, Levi O. Dodge, who was then serving as postmaster of Shickley, Nebraska, and attended high school at that place. He completed his high school course at Lawrence, Kansas, teaching school during vacation periods, and afterward entered the State University in that city, where he completed his course in 1896. In the same year he came to western Canada, joining his mother and stepfather, who were residing at Leduc, in central Alberta. There he taught school for two years, during 1897 and 1898, and he attended the normal school at Edmonton in 1898. He embarked in the grocery and drug business at Leduc but at the end of two years disposed of his interests in that town and opened a dry goods store in Edmonton, conduct-

ing that enterprise for two years. He next removed to Strathcona, in the Stony Plain district of Alberta, and established a men's furnishing store, which he operated for two years. He then went to Fernie, British Columbia, and became the owner of a general store, which was destroyed by fire a year and a half later, and in 1903 he returned to Alberta. The next three years he spent as a traveling salesman, representing a clothing house of Montreal, and from 1906 until 1909 he engaged in the real estate business in Calgary, also doing auditing. On July 1, 1909, he became assistant city assessor and on the 1st of July of the following year he was appointed city comptroller, which office he has since filled. In December, 1921, he became a chartered accountant and his ability in this line has been of great assistance to him in his work, which is promptly, systematically and accurately done.

In 1898 Mr. Wood was united in marriage to Miss Victoria S. Douglas and they have three children: Ruby Youla, who is attending the University of Alberta; Terence Douglas, a machinist; and Earl Wayne, who is engaged in teaching. Since February, 1922, Mr. Wood has been a member of the Alberta Society of Chartered Accountants. He is an adherent of the Knox Presbyterian church and his political support is given to the Liberal party. He is in the best sense of the word a self-made man. Self-reliance, a hopeful disposition, intelligence and ambition were his youthful patrimony and with these he has worked and won. Thoroughness, conscientiousness and devotion to duty are his outstanding characteristics and he is giving to the city efficient and faithful service. He regards a public office as a public trust and no trust reposed in William C. Wood has ever been betrayed in the slightest degree.

JOHN COLLISON, M. D.

Dr. John Collison, a leading representative of the medical fraternity at Red Deer, has here practiced his profession continuously for the past two decades and during the latter half of this period has specialized in ophthalmology, otology, rhinology and laryngology. He is also serving for the third term as mayor of the town, which under his leadership has made substantial progress along civic lines. His birth occurred at Dixon's Corners, Ontario, on the 2d of January, 1873, his parents being James and Katherine (McNulty) Collison, who were likewise natives of that province. John Collison, the paternal grandfather of Dr. Collison of this review, was of New England Loyalist stock and spent his life in Ontario, there taking up land in pioneer times. The maternal grandfather, a native of Ireland, also became a resident of Ontario at an early period in the development of that province. James Collison, the father of the Doctor, became a pioneer agriculturist of Ontario, where he still makes his home, being numbered among the prominent and influential citizens of his locality. He served as president of the Board of Trade for thirty

years and has also been reeve of the township of Matilda. His political support has always been given to the Conservative party, while his religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Methodist church. His wife belonged to the Catholic church. They became the parents of five children, four of whom survive, namely: John, whose name introduces this review; H. M., a medical practitioner of Rugby, North Dakota; B. W., a practicing attorney of Banff, Alberta, who served as police magistrate for some time; and Nellie, who makes her home with her father.

Dr. John Collison supplemented his preliminary education by a course of study in the high school at Iroquois, Ontario, and afterward followed the profession of teaching for three years, imparting readily and clearly to others the knowledge that he had acquired. He regarded this, however, merely as an initial step to other professional labor and entered upon preparation for medical practice as a student in McGill University, which institution conferred upon him the degree of M. D. in 1901. During the two succeeding years he was engaged in hospital work and in 1903 he came west to Alberta, locating for practice at Red Deer, where he has remained throughout the intervening period of twenty years. After devoting his attention to the general practice of medicine and surgery for a decade he went abroad for postgraduate work in Vienna and London in 1913 and 1914, and since his return to Alberta has specialized in the treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, in which branch of the profession he has displayed particular skill, as is attested by his extensive and gratifying patronage.

In 1903 Dr. Collison was united in marriage to Miss Ella Beatty, who was born, reared and educated in Parry Sound, Ontario, and studied music and art in Toronto. They have become parents of a son, David Beatty, who is now a high school pupil.

Dr. Collison is a Conservative in his political views and has been an active factor in affairs of local government. He has been a member of the city council for eight years and is now serving for the third term as mayor of Red Deer, giving to the city a most progressive and business-like administration that has brought about many needed reforms and improvements. In religious faith he is a Presbyterian and fraternally is a Scottish Rite Mason, being past master of his lodge. His life has been actuated by high principles in every relation and he enjoys the unqualified confidence, respect and esteem of his professional brethren, as well as of the general public.

JAMES STANLEY KIRKHAM.

James Stanley Kirkham of Lethbridge, well known representative of the bar, was born July 21, 1888, in the city which is still his home, his parents being Thomas F. and Martha (Lougheed) Kirkham, both of whom were natives of Ontario. The father was a son of Thomas Kirk-

ham, a native of England, whence he came to the new world and secured a homestead in Lanark county, Ontario, whereon he spent his remaining days. His father was also named Thomas Kirkham. The grandfather had a family of nine children, all of whom secured land in the neighborhood of the old homestead. The maternal grandfather of James S. Kirkham was James Lougheed, a native of Ireland, who on coming to the new world settled in Ontario and thence moved west to Manitoba, where he met death in a street car accident.

Thomas F. Kirkham on leaving Ontario, journeyed by steamboat and ox cart to Manitoba, casting in his lot with the early settlers of that section of the country. He was a tinsmith by trade and at the age of twenty years was in charge of twenty men. He married Martha Lougheed, at Winnipeg. In 1885 he took up his abode in Lethbridge, where he established a hardware store, occupying the first frame building that was erected on Third avenue, South. He worked for some time for other firms before he began business on his own account and he continued actively in the hardware trade until 1902, when he retired from business. He was one of the first men to buy irrigated land, making his first purchase of eighty acres at ten dollars per acre and later selling it for one hundred dollars per acre. He was very progressive in all that he undertook and won substantial success in the conduct of his business affairs and in the placing of his investments. There were but few white women in this district when Mrs. Kirkman arrived here and the family in the early days met all of the experiences and hardships of pioneer life. They lived to witness remarkable changes as the years passed by and at all times contributed their full share to the material, intellectual and moral growth of the community. Both parents were members of the Presbyterian church and Mrs. Kirkham still takes a very active part in its work. Mr. Kirkham was a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Independent Order of Foresters and his entire life was actuated by high and honorable principles that made him a man whom to know was to respect and esteem. He served as a member of the school board and withheld his support from no plan or project which he believed would prove beneficial to the community at large. His death occurred in the year 1905. To him and his wife were born three children: Thomas Earl, who is assistant weights and measures inspector at Calgary; J. Stanley and Norman Phillip. The last named was in the Canadian service as a member of the Eighty-second Regiment, was transferred to the One Hundred and Thirteenth and was afterward drafted for the One Hundred and Sixteenth. He was wounded at Vimy Ridge and lost the use of his right arm. He left the service with the rank of lieutenant and is now traveling for the Imperial Oil Company, making his home at Medicine Hat.

Reared under the parental roof, J. Stanley Kirkham attended the public schools of Lethbridge and after putting aside his textbooks became a stenographer for the Bentley Company, with which he remained for three or four years. He studied law under W. S. Ball and was admitted

to the bar in 1920, after which he remained with his former preceptor as a partner until September, 1921, when he opened an office independently. He has made an excellent record during the comparatively brief period of his association with the bar and the thoroughness with which he undertakes every task promises well for the future. Already he has gained a good clientage and is making steady progress in his chosen calling.

In 1911 Mr. Kirkham was married to Miss Jessie Florence Walton, who was born in Belleville, Ontario, a daughter of George A. and Hannah (Huffman) Walton, the former owner of a planing mill in Ontario. Mrs. Kirkham was educated in Belleville and by her marriage has become the mother of six children: Thomas Walton, James Stanley, Ruby Margaret, George Phillip, Donald Ewen and Phillips. Mr. and Mrs. Kirkham are members of the Presbyterian church and he also has membership with the Masonic fraternity and with the Lethbridge Golf Club and the Lethbridge Curling Club. Of both of these clubs he has served as secretary for several years and president of the Golf Club in 1923, and he has always taken an active interest in manly outdoor sports. He allows nothing, however, to interfere with the faithful performance of his professional duties, and his close application, his thorough understanding of the principles of jurisprudence and his developing ability are gaining for him an enviable place among the younger representatives of the Lethbridge bar.

HARRY HAVELOCK ROBERTSON, K. C.

For more than a quarter of a century Harry H. Robertson has engaged in the practice of law at Edmonton and his legal acumen and allegiance to high standards of personal honor have firmly established his position in professional circles of the city. A native of Seaforth, Ontario, he was born in 1868, of the marriage of Walter S. and Harriett Rebecca (Doty) Robertson, the former of whom was born at Grand Lake, in the province of New Brunswick. They removed to Edmonton in 1883, and the mother is still residing here. The father's demise occurred in this city in 1915.

In the acquirement of an education Harry H. Robertson attended the public schools of Edmonton and afterward took up the study of law in the offices of S. S. and H. C. Taylor, being admitted to the bar in 1895. He has since followed his profession in this city with gratifying success and in 1918 was made King's Counsel. He has a thorough knowledge of statute and precedent and is noted for the precision of his briefs, the logic of his arguments and his ability to cope with intricate and involved legal problems. His assiduous and unrelaxing attention to all the details of his cases and the careful regard evinced for the interests of his clients, have brought him much practice and made him very successful in its

conduct. He also has important business connections and is interested in many of the city's leading commercial enterprises.

At Gretna, Manitoba, in July, 1901, Mr. Robertson was married to Miss Margaret Helen Winkler and they have become the parents of six children: Margaret Harriett, Scott, Jean Alice, MacRobertson, Harry H., Jr., and Nell May. Mr. Robertson is a member of the Presbyterian church and in politics he is independent, reserving the right to vote according to the dictates of his judgment. He spends much of his leisure in the open and is keenly interested in all sports. He is a Mason and is also identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and the Edmonton Club. He has never been content with mediocrity, but holding to high ideals, he has steadily worked his way upward to a position of prominence in a profession which calls for superior ability and requires constant application, good judgment and an ever widening comprehension of the relations and responsibilities which go to make up civilized society.

WILLIAM GEORGE NIBLOCK.

William George Niblock, collector of customs at Medicine Hat, was born in York county, province of Ontario, March 16, 1860, and is a son of James and Hannah (Webster) Niblock. The father, who was born in Ireland, in 1815, passed away in 1912, while the mother, whose birth occurred in Ontario county, province of Ontario, in 1816, died in the year 1889. They were married in Ontario, where Mr. Niblock followed the occupation of farming and they were still residents of that province when Mrs. Niblock passed away. The father afterward removed to Medicine Hat and later took up his abode at Fort William but subsequently returned to Medicine Hat, where his last days were passed. He was a member of the Presbyterian church and was an Orangeman, while his wife was a member of the Church of England. In politics he was a Conservative. In the family of Mr. and Mrs. Niblock were four children, two of whom are living: Lydia, now the wife of R. T. Herd, who is in the coal business at Aurora, Illinois; and William George of this review. One son, John Niblock, came to Medicine Hat in 1887, and was superintendent with the Canadian Pacific Railroad here for a number of years. He left Medicine Hat, however, in 1899, and resided in Calgary until 1910. His death occurred in Victoria, in 1914.

Spending his youthful days under the parental roof William G. Niblock pursued his education in the schools of Park Hill, Ontario, and started out in life as a farmer. In 1881 he took up his abode in Winnipeg and was there employed in connection with construction work, driving a team for a year. He became a brakeman on the Canadian Pacific Railroad in 1882 and thus spent ten months, at the end of which time he was promoted to the position of conductor and was thus employed until 1914. He was very active in labor circles while with the Canadian Pacific. In that year he

became collector of customs at Medicine Hat and through the intervening period has occupied this position, to which he devotes his entire time and attention, so that the duties of the office are most faithfully, efficiently, promptly and capably performed.

On the 16th of September, 1891, Mr. Niblock was married to Miss Sibyl Burns, who was born in Bowmanville, Durham county, province of Ontario, a daughter of William Burns, who was a miller by occupation, and in 1880 removed to Manitoba, where he located on a farm, spending his remaining days there. Mr. and Mrs. Niblock have become parents of four children: Nora, at home; Webster, a barrister of Medicine Hat, who is practicing as a member of the firm of Laidlaw, Blanchard, Delf & Niblock, and who is also a veteran of the World war; Dorothy, who is engaged in teaching music; and Marjorie, a teacher in the public schools.

The religious faith of the family is that of the Church of England and fraternally Mr. Niblock is a Knights Templar Mason. He has passed through all of the chairs of the chapter and of the commandery and is a most loyal and exemplary follower of the teachings of the craft. He likewise belongs to the Orangemen and to the Railway Conductors and he was very active in the ranks of the Conservative party before accepting public office. For several years he was president of the Conservative Club and served on the city council and as a member of the school board. He has at all times discharged his public duty with marked capability and fidelity and his record as an official is most commendable.

AMBROSE B. SINGLETON, M. D.

No history of the medical fraternity in the Calgary district would be complete without mention of Dr. Ambrose B. Singleton, who in the eleven years of his practice in Calgary has proven effectively his unusual skill in his profession by the excellent results which have attended his labor. Dr. Singleton is also an agriculturist and stockman. He was born in Leeds district, Ontario, in 1870, a son of Thomas and Sarah (Henderson) Singleton, both natives of Ontario. The father died in 1913 and his widow survived him until the 1st of January, 1922. In early life the father engaged in the cheese business and was president of the cheese board at Brockville for a number of years. He was a man of splendid business ability and achieved substantial success in life. In his political views he was a Conservative and was very active in party affairs, being a dominant factor in the promotion of every movement for the benefit of the community. Fraternally he was identified with the Masons and his religious faith was that of the Methodist church, of which Mrs. Singleton was also a consistent member. To them five children were born, three of whom are living, Ambrose B., whose name introduces this review, being the fourth in order of birth.

In the acquirement of his early education Ambrose B. Singleton

attended the public schools at Belleville and upon the completion of his literary education enrolled in the Medical College of Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1893. He immediately began practice in Leeds district and was located at Westport for some time. In 1912 he came to Calgary and he is enjoying an extensive and lucrative patronage. He has accomplished many excellent results and has become widely known as a skillful and able physician and surgeon. The Doctor is prominent in agricultural and stock raising circles. He bought a stock farm near Ogden, Alberta, a number of years ago and one of the main reasons for his removal to Calgary was that he might better superintend his interests there. The Doctor also owns a fourth interest in the Penn Mine at Edmonton.

On the 25th of March, 1895, Dr. Singleton was married to Miss Minnie Tabor, a native of Leeds district. To them two children have been born: Howard, who is working in the Penn Mine at Edmonton; and Fred, a student in the local schools.

The religious faith of the family is that of the Methodist church. Fraternally the Doctor is identified with the Royal Arch Masons and in his political views he is a Conservative. Although he has never sought nor desired political preferment, he is essentially public-spirited and his aid can always be counted upon in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community.

FRED A. KEILLOR, M. D.

Dr. Fred A. Keillor, a veteran of the World war, now practicing medicine and surgery in Edmonton, was born in Elgin district, Ontario, in 1883, and is a son of Albro and Ada (Green) Keillor, who were also natives of Ontario, where they still reside. The father was for many years engaged in the manufacture of cheese and butter but is now living retired, enjoying in well earned rest the fruits of his former toil. The family numbered six sons and two daughters and with one exception all are living. A son, Sidney, was killed during the World war in the spring of 1918, while serving as a corporal on the western front. The parents are consistent members of the Methodist church and in politics Mr. Keillor has ever maintained an independent course, voting for men and measures rather than for party.

Fred A. Keillor, who was the second in order of birth in his father's family, pursued his education in the Dutton high school and in the Western University at London, Canada, from which he was graduated with the class of 1908. He then began the practice of his profession in Raymond, Alberta, and there remained for five years, proving his capability in finding correct solution for the intricate and involved problems which continually confront the physician. He located in South Edmonton in 1913 and devoted his attention to a growing practice here until June, 1915,

when he went overseas as a member of the Royal Army Medical Corps. He was sent to the Dardanelles, but contracted typhoid fever and was in a hospital in Egypt for four months. In 1916 he went to France, being on active duty there until 1917, when he returned home. He then served with the Canadian Army Medical Corps until after the signing of the armistice. His rank was that of captain and his military experiences were indeed varied and if extremely arduous were also interesting, taking him into various sections of the world.

In 1909 Dr. Keillor was married to Miss Lillian Lyons, who was born in Ontario and pursued a high school education there. They have become parents of three children: Kathleen, twelve years of age, now in school; Lois, aged eight years, also in school; and Margaret, a little maiden of three summers. The religious faith of the parents is that of the Methodist church, both being consistent followers of its teachings and interested in its growth. Dr. Keillor is also a member of Acacia Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of South Edmonton and he is a past Noble Grand of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a loyal follower of the high purposes of the organization and is popular with his brethren of these fraternities. The only public office he has held is that of coroner of the Edmonton district. The major part of his time and attention has been given to his professional interests and his efficiency has been promoted through his wise use of every opportunity to increase his knowledge. He has taken postgraduate work in New York, Chicago and in London, England, and he is a member of the local medical society, the Alberta Medical Association and the Canadian Medical Association. He continues in general practice, not confining his attention to any particular line, and does excellent work in all branches of the profession, for he is most careful in the diagnosis of his cases and seldom at fault in his judgment concerning the outcome of disease.

GEORGE M. GIBSON, M. D.

Since 1918 Dr. George M. Gibson has practiced medicine in Drumheller and he enjoys an extensive and lucrative patronage. He was born in Perth, Ontario, on the 23d of November, 1874, a son of William and Jeanette (Miller) Gibson, both natives of Ontario. The father engaged in farming for many years but is now retired, and he and his wife are now living at Lacombe, Alberta, on land which he purchased in 1899. To their union nine children have been born: Helen, who is deceased, was the wife of Dr. Gibson of North Dakota; John, who is a machinist of Saskatchewan; Dr. Gibson, whose name introduces this review; Murray; Marguerite, who is living at home; Robert, who is farming near Lacombe; Harold, who is prosecutor for the Crown at Fort Saskatchewan; Jeanette, the wife of Dr. Robert Little, who is practicing at Veteran, Alberta; and Bertram, who served three years with the Canadian troops in Europe



GEORGE M. GIBSON, M. D.

during the World war and is now with the Soldiers' Civil Reestablishment of Edmonton. Murray enlisted at Calgary upon the outbreak of the World war and trained in England with the One Hundred and Ninety-fourth Battalion. He was active in the second attack on Vimy Ridge and met his death at Passchendaele. Mr. and Mrs. Gibson are consistent communicants of the Presbyterian church and are held in high confidence and esteem by all who know them.

George M. Gibson received his education in the public schools of Perth, Ontario, and spent some time in the Collegiate Institutes at Perth and Renfrew. After putting his textbooks aside he established five factories in Renfrew district for the manufacture of cheese and operated them with substantial success for a time. His earliest ambition, however, was to enter the medical profession and subsequently he enrolled in Queen's University of Medicine and was graduated in 1910, with the M. D. degree. He immediately came to Alberta and located at Munson, where he opened an office and practiced until 1918, when he came to Drumheller, and has since here engaged in general practice and minor surgery, enjoying an extensive and representative patronage. He ranks high among the foremost physicians and surgeons of this province. Dr. Gibson was one of the organizers of the Gibson Collieries and he has other interests of an important nature.

On September 17, 1902, was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Gibson to Miss Ida Marjorie McNab, a native of Glengarry, Ontario, the ceremony being performed in Douglas, Ontario. To their union four children have been born: Alexander Murray, Donald Campbell, Marjorie Elizabeth, and George Gordon.

Although Dr. Gibson has had little time to devote to political affairs, he is essentially public-spirited and is never too busy to give his aid in the furtherance of any movement for the development of the community. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, holding membership in the lodge of Perfection at Calgary and in the local blue lodge and he has attained the fourteenth degree in the Scottish Rite. He is also affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, holding membership in its local lodge. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. For some time Dr. Gibson served on the board of management of Drumheller and he is now coroner. He has the genius for making and keeping friends and his sterling character and true personal worth have won for him the confidence and esteem of all with whom he associates.

W. J. HUNTINGFORD.

One of the most successful and prominently known newspaper men in the province of Alberta is W. J. Huntingford, editor and publisher of the Wainwright Star. He was born in North Wales, on the 24th of March, 1874. His parents are deceased.

For some thirty-two years Mr. Huntingford has engaged in newspaper work in the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan. He founded the Biggar (Saskatchewan) Independent in 1913 and sold it the latter part of the same year, realizing substantial profit on the transaction. In 1913 he also established the Lloydminster Review, in Alberta, and disposed of that sheet in August, 1914. After his discharge from the army in 1916 he located in Wainwright and was manager of the Wainwright Star until he purchased it in 1920. He has been very successful in the conduct of this sheet, which was founded in 1907 by a Mr. Cummer. The circulation of the paper was then some four hundred copies a week. It now covers a home territory of some forty by sixty miles, and the average circulation of the paper is close to eighteen hundred copies. Mr. Huntingford also does an extensive book, job and commercial printing business, and is one of the best known publishers in this province. Aside from his newspaper connection he is secretary and treasurer of the Alberta Royalty Holding Company.

Mr. Huntingford has had an enviable war record. Originally a reserve officer in the British army, he served with distinction throughout the South African war and he was in active service during the World war from 1914 to 1916.

On the 23d of August, 1913, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Huntingford to Miss Nellie May Isteed and to their union a son has been born. Mr. Huntingford has always given his political allegiance to the Liberal party and he maintains an active interest in party affairs. He is chairman of the finance commission of the town council and has been a dominant factor in the promotion of many movements for the benefit of the community at large. The religious faith of Mr. Huntingford is manifest in his membership in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, where he is conductor of the choir. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being an officer of the Grand Lodge of that order in Alberta. Along strictly business lines he is identified with the Alberta Press Association and was for three years president of that organization. He is a director in the C. W. N. A. Both as a business man and as a private citizen Mr. Huntingford is held in high regard by his neighbors and fellow townsmen.

RIGHT REV. CLEMENT HOYLER.

Right Rev. Clement Hoyler, bishop of the Moravian church in western Canada, has lived in Edmonton since 1914, but for more than twenty years previous had devoted his labors to upbuilding the cause of Christianity among men, having been ordained to the ministry in 1892. He was then a young man of twenty years, his birth having occurred in Laketown, Carver county, Minnesota, on the 12th of May, 1872, his parents being Jacob and Emily (Ruepprecht) Hoyler, both of whom were natives of

Germany, but crossed the Atlantic to the United States in young manhood and womanhood. They became residents of New Jersey, in which state they were married and in 1868 they removed westward to Minnesota. The father was a missionary in the east, laboring for a time as city missionary in Philadelphia and after his removal to the west he took charge of the Moravian church, first as an unordained minister, while in 1873 he was ordained. He devoted his remaining days to the work of the ministry, passing away in 1890, near Watertown, Wisconsin. He had taught school for two years during the early period of his residence in Minnesota and thus he was closely associated with the intellectual and moral progress of that state. His political allegiance was given to the republican party. To him and his wife, who died in 1923, near Philadelphia, at the age of eighty-eight years, were born four children, three of whom are living, Bishop Hoyler being the youngest; Emanuel G., the eldest, is now a business man of Philadelphia and is also interested in the operation of a stone quarry at Perkasie, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, the second of the family, is the wife of the Rev. William Strohmeier, a retired minister of the Moravian church, living at Coopersburg, Pennsylvania.

Clement Hoyler pursued his early education in the public schools of Watertown, Wisconsin, where his father was stationed as a preacher of the gospel for twelve years. Later he attended the Lutheran College at Watertown, Wisconsin, for a year and on the expiration of that period entered the Moravian College at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, in 1886. He completed a course in the Theological Seminary at Bethlehem as a graduate of the class of 1892 and was ordained to the ministry when but twenty years of age. For three years he occupied the pastorate of the Moravian church at Elizabeth, New Jersey, and was then called to Canada to take charge of the mission near Edmonton. This was in January, 1896. He remained in the country until the summer of 1909 and then went to Dundurn, Saskatchewan, where he continued his pastoral labors for five years. He was next sent as a delegate to Herrnhut, Saxony, Germany, to represent his church in the synod, which is held only every ten years, it being the general synod of the Moravian church of the world. The meeting was held in 1914 and following its conclusion Bishop Hoyler came to South Edmonton, where he arrived in the month of August. He had been consecrated a bishop in Lititz, Pennsylvania, on the 13th of September, 1908, and he assumed charge of the bishopric of the Moravian church in Alberta and Saskatchewan, at the same time acting as pastor of the local church at South Edmonton. With unfaltering zeal and courage he is laboring for the upbuilding of the cause and in all lines of church work has taken a most helpful and effective interest. He is now on the executive board of the Bible Society in Edmonton and the North Alberta Auxiliary.

In August, 1902, Bishop Hoyler was united in marriage to Miss Mary C. Gersden, who was born in Laketown, Minnesota, a daughter of Henry Gerdsen, one of the pioneer settlers of that section, where he followed farming and fruit growing. He became prominently known as an apple raiser of that district, in which he located in 1858. He lived there through

the period of Indian trouble and aided in reclaiming the region for the purposes of civilization. To Bishop Hoyler and his wife have been born two children: Cyril N., eighteen years of age, is a graduate of the Edmonton Normal School and now a teacher; and Mabel, who is in school.

Bishop Hoyler is a Liberal in his political views but has had no time nor inclination to take active part in politics, his church work making full demand upon his attention and his energy. Earnest and forceful, his utterances ofttimes carry conviction to the mind of his hearers and his teaching has been a far-reaching influence in the moral growth of the province. During the earlier years of his residence in Canada he frequently was called on to assist the Moravian colonists in Alberta in selecting their homesteads, establishing new settlements and post offices, organizing school districts and congregations, building churches and parsonages and in a general way acting as their counselor and adviser in secular as well as spiritual matters. At the same time he found opportunity to devote some time to the study of the natural history of Alberta and has made interesting and valuable collections of the plants and insects of the Edmonton district.

HAROLD HARGREAVES.

Harold Hargreaves, the efficient postmaster of Calgary, has been connected with this department of the Canadian government for two decades, and starting at the bottom of the ladder, he has climbed steadily upward through hard work and faithful service. He was born at Bacup, Lancashire, England, in 1880, a son of George and Elizabeth (Ashworth) Hargreaves, also natives of the mother country. George Hargreaves was manager of a mill at Bacup, devoting his life to that line of activity, and his father was an expert weaver, operating four hand looms at the same time.

Harold Hargreaves was reared in Bacup, England, and when ten years of age began working in a cotton mill, in which he spent the morning hours, attending school in the afternoon. His time was thus occupied until he reached the age of thirteen, when he became a pupil in a technical school, in which he applied himself to learning cotton spinning and weaving and also shorthand, typewriting and bookkeeping. He was an earnest and industrious student and spent many hours with his books, often continuing his efforts until three o'clock in the morning. He obtained a position as stenographer with Hampton Brothers, accountants with offices at Buxton, and six months later severed his connection with that firm to became bookkeeper at the Regent mill in Rochdale, Lancashire, England, where he remained for a year. He next entered the employ of Bentham Brothers, wholesale grocers of Bacup, and later migrated to the States, arriving in New Bedford, Massachusetts, in December, 1901. For a year he worked in a cotton mill in that city and then crossed the border into

Canada, going first to Valley Field, Quebec, but left there at the end of two months. In 1902 he joined the postal service at Vancouver, British Columbia, as relief letter carrier, the lowest position in the department. He soon proved his worth and ability and as his experience increased he was entrusted with more important duties, at length becoming supervisor of city mail delivery and subsequently supervisor of mails despatch. He was retained in that capacity until November, 1919, when he was transferred to Calgary as assistant postmaster, and on April 1, 1921, he received his present appointment. He obtained his training under F. E. Harrison, who was Calgary's first postmaster and is now at the head of the Vancouver office. He also worked under R. G. Macpherson, late postmaster of Vancouver, and has been connected with almost every department in the post office since he entered the service, being therefore thoroughly familiar with its functions. He has two hundred and forty employes under his jurisdiction and since assuming office he has thoroughly reorganized the post office, instituting new systems in the city delivery and also in the dispatch and registration departments, which have greatly facilitated the handling of the mails in this city. He is a very capable executive and has secured splendid results within a short space of time, bringing his office up to a standard of efficiency equalled by few and unsurpassed by any in the Dominion.

On August 4, 1900, Mr. Hargreaves was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Gregory and they have four children: Harold Frederick, who is eighteen years of age and is employed as clerk in the Calgary Bank of Commerce; Alice May and George, aged, respectively, twelve and six years; and Florence Elizabeth, who is but a few months old. Mr. Hargreaves possesses musical talent and is a violinist in the orchestra of the local branch of the Young Men's Christian Association. His religious views are in accord with the doctrines and teachings of the Baptist church, of which he is an earnest and sincere member. From his earliest boyhood he has given evidence of the possession of those sterling traits of industry and perseverance which in the long run spell success and is recognized as a man of substantial worth, honor and integrity being the keynote of his character. He is making a notable record in the field of public service and the worth of his work is widely acknowledged.

GEORGE E. HAYWARD.

There is perhaps no record in this volume that more clearly typifies the spirit of the west and exemplifies the growth and progress of this section of the Dominion, than does that of George E. Hayward, the president and general manager of the Hayward Lumber Company, which is operating plants throughout Alberta and has extended its operations as far west as the Pacific coast, but makes its headquarters at Edmonton. To this city George E. Hayward came in 1905, when a young man of

twenty-three years, his birth having occurred at Fredericton, New Brunswick, April 26, 1882. He was reared on a farm in that vicinity and there completed his education in the public schools. When a youth of eighteen he left his native place and made his way westward to Manitoba, where he was associated with the Hanbury Manufacturing Company. Later he was transferred to a branch business in British Columbia, where he remained until 1905, and then came to Edmonton and established his present business, which has grown steadily from a small beginning to one of mammoth proportions. The enterprise was founded in 1905, when at Vermilion, Alberta, Mr. Hayward began selling lumber from a tent. Thus he continued his sales for eight months, at the end of which time he had so prospered as to be financially able to erect a frame structure. With the growth and settlement of the west he advanced his business in keeping with the spirit of the times, studying the needs and demands of the public and so arranging, directing and managing at all times that he was able to meet these demands and give to his patrons the kind and amount of lumber and building material which they desired. Steadily the business grew and developed, until today the company is operating branch yards throughout Alberta. The parent plant is at Edmonton, and it is one of the most modern and best equipped lumber manufacturing plants of the west.

Back of the success of the undertaking stand the indefatigable efforts, the close application, the determined purpose and the broad business vision of Mr. Hayward and his associates. From the beginning he recognized the fact that satisfied patrons are the best advertisement and he put forth every effort to please his customers through prompt service and thorough reliability. The name of Hayward has been a guaranty of an adequate return for money invested and at all times the company methods have measured up to the highest commercial ethics. Quality and service became the slogan of the company and upon this foundation the success of the undertaking has been built. With the steady trend of emigration westward and the continuous growth of the towns and the provinces the Hayward Lumber Company has been able to meet the public demand for building material by extending its branches and keeping in advance of the growing settlement. In 1915 what was known as the old plant at Edmonton was purchased from the official assignee of the Northern Lumber Company, which concern was in liquidation. Following this in the spring of 1916 the head office was removed from Vermilion to Edmonton, where better facilities were offered for the development and extension of the business. Due to a tremendous increase in trade, it was found, in 1919, that with the facilities at hand it was impossible to meet the demands and the company decided to erect a larger plant. With this idea in view an entire block adjoining the old property was purchased and additional siding accommodations were arranged for with the railroad company. Early in May, 1920, a fine new pressed brick building was begun, the main structure being two stories in height and one hundred and sixty-two by sixty-six feet in dimensions. It is of pressed brick with steel sash, wired window glass and fireproof doors. The building is steam-

heated, supplied with the most modern plumbing and all facilities to promote sanitation and to render the structure as fireproof as possible, thus creating a large saving in the way of the insurance premium. The equipment of the plant is strictly modern in every particular and all of the drive is overhead, which makes for the convenience and safety of the workers. The entire plant is operated by electricity, with individual motors supplying energy for each machine and a suction system is connected with each unit. This is operated by a sixty horsepower motor and is effective in keeping the machines and the building clear of sawdust and shavings, which are later elevated to the top of the building, the air extracted and the material fed to the boilers, which supply the necessary heat for the drying kilns. A noteworthy feature of the factory is that it is flooded with light from windows on all sides, making much better working conditions, resulting in the highest standard in the production of the company's product. There is a complete saw-filing and machine room, in which all necessary repairs and alterations are made on the numerous machines and the saws are filed and kept in excellent condition. There are also large rooms devoted to the manufacture of woodenware of various kinds turned out by the Hayward Lumber Company, and there are separate departments for glazing, glueing and erecting, as well as the glass and packing rooms. Sash, doors and all interior finish are being turned out in large quantities and the business is steadily growing, its sales extending throughout the northern portions of the province. The plant is equipped for making all class of mill work, store fixtures and office equipment, including special house and office cabinets. In addition, building supplies are also handled and every requisite for a building can be obtained from the Hayward Company, from the interior finish to the paint for the exterior. A patron could say, "Send me everything for a house", and the order could be filled. The hum of industry is constantly heard in this great plant, where the work is carried on uninterruptedly through every week-day. The saws, framing machines, planers, stickers, boring machines and lathes occupy most of the main floor, the machines being footed in concrete. On the same floor there is also a modern lunch room for the accommodation of employes. On the second floor, which is especially constructed for strength, with laminated flooring, are saws, shapers, tenoners, stickers, panel raisers, band saws, clamps, triple drums, sanders, planters, ripsaws, trimming saws and joiners. There are specially fitted benches on this floor, on which a flood of daylight falls, so that the most intricate fitting can be accomplished under natural conditions. An electric elevator is operated between the two floors, this being of sufficient capacity to handle loads of lumber in full length. The power house is constructed of solid brick and concrete, fitted with a fireproof shavings vault, sixteen by thirty feet, with a depth of twenty-six feet. By the utilization of the shavings for fuel the company is able to operate large drying kilns at a low cost. These kilns are of the most modern construction of any west of Winnipeg, being known as the Grand Rapids dry kiln and by the use thereof the company is able to

guarantee any special order to be free from shrinkage, checking, etc. It also enables the company to turn out showcases, store fixtures, etc., which are equal to any imported from eastern manufacturers. The old factory building is now being used for storage and warehouse purposes, the lumber being there kept out of the weather and ready for immediate use.

In addition to the city business and the trade handled by the different yards of the company in various parts of the province, an extensive wholesale business has been built up and from this modern manufacturing plant are shipped orders as far west as British Columbia and as far east as the Saskatchewan border, while to the south the company's trade extends to Calgary and to the north as far as settlement has been made. The company issues a large catalog and also a series of illustrated plan books, outlining designs for dwellings and farm buildings. In addition to furnishing plans for city and farm homes the Hayward Lumber Company studies the needs of the dairy industry and the opportunities for development along that line, and is now handling a new form of silo, which insures soft food for the milk producers the year around. This silo is built particularly to meet the requirements of the northern climate. Thus through the efforts, enterprise and ambition of George E. Hayward and his associates has been built up one of the largest productive industries of Alberta, constituting a forceful factor in the development of Edmonton, as well as a source of gratifying profit to the stockholders.

While his business interests make heavy demands upon his time and energy Mr. Hayward has always found opportunity to cooperate in public affairs that are of vital importance to the community and his aid and influence are always on the side of progress and improvement. He is a Knights Templar Mason and member of the Mystic Shrine, having long consistently followed the teachings and purposes of the craft. He is also a member of the Board of Trade council. He belongs to the Baptist church, in which he is serving as chairman of the finance board. He is likewise a member of the Kiwanis Club and is a director of the Y. M. C. A. and chairman of its finance board. He is also a member of the Edmonton Golf and Country Club. The interests and activities of his life are well balanced and have brought him prominently to the front, not only as a leader in business circles but as a supporter of all those forces which make for advancement and improvement in his city and province.

WILLIAM J. JACKSON.

Industrial activity at Edmonton finds a substantial and prominent representative in William J. Jackson of the firm of Jackson Brothers, proprietors of the Edmonton Foundry. A life of activity and enterprise has brought him steadily forward and his business record is now written in the terms of success. A native of Ontario, he was born at Lucan, in the district of Middlesex, in 1867, his parents being John and Sarah Jack-

son, both of whom were natives of Ireland, where they were reared and married. Soon afterward they crossed the Atlantic to Canada, settling in Exeter, Ontario, where the father engaged in the foundry business, and was active along that line in Ontario throughout his remaining days. To him and his wife were born seven children, five of whom are living three being residents of South Edmonton. One of these is John Jackson, a partner in the firm of Jackson Brothers, foundrymen. He was born August 17, 1862, in Exeter, Ontario, was educated at Lucan and was married in Trenton, Ontario, December 21, 1893, to Loula Genevieve Locklin, by whom he has three children: John, who operates a filling station at Strathcona, was one of the first Canadian troopers to go to France and one of the last to be returned, serving with the Nineteenth Dragoons; Watson, who is city traveler for the Motor Car Supply Company of Canada, Limited, was also in the overseas service as a member of the Two Hundred and Second Battalion, his duties demanding his stay in England throughout the period in which he was on European soil; and Genevieve, who is connected with the library of the Alberta University, has the Bachelor of Arts degree from that institution. John Jackson, the father of the three children above named, is a member of the Presbyterian church and is an Orangeman, while his political allegiance is given to the Conservative party.

Anna, the second member of the family of John and Sarah Jackson, is now the wife of Harry Wilson, who was formerly a merchant and broker but is now living retired from business at South Edmonton; the third member of the family is William J., of this review. The parents were loyal and active members of the Presbyterian church and the father was also an exemplary follower of the teachings of Masonry. His political support was given to the Conservative party.

William J. Jackson pursued his education in the schools of Lucan and started out in the business world as an employe in a store, in which he remained for a short time. He then entered his father's foundry and there learned the business in which he has since been engaged. He came to South Edmonton in 1894 and the same year established a foundry here that is today one of the oldest foundries in the province. In this business he was associated with his brother, John Jackson, and the partnership has continuously been maintained. They do all kinds of foundry work, having a splendidly equipped plant, and their patronage is today one of gratifying proportions.

On the 9th of December, 1892, William J. Jackson was married to Miss Daisy Summerfield, of Toronto, and their family now numbers four children: Willie entered the service as a member of the One Hundred and Fifty-first Regiment and afterward served with the Seventy-eighth of Winnipeg. He was killed only a short time before the armistice, meeting death in August, 1918. He had been very active in many engagements prior to the time when he was called upon to make the supreme sacrifice; Annie is the wife of A. C. Tidsbury, a resident of Edmonton; and Marjorie is the wife of Ed Aseltine, also of Edmonton; Joe is in school.

Mr. Jackson greatly enjoys hunting and frequently goes on a trip into the forest for game. Since attaining his majority he has given his political support to the Conservative party. Fraternally he is a Mason and his religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. His interest has always centered in those agencies which make for uplift and progress and in business he has directed his efforts along the lines of honor and indefatigable energy to a point where prosperity in substantial measure is now his. Both brothers are widely known in South Edmonton, where their factory is located, and both are highly respected.

GEORGE B. MACKAY.

George B. Mackay is a capitalist of Lethbridge and many and varied are the business interests which at different times have claimed his attention and energies. His plans have always been carefully formulated and promptly executed and he has carried forward to successful completion whatever he has undertaken. Moreover, his course has been guided by a laudable ambition and the intelligent direction of his labors has brought him to the goal of success. Born in Montreal, on the 9th of July, 1874, he is a son of Senator Robert and Janet (Baptist) Mackay. The father was a native of Wick, Scotland, born in 1839, and his death occurred in 1916. He was a son of Robert Mackay, a native of Scotland, in which country he spent his life, following the occupation of farming. It was at Three Rivers, Quebec, that Janet Baptist was born in 1850, her father being George Baptist, who was a millwright by trade and who established a lumber business at Three Rivers. He operated lumber mills all over that section of the country and by reason of his capably controlled business affairs had become very wealthy ere his demise. It was his daughter Janet who in Three Rivers became the wife of Senator Robert Mackay. She was educated in Montreal and it was in that city that she met her future husband, Mr. Mackay there engaging in the wholesale dry goods business. He followed that trade for an extended period and his sound judgment and progressive methods were at all times manifest in the success that attended his undertakings. His wife died in the year 1912, while his death occurred in 1916. He had always been a Liberal in politics and he served as a member of the senate. He belonged to the Presbyterian church, as did his wife, and they had a family of nine children, five of whom are living.

George B. Mackay was the third in order of birth and is the eldest among the survivors. He obtained his education through attendance at the John Williamsons School, a private institution of learning, and through two years' study in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Boston, Massachusetts. When his textbooks were put aside he secured employment in the Quebec Bank, where he remained for six years and was afterward associated with the firm of James W. Pyke & Company,



GEORGE B. MACKAY.

dealers in railway supplies, for a period of two years. In 1901 he entered the South African war and through that and the following year served with the army, holding the rank of lieutenant of the Second Canadian Mounted Rifles. He participated in several engagements and was three times wounded.

In January, 1903, Mr. Mackay arrived in Lethbridge and through the intervening period to the present time, covering two decades, has resided in this section of the Dominion. He spent one year on a ranch and then entered the employ of the Alberta Coal & Irrigation Company, with which he remained for seven years. He next bought an interest in the Western Canada Agency, now the Western Canada Hardware Company. This was in 1910 and he soon worked his way upward until he became the active head of the business and built up one of the largest wholesale hardware enterprises in western Canada and the south. He owns valuable land and city property and also has property and business interests in Montreal. His judgment has been notably sound and his discrimination keen and throughout his life he has displayed marked ability in coordinating seemingly diverse interests into a unified and harmonious whole.

In 1906 Mr. Mackay was united in marriage to Miss Laura Higinbotham, who was born in Guelph, Ontario, a sister of J. D. Higinbotham, mentioned elsewhere in this work. Mr. and Mrs. Mackay have become parents of four children: Allan Oliver, now in school; Margaret Jean, Robert George and Helen Mary, who are also attending school.

Mr. Mackay and his family are members of the Presbyterian church and he belongs to the Chinook Club and to the Montreal Hunt of Montreal. He likewise has membership with the United Commercial Travelers. In politics he is a Liberal and was president of the Liberal organization in Lethbridge for a time. He served on the school board for two years and the cause of education has ever found in him a stalwart champion. In many ways he has proven his loyalty to those interests which are vital to the community and its welfare and at the same time he has most wisely and carefully managed his business affairs and his investments until he stands today among the men of affluence at Lethbridge. His life record should serve to inspire and encourage others, showing what can be accomplished through individual effort when there is a will to dare and to do.

ERNEST VICTOR ROBERTSON.

The public and the profession accord Ernest V. Robertson a position of prominence in the ranks of the legal fraternity of Calgary and by close study and earnest effort he is constantly enlarging his field of usefulness. He was born at Saline, Fifeshire, Scotland, November 23, 1887, and his parents, Robert and Helen (Hoey) Robertson, were also natives of that country. The father was a successful educator and his life was devoted

to the profession of teaching. His death occurred in December, 1918. The mother is now a resident of Calgary.

After his graduation from the Dunfermline high school Ernest V. Robertson entered Edinburgh University and in 1911 completed a course in law in that noted educational institution. Believing that a newer country would offer greater opportunities for advancement, he migrated to Canada and in 1911 arrived in the city of Toronto. For eighteen months he was identified with the firm of Beaty, Snow & Nasmith and then came to this province, choosing Calgary as the scene of his professional activities. For six months he was associated with P. J. Nolan, K. C., now deceased, and has since practiced alone, opening an office in the Herald building in February, 1913. He is thoroughly familiar with the principles of jurisprudence and a liberal clientele has been accorded him in recognition of his legal acumen. He conducts his law practice with ability, carefully preparing his cases and presenting them with clearness and force.

On October 23, 1918, Mr. Robertson was united in marriage to Miss Minnie J. Iredale and they have a son, John Maxwell, born January 1, 1920. In religious faith Mr. Robertson is a Presbyterian and his political views are in accord with the platform and principles of the Conservative party. He is a member of the Calgary and Canadian Bar Associations and the nature of his recreation is indicated by his connection with the Victoria Curling Club and the Calgary & Country Club. He has proven himself an able advocate in the temple of justice, and while devoted to the interests of his clients, he never forgets that he owes a still higher allegiance to the majesty of the law.

WILLIAM G. WAY.

William G. Way, secretary of the municipality, is engaged in ranching near Strathmore, in association with his son. He was born in Portland, England, on the 18th of February, 1865, a son of George B. and Emma (Power) Way, likewise natives of England. The father learned contracting and building in young manhood and followed that line of work in England until 1871, when he came to Canada and located in Mitchell, Ontario. He engaged in contracting and building there until 1881, when he removed to Cartwright, Manitoba, and homesteaded some land. He has brought the land to a highly cultivated state and is now living there, at the age of eighty-four years. Mrs. Way died in 1875, when thirty-four years of age. To their union five children were born, William G. being the eldest. Mr. Way is a consistent member of the Methodist church and in politics he is a Liberal. He is a highly esteemed and respected citizen in the community in which he resides.

In the acquirement of his education William G. Way attended the public schools of Mitchell, Ontario, and after putting his textbooks aside

engaged in farming, later following the same occupation in Manitoba and for some time he served as justice of the peace at Cartwright. In 1905 he went to Vancouver Island, British Columbia, continuing in agricultural pursuits, and specializing in dairying. In 1909 he came to Strathmore, Alberta, and purchased some barren prairie land in this vicinity, and also homesteaded a quarter section which he brought to a highly improved state. He owns today, in partnership with his son, seven hundred acres of fine land. They specialize in dairying, do general farming and raise Aberdeen and Angus cattle. Soon after coming to Strathmore Mr. Way identified himself with the public life of the community and his genial and pleasing personality won for him many friends. Subsequently he was elected councilor of the local improvement district and upon the formation of the municipality in 1912, he was appointed secretary. He has since held this position and he is satisfactorily discharging the many duties devolving upon him.

Mr. Way has been twice married. His first wife was Ellen McKelvey, a native of Stratford, Ontario. Their marriage was celebrated in Cartwright and to their union three children were born: Emma, wife of W. J. Welch, who is farming in British Columbia; Mabel, the wife of A. J. Newman, a farmer residing near Auburndale; and Clifford E., who is farming near Stratmore. Mrs. Way's demise occurred in 1902, when thirty-four years of age. She was a member of the Methodist church. Mr. Way's second marriage was to Miss Amelia Fratt, a native of Stratford, Ontario. To their union one son has been born, Percy, who is living at home.

Mr. Way follows an independent course in politics, giving his support to the man he thinks best fitted for the office without regard to party principles. Fraternally he is identified with the Canadian Order of Foresters and has held all chairs in that order. Thoroughness is one of the marked characteristics of Mr. Way and it has been a dominant factor in his continued success. He has seen the work of progress and development carried steadily forward and at all times has borne his part, especially along the line of agricultural improvement. His worth as a man and a citizen is widely acknowledged, for he measures up to high standards in both connections.

JOHN D. HIGINBOTHAM, J. P.

John D. Higinbotham enjoys the distinction of being the oldest merchant in Lethbridge in years of continuous connection with the business interests of the city. Moreover, he has always maintained his place in the front rank of representative business men, by reason of his progressiveness and enterprise. His name is also inseparably interwoven with the history of the city because of the many important public positions which he has filled and the active part which he has taken in furthering

every plan and project for the general good. He comes of ancestry that has long been connected with public interests. His father, Lieutenant Colonel Nathaniel Higinbotham, was at one time a member for North Wellington, Ontario, in the house of commons and after his retirement from politics he became registrar of Wellington county. His mother was in her maidenhood Margaret Allan, a daughter of David Allan, Esquire, a prominent citizen of Guelph, Ontario.

John D. Higinbotham was born at Guelph, Ontario, November 23, 1864, and acquired his early education in the Guelph Academy, while later he attended the Guelph Collegiate Institute and Dr. Tassie's famous school at Galt, Ontario. He next entered the Ontario College of Pharmacy at Toronto and after the completion of a thorough course, which well qualified him for a business career, he came to Lethbridge in 1884 and here established business as a druggist and chemist, being today the oldest merchant of the city. He opened both a wholesale and retail house, which is still conducted under his name and with the passing years the business has grown to substantial and gratifying proportions. Not only has he contributed to the material development of Lethbridge but with the growth of the city and province he has been called upon to fill many important offices, the duties of which he has discharged with marked fidelity and ability. He was postmaster of Lethbridge from 1886 until 1910, or for almost a quarter of a century. He is now a juvenile commissioner of Alberta, a senator of Alberta University, a governor of the Alberta Ladies' College and has likewise been chairman of the Lethbridge school board. He was also vice-president of the Board of Trade, is president of the Citizens' League, and along commercial lines his executive power has been called forth in his election to the presidency of the Alberta Pharmacal Association. He is a supporter of the union government and is a Liberal in politics. While active and prominent along these various lines Mr. Higinbotham has never neglected the higher, holier duties of life. He belongs to the Presbyterian church and in all branches of the church work has taken a deep and helpful interest, being now president of the Alberta Sunday School Association and a director of the Young Men's Christian Association. In 1885, when but twenty-one years of age, he organized the Knox church Sunday school in Lethbridge and has been continuously its superintendent from that time to the present. He is a man of scholarly tastes and habits and has written many articles for different publications, including "The Week," which was founded by Goldwin Smith, "Grip," the once famous comic weekly, and the "Westminster Magazine."

In the year 1889 Mr. Higinbotham was married to Miss Anna Torrance, a daughter of the Rev. R. Torrance, D. D., of Guelph, Ontario, who was moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Higinbotham are as follows: Lieutenant Harold Torrance Higinbotham, born in 1894, a member of the Thirteenth Battalion; Norman Lindsay, born in 1900, a student in McGill University of Montreal; Helen Phyllis, born in 1890, who won the Bachelor of Arts degree from

Toronto University, the degree of Registered Nurse from Johns Hopkins University Training School at Baltimore, and the Master of Arts degree from Columbia University, New York; Marjorie, who was born in 1899 and was a student in Havergal Ladies' College at Toronto; and Mary Mewburn and Muriel Dryden, twins, born in 1904.

Mr. Higinbotham has always found delight in travel and is well known as an antiquarian and art connoisseur. His outdoor recreation includes lawn tennis, golf and cricket and he is the president of the Lethbridge Lawn Tennis Club and a member of the Aquatic Country Club. He also belongs to North Star Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and was district deputy grand master in 1897. He has recently been appointed one of the three lay members for Alberta of the Lord Strathcona Trust. He is interested in all those forces which make for the uplift of mankind and in his relations with the public has ever displayed a most progressive spirit, his labors at all times being highly resultant and beneficial.

J. D. AND H. N. STEPHENS.

J. D. and H. N. Stephens, owners of the Stephens Department Store, are pioneer merchants of Vermilion. They were both born at Glencairn, in the province of Ontario, sons of Marshall N. and Margaret (Frame) Stephens. The father was a native of Ontario, while the mother was born in Scotland. Both parents are deceased. For many years Mr. M. N. Stephens engaged in the lumber business in his native province. He was a successful business man and enjoyed well-merited success.

J. D. Stephens was born on the 18th of March, 1857, and received his early education in private schools and later enrolled in the Upper Canada College. In 1899 he went to Manitoba and engaged in the conduct of a general mercantile business at Swan River until 1909. In the meantime his brother, H. N. Stephens, had established a mercantile business in Vermilion, in which he had an interest. After disposing of his store interests at Swan River in 1909 he moved to Vermilion and has since been active in the conduct of the Stephens Department Store in that town. Mr. Stephens married Miss Grace M. Rioch, of Hamilton, Ontario. He was for five years chairman of the local school board and is a zealous supporter of the Church of Christ.

H. N. Stephens was born on the 7th of September, 1863, and received his early education in the public schools of the province of Ontario and was graduated from the Upper Canada College. He married Miss Jean R. Wilson, a native of Ontario, and they are parents of several children, the oldest son being lecturer in chemistry at the State University of Minnesota. Mr. Stephens held the office of mayor of Vermilion for a two-year term and during his administration gave to this community efficient and businesslike service, inaugurating and bringing to completion many movements for the development and improvement of the com-

munity at large. He and his family are likewise members of the Church of Christ and active workers in its support.

The Stephens brothers are held in high confidence and esteem by all who know them. They devote their entire time and attention to the store, which was established here in 1904 on a very small scale. They located here some time before the railroad was extended to this place, traveling by rail as far as possible, then by water on the Saskatchewan river as far as Lea Park, Alberta, and thence by team to Vermilion. They brought with them enough supplies for the establishment of their store and this was the first enterprise of its kind in Vermilion. For some time they were located in a frame building but that was burned to the ground in the fire which destroyed the Vermilion district in 1918. Today they occupy quarters in a handsome brick building which has all up-to-date improvements, etc. They handle a complete and high-grade line of stock, covering every department of general merchandise and they enjoy an extensive and important patronage. The Stephens brothers represent that type of citizen who is regarded as an acquisition to any community, forwarding its development by their diligence and enterprise in matters of business, and promoting its general progress by maintaining a high standard of citizenship and cooperating in every commendable public movement.

JOSEPH HARE MERCER.

Calgary takes justifiable pride in its public officials, who have proven themselves to be men of ability, integrity and marked civic loyalty. Of this number is Joseph H. Mercer, who for the past nine years has filled the office of city treasurer, and throughout the period of his service he has been actuated by an unselfish spirit of devotion to the general good. He was born in Watford, Hertfordshire, England, June 7, 1872, and his parents were James Duncan and Elizabeth (Rogers) Mercer, the former a native of Glasgow, Scotland, and the latter of England. For many years the father was identified with educational interests in England, residing in the mother country until about 1900, when he came to Canada. Making his way to the west, he took up a homestead claim in the province of Saskatchewan and continued to make his home on that property until his death, which occurred in the fall of 1918, when he was eighty-three years of age. He is survived by the mother, who is now living in Victoria, British Columbia.

The public schools of Worcester and Winchester, England, afforded Joseph H. Mercer his educational privileges and his initial experience along financial lines was gained in the London County Bank of London, England. On reaching Canada he joined the British Bank of North America, now known as the Bank of Montreal, and remained in the service of that institution for five years, during which he was employed in its branches at Halifax, Nova Scotia, and St. John, New Brunswick. He

next became connected with Tilden, Gurney & Company, Limited, of Winnipeg, Manitoba, in the capacity of manager and afterward left that firm to take charge of the office and financial affairs of the Hanbury Hardware Company, Limited, wholesale dealers at Brandon, Manitoba. P. Burns & Company, Limited, of Calgary, later secured his services as office and credit manager and he continued with that firm until 1914, when he was called to public office. He has since been city treasurer of Calgary and broad experience in financial affairs has made him exceptionally well qualified for the responsibilities which devolve upon him. He has proven a faithful custodian of the public funds and the work of his department is characterized by a high standard of efficiency. For a number of years he took an active part in the proceedings of the Credit Men's Associations of Calgary and Winnipeg and is a fellow of the Institute of Municipal Treasurers and Accountants.

In March, 1904, Mr. Mercer married Miss Annie Mabel Scott, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Easton Scott, of Winnipeg, Manitoba, the latter of whom is deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Mercer became the parents of two children, both of whom died in infancy. Mr. Mercer is a member of the Anglican church and is also identified with the Knights of Pythias and the Gyro Club. He utilizes every available opportunity to promote the welfare of his city and exploit its resources and advantages, being enthusiastic in his support of western Canada, which he regards as a country of great possibilities. He stands as a high type of manhood and Calgary has greatly benefited by his citizenship.

LEIGHTON C. CONN, M. B., C. M., F. A. C. S.

Dr. Leighton C. Conn enjoys a well-merited reputation as an able physician and skillful surgeon and since coming to Edmonton he has won the respect and esteem of his professional associates and the confidence and support of the general public. He was born in Ontario in 1886 and is a son of Hugh J. Conn. His early education was obtained in the public schools of St. Catharines, Ontario, and he afterward became a student at McGill College in Montreal, from which he was graduated in 1909, winning the degrees of Bachelor of Medicine and Master in Surgery. He then spent four years as an interne at the Royal Victoria Hospital in Montreal, thus gaining valuable practical experience, and in 1913 he came to Edmonton, where he has since made his home. Exceptionally thorough preparation well qualified him for his professional duties and his practice has steadily grown as he has had opportunity to demonstrate his ability and skill in the treatment of disease. He devotes the greater part of his attention to surgical work and is instructor in surgery at the University of Alberta. He is deeply interested in the scientific and humanitarian phases of his profession and utilizes every possible opportunity to broaden his knowledge and promote his efficiency. He is a fellow of the American

College of Surgeons and his professional standing is indicated in the fact that he has been called to the presidency of the Edmonton Academy of Medicine. He is also a member of the Alberta and Dominion Medical Associations.

On the 19th of September, 1914, Dr. Conn was married to Miss Marjorie Gilmore and they have two children: William G. and Marjorie S. He is an active and earnest member of the Anglican church. He has a thorough knowledge of anatomy and the component parts of the human body and his comprehensive technical training, combined with the sureness and precision of his work in surgical cases, has gained him recognition as one of the foremost exponents of the medical profession in this city.

BENJAMIN F. OLSEN.

Among the progressive and enterprising agriculturists of Cardston district must be mentioned Benjamin F. Olsen, who is living in Cardston and is operating a section of land near here. He was born in St. Louis, Missouri, in 1862, a son of Bank Benson and Wilhelmina (Wilhembeck) Olsen, the former a native of Sweden and the latter of Denmark. The father emigrated from his native country to the United States and located at St. Louis, where he lived for a few years and where he was married. In 1862 he crossed the plains to Utah, making the journey in an old prairie schooner, and he located at Salt Lake. He took up some land near there and engaged in farming for many years. Mr. Olsen was an active worker in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, which he joined in Sweden and was the first of his family to become affiliated with it. He devoted a great deal of his spare time to the church and was holding the office of high priest at the time of his demise. Mrs. Olsen was twice married. Her first husband was Mr. Hansen and they were parents of two children: Charlie, who is living in Plain City, Utah; and one whose demise occurred in infancy. To her marriage to Mr. Olsen three children were born: Benjamin F., whose name introduces this review; Joseph, who is living at Brigham City, Utah, and who has served on a mission to Sweden; and Margaret, who is the wife of William Cowley of Layton, Utah.

Benjamin F. Olsen acquired his education in the public schools of Salt Lake and after putting his textbooks aside engaged in the ranging of cattle in Idaho and later in Tooele county, Utah. He operated but a small ranch and ran graded cattle. In 1895 he came to Alberta and homesteaded some land in Cardston district, on the St. Mary's river. The land was barren prairie and he erected a log house on it, hauling the timber from the mountains, a distance of sixteen miles. He made the trip overland from Utah and trailed through with him one hundred sixty-five head of cattle, taking just two and one-half months to make the trip from Helena, Montana. Mr. Olsen's diligence, united with constant application,

finally resulted in bringing his tract of prairie land under cultivation and from time to time he increased his holdings and specialized in stock rais-raising. Subsequently he disposed of the homestead. He now owns one section of land, whereon he engages in general farming and stock raising.

On the second of April, 1889, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Olsen and Miss Emily Clark, who was born in Grantsville, Utah. To their union nine children have been born: The eldest daughter, Vere, is the wife of Ralph Garner of Hill Springs, Alberta; Florence is the wife of Orsen Anderson, a successful farmer of Cardston; Frank is farming near Glenwood, Alberta; Clarke is a farmer residing near Glenwood; Vivian is now Mrs. Jesse Woolf; Walter has been secretary of the Glenwood municipality and served on a mission in Denver, Colorado, for two years, for the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints; Ray, Edith and Jesse are living at home.

The family are members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and Mr. Olsen devotes a great deal of his spare time to the church, in which he is an elder. In 1909 Mr. Olsen built a beautiful home in Cardston and has resided there since. He is public-spirited and although he does not seek to figure prominently in public life, he performs his daily duties faithfully and efficiently, is considerate of the rights of others and never neglects his obligations to his fellowmen nor to the community in which he lives.

EDWIN H. JONES.

Edwin H. Jones of the firm of Jones, Scott & Carswell, is the oldest barrister in Lacombe in point of years of active practice. He is a native of England, his birth having occurred at Manchester, England, in 1871. His parents were Edwin and Elizabeth (Ambrose) Jones, likewise natives of England, in which country they died. The father was one of the leading barristers of his day and was judge of the county court for ten years. To Mr. and Mrs. Jones three children were born, Edwin H. being the only one now living. A brother, William Ambrose Jones, was a prominent barrister in England. Throughout his life the father gave his political support to the Conservative party and he was a member of the Anglican church.

In the acquirement of his early education Edwin H. Jones attended the Manchester grammar school and subsequently enrolled in Victoria University. In February of 1895 he was admitted as a member of the Incorporated Law Society of England and he practiced at Bury, England, for eighteen years. In 1912 he came to Alberta and on the 29th of August of that year he was admitted to the Alberta bar. On the 14th of February, 1919, Mr. Jones was made King's Counsel, and for a few years he was Crown Prosecutor at Stettler, Alberta. He has two partners in the practice of his profession—H, G. Scott, M. A., LL.B., and C. F. Carswell,

B. A. The firm name is Jones, Scott & Carswell, and they are known throughout the district and province for their success in handling all kinds of litigation

Fraternally Mr. Jones is identified with the Ancient Free & Accepted Masons. His religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Anglican church. For recreation Mr. Jones turns to yachting and motoring and aside from his profession that is his principal hobby.

ALFRED FLETCHER CARROTHERS.

Alert, energetic and determined, Alfred F. Carrothers has made good use of his time, talents and opportunities and the years have marked his progress along lines which lead to success. For eleven years he has been identified wtih the business development of Edmonton and is now numbered among the leading investment bankers of the city, while he is also prominently connected with the coal industry. He was born in Strathroy, Ontario, in 1887, and comes of English lineage in the maternal line, while his paternal ancestors were natives of Ireland. His father, John Carrothers, was born in London, Ontario, in 1836, and passed away at Regina, Saskatchewan, in 1918, when eighty-two years of age. He was married in his native city, in 1858, to Harriet Bratt, who was also born in London, Ontario, and her death occurred at Regina in 1907.

Alfred F. Carrothers was graduated from the high school at Strathroy, Ontario, in 1904, and afterward enrolled as a student at the Collegiate Institute at that place, which he attended for a year. In 1905 he came west, first locating at Winnipeg, Manitoba, but soon afterward went to Regina, Saskatchewan, where he secured a position as traveling salesman, continuing to act in that capacity until 1908. He then entered the general supply business in partnership with H. W. Laird, now a member of the Dominion senate, and this association was maintained until 1911, when Mr. Carrothers came to Edmonton, where he has since engaged in the general investment and bond business with gratifying success. He is well informed on all matters pertaining thereto and has so directed his efforts as to gain the confidence and support of the public, which has ever found him thoroughly reliable in all business matters. He has also extended his efforts into other fields and is secretary-treasurer of the Brookdale Collieries, Ltd., being a stockholder in the company, which specializes in steam coal, while he is likewise a director and stockholder of the Kingsdale Mining Corporation of British Columbia.

Mr. Carrothers was married at Regina, in the province of Saskatchewan, on July 1, 1908, to Edith Avarne-Walkeden of Birmingham, England, and they have become the parents of three sons: Alfred T., whose birth occurred at Birmingham in 1910; Elmer B., who was born in Edmonton in 1913; and Ronald Cavell, whose birth occurred in this city in 1916. Mr. Carrothers is a strong Conservative in his political views and



ALFRED F. CARROTHERS.

in religious faith he is a Methodist. He is essentially a member of the class of doers, gifted with initiative and quick resolve, and his success is the result of unabating industry, self-confidence and a readiness to assume responsibility. He is highly regarded in business circles of Edmonton and has many friends, whose esteem he has won and retained by reason of his high principles and fine personal qualities.

GROVER CLEVELAND DUNCAN.

Grover Cleveland Duncan, editor and manager of the Drumheller Mail, is one of this community's most substantial business men. He was born in Holt, Clay county, Missouri, on the 6th of January, 1885, a son of John W. and Mary E. (Nance) Duncan, both natives of Missouri. The father has farmed for the greater part of his life and he and his wife are now residing on the home place near Holt. To their union eleven children have been born, Grover Cleveland being the fourth in order of birth. All of the children with the exception of four are living in Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Duncan are consistent communicants of the Christian church. Mr. Duncan has been a member of the local school board for years and is one of the representative citizens of the community in which he resides.

The public schools of his native county afforded Grover Cleveland Duncan his early education and at the age of twenty years he left the parental roof and went to North Dakota, making his initial step into newspaper circles. He was an apprentice of the Sherwood Journal of Sherwood, North Dakota, for one and one-half years and in 1907 came to Alberta and acquired a position on the advertising staff of the Edmonton Journal He likewise followed the occupation of farming, having homesteaded some raw prairie land nine miles south of Halkirk. For a time he worked for the Canadian Pacific Railroad as assistant agent at the Pincher Station and subsequently he removed to Castor, where he worked on the Advance for two and one-half years, or until September, 1911. He was manager of the News Review at Coronation until January, 1912, when he went to Munson and worked on the Munson Mail. That paper was established in January, 1912, and Mr. Duncan purchased an interest in it a short time afterward. In 1914 he bought out his partner and edited and managed the sheet until April, 1918. In that year he moved the plant to Drumheller. He has a most up-to-date plant here, equipped with the latest machinery and he was the first to install typesetting machines. He is editor and manager of the Drumheller Mail and enjoys the confidence and esteem of his fellow citizens. Aside from publishing the newspaper he carries on an extensive commercial printing business.

In July, 1917, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Duncan to Miss Seeta Florence Douglas, a native of Winnipeg. She is a woman of culture and refinement and is a consistent member of the Presbyterian church, in the interests of which she is a zealous worker.

Fraternally Mr. Duncan is identified with the Knights of Pythias, belonging to Coal City Lodge, No. 54, and he is past chancellor commander in the order. He is likewise affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being past grand of Drumheller Lodge, No. 111; and he is a member of Drumheller Lodge, No. 34, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and has attained the Black Knight's degree in the Orangemen. Along strictly business lines he is affiliated with the Canadian and Albert Press Associations and he attended the meeting of the Canadian Press Association at Vancouver, British Columbia, in 1920. Alert and determined, he quickly recognizes an opportunity and in its utilization has promoted public interests as well as individual prosperity.

JOHN McGREGOR CAMPBELL.

John M. Campbell is manager at Calgary of the Royal Bank of Canada—Third Street, West, branch—one of the substantial moneyed institutions of the city, and he is well qualified for this responsible office, for his attention has been concentrated upon financial matters from the age of sixteen years. He was born in Manitou, Manitoba, October 11, 1883, and is a son of Donald D. and Christina (McGregor) Campbell, natives of the province of Ontario. Coming to the west, the father entered a homestead in Manitoba and proved up on his land, which he converted into a productive farm. For a number of years he continued to cultivate his property and then removed to Manitou, accepting a position with the firm of Gordon & Ironside, dealers in live stock and grain. Subsequently he took over the business, which he operated under his own name for a number of years. He is now acting as claim agent for the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, to which position he was first appointed by the government, but of late years has operated independently. Although seventy-three years of age, he is still an active factor in the world's work, and Mrs. Campbell has reached the age of seventy-one.

Their son, John M. Campbell, acquired his education in the rural schools near his father's farm in Manitoba and the public schools of Manitou, and in August, 1899, he made his entry into the financial world, becoming junior clerk in the Bank of Hamilton in that city. He readily mastered the duties assigned him, winning promotion to the position of accountant, and later was transferred to the Grain Exchange branch at Winnipeg, where he acted in that capacity from 1903 until 1906. In the latter year he was assigned the task of opening a branch at Francis, Saskatchewan, this being one of the earliest banks established in that part of the country, and for six months he was its manager. He then severed his connection with that financial institution and joined the Northern Crown Bank at Winnipeg. Soon afterward he was made manager of its interests at Longham, Saskatchewan, and a few months later was placed in charge of its bank at Balcarres, in the same province, where he remained for a year.

In December, 1908, he was transferred to High River, Alberta, and was there stationed for three years, on the expiration of which period he was sent to Red Deer, acting as manager of that branch from 1911 until February, 1920. In 1918 the holdings of the Northern Crown Bank were acquired by the Royal Bank of Canada, with which he has since been identified, and in 1920 Mr. Campbell was appointed manager of its Calgary Third Street, West, branch, in which capacity he is now serving. Broad practical experience has given him a detailed knowledge of the complex problems of modern finance and in controlling the institution he manifests keen sagacity and marked executive force. It has greatly prospered under his able administration and his employers have the utmost confidence in his judgment, foresight and honesty.

On October 15, 1907, Mr. Campbell was united in marriage to Miss Isabelle V. Dynes, a daughter of William and Sarah M. (Wilson) Dynes, natives of Ontario. For many years the father operated a farm near Orangeville, in that province, and in 1906 he came to the west, settling in Saskatchewan, where he and his wife now reside and where he is following agricultural pursuits. He has one of the best improved and most productive farms in his district. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell have three children: Donald Dynes, who was born February 11, 1909; Wilson McGregor, whose birth occurred on the 31st of January, 1911; and Jean Margaret, born November 22, 1913.

Mr. Campbell is a member of the Presbyterian church and in his political views he is an independent Liberal. He has never been neglectful of the duties of citizenship and while residing at Red Deer, Alberta, he served for three terms on the town council. He is identified with the Masonic order, belonging to Kenilworth Lodge, No. 29, A. F. & A. M., at Red Deer, of which he is a past master, and also to Keystone Chapter, No. 12, R. A. M., at that place. He is fond of hunting and takes a deep interest in all kinds of athletic sports, maintaining an even balance between work and play. He is president of the St. Andrew's Golf Club and a member of the Calgary Curling Club and probably no man in the province is better known in connection with the latter sport. He has found that the field of opportunity is open to all who have the courage to persevere therein and industry and ability have brought him to the front in his chosen line of activity. His opinions carry weight in financial circles of the city and he is recognized as a man of integrity, whose word is always to be relied upon.

TILLEY STRANG TUPPER, M. D.

Conspicuous among the ranchers of the Claresholm district, Alberta, is Dr. Tilley Strang Tupper, who engaged in the active practice of his profession for some years and is now a consulting physician, devoting the greater part of his time and attention to the ranch. He was born near Fredericton,

New Brunswick, a son of Charles Austin and Emeline (Cliff) Tupper, the former a native of Nova Scotia and the latter of New Brunswick. The father engaged in farming and at the same time conducted a contracting business for lumber supplies and bridge work. He spent most of his life in New Brunswick, where his death occurred in 1907, at the age of sixty-one years. Thoughout his life Mr. Tupper was a stanch supporter of the Conservative party. Mrs. Tupper is still living in Fredericton, at the age of seventy-four years. To them three children were born: Tilley Strang, whose name intoduces this review; Lalia, who is the wife of George Hazen, of the Hazen, Twiss Company, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan; and Ada, who is the wife of Charles McVey, a civil engineer in the employ of the government at New Brunswick. Mrs. McVey taught one of the first schools in Claresholm, and later served as principal here.

Upon attaining school age Tilley Strang Tupper entered the public schools of Fredericton and in due time was graduated from the Collegiate Institute. His earliest ambition was to enter the medical profession and upon the completion of his literary education he enrolled in the medical department of McGill University at Montreal, from which institution he was graduated with the M. D., C. M. degrees in 1896. He immediately returned to Fredericton and established offices for the practice of his profession, where he remained for a time and then removed to Amherst, later going to Medicine Hat and Lethbridge. He made his initial step as a rancher after arriving at Medicine Hat, buying some cattle which he ranged on Bow river and working for various ranchmen in the vicinity as a cow-puncher. In 1902 he homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of barren prairie land on Willow creek, near Claresholm, and ranched until 1904, when he moved into Claresholm and concentrated on his profession for four years. At the termination of that time he heeded the call of the ranch and returned to it, and he is now raising pure-blooded Holstein cattle and also operates a small dairy. He continues active in his profession only as a consulting physician. In 1906 Dr. Tupper established the Claresholm Pharmacy, conducting that enterprise until 1907, when he disposed of it.

In New Brunswick was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Tupper to Miss Mabel Moore, a native of that territory. To their union five children have been born, all of whom are living at home: Neil, Marian, Anna, Charles and Hibbert.

Dr. Tupper is a Progressive in politics and he is active in party affairs. He was the first overseer of Claresholm and a member of the first town council. He is now a member of the Provincial Medical Association. Upon the outbreak of the World war Dr. Tupper answered his country's call and during the early part of the war he was a medical officer on the Blood Indian reservation. Subsequently he received a captain's commission and went overseas with the C. E. F., being in active service there for two years, and he spent some time on hospital ships, crossing the Atlantic ocean fourteen times. He occupies a prominent place among the foremost members of his profession in this district and as a consulting physician

he has won distinction. As a rancher he has also won success and his general personal worth, his active life and his high principles have commended him to the goodwill, trust and respect of all with whom he has been associated.

CLYDE A. HOOK.

Well known in the business circles of Edmonton, is Clyde A. Hook, the president of the Hook Signs, Limited. Actuated by a progressive spirit, he has steadily developed his business along this line and today enjoys an extensive patronage that makes his undertaking one of substantial profit. Born in the United States, he is a native of Gladerun, Warren county, Pennsylvania, and his natal day was November 24, 1881. He remained at the place of his birth until about seven years of age, when his parents moved with the family to Great Falls, Montana, and there on the western frontier he was reared to manhood, pursuing his education in the public and high schools. In young manhood he started in business, becoming identified with sign painting at Spokane, Washington, where he resided until 1907. In that year he removed to Edmonton and established a business of similar character in this city, organizing a company known as the Hook Sign Company, in which he had as partners George L. Borton and E. L. Crumm. The present business was organized in 1913 by Mr. Hook and M. L. Brown and they own in connection therewith a two-story brick building. They confine their attention exclusively to signs used in outdoor advertising and their business has now assumed large and gratifying proportions. They employ a number of sign painters and their initiative and originality enables them to produce most attractive work that claims the attention of every passer-by. In upbuilding his organization, too, Mr. Hook has shown marked executive ability and is widely accounted one of the forceful and resourceful business men of his adopted city.

Fraternally Mr. Hook is identified with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and he belongs to the Kiwanis Club, being in hearty sympathy with the purposes of that organization in upholding high standards of citizenship, as well as in promoting business enterprises and improving business conditions.

FATHER THOMAS P. MURPHY.

Father Thomas P. Murphy, a priest of the Catholic church and teacher in St. John's College at Edmonton, was born in Ontario, March 14, 1867. His parents, Timothy and Ann (Meagher) Murphy, were natives of Ireland but crossed the Atlantic in early life and were educated, reared and married

in Ontario. They had a family of eleven children, eight of whom are living, the Rev. Thomas P. Murphy being the eldest. Another son, Rev. Michael Murphy, is a priest of Lethbridge, and a third son, Stephen, is a representative of the priesthood at Cranbrook, British Columbia. The father devoted his life to farming and became the owner of considerable real estate, having made judicious investments in property. He was in the United States during the Civil war period and helped do Christian work for the northern soldiers.

Thomas P. Murphy was educated in St. Michael's College at Toronto, which he attended for four years, and in Ottawa University, where he won his Bachelor of Arts degree at his graduation with the class of 1888. He then entered Montreal Seminary, in which he further prepared for the priesthood, and was ordained in Ottawa in 1893. Throughout the intervening period he has devoted his attention to the work of the church and to educational labor. His first charge was in Ottawa University as a teacher and after two years there, he went to Buffalo, New York, and there taught in a college for four years. Later he was assigned to duty at Lowell, Massachusetts, where he acted as pastor of the Sacred Heart church for four years. He then returned to St. Joseph's church at Ottawa, and continued in charge of the parish for eight years, and in 1911 he came to Edmonton. He began teaching in St. John's College and has been identified with the school throughout the intervening period. Through his educational work and as parish priest he has done an effective service in the upbuilding of the cause and is today recognized as one of the able educators of the province.

Father Murphy is a member of the Knights of Columbus and served as chaplain of the local council for a year. From early boyhood he has been actuated by the high purpose of upbuilding the cause of Catholicism in various localities to which he has been assigned. He was assisted to gain an education by his great-uncle, Rev. Michael Mackay, who was an uncle of his mother and who for many years was parish priest at Marysville, Ontario. The influence of this good man was a potent force in the life of Father Murphy and in his decision to enter the priesthood, and both in the educational world and in the direct work of the church his labors have been a far-reaching force.

ROBERT TAYLOR TELFORD.

Robert Taylor Telford, who is living retired in Leduc, has been a prominent factor in the substantial growth and improvement of this district. He was born in Shawville, Quebec, on the 19th of June, 1860, a son of Robert and Anne (Pratt) Telford. His parents were born in Ireland and came to Canada, locating in Quebec, at an early date. The father secured a homestead near Shawville, where he farmed until his demise. Mrs. Telford is also deceased. To their union seven children were born,

three daughters and four sons. Robert Taylor, whose name introduces this review, is the only member of the family who located in Alberta.

Robert Taylor Telford received his education in the public schools of his birthplace and came to Alberta during the Rebellion of 1885. He arrived in Calgary in May of that year and worked as a carpenter there until the following July, when he enlisted in the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, remaining in that service for four years. In 1889 he homesteaded some land, on a portion of which the business section of the town of Leduc now stands. Mr. Telford was among the earliest settlers here and he ran the first stopping place before the railroad came through. For about four years he was also engaged in the conduct of a general store and subsequently he started a lumberyard, which he operated for some twenty-five years, selling out in 1919, and he is now living practically retired. Mr. Telford has attained a position of affluence in the province and as a self-made man is accorded the confidence and esteem of his fellow townsmen. His early years in Alberta brought him many unusual experiences, involving innumerable hardships and privations. He was not easily discouraged, however, and he clung to his purpose with the tenacity and determination which invariably means ultimate victory.

In the spring of 1890 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Telford and Miss Belle Howard, who was born in the state of Wisconsin. Mr. and Mrs. Telford adopted two children: Raymond and Lorne. Raymond enlisted in Edmonton at the beginning of the World war and went overseas in the early part of 1916. He was a member of the Fifty-first Battalion and was killed in active service in June, 1916.

Mr. Telford has always been a stanch supporter of the Liberal party and has wielded a great influence in party affairs in this district. He was the first member of the Alberta legislature in 1905 and has held the offices of mayor and alderman. He is now a member of the school board and has the distinction of being the first to hold the office of justice of the peace in Leduc, so serving for some thirteen years. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons. During the World war Mr. Telford was active in all drives and gave generously of his time and money in the furtherance of the government's interests. He owns a number of business buildings in Leduc and has considerable real estate, which brings him in a substantial income, so that he is practically retired from active business life.

JAMES P. McCORMICK, M. D.

Dr. James P. McCormick, a representative of the medical profession at Edmonton and prominently known as a urologist, was born in Ottawa, Ontario, on the 31st of March, 1881. There he spent the period of his boyhood and youth, pursuing his early education in the public schools and passing through consecutive grades to his graduation from the high school. Later he matriculated in Queen's University, where he entered

upon the medical course, and was there graduated with the class of 1906, at which time his professional degree was conferred upon him. He afterward pursued postgraduate work in Hahnemann Medical College at Chicago for a year, and later was in the employ of the Dominion government as medical inspector of the Hudson Bay and James Bay Indians for a year and a half. In 1908 he came to Edmonton, where he opened an office and through the intervening period has been engaged in practice here, specializing in urology, although he is well informed on all branches of the medical science and continues in general practice to a considerable extent. His skill and efficiency are widely acknowledged and he is making steady progress along professional lines. He was medical examiner of the American army during the World war and he belongs to the Alberta and Quebec Medical Societies and also to the Canadian Medical Association.

Dr. McCormick was united in marriage to Miss Margery D. Moth, and they have two children: James P. and Alan. Dr. McCormick is a member of the Masonic fraternity. He has always taken a great interest in athletics and during his college days was a leader in the college games and sports and the various athletic events. He always enjoyed boxing, hockey and football and developed considerable skill along those lines. He has ever recognized the value of outdoor exercise as a means of keeping physically fit and through that avenue has further qualified for the onerous and responsible duties of his profession.

MALCOLM CAMPBELL McCANNEL, C. A.

Malcolm Campbell McCannel is known in business circles of Edmonton and throughout the province of Alberta as a chartered accountant, and in his chosen field of activity he has gained that position of leadership which follows superior ability and concentrated effort. He was born at Port Elgin, in the province of Ontario, March 16, 1883, and is a son of Alexander McCannel, a native of Scotland. The father came to Canada as a boy and in 1870 he was married in Ontario to Miss Sarah Campbell, also a native of that province, in which they are still living. The McCannel family is one of the oldest in Scotland, the ancestral line being traced back for many generations.

The public schools of Port Elgin afforded Malcolm C. McCannel his early educational opportunities and he afterward became a student at the Owen Sound Collegiate Institute, from which he was graduated in 1901. The ensuing year was spent in teaching school and on the expiration of that period he took a course in a business college of Toronto. He devoted three years to bookkeeping and then secured a position in the office of a chartered accountant of Toronto, remaining in his employ for two years. He next went to Detroit, Michigan, and for two years was with a chartered accountant of that city. He then returned to Toronto and two years later received the degree of C. A. In 1912 he formed a

partnership with his brother, Donald A., also a well known chartered accountant, and this association has been continued, under the name of McCannel Brothers & Company. In July, 1913, Malcolm C. McCannel came to Edmonton and took charge of this office, which he is now successfully conducting, being recognized as an expert in the line in which he specializes. The firm has ever borne an unassailable reputation for integrity, reliability and efficiency and its services are in constant demand, owing to the high character of its work.

In Edmonton, on the 8th of May, 1918, Mr. McCannel was united in marriage to Miss Eileen Campbell and they have become the parents of two sons, Malcolm Gordon, who was born May 9, 1920; and Donald Gilbert Alexander, born July 7, 1923. Mr. McCannel's deep interest in the welfare and advancement of his adopted city finds expression in his identification with the Chamber of Commerce and the Board of Trade and his cooperation is regarded as a valuable asset in promoting the activities of those organizations. He is a Liberal in politics and his religious views are in accord with the doctrines of the Baptist church. In matters of citizenship he has always been loyal, patrotic and public-spirited. His high standing in his chosen vocation in life is indicated in the fact that he has been honored with the presidency of the Alberta Institute of Chartered Accountants, his term of office expiring in May, 1923, and he was also a member of the senate of the University of Alberta, during that period. His aim is high, his purpose unfaltering and his determination of the quality that never recognizes defeat. As a result each year has marked an advance in his career and he ranks today with the foremost chartered accountants of Western Canada.

FREDERICK M. OLDHAM.

One of the most popular public officials of Innisfail is Frederick M. Oldham, mayor, who is also a barrister and solicitor. He was born in England, on the 29th of March, 1863, a son of Frederick J. and Esther (Mountfort) Oldham, likewise natives of England. Mr. Oldham was one of the representative barristers of his day and both he and his wife lived in England all of their lives. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Oldham eight children were born, six of whom are living.

In the acquirement of his education Frederick M. Oldham attended the public schools of his native country and in early life took up the study of law. He practiced in England for a short time and then came to Canada and located in the southern part of of the province of Alberta, and worked on a cattle ranch, remaining in the south for about five years. In 1896 he came to Innisfail and resumed the practice of his profession. He handles much important litigation before the courts, and although he is sincerely devoted to his profession he does not allow it to take all of his time and attention. He has held many town offices and is now serving

as mayor. He is giving to this community a businesslike and progressive administration and has inaugurated and brought to completion many movements for the benefit of the community at large. For many years he has been a member of the local school board and has also been town solicitor. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons and is readily conceded to be an exemplary member of the craft. A man of high principles, a genial nature and pleasing personality, Mr. Oldham is very popular in business, professional, and social circles in Innisfail.

GILBERT M. ATKIN, M. D.

A prominent physician and surgeon of Banff is Dr. Gilbert M. Atkin, who was born in Perth county, Ontario, on the 11th of July, 1877, a son of John and Janet (Drummond) Atkin, the former a native of England and the latter of Scotland. The father was born in 1835 and came to Canada with his parents, who located at Toronto when it was called Muddy York. Upon attaining man's estate he followed agricultural pursuits, successfully operating a farm in Queen's Bush, Perth county, for many years. His death occurred in March, 1919, at the age of eighty-four years. Mrs. Atkin is making her home at Milverton.

In the acquirement of his education Gilbert M. Atkin attended the public schools of Milverton and the high schools at Newcastle and Stratford, Ontario, after which he taught school from 1897 to 1899 at Brocksden. In 1898 he determined to take up the study of medicine and enrolled in the medical department of the University of Toronto, graduating from that institution with the class of 1902. From that year until 1905 he was an interne and took postgraduate work in the Brooklyn Hospital, Brooklyn, New York. In 1905 he came to the province of Alberta and located at Calgary, where he practiced three or four months before locating in Banff, in which city he has since resided. He brought to the profession thorough training and innate ability and has built up an extensive and important patronage in Banff, ranking among the foremost physicians and surgeons in the province. Dr. Atkin is a veteran of the World war, having in 1916 enlisted in the Canadian Army Medical Corps and received a captain's commission. He served overseas one and one-half years and received his honorable discharge in the fall of 1918.

In October, 1911, Dr. Atkin was married to Miss Eva Maude Henning, and they have the following children: Ethel Evelyn, born in September of the year 1912; Janet Drummond, born in February, 1914; and Gladys McIntosh, born in October, 1915. Mrs. Atkin is a woman of culture and refinement and she is prominent in the club and social circles of Banff.

In his political views Dr. Atkin is a Liberal and he is a firm believer in the principles of that party as factors in good government. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. Fraternally he is a Mason, a Knight Templar and a Shriner, and he is also a member of the



GILBERT M. ATKIN, M. D.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. Along strictly professional lines he holds membership in the Alberta Medical and Dominion Medical Associations, and he also belongs to the Great War Veterans and the Banff Golf Club.

WILLIAM H. RIPLEY.

William H. Ripley, of the Western Transfer Company of Lethbridge, is thus identified with one of the important business enterprises of the city, the corporation not only handling an immense transfer business, but also owning the ice business of the town. Alert and enterprising, Mr. Ripley is ready for any emergency and for any opportunity and his indefatigable energy declines no call to labor or to service. A native of Nova Scotia, he was born at Oxford, March 14, 1877, and is of English lineage, his grandfather, William Ripley, having been a native of England, whence he crossed the Atlantic to Nova Scotia at an early day, there following the occupation of farming. His son, Robert Ripley, was born in Nova Scotia, in June, 1846, and was married there to Miss Nancy Angus, who was born in 1856, a daughter of William Angus, who was born in Nova Scotia but was of Scotch descent. In 1855 Robert Ripley came to Lethbridge, where he remained for two and a half years and then returned to Nova Scotia for the purpose of bringing his family out. He was homestead inspector at Lethbridge for four or five years and he worked for the Canadian Pacific Railroad for a number of years. Before its line was extended here he hauled supplies to Lethbridge and thus early became identified with the pioneer development of this region. He was also weighman for the mines for a number of years and for some time was connected with an immigration company. His last position was that of homestead inspector and he is now living retired, enjoying in well earned rest the fruits of his former toil. His wife passed away in 1919. They were the parents of five children, namely: William H., of this review; Angus B., who died of influenza in 1918; Blair, who was overseas with the first railway construction unit, organized the company at Toronto and remained with the army until after the close of the war, when he was mustered out with the rank of lieutenant colonel; Leland, who is city salesman for the Lincoln Woods Company at Edmonton; and Alvin, who was a captain of the Twentieth Battery and went overseas in the fall of 1915, being killed in action on the 2d of May, 1917. The parents were both members of the Presbyterian church and Mr. Ripley was identified with the Independent Order of Foresters for a number of years. His political support has always been given to the Conservative party.

William H. Ripley pursued his education in the schools of Lethbridge, being a young lad at the time of the removal of the family to this city and after completing his high school work he started out in the business world as weigher at the mines and later acted as outside foreman at the

mines for eight years. He afterward turned his attention to ranching in connection with his brothers and success attended their efforts. Mr. Ripley later engaged in the transfer business and in addition thereto owns a farm and gives some of his time and attention to agricultural pursuits. He is identified with the Western Transfer Company, in which he is associated with Thomas and Oliver T. Long. They conduct the transfer business at Lethbridge, handling all the freight for the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company and they also cultivate a section of irrigated land and are owners of the ice business in Lethbridge, putting up sixty-five hundred tons of ice annually. The business, owing to capable management and wise control, has steadily grown and developed and is now one of the important commercial interests of this section of the province.

In 1912 Mr. Ripley was married to Miss Edith Pearl Lloyd, who was born in Calgary, a daughter of Cyrus Lloyd, who removed from Ontario to Calgary, later took up his abode at Edmonton, and still later returned to Ontario, while at the present he is in New York State. He was a manufacturer of baby carriages. To Mr. and Mrs. Ripley were born four children: Margaret Benson, now in school; Herbert Angus, also in school; Blair Lloyd; and Charles Farrar. The parents are members of the Presbyterian church and fraternally Mr. Ripley is connected with the Masons. He has never been active in politics, preferring to devote his time to his business affairs, which, wisely and capably managed, have brought to him a gratifying measure of success.

H. G. HOARE, D. D. S.

Dentistry may be said to be almost unique among other occupations, as it is at once a profession, a trade and a business. Such being the case, it follows that in order to attain the highest success in it one must be thoroughly conversant with the theory of the art, must be expert with the many tools and appliances incidental to the practice of modern dentistry and must possess business qualifications adequate to dealing with the financial side of the profession. In all of these particulars Dr. H. G. Hoare is well qualified and therefore has attained prestige among the able representatives of dentistry in Wetaskiwin, where he has followed his profession during the past two decades.

H. G. Hoare was born in Toronto, Ontario, in 1877, his parents being John and Annie (Bagust) Hoare, who were natives of England but established their home in Ontario, Canada, in 1872. The father, who was actively identified with business interests as the secretary of an oil and soap concern, passed away in the province of Ontario, where his widow still resides. He gave his political support to the Liberal party, while his religious faith was indicated by his membership in the Anglican church, to which Mrs. Hoare also belongs. They became the parents of four children, three of whom are living.

H. G. Hoare, the youngest member of his father's household, began his education in the schools of Toronto and continued his studies in a high school in the state of Kansas, while his professional training was received as a student in the dental department of the Northwestern University of Chicago, from which he was graduated in 1898. The following year he was graduated from the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Toronto and he then began practice in Ontario, where he remained until 1903, when he came west to Alberta. Through the intervening period of twenty years he has resided at Wetaskiwin and has been accorded an extensive and gratifying practice in recognition of his superior skill and ability in the line of his chosen calling. He has done considerable postgraduate work to keep abreast with the most modern methods of dental surgery, pursuing a course in Columbia University of New York in the year 1919. His high standing in professional circles is indicated in the fact that he was chosen to the presidency of the Alberta Dental Association in the years 1912 and 1913. He spent nearly two years in World war service in England.

In politics Dr. Hoare is a Conservative and he has served as a member of the school board, the cause of education ever finding in him a stalwart champion. In religious belief he is a Methodist, belonging to the church of that denomination at Wetaskiwin, while fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and with the Masons. He has served as master of his lodge and is also a member of the Royal Arch chapter and the Knights Templar commandery. His chief sources of recreation are golf and shooting. He has gained many warm friends during the period of his residence in Wetaskiwin, his salient characteristics being such as have made for popularity in both professional and social circles.

FATHER HENRY GRANDIN, O. M. I.

Father Henry Grandin, who labored uninterruptedly in the cause of the Catholic church in Edmonton from 1875 until the time of his death, was born in France, May 19, 1853, and was a son of Florend and Modest (Morin) Grandin, both of whom spent their lives in France. The father was a butcher by trade and followed that business throughout his active life. His family numbered seven children, three of whom are living. Father Henry Grandin was the eldest. Three of the sons entered the priesthood, the others being Father Vital of France, who has been in one parish for thirty-three years, and Father Augustin Grandin, who is also a priest of France and who served as a chaplain in the army during the World war.

Henry Grandin acquired his early education in the local schools of his native country and afterward attended the seminary at LeMans. He completed his studies in Lachine at Montreal, where he pursued his course for a year, and was then ordained in St. Albert, in 1875, by his uncle,

Bishop Grandin. He was first assigned to duty at Edmonton, where he arrived in 1875. From that date he had charge of the whole Order of Oblates in Alberta and northern Saskatchewan, traveling most of the time in the performance of his churchly duties. He devoted his life to the cause to which he dedicated himself in young manhood and at the time of his death he had supervision over one hundred priests and had leadership over forty-eight missions. He was one of the oldest priests in the province, there being few active teachers of the Christian religion in Alberta when he arrived here, the number being altogether about five. There are but four priests living who have been in the province for a longer period than was Father Grandin. He never held a pastorate but always had charge of the missions for the Oblates Order and went back and forth throughout the country, directing the development of the work of the church and organizing its forces to reach out along constantly broadening lines for the upbuilding of the Catholic cause.

OWEN WILLIAMS.

A man of high intellectual attainments is Owen Williams, inspector of schools and a representative citizen of Cardston. He was born near Castle Harlech, Wales, on the 23rd of February, 1886, a son of Hugh and Marguerite (Jones) Williams, both natives of Wales. The father has engaged in mining for many years and is now living at Blaenau Festiniog, Wales, at the age of fifty-nine years. Mrs. Williams died in 1892.

In the acquirement of his education Owen Williams attended the common schools of his birthplace and subsequently entered the University of North Wales at Bangor. He received the degree of B. A. from that institution in 1908 and immediately engaged in educational work. For one year he taught in the schools at Trawsfynydd, Wales. In 1919 he came to the United States and toured the country with the Moelwyn Royal Male Choir. While in England Mr. Williams and other members of the choir had the honor of appearing before King Edward VII. Prior to leaving his native land Mr. Williams had corresponded with the Alberta department of education and upon the completion of his tour he accepted a position as a teacher in the Willard school district near Gleason, Alberta, and he remained there for three months. Then for one year he taught the Magic school near Ponoka and subsequently he became vice-principal of the Ponoka town schools, which position he held a year and a half, when he was made principal of the schools, serving in that important capacity for four years. For two years he was principal of the schools at Claresholm and in 1919 he came to Cardston. He was appointed inspector of schools in that year and has since discharged the duties of this office to the complete satisfaction of all concerned. In his territory there are eighty-seven schools, one hundred and thirty-five public school depart-

ments and fifteen high school departments, each of which he attempts to visit at least twice a year. He has three distinct divisions under his control, the western, central and eastern, and also has seven Mennonite schools. Since coming to Cardston, Mr. Williams has devoted his entire time and attention to educational work and is readily conceded to be one of the most progressive educators in the province of Alberta.

On the 22d of April, 1916, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Williams to Miss Lillian Albright, a native of Nebraska, and a daughter of George A. Albright, who is conducting a marble business in Edmonton. To Mr. and Mrs. Williams two children have been born: Gwendolen and Douglas.

Mr. Williams is a very public-spirited man, manifesting an active and helpful interest in all that tends to develop the community and promote its progress along lines leading to permanent advancement. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons and he holds membership in the blue lodge and in the Chief Mountain Lodge of Cardston, in which he is a junior warden. Being a man of fine education and of high intellectual attainments, Mr. Williams finds his greatest recreation in his library and he has two volumes of Welch manuscript, one dated 1346 and the other 1148, among his many rare editions.

MAURICE L. BROWN.

One of the substantial men of Edmonton is Maurice L. Brown, who has worked his way steadily upward in the business world until he is now secretary and treasurer of the Hook Signs, Limited, and judged by the past his future career will be well worth watching. He was born at Windsor, Berkshire, England, May 22, 1895, a son of Stephen and Fannie (Excell) Brown, who were also natives of that country and are now residents of Vancouver. They came to Canada about 1880 and the father was for many years engaged in the grocery business, but is now living retired, enjoying in well earned rest the fruits of his former toil. He and his wife are members of the Church of England. They became parents of six children, four of whom are living: Harold P., who is visual instructor at the University of Alberta; Elsie, the wife of E. F. Peacock, a contractor of Los Angeles, California; Kathleen, the wife of A. J. Keel, an accountant of Vancouver; and Maurice L.

Maurice L. Brown pursued his education in the schools of Windsor and of eastern Canada and became a newsboy in Kingston, Ontario, at a very early age, since which time he has provided for his own support. He arrived in Edmonton in 1912, when a youth of seventeen and here studied accounting, after which he followed the business for a short time. He then became connected with the Hook Signs, Limited, and working his way upward with the corporation was eventually elected secretary and treasurer of the company, which does a very large sign painting busi-

ness. The excellence of its work and the probity of its business methods have secured for the firm an extensive patronage and its work is found in various parts of the province. The firm belongs to the Outdoor Advertising Association of Canada and the United States and has widely distributed outdoor painting displays for Edmonton.

In 1916 Mr. Brown was married to Miss Luella Catherine Clyde, who was born in Valleyfield, Quebec. They have one child, Phyllis Luella, who is three years of age. The parents are members of the Presbyterian church and take an active and helpful interest in its work. Mr. Brown belongs to the Edmonton Board of Trade and to the Edmonton Rotary Club and of the latter he is now a director, while for two years previous he was chairman of the entertainment committee. He finds recreation in golf and tennis but the major part of his time and attention is devoted to his business, which is steadily growing in volume and importance. His course has ever been a forward one since he started out to earn his living as a newsboy and as the years have passed he has advanced step by step until his position in commercial circles is a most creditable one.

HUGH B. BROWN.

Hugh B. Brown, one of the rising young barristers of the Lethbridge bar, was born in Salt Lake City, Utah, October 24, 1883, and is a son of Homer M. and Lydia (Brown) Brown, who are also natives of that city. The former is a son of Homer Brown, who was of that band of followers of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints who settled Salt Lake City and in that locality he followed the occupation of farming. The mother is a daughter of James S. Brown, who was born in the New England states and removed to Salt Lake City many years ago, making the long and arduous trip across the hot, sandy plains to his destination in the year of 1847, traveling with one of the Mormon companies that sought to plant the faith in Utah. He made the first test of gold found in California. He spent seventeen years of his life in mission work among the Indians and the natives of the South Sea Islands. He was a very fluent speaker and accomplished much good for the cause which he represented. Mr. and Mrs. Homer M. Brown continued residents of Salt Lake City until 1900, when they removed to Cardston, Alberta, where the father followed the occupation of farming for a number of years. He is now living retired, however, and has returned to Salt Lake City, where he and his wife make their home. They had a family of fourteen children, seven sons and seven daughters.

Hugh B. Brown, who was the fifth child and second son of the family, pursued his education in the public schools of his native city and in the high school at Logan, Utah, while later he pursued a course of study in the University of Utah, completing his work there in 1912. He afterward came to Lethbridge, where he entered upon the study of law, to

which he devoted five years, and in 1921 he was admitted to the bar. Here he began practice in connection with Hjalderman Ostlund, under the firm style of Ostlund & Brown, and although one of the younger representatives of the bar he has a nice practice and is regarded as one of the leading young solicitors of the city. He was married and had a family of three children when he began preparation for the profession, nevertheless he managed to pursue his course of study and has steadily advanced in his chosen life work, his capability being now widely recognized.

In 1908 Mr. Brown was united in marriage to Miss Zina Young Card, a daughter of Charles O. Card, who was the founder of the town of Cardston. Her mother, Zina (Young) Card, is still living and is a daughter of Brigham Young, long leader of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. Mr. and Mrs. Brown have become parents of six children: Zina, Zola and LaJune, all in school; and Mary, Hugh and Charles M., who have not yet reached school age. The parents are members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and Mr. Brown is president of the Stake of Zion at Lethbridge. The stake includes the territory north of the city of Lethbridge with nine wards and four organized branches, and Mr. Brown has entire supervision over the stake. There are two councilors and twelve men to act in the council and under his guidance the work of the church is steadily growing and developing. Politically he is a representative of the union party. During the World war he volunteered for service in October, 1915, and organized a squadron of Mounted Rifles at Cardston, which formed part of the Thirteenth Overseas Mounted Rifles. With this command he went overseas in 1916 and was advanced to the rank of major, serving for three and a half years. After the close of his military experience he returned to Lethbridge and resumed the practice of law, to which he is now giving the major part of his time and attention. He has always been active in church work, however, and spent the years 1904 and 1905 on a mission in England. He has done considerable public speaking, possessing excellent oratorical power, and he ever presents his cause in a clear and convincing way, whether it be a matter for the benefit of the church or the support of a client's interests before the court.

WILLIAM PEARCE.

William Pearce is a civil engineer of broad experience and superior ability who has been a most important factor in securing the development and utilization of the great resources of the Canadian Northwest. He is now in the service of the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company and for the past six years has been statistician to the department of colonization and development, with headquarters in Calgary, Alberta. He was born in Dunwich township, Elgin county, Ontario, February 1, 1848, and his parents were John and Elizabeth (Moorehouse) Pearce. He attended the county grammar school at St. Thomas, Ontario, and afterward became

a student at Toronto University, in which he completed a course in civil engineering. He was engaged on private and railway surveys until 1873 and from 1874 until 1881 had charge of the work of surveying standard meridians and parallels in Manitoba and the Northwest. In 1882 he was appointed Inspector of agencies and served on the Dominion Lands Board until 1884, when he was made superintendent of mines. In this connection it was his duty to investigate, report and make recommendations on all claims to land, of which the greater part were made by half-breeds, in the district extending from the Red river to the Rocky mountains, and from the forty-ninth to the fifty-sixth parallel of latitude; also all conflicting claims to land by settlers or arising out of the confliction of various large interests. Ninety-nine per cent of these claims were settled in accordance with Mr. Pearce's recommendations and from 1898 until 1901 he was largely occupied in adjusting railway land grants. For the next three years he was chief inspector of surveys and in 1904 he voluntarily left the service of the government. He has since been connected with the administration of irrigated and other lands, and the lands in British Columbia for the Canadian Pacific Railway. He has also been largely engaged in reporting on the probable resources of many districts in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, particularly the drainage of the Athabasca and Peace rivers, and was the first person to direct attention to irrigation in Canada east of the Rocky mountains. Since October, 1916, he has been statistician to the department of colonization and development of the Canadian Pacific Railway and his services are valued highly by that corporation. His work represents the highest degree of efficiency in his line and the nature of the projects with which he has been connected indicates most clearly his high professional standing.

In September, 1881, Mr. Pearce was united in marriage to Miss Margaret A. Meyer, a daughter of L. G. Meyer, deceased, who was numbered among the prominent residents of Seaforth, Ontario. Mr. Pearce is a member of the Anglican church and his political allegiance is given to the Conservative party. He is a member of the Manitoba Club of Winnipeg and the Ranchmen's Club of Calgary and travel affords him his chief source of recreation. His contribution to the world's work has been one of great value and importance and entitles him to classification with the empire builders of the Canadian Northwest. That work, however, is not completed; it is going on and on. It is said that every man has a hobby, and Mr. Pearce's hobby is a centralized board of research. His wide study, his broad experience, his comprehensive understanding of conditions in western Canada, have made him a firm believer in its future, its possibilities and its resources. To the end that all resources may be used wisely and well, he believes in the organization of a centralized board of research that shall carve out plans and institute methods for the wise use of the great natural resources of this section of the country, which he has studied from the period of its early settlement and development to the present-day era of progress and prosperity. He feels,

however, that western Canada is yet in its infancy in comparison with what the future has in store for it if vision, judgment and intelligently directed labor are allowed to play a part in the work of future growth.

H. MILTON MARTIN.

H. Milton Martin, insurance and financial agent and Belgian consul at Edmonton, is a man of varied talents and in the many fields in which he has operated his broad mind and strong personality have placed him in the vanguard, while his actions have at all times been characterized by a fidelity of purpose born of the desire to have every duty well done. He was born in Clintonville, New York, June 6, 1872. His parents, Francois Xavier and Azilda (Lafontaine) Martin, are both deceased. In the acquirement of an education H. Milton Martin attended Plateau Academy of Montreal and the College of Joliette at Joliette and entered business life at Vancouver, British Columbia, in 1887, filling clerical positions in that city until 1890. He then assumed the duties of assistant paymaster for the Columbia & Kootenay Railway during its construction, and in 1891 he was made accountant and manager for the firm of Lowenberg-Harris & Company of New Westminster. He remained with that house until 1893 and then engaged in mining in the Kootenay district, being thus occupied until 1897. From 1898 until 1906 he was in the service of the government and during that period he filled various positions, the last being justice of the peace and Crown timber and land agent for the Yukon territory, in which he spent eight years. In 1906 he established his present business as an insurance and financial broker and he is now serving as president of the Mance Farming Company, Limited, while he is also the chief executive officer of St. Leonard's, Limited. He displays keen sagacity and marked administrative ability in the control of his business affairs and is now at the head of important interests. He also acts as consul for Belgium and is ably serving the interests entrusted to him, discharging his duties with efficiency, conscientiousness and tact.

Mr. Martin's activities have touched the general interests of society to their betterment and he is a dominant force in any movement with which he is associated. From 1909 until 1914 he was a trustee of the separate schools and in 1912 he was chosen president of the Edmonton Board of Trade and was chairman of the civic interest committee of that organization from 1913 until 1918. He was chairman of the relief committee of the North Alberta branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, from its organization meeting to the termination of its activity and is public administrator and official guardian for the North West Territories and commissioner of the Alberta subdivided properties act. From 1914 until 1918 he was president of the Edmonton Insurance Agents Association and in 1917 and 1918 he served as president of the Canadian Club of this city. In political affairs he takes an active and prominent part and is recognized

leader in the local councils of his party. In 1911-12 he was president of the Edmonton Association of Liberals and he has also served as alderman of the city during three years, completing his term of office in 1920. During the World war he served as captain of the One Hundred and First Regiment of Edmonton Fusiliers and is now on the "Reserve of Officers".

In 1908 Mr. Martin married Miss Beatrice Beck, a daughter of Hon. Mr. Justice N. D. Beck, and they have become the parents of four children, a son and three daughters. Mr. Martin is a Roman Catholic and also is a member of the Knights of Columbus, the Edmonton Club, the Kiwanis Club and the Edmonton Golf and Country Club, of which latter he was elected president for 1924; also vice president of the Alberta Golf Association for 1924-1925. He is imbued with the spirit of progress and has become widely known because of his public service, which has been of a most helpful character. Strong and purposeful, his efforts have been directed along constantly broadening lines of greater usefulness, and Edmonton numbers him among its foremost citizens.

DAVID JOHNSON GRIER.

David Johnson Grier is one of the leading men of Macleod and his prominence has come to him by virtue of his identification with important enterprises and his activity in political life. He was born in Griersville, Ontario, on the 15th of January, 1857, a son of James and Mary (Johnson) Grier, the former a native of Ireland and the latter born in the province of Ontario. The father came to this country in early life and emigrated to Ontario when eighteen years of age. He purchased land in St. Vincent township and engaged in farming there for twenty-five years. Subsequently he moved to Wireton, Ontario, where he was engaged in farming. In 1883 he came to Macleod and he followed agricultural pursuits here until his death on the 4th of July, 1918, at the age of ninety-four years. His wife died in February, 1918, when eighty-seven years of age. To their union seven children were born, six of whom are living: Jennie is the widow of John Steinhoff of Macleod; Mary Charlotte is the widow of Solan W. Cross of Ontario; Lillie J. is the widow of D. W. Davis, who was the first federal member of Alberta. Mrs. Davis resides in Macleod; Marguerite L. is the wife of William Dunbar of Vancouver, British Columbia; David Johnson is the subject of this sketch; James P. was engaged in farming near Macleod, but he passed away in 1918, in his fifty-sixth year; and Curan is engaged in farming near Macleod. The father was an Orangeman and his political allegiance was given to the Conservative party. His religious faith was that of the Church of England.

David Johnson Grier received his education in the public schools of his birthplace and after putting his textbooks aside entered the service of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. He came to Macleod for three years and for one year was in the Indian department of the government.



DAVID JOHNSON GRIER.

Subsequently Mr. Grier homesteaded some land and ran cattle from Montana to his ranch. He now owns two sections of well improved land near Macleod. In 1912 he assisted in the organization of The Spectator and in 1915 he bought the paper, becoming sole owner, and conducting it for some time. Later he leased it, and it is now known as the Macleod Times & Weekly News. He built the Empire Hotel in Macleod and still owns a half interest in the enterprise, and he also built the Union Bank building, which he sold. The upbuilding of Macleod has received a valuable impetus through his constructive activities.

Mr. Grier has been twice married. His first wife was Laura Jones, a native of Ontario. She died in 1905, leaving four children: Roy V. is an employe in the freight department of the Canadian Pacific Railroad at Calgary, and is a veteran of the World war. He enlisted in the British army, was assigned to the motor transport service and saw active service overseas; Norman J. is engaged in farming near Macleod; James F. enlisted in the British army at Calgary and served overseas; and William F., who was likewise in the service during the World war, but did not get overseas. Mr. Grier was married to Miss Clara C. Bingham, a native of England, in 1910 and they have four children: May C., David J., Mary Mona and Nina, all at home.

Mr. Grier is a consistent communicant of the Church of England. Politically he is a stanch Conservative and for ten years he served as mayor of Macleod. In 1905 Mr. Grier was the Conservative candidate for the legislature for the Macleod constituency but was defeated by a small majority. He bears an unsullied reputation for honesty and ability in office and he enjoys the confidence and esteem of all who know him.

ALEXANDER H. GOODWIN, D. D. S.

Entering upon the practice of dentistry thirty-three years ago, Dr. Alexander H. Goodwin has acquired that skill which is the result of broad experience and conscientious effort and during the period of his residence in Vegreville he has gained a well established position in local professional circles, while his reputation also extends to the surrounding district. He was born in the province of New Brunswick, February 18, 1868, of the marriage of Cyrus N. and Elizabeth (Wells) Goodwin, also natives of that region. The father is deceased but the mother still resides in New Brunswick and has reached the venerable age of ninety-three years. To their union were born six children, five of whom are living, the subject of this review being the only member of the family to come to Alberta, except his brother, Rev. H. A. Goodwin.

Alexander H. Goodwin obtained his early education in the public schools of New Brunswick and secured his professional training in the States, being graduated in 1889 from the College of Dental Surgery at Baltimore, Maryland. Two years later he came to this province, opening

an office in Edmonton, where he successfully followed his profession until 1903. In that year he removed to Vegreville, entering a homestead claim, and proved up on that property. In 1906 he organized the Vegreville Land Company and conducted that business until 1916, since which time he has engaged in the practice of dentistry. His thorough knowledge of the underlying principles of his profession is supplemented by marked mechanical skill and ingenuity and his services are in constant demand, leaving him little time for outside interests.

Dr. Goodwin married Miss Selena Taylor, a native of the province of Ontario, and they have become the parents of four children, but the youngest, Jean, is deceased. Those who survive are: Elinor B., Lillian A. and William T. Dr. and Mrs. Goodwin attend the Union church and he is an adherent of the Liberal party. He has served as mayor of Vegreville, making a highly creditable record in that office, and fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order. He has the enthusiasm for Vegreville characteristic of its citizens and has witnessed much of the growth and development of the town, to which he has contributed his full quota. His professional activities have brought him a wide acquaintance and he is accorded the esteem of his fellow practitioners and also of the general public.

REV. ALEXANDER McTAGGART.

Rev. Alexander McTaggart, pastor of the Presbyterian church of St. Andrews, has the distinction of being the only minister who has ever been a member of the city council of Calgary. He was born at Burgoyne, Bruce district, Ontario, and comes of sturdy Scotch-Canadian stock.

In the acquirement of his early education Alexander McTaggart attended the public schools of his birthplace and subsequently entered the University of Toronto, where natural ability was supported and supplemented by a long course of training, followed by a theological course at Knox College, Toronto, which latter institution of learning has had the honor of being the Alma Mater of many famous divines. In 1903 he completed his training and was ordained. A short time afterward he started west and Carnduff, Saskatchewan, was the first town of his ministry. For three years he remained there and in August, 1907, he located in Winnipeg as pastor of the Robertson Memorial church. During the seven years of his ministry there Mr. McTaggart not only built up a church, but he accomplished the harder task of making that church stand for unselfish service to the community. He did not regard the community about him as simply existing for his church, but he had the larger vision of his church existing for the community. Therefore he more readily gained the community for his church and notwithstanding the difficulties of the neighborhood, succeeded in building up a church with a membership of about three hundred and fifty and a Sunday evening attendance of about the same number. To some such a record may not seem particularly am-

bitious, but when one considers the district that lies around the Robertson Memorial church, the mass of varied and genuinely serviceable work carried on in connection with the institute is exceedingly creditable. The activities of the institute were not designed to bring glory to the church. Directly their aim was the good of the people and there they succeeded. Mr. McTaggart has always been enthusiastic about his work. The one activity that has always aroused his greatest interest, however, is the work among children. While pastor of the Robertson Memorial he set aside one Sunday of each month for a children's service. On that day the children chose the text of the sermon and there was a children's choir and child soloists. Mr. McTaggart was held in high confidence and esteem by all of his fellowmen and Winnipeg lost one of her most enterprising citizens when he resigned as pastor of the Robertson Memorial and came to Calgary, where the past nine years he has been pastor of the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

Although Mr. McTaggart has devoted much of his time to his ministerial duties, he has been active in public life and for six years served the city of Calgary as an alderman, during which time he made a very careful study of all civic problems and acquired a mass of very valuable information from his years of experience. A man of literary ability, he contributed a series of articles on municipal affairs to the Morning Albertan, which were of very great value. In welfare matters he is an authority perhaps unexcelled in the province. Mr. McTaggart has another distinction in that he belongs to neither of the dominant parties. He is neither A. C. G. A. nor A. D. L. P. The fact that he broke through two such strong combinations is evidence of his strong personality and strength of character. Because of this unusual position he occupied a dominating place in the council. He was responsible neither to labor nor to the C. G. A. He was a representative of all the people all the time and when he believed a thing to be right, he did it, asking leave of no one.

NORMAN T. BEEMAN, M. D.

Dr. Norman T. Beeman has made the practice of medicine his life work and as owner of the Bellevue Hospital he is operating one of the most modern and complete institutions of the kind in southern Alberta. He was born in Essex county, Ontario, July 29, 1882, and his parents, Sebia and Emma (Fox) Beeman, were also natives of that province, in which the father spent his life, concentrating his attention upon the occupation of farming. The mother is still living in Ontario.

Dr. Beeman first came to Alberta in 1890, when eight years of age, but soon afterward returned to Ontario, and in the public schools of that province he obtained his preliminary education. In 1910 he was graduated from the medical department of the University of Toronto and then started for the west, beginning his professional career at Diamond City, in the

Lethbridge City district of Alberta, where he remained until 1912, when he removed to Magrath. He maintained an office there until the outbreak of the World war in 1914 and then enlisted in the government medical service. In the following year he was sent overseas, remaining abroad until 1919, in which year he located at Bellevue, in the Rocky Mountain district of Alberta, where he has since made his home. He purchased Bellevue Hospital, which at that time was operated under very inefficient management, and at once set about the task of converting it into a modern institution. He has supplied it with the most complete surgical equipment and installed other needed improvements, expending about sixty thousand dollars upon the building. He acts as superintendent of the hospital, which ranks with the best in this part of the province and is a credit to Bellevue and the surrounding district, standing as a monument to his enterprising spirit and progressive management.

Dr. Beeman married Miss Nellie Rusk, who is a graduate nurse, and her parents were natives of the province of Ontario. To this union has been born a son, John S. Before locating in Bellevue, Dr. Beeman was connected for a time with the mounted police in northern Alberta in a professional capacity and the success which he now enjoys is the reward of untiring effort and that ability which is acquired through broad experience and close study. He stands high in his profession and Bellevue has greatly benefited by his citizenship.

REV. E. PIERCE GOULDING.

Rev. E. Pierce Goulding, rector of All Saints church at Edmonton and a well known divine of the Anglican faith in Alberta, was born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1883, his parents being Walter and Elizabeth (Pierce) Goulding, both of whom were natives of Wexford county, Ireland. They were married in Dublin and the father engaged in business in his native country as a timber merchant. There he passed away in 1912. He is survived by his widow, who still makes her home in Dublin. They were members of the Church of England and Mr. Goulding belonged to the Order of Foresters and to the Masonic fraternity. In politics he was a unionist.

E. Pierce Goulding was the eldest in a family of six children, five of whom are living. He acquired his education in St. Patrick's grammar school of Dublin and in Trinity University of that city, while his theological studies were pursued in Emmanuel University at Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, where he was graduated with the class of 1910. In the same year he was ordained to the ministry and was appointed assistant to Christ church at Saskatoon. He afterward became rector of St. Paul's church at Fort Williams, Ontario, and was called to All Saints cathedral at Edmonton, in 1918, when he became rector and in 1922 was made canon residentiary. He is a fluent, earnest and convincing speaker and his public addresses carry conviction to the minds of his hearers. Mr. Pierce Gould-

ing had considerable business experience before he entered upon preparation for the ministry, being in his father's office in Dublin for a number of years. He also taught in St. George's College for one year and in 1907 he came to Canada under Bishop Lloyd, making his way to Saskatchewan to do missionary work. Since that time he has given his service to the church and he is a member of both the provincial and general synod of the Church of England in Canada. He inspires his parishioners with much of his own zeal and interest in the cause and his labors have been far-reaching and resultant.

In 1912 Mr. Pierce Goulding was married to Miss Ina Smith of Dublin, Ireland, where she was reared and educated. They have two children: Enid and Terence, aged seven and four years, respectively. He is well known in Masonic circles, was chaplain of Royal Lodge, A. F. & A. M. at Fort Williams, and is now serving as the chaplain of the Irish Protestant Association at Edmonton. He belongs to the Rotary Club at Fort Williams and is now a member of the Gyro Club of Edmonton. He also served for two years as a member of the school board at Fort Williams and as vice president of the British Empire Alliance. His cooperation is given to all projects and causes which he believes will prove of public benefit, or which act as uplift agencies and he is now a member of the boys work board of Alberta, in which he is closely studying the problem of the young with the purpose of safeguarding the youth of the land in every possible way, in order to develop the highest standards of manhood and citizenship. His labors are indeed an effective force in the moral uplift of the province.

LESLIE C. COX.

Leslie C. Cox, barrister and solicitor, is a man of high intellectual attainments and is prominently known in both educational and professional circles in this province. He was born in Bowmanville, Ontario, on the 26th of April, 1890, a son of Christopher and Lillian (Hill) Cox, both of whom are living in Bowmanville, where the father is a successful agriculturist. Mr. and Mrs. Cox are the parents of five children, Leslie C., whose name introduces this review, being the eldest. Leslie C. and a sister, Mrs. C. C. Hartman of Olds, are the only members of the family living in the province of Alberta. Mrs. Hartman's husband is a physician and surgeon of Olds.

In the acquirement of his education Leslie C. Cox attended the public schools of his native community and in due time was graduated from the Bowmanville high school. He graduated from the University of Toronto in 1913, with the B. A. degree and subsequently entered Johns Hopkins University, where he was a student from 1914 to 1917, and that institution conferred the Ph. D. degree upon him in the latter year. He was a holder of the Rogers Fellowship while at Johns Hopkins. From 1917 to 1918 he acted as assistant professor of Latin at Hamline University, St. Paul,

Minnesota, and from 1918 to 1919 he was professor of Latin at that school. In 1919 he determined to take up the study of law and entered the offices of MacKay, McDonald & Wells at Edmonton, one of the best law firms in the province. Later he was associated with Friedman & Lieberman, and on the 25th of September, 1922, he was admitted to the Alberta bar, and he is now a member of the firm of Mackenzie & Cox. Mr. Cox takes care of the practice in Wainwright, while his partner looks after the clientele at Chauvin and they enjoy an extensive patronage in both towns. Although he has engaged in active practice but a short time Mr. Cox has won a position for himself among the members of the Alberta bar and a successful career is predicted for him by his many friends.

Mr. Cox was married to Helen M., eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Smith of Edmonton, on the 11th of August, 1923.

JOHN McNEILL.

A forceful and resourceful business man is John McNeill, who is conducting his interests under the name of the Twin City Transfer Company. In this connection he has built up a business of large and gratifying proportions that stands as a visible evidence of his enterprise, determination, close application and progressiveness. Mr. McNeill was born in Glasgow, Scotland, on the 27th of January, 1871, and is a son of William and Elizabeth (Bryce) McNeill, who were also natives of the land of hills and heather, where they spent their lives. The mother passed away in 1892, while the father, surviving for five years, was called to his final rest in 1897. He was a wholesale provision merchant and met with substantial success in the conduct of his business affairs. Both were members of the Presbyterian church and Mr. McNeill was a Conservative in his political views. To him and his wife were born six children, five of whom, all sons, are living.

John McNeill, the third child in order of birth, pursued his education in the schools of his native city and following his father's death assumed the management of the provision business, which he carried on for about twenty years, taking charge thereof when a youth of but eighteen. He prospered in his undertaking, building up a very substantial trade but with the desire to come to Canada he sold the business to his brother in 1910. It was his intention to engage in farming here, having come with a Canadian Pacific Railroad colony of about one hundred people, including Scotch, English and Irish. The people from Scotland traveled together and first made their way to Strathmore, where some of the number settled, while others went to look over the Canadian Pacific Railroad land twenty-four miles south of Sedgewick and there took up their abode. Mr. McNeill purchased a thousand acres of land at thirteen dollars per acre on the ten-year payment plan. He built thereon a house and barn and fenced a portion of his tract. In connection with a neighbor he purchased

a big gasoline engine to furnish motor power for the farm work. Up to this time he had never seen a gasoline engine, but he took charge thereof and broke two hundred acres of land for himself and an equal amount for his partner, after which he broke land for other Scotchmen, plowing altogether twelve hundred acres in the summer of 1910. In September of that year two men drove to his house late at night and asked to be directed to Caster. He put them on their way but two hours later these same men returned and again asked the way to Caster. Mr. McNeill took them in, keeping them all night. He showed them over his farm and they seemed so well pleased with it that they offered to pay him fifteen dollars per acre and also pay him for the breaking and improvement that he had placed thereon. Thus it was that he came into possession of his first Canadian money. He was given a week in which to make arrangements to move and he went to Sedgewick but found that there was nothing to be rented there save a small two-room shack. He then took an option on a half section of land south of Sedgewick, for which he was to pay twenty-three dollars per acre and to hold it he paid fifty dollars for the option. He then tried to get the sale papers ready but solicitors could not do the work then and because of the illness of his baby and the fact that the local doctor could not tell the trouble Mr. McNeill brought his family to Edmonton in order to get medical aid here. The hospitals being full, he rented a house on Ross street and arranged for a doctor to care for the little one. Pleased with Edmonton and its prospects he decided to remain here. He had a team and wagon left from the sale of his farm, so with these he brought to Edmonton the little furniture that he had and has since made his home in this city. Everything argued well for the future. His baby improved at once on getting to Edmonton and Mr. McNeill found immediate employment by answering an advertisement in a window for a man to haul coal. He hauled two loads and quit but this opened up to him a line of business, for on the 1st of November, 1910, he purchased the Twin City Transfer business, which then consisted of two horses and a little shack, ten by sixteen feet. His business grew very rapidly and in 1912 he built half of his present building, twenty-five by seventy feet, and increased the number of his horses to twenty. In 1914 he doubled the capacity of his barns and increased his horses to thirty. Today he is utilizing in his business thirty head of horses, eight auto trucks, fifteen McLaughlin automobiles and has a storage warehouse on One Hundred and Third street, while six months ago he took over the old Marshall Wells building for a storehouse. Both warehouses have trackage and his equipment is thoroughly modern in every particular. In 1918 he purchased a large building on Fourteenth street, thus securing a brick garage and in October, 1922, he rented a large garage, one hundred by one hundred and fifty feet. He employs fifty-three men, being today the largest individual employer of labor in Edmonton. The Twin City Transfer Company has exclusive privileges with all railway companies entering the city, so far as taxi service is concerned. It is also baggage agent for the Canadian

National Railroad, the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Alberta & Great Waterways Railroad. It also has the contracts for moving all the scenery for the local theatres and does a large business in packing and crating furniture, while pool cars are made up for all points east and west of Edmonton. The business is today one of the largest of the kind in western Canada and stands as a visible evidence of the indefatigable enterprise and progressive spirit of Mr. McNeill, who is sole proprietor. He handles all the business for the MacDonald Hotel and several other of the hotels of the city and he makes a specialty of piano moving, having the patronage of all the piano houses of Edmonton and keeping a crew of men for this particular work. The company has handled one hundred and forty-five pianos in two weeks. There is also a crew of men for crating and hauling furniture. Many interesting and some weird experiences have come to Mr. McNeill in the course of his business. In 1911 three strangers came to his office and each stored two trunks. On Mr. McNeill's arrival at his office early one morning one of these men was waiting to get in and said he wished to open one of his trunks. Mr. McNeill admitted him and was then called into the front office. When he finished his business there he returned to the back and saw the fellow lying on the floor. Examining him he found that he had taken a revolver from the trunk and had blown his head off. The fellow had a letter in his pocket saying that he had come there for the purpose of suicide and told whom to notify. On another occasion a young fellow, twenty years of age, visited Mr. McNeill and said he was broke and wished to borrow ten dollars on his trunk. Mr. McNeill told him to open the trunk that he might see what was in it. And he did so. On top was a Bible and a photograph of the boy's parents. Mr. McNeill recognized the parents as old friends of his in Scotland and asked the boy why he was here. The answer was that he had run away from home two years before and Mr. McNeill told him to sit down and write a letter to his mother, which he did, whereupon Mr. McNeill gave him twenty dollars and a job. The boy continued in his employ for some time and is now a substantial business man of Edmonton. Throughout his life Mr. McNeill has extended a helping hand to those in need. On one occasion his wife advertised for a servant and three girls applied, one of whom was Scotch and she was given the preference. She did not come, however, after being engaged and the following week Mr. McNeill met her on the street and asked her why she didn't come. She said that she had a better job but the following week he was called to the hospital and found the girl there dead. He had known her parents in Scotland also and he buried the girl and notified her father and mother. These are but a few of the many incidents where he has extended assistance and aid in an hour of need. On two occasions Sir Harry Lauder visited Edmonton and on both visits has been entertained by Mr. McNeill. He also drove the Prince of Wales in one of his taxis in his visit to Edmonton in 1921. The Prince left his hat in the taxi and Mr. McNeill has it as a souvenir of the visit of His Royal Highness to this city.

On the 27th of June, 1893, Mr. McNeill was married to Miss Jennie Cuthbert McKenzie of Glasgow, Scotland, and to them have been born five sons and a daughter: Mary, who is the wife of Donald Moore, who conducts a store of ladies' ready-to-wear goods in Edmonton; William, who is at the head of his father's taxi business; John, who conducts the Lines garage at Edmonton; Hugh, who is operating the garage on Fourteenth street in Edmonton; Alexander, who is employed in the transfer office; and Guy, in school. Mr. and Mrs. McNeill are members of the Presbyterian church and he belongs to the Masonic fraternity. In these associations are found the rules which govern his conduct and shape his relations with his fellowmen. He is also a member of the Kiwanis Club. He is not interested in politics and takes no active part therein but devotes all of his time to his business and to the good work that he can do in the world, for the spirit of brotherhood is strong within him.

ALBERT L. WOOD.

Albert L. Wood, one of the enterprising merchants and highly respected citizens of Taber, is a member of a family which for nearly thirty years has been closely and prominently identified with the upbuilding of Southern Alberta, experiencing all of the hardships and privations of life on the frontier and rejoicing in the transformation that has been effected as the work of development has been carried forward. A native of the United States, Albert L. Wood was born at Salt Lake City, Utah, June 21, 1880, a son of William Wood, who came to Canada in 1893. He settled near Cardston, Alberta, during the formative period in the history of that district and engaged in the raising of cattle. He opened the first meat market in Cardston and his success in that venture led him to establish similar enterprises at Raymond and Macleod. He thus became the owner of three of the leading meat markets in this part of the province and was also extensively interested in the coal industry, being a most important factor in securing the development of the mines in this section of Alberta. He was a man of broad vision and aided in laying the foundation upon which has been built the present prosperity and greatness of western Canada. Since her husband's death Mrs. Wood has made her home in Salt Lake City, Utah.

In 1893, when thirteen years of age, Albert L. Wood accompanied his parents on their journey to Canada and after completing his education he joined his father in the meat business, assisting him in its operation until 1904. He then entered the field of general merchandising and was associated with his father-in-law for a time. In 1906 he formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, Byard Smith, and the firm of Wood & Smith has been successfully continued. They carry a large stock of general merchandise, handling the best the market affords, and have ever made it a point to give to their patrons full value for the amount expended.

Consequently their business has enjoyed a continuous and healthful growth and theirs is the pioneer establishment of Taber. They occupy an enviable position in business circles of the district and their store is modern and up-to-date in every particular and a credit to the community.

In 1904 Mr. Wood was united in marriage to Miss Evelyn Probert, a daughter of William Probert, who was one of the early settlers of this district and owned and operated the first mercantile establishment in Taber. He was born in Yorkshire, England, and his wife was also a native of that locality. Mr. and Mrs. Wood have become the parents of six children but the second in order of birth died in infancy. Those who survive are: Holly, Fay, Dell, Isabelle and Evelyn. Mr. Wood is well known as an alert, energetic and capable business man whose word can always be relied upon, and his public spirit has prompted his earnest co-operation in every movement seeking the welfare and improvement of the community in which he has so long resided.

HJALDERMAR OSTLUND, K. C.

Hjaldermar Ostlund, member of the Lethbridge bar, was born in Elsinore, Utah, December 14, 1878, and is a son of Jonas and Bertha (Anstrum) Ostlund, both of whom were natives of Sweden. The father, who was born in March, 1840, is still living, but the mother, whose birth occurred in 1837, passed away in November, 1915. They were married in Minnesota, having crossed the Atlantic to the United States in 1860. After living for some time in Minnesota they removed to Utah and there the father was engaged in merchandising at Elsinore, conducting his store with success at that place for about a quarter of a century. He has now retired from business and is spending the evening of his days in the enjoyment of well-earned rest. He is a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and his political support has long been given to the republican party. To him and his wife were born nine children, five of whom are living: Albin, who is a farmer of Wrentham, Alberta; Hjaldermar; Daniel, who follows farming at New Dayton, Alberta; Hulda, the wife of Lonzo Nelson, a farmer of Stirling, Alberta; and Clarence, a school teacher at Barnwell.

In his youthful days Hjaldermar Ostlund was a pupil in the public schools of Elsinore, Utah, and afterward attended the Brigham Young University at Provo, that state. He was graduated there with the Bachelor of Arts degree and later took up the study of law at Osgoode Hall in Toronto, where he completed his course in 1911. He was admitted to the bar in Alberta in February, 1914, and began practice at Lethbridge, where he has continued. He entered upon the work of the profession independently but is now associated with Hugh B. Brown. He was the first representative of the Mormon faith to be made King's Counsel in



HJALDERMAR OSTLUND

the British empire. His ability has brought him prominently to the front as a member of the bar and his entire career reflects credit and honor upon the profession which he has chosen as his life work.

On the 16th of November, 1902, Mr. Ostlund was married to Miss Anna M. Brandley, who was born in Richfield, Utah, and was educated in her native state. She is a daughter of Theodore Brandley, a merchant of Richfield. Mr. and Mrs. Ostlund have become parents of five children: Mary, Anna, Theodora and Dow, all in school; and Raymond, who is but two years of age.

Mr. Ostlund has always been a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and has served as second councilor to George W. Green for seven years. He is now a member of the state high council. Politically he is a Liberal but finds little time for activity along political lines, preferring to devote his entire attention to his professional interests and duties. He now has a large clientage and his devotion to his clients' interests has become proverbial.

LEVERETT GEORGE DeVEBER, M. D.

Dr. Leverett George DeVeber is numbered among the pioneer physicians of Alberta. He makes his home in Lethbridge and for many years was extensively and successfully engaged in the active practice of medicine and surgery in this part of the province but at the present time has largely put aside all business cares, although he is still serving as health officer of this city. He is also giving much attention and valuable aid to government affairs and is recognized as one of the political leaders of this section. His life has ever been actuated by motives leading to constructive work, whether in relation to civic and government interests or his profession, and he is today one of the most valued and honored residents of Lethbridge.

Leverett George DeVeber was born in St. John, New Brunswick, on the 10th of February, 1849, and is a representative of one of the old and honored families of that section of the country. His great-grandfather was Colonel Gabriel DeVeber, who won his rank while serving in the British army at the time the American colonies gained their independence. After the war was over he was given a large grant of land in New Brunswick, on which he settled and there spent his remaining days. His son, L. H. DeVeber, born in New Brunswick, devoted his life to the wholesale dry goods, hardware and grocery business, which he established and conducted to the time of his demise and which was then taken over by his son, Richard S. DeVeber. The latter was born in St. John, in 1820, and for years was at the head of the largest wholesale business of that kind in the province, the interests being conducted under the firm style of L. H. DeVeber & Son. He was married in St. John to Miss Caroline Beer, who was born in England, a daughter of Thomas Beer, who was also born in England and became a captain in the English navy. He married

a Miss Leonard and subsequently purchased a splendid farm at Sussex, New Brunswick, there spending the remainder of his days. R. S. DeVeber was a relative of Mrs. Sarah Boies Penrose, mother of United States Senator Penrose, who died recently. To Richard S. and Caroline (Beer) DeVeber were born five children, three of whom are living, the Doctor being the eldest. Mrs. Creighton, a sister, lives in Brantford, Ontario, and a brother, Lebaron B., is manager of the Bank of Montreal at Nelson, British Columbia. The parents were members of the Church of England, and in politics the father was a Liberal. He passed away in 1892, being then seventy-two years of age.

Leverett George DeVeber pursued his education in the schools of Kingston, New Brunswick, and of St. John and later attended the Collegiate Institute and also King's College at Windsor, Nova Scotia. He began preparation for his professional career as a student at Harvard College, where he studied for a year and then went to England, where he entered Bartholomew Hospital of London, being graduated in medicine there with the class of 1870. Subsequently he pursued further study for a year in Philadelphia, where he was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania. With his return to St. John he entered upon the practice of medicine, remaining there for six years, after which he removed to the west and joined the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, being associated therewith for a number of years and being made staff surgeon. He then entered upon the practice of his profession at Macleod, Alberta, remaining there until 1890. In that year he removed to Lethbridge, where he has since made his home. There were few physicians in the province at the time of his arrival and he is therefore classed with the pioneer representatives of the profession. He continued in the active practice of medicine and surgery from 1882 until 1915, when he retired. In the meantime his practice had reached extensive proportions, as the public recognized his superior ability in coping with the ravages of disease. For a number of years he has been health officer of Lethbridge and still fills the position.

In 1887 Dr. DeVeber was married to Miss Rachael Ann Ryan, who was born in Melbourne, Victoria, a daughter of John and Ann Ryan, then living in Australia. The father was in the British army for a number of years and served all through the Indian mutiny. To Dr. and Mrs. DeVeber two children were born: Marion Frances, now the wife of Francis Dunn, who is engaged in shipbuilding in the north of England; and Leverett Sandys, who is in the Bank of Montreal at Toronto.

Dr. DeVeber belongs to the Episcopal church, while his wife is of the Roman Catholic faith. He also has membership in the Canadian Order of Foresters. In politics he is a Liberal and was appointed to the house of Regina in 1898 by acclamation, remaining a member of that body for fifteen years, entering upon his third term at the foundation of the province. He became a member of the first cabinet and in 1905 was chosen for senatorial honors. Since that time he has been a member of the senate and throughout the intervening years he has given his aid and influence on the side of development, progress and constructive legisla-

tion. He has been greatly interested in health affairs and has exercised his official prerogatives to support wise and just laws in regard to everything that in any way influences health. He still belongs to the Provincial and to the Canadian Medical Associations and while he does not engage in active practice at the present time he is interested in all that has to do with the advance work of the profession. In young manhood he took active part in all kinds of sports, especially rowing, and was very prominent in this connection in New Brunswick. He also played cricket and baseball and participated in shooting, fishing and hunting events. His life has ever been one of normal development, actuated by high purposes and lofty ideals, and at all times in his career he has been the exponent of the most advanced standards of manhood and of service to his fellowmen.

WILLIAM E. HAY.

Ranking high in the educational circles of the province of Alberta is William E. Hay, superintendent of the city schools of Medicine Hat. He has devoted his life to the profession and his progress has been continuous, his developing powers enabling him to solve more and more accurately the problems that continually confront the teacher. Mr. Hay is of Scotch descent, although born in Ontario, his birth having occurred in Listowel, on the 27th of August, 1880. His grandfather, William Hay, was born in Scotland, and crossing the Atlantic, he became a pioneer settler of Fergus, Ontario, where, in the midst of the forest, he cleared a tract of land and developed a farm, bringing his field under a high state of cultivation and improvement. His son, Andrew Hay, was born at Fergus, Ontario, and became a contractor and builder. In 1910 he removed to Calgary, where he is still at the head of a large and substantial business, although seventy-five years of age, for he is a man of great physical strength and endurance. His religious faith in that of the Presbyterian church and fraternally he is connected with the Canadian Order of Foresters. In politics he is a Liberal and keeps well informed on the vital questions and issues of the day, being also a well informed man on many general topics outside of politics. He wedded Mary McMillan, also a native of Ontario, in which province their marriage was celebrated. She is a daughter of Walter McMillan, who was a native of Scotland and was a sailor in early life, becoming first mate on vessels that sailed the Great Lakes. He also farmed for a time in Ontario. To Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hay one child was born, William E. Hay of this review.

In the public schools of his native province William E. Hay pursued his education until graduated from the high school at Listowel, with the class of 1899. He obtained his first professional certificate at Elora, Ontario, and he also attended the Normal School at London, Ontario, in 1903. At intervals before completing his education he taught school, being a teacher at Maplewood, Ontario, from 1900 until 1903. After com-

pleting his Normal School training he came to Alberta, settling at Strathcona, where he received an appointment under D. S. McKenzie. He taught at Strathcona until 1906, and then went to Medicine Hat and was principal of the Montreal Street school until September, 1908, when he became principal of the Practice school of the new Normal School opened in Calgary, being the first to fill the position of principal there. He remained there until 1911, and then accepted the position of principal of the high school and supervisor of schools at Medicine Hat. A little later he was advanced to the position of superintendent of schools in this city. He was made the first school superintendent here and under his administration the educational system of the city has been steadily developed. There is now a staff of seventy-five teachers, with twenty-six hundred pupils, who are housed in eight substantial school buildings. Under his guidance, too, the methods of instruction have been advanced and improved and the school system of the city is one of which his fellow townsmen have every reason to be proud. He holds to high ideals in all of his work and throughout his life has embraced every opportunity for personal advancement in his chosen calling. He has taken two degrees from Queen's University at Kingston, Ontario, that of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Pedagogy, and he is now filling the position of member of the board of governors of the University of Alberta. His ideals are high and he constantly endeavors to reach their level.

In 1908 Mr. Hay was united in marriage to Miss Mary Rae, who was born in Boissevain, Manitoba, a daughter of James Rae, mentioned elsewhere in this work. Mr. and Mrs. Hay have become the parents of four children: Robert, Gordon, Stewart and Cameron, aged, respectively, twelve, ten, eight and seven years. The religious faith of the family is that of the Presbyterian church, in which both parents are active. Mr. Hay is a member of the session or elders of the church and is acting clerk of the session. He has also been superintendent of the Sunday school since 1913 and every branch of church work finds in him a generous and loyal supporter. He is likewise a member of the Rotary Club and cooperates in all plans and measures of that organization for the benefit and upbuilding of the city, the extension of its trade relations and the adoption of high standards of civic service. He is a Liberal in politics but is not an aspirant for office, prefering to concentrate his entire time and attention upon his professional interests and duties.

HOWARD HAVELOCK HEPBURN, M. D., C. M.

Dr. Howard H. Hepburn, physician and surgeon of Edmonton, possesses those qualities through which success comes as a natural sequence, and deep and continued interest in his profession has led to the acquirement of broad knowledge and skill. He was born at Hillview, in the province of Manitoba, in 1885, and is a son of William Hepburn, a

native of Morewood, Ontario, born in 1857, and married in Rapid City, Manitoba, in 1881, to Miss Margaret McLean, and they now reside in Edmonton.

Howard Havelock Hepburn acquired his early education in the public schools of Manitoba and later attended the Collegiate Institute at Brandon, after which he obtained a teacher's license. He then completed a course in the Regina Normal School, and taking up educational work, he spent two years as a teacher in the public schools of Assiniboia. In the latter part of 1905 he came to Edmonton and soon afterward filed on a homestead forty miles north of the city, intending to teach school in that locality. But the schoolhouse was not erected, and abandoning his claim, Dr. Hepburn returned to Edmonton. In the fall of 1906 he went to Montreal and became a medical student at McGill University, from which he was graduated in 1910, with the degrees of M. D. and C. M. He was then made interne at the Montreal General Hospital and acted in that capacity for nearly three years, when he received an appointment from the Siamese government. He remained in the medical service of that country for about one and a half years, when ill health compelled him to abandon his duties, and while recuperating he visited Egypt, later going to Germany. He took postgraduate courses in Berlin and Heidelberg, specializing in surgery and in the study of the brain and nervous system, and was in Germany's capital when war was declared between that country and the triple entente. He was under police supervision, with other foreigners, for two weeks, when with a companion he escaped to Holland and soon afterward secured passage to England. He was placed in the English secret service, with which he was connected until August 22, 1914, when he was commissioned a lieutenant in the Medical Corps of the Royal Army. He was assigned to Stationary Hospital, No. 12, at Chatham, England, and went with that unit to France, landing at Havre, August 25, 1914. For five years he was in active service and during that period acted in practically every capacity possible to a medical officer in the field. For three years he had charge of the surgical division of a field hospital and in 1917, on the inauguration of the drive for Passchendaele, Dr. Hepburn was wounded and was confined in a hospital in England for about three months. On recovering he returned to France and was detailed to General Hospital No. 4 at Camiers, which was supplied with eighteen hundred beds, and he was later placed in command of the hospital. In 1918 he moved this hospital unit to Dunkirk, France, close to the Belgian front, there remaining until August, 1919, when he received his papers of repatriation and went to England. On September 15, 1919, he sailed from Liverpool for Montreal on the Megantic and came to Edmonton to visit relatives. In the latter part of that month he was demobilized and has since followed his profession uninterruptedly in this city.

Dr. Hepburn has been in many parts of the world, and being a keen observer and the possessor of a retentive memory, he has gained a wide fund of information. During the period from 1913 until 1919 he visited

Japan, China, Assan, the Straits Settlements, Siam, Ceylon, Egypt, Italy, Monte Carlo, France, Switzerland, Germany, Holland, England, Scotland and Wales. He is a member of the Edmonton Club and the Mayfair Golf and Country Club and in religious faith he is a Presbyterian, while his political support is given to the Liberal party. In 1919 he received a fellowship in the Royal College of Surgery at Edinburgh, Scotland, and in the following year he was made a fellow in the American College of Surgeons. He is secretary of the Alberta Medical Association and is also treasurer of the Edmonton Academy of Medicine, of which he served as secretary in 1921. In July, 1917, Dr. Hepburn received the Military Cross in recognition of his gallant service on the field of battle and loyalty, patriotism and devotion to duty are his outstanding characteristics. Life has brought to him varied experiences, from which he has derived valuable lessons, and wisely utilizing the talents with which nature has endowed him, he has reached a position of distinction in his profession, while his genuine personal worth has won for him the unqualified esteem of all with whom he has been associated.

JOHN A. REID, M. D.

Dr. John A. Reid is recognized as one of the representative physicians in Calgary, engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery and he enjoys an extensive and important patronage. He was born in Chesley, Ontario, in 1885, a son of Adam and Effie (Macmillan) Reid, the former a native of Ontario and the latter of Scotland. They were married in Ontario and are now living in Pinkerton. The father has followed agricultural pursuits all of his life and won success in that connection. His father, John Reid, came to Ontario in the early '50s from Belfast, Ireland. To Mr. and Mrs. Reid five children have been born: John A., whose name introduces this review; Angus, who is conducting a shoe business in Saskatoon; Ernest, who was a lieutenant in the Fifty-fourth Battalion and was killed in active service in the World war, on the 16th of September, 1916, when twenty-two years of age; Melville, who is teaching school and lives at home; and Alma, who is a nurse in the Grace Hospital. The family were reared in the faith of the Presbyterian church, and Mr. Reid is a member of the Canadian order of Foresters. In his political views he is a Conservative and maintains an active interest in party affairs.

In the acquirement of his education John A. Reid attended the public schools of his birthplace and was graduated from the Paisley high school in 1902. His earliest ambition was to enter the medical profession and upon graduation from high school he taught for four years, thereby earning enough to defray the expenses of his medical education. In 1906 he enrolled in the Toronto College of Medicine and was graduated in 1911, with the M. D. degree. He immediately began active practice, locating

north of Edmonton. In 1912 he came to Calgary and practiced his profession in association with Dr. Mackid. In 1915 Dr. Reid put all personal interests aside and enlisted for service in the World war. He became a captain in the Eighth Field Ambulance, Canadian Army Medical Corps, and went into active service in France in March, 1916. He served with that unit and with the Princess Pat Regiment and received his honorable discharge in May, 1919. He was in the employ of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Reestablishment for some three years and in June, 1922, he entered private practice in Calgary and is winning well-merited success. His ability as a physician and surgeon is effectively proved by the results he has obtained and he has gained an enviable position among the leading representatives of the medical profession in Calgary and the district.

In 1913 Dr. Reid was married to Miss Barbara G. McCrea, who was born in Macleod, a daughter of Samuel McCrea. Her father was a member of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police for many years and is now retired. Mrs. Reid received her education in the public schools of Macleod and she is a woman of culture and refinement, and is prominent in the club and social circles of this city.

In his political views Dr. Reid is a Conservative although he has had little time for political affairs, he is actively interested in every movement for the benefit of the community and his cooperation in promoting any enterprise for the good of the people can always be counted upon. Fraternally he is a Scottish Rite Mason and is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Canadian Order of Foresters. Although Dr. Reid's preparation was thorough he keeps in close touch with the progress of medical science through the medium of the various journals and periodicals issued for the benefit of the profession and he has continued to advance. He is sincerely devoted to his work, holding to the highest ethics of the profession at all times, and he well merits the respect and esteem accorded him by his fellow practitioners and the community at large.

FRANK BROWN.

One of the popular and efficient public officials of Cardston is Frank Brown, who since 1919 has been active in the office of bailiff. He was born in Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 26th of November, 1870, a son of Homer and Sarah Ann (Woolf) Brown. The father was born in New York state on August 9, 1830, and the mother was born in New York city, on the 2d of July, 1834. The paternal grandfather, Benjamin Brown, emigrated from New York state to Utah and engaged in farming and gardening. He was the first member of his family to join the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and devoted much time to the church, being bishop of the fourth ward of Salt Lake at one time. His demise occurred in that city. The maternal grandfather was John Anthony Woolf, who was born in New York city, on the 31st day of July, 1805, and died on

the 7th of November, 1881. He was one of the pioneer settlers of Utah and he farmed at Hyde Park, Cache county, Utah. Homer Brown went to Jackson county, Missouri, with his parents and thence to Illinois, where they resided for a short time before emigrating to Salt Lake. He was a young man when he reached that city, arriving there in 1847, and he immediately started freighting from the Missouri river to Salt Lake, later going into Montana and freighting for the mines. He was one of the settlement at Fort Bridges. Later he took up land in Salt Lake valley and followed general farming, stock raising and gardening, marketing all of his products in Salt Lake valley. To Mr. and Mrs. Brown ten children were born: Homer M., who is living in Salt Lake; Cordelia S., deceased, who was the wife of Frank Lutz; Walter H., who is living in Salt Lake; Mary E., who is the wife of a Mr. Hall of Salt Lake; Sarah F., whose demise occurred at the age of one year; Harriett, whose death occurred when eight years of age; Phoebe, who is the wife of Louis Bringhurst of Taylorville, Utah; Andrew, whose death occurred at the age of ten years; Frank, whose name introduces this review; and Charles S., who is living in Tucson, Arizona. Mrs. Brown passed away October 14, 1911. Some time later Mr. Brown married Miss Hannah E. Woolf, a sister of his first wife, and a native of New York, who is now living in Idaho. To their union the following children were born: Orsen; Solon, who is deceased; Arthur, Byron, William, Claude, Lydia, Ethel and Josephine.

In the acquirement of his education Frank Brown attended the public schools of Salt Lake City and subsequently entered the Brigham Young College. He started to work on the home farm at the age of sixteen years and later bought some land near Taylorville, where he engaged in general farming on his own account until the 15th of June, 1897, when he came to Cardston, making the trip overland with a covered wagon and taking six weeks to make the journey. He homesteaded some barren prairie land about seven miles south of Cardston and after much labor broke a portion of it and erected a two-room log house thereon, with a shingle roof. He was obliged to do his trading at Lethbridge, fifty miles distant. For seven years Mr. Brown specialized in raising and ranging cattle and in dairying, and at the termination of that time, in 1904, he rented his place and moved into Cardston. He worked in the Cardston Implement Store for a time, and eventually purchased an interest in the company and managed the store for four years. Later he was associated with the Cardston Mercantile Establishment and subsequently he bought an interest in the Cardston Coal & Oil Company, which retails coal and flour. He disposed of his interests in that enterprise and in January, 1919, was elected bailiff of Cardston. He is discharging the many duties of this office with justice and efficiency and is readily conceded to be one of Cardston's most popular public officials. Mr. Brown has always been a Liberal in politics and for some time he served as justice of the peace and was a member of the town council.

On the 4th of March, 1891, occurred the marriage of Mr. Brown to Miss Harriett Amelia Little, a native of Salt Lake, where her birth oc-

curred on the 31st of March, 1869. To their union twelve children have been born: Frank died at the age of four years; Newell S., whose home is in Salt Lake, and who has taught school for about seven years, is filling a mission for the church in New Zealand; Hattie L. was formerly a school teacher but is now the wife of Cleveland Nelson, a successful farmer of Woolford; Nora L. is now the wife of Guy Neilson, a farmer living near Cardston; Ethel taught school for two years and is now attending the Normal School at Calgary; Walter E. has been teaching school for five years in Cardston; Clara V. is attending the local high school; Alma, Lisadore and Heber J. are attending the Cardston high school; Eva is a student in the public schools; and Hattie died in infancy.

Mr. Brown devotes a great deal of his spare time to the church and is now senior president of the Seventies Quorum. He has been closely identified with Cardston in its upbuilding and its prosperity for a number of years and is justly accounted one of its most representative citizens. He is a man of genial and pleasing personality and his friends are legion.

REV. CHRISTOPHER CARRUTHERS.

Rev. Christopher Carruthers, rector of Holy Trinity Anglican church at Edmonton, was born in Quebec in 1876, a son of Atchison and Elizabeth (Molyneux) Carruthers, who were natives of Canada and of Ireland, respectively, their marriage being celebrated on this side of the Atlantic. The father was a lumberman, who won a substantial measure of success in the conduct of his business. He always gave his political allegiance to the Conservative party and both he and his wife were loyal and helpful members of the Anglican church. Their family numbered fourteen children, eleven of whom are living.

Christopher Carruthers, the second son, was educated in the Normal and high schools at Montreal and then entered McGill University of that city, from which he was graduated on the completion of a classical course in 1901, at which time the Bachelor of Arts degree was conferred upon him. He also pursued his theological course in Montreal and there won the L. T. H. degree in 1905. The same year he was ordained and was made curate at St. Stevens church, Montreal, while later he was for a year at Lacolle, Quebec. In 1906 he came west, making his way to Lloydminster and for six years was chaplain of the All British Colony. In 1912 he established his home at Edmonton and took charge of the Holy Trinity Anglican church, which has three hundred families in the parish with a membership of about twelve hundred. Under his guidance the work of the church has steadily developed and Mr. Carruthers is regarded as one of the strong and forceful religious teachers of the province. His untiring zeal and indefatigable efforts are manifest in the splendid results which have attended his labors and the church under his direction is recognized

as one of the potent forces in Edmonton for the moral upbuilding of the city.

In 1906 Mr. Carruthers was married to Miss Louisa Cunningham, who was born in Montreal, and they have become parents of two daughters: Olive and Ruth, both of whom are in high school.

In his fraternal relations Mr. Carruthers is connected with the Masons, as a member of Acacia Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Edmonton, and with the Canadian Order of Foresters. In 1916 he became chaplain of the One Hundred and Fifty-first Battalion and was with the military forces of the Dominion for three years. He was transferred to the position of chaplain of a corps in England and was in the head office for a time. Later he was sent to the Ontario Military Hospital at Orpington, England, and in the spring of 1917 was sent to France, where he was chaplain of the Canadian Cavalry Brigade. He was invalided out and afterward was attached to the Eye and Ear Hospital at Folkestone, England, whence he was sent to the Granville General Hospital at Buxton. While with the army he was under fire for twelve months and he witnessed all of the phases of modern warfare, passing through many thrilling and dangerous experiences and carrying comfort at all times to the troops through his cheeriness, while his words of moral wisdom brought courage and strength to many of the boys on the western front. In June, 1919, he returned to Canada and resumed his duties at Edmonton. He is now a member of the executive staff of the diocese of Edmonton and is also canon of the diocese. His church work makes heavy demands upon his time and energy. His sympathetic nature and the earnest purpose that actuates him prompt him to put forth untiring effort for the benefit of his fellowmen and the upbuilding of the cause of the church in this community. He is a man of broad vision as well as of lofty ideals and his experiences have enabled him readily to understand human nature, so that his labors are of real practical benefit in the uplift of his fellowmen.

GEOFFREY G. LAFFERTY.

Geoffrey G. Lafferty, barrister and solicitor of Calgary and a partner in the firm of Lafferty & Gillespie, is a native of Ontario, as were his parents. He was born in Pembroke, July 14, 1882, the son of Dr. James D. and Jessie P. (Grant) Lafferty. Dr. Lafferty was a man of unusual attainments and made a remarkable success both in his profession and in the banking business which was a sort of avocation with him. After practicing medicine in Ontario for some time he moved in 1881 to Winnipeg, where he practiced until 1885, when he came to Calgary. Here he practiced until his death in August, 1921, at the age of sixty-eight years. As a physician he was widely known throughout the Canadian west, as he was long the chief surgeon for the Canadian Pacific Railway, and also the president of the Alberta College of Physicians and Surgeons. In addi-



GEOFFREY G. LAFFERTY.

tion to his large practice Dr. Lafferty established and operated a system of private banks that extended from Winnipeg to the Pacific coast, which was a very successful financial enterprise. At one time he held the office of mayor in Calgary, and at all times proved himself a citizen of true public spirit.

Geoffrey G. Lafferty was reared and educated in Toronto and Calgary. When he completed his school work he secured a position in the Canadian Bank of Commerce and had several years' experience in the banking business. He was not entirely satisfied with the opportunities he saw before him, however, and decided to take up the study of law. Accordingly, he returned to Calgary in 1905 and entered the offices of James Short to read law and prepare for his examinations. He was called to the bar in 1910, but continued to work with Mr. Short until 1914, when he broke this association to enter the army. For a year after receiving his discharge from the army in 1920, Mr. Lafferty practiced by himself, then formed a partnership with Thomas Gillespie. This new firm has made a particularly auspicious beginning and Mr. Lafferty's friends are expecting of him a distinguished career in his chosen profession.

Mr. Lafferty is modest about his war record, which is a most creditable one. Enlisting in 1914, soon after the outbreak of the Great war, he was given a commission as first lieutenant and went overseas very shortly. He was abroad in the military service for nearly six years, not returning to the Dominion until August, 1920, when he received an honorable discharge. When he was released from the service he was holding the rank of captain.

While he was overseas, in July, 1918, Mr. Lafferty was married to Miss Ethel Roome. They are the parents of a son, James D., born in May, 1919. Mr. Lafferty is a member of Knox Presbyterian church and his political affiliations are with the Liberal party. He also belongs to the Army and Navy Veterans Association, the Calgary Golf & Country Club and the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. In connection with his professional interests he holds membership in the Alberta Bar Society and the Calgary Bar Association. From his father's estate Mr. Lafferty inherited a large amount of real estate in Calgary, the management of which consumes no inconsiderable share of his time and attention.

SAMUEL AUGUSTUS GORDON BARNES.

For twenty years Samuel Augustus Gordon Barnes has been a well known and prominent figure in insurance circles, now occupying the position of provincial manager for The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York. While his business career has ever been directed along the line of success, indicative of his earnest purpose and close application, he has at the same time found opportunity for cooperation in public affairs

and few have been more deeply interested in or manifested a more helpful relation toward education in the province than he.

Samuel Augustus Barnes was born in the county of Lambton, Ontario, in 1875. His father, Samuel David Barnes, was a native of the county of Brant, Ontario, born in 1843, and he was married in that province in 1870, to Miss Lois Hagle, whose birth occurred in Oxford county, Ontario, in 1848. She was a descendant of one of the United Empire Loyalist families that fought for the king in all the English wars for two hundred years, thus manifesting a most patriotic devotion to the crown. Her death occurred in 1895, while Mr. Barnes survived until 1910.

S. A. Gordon Barnes was reared in Lambton county, where he received his primary education, while later he attended Strathroy Collegiate Institute in the adjoining county of Middlesex. In 1893 he secured honor matriculation standing and entered the teaching profession. He attended the Forest Model School and later the Toronto Normal School, and in 1897 he secured a first-class teachers' license and followed the profession for about seven years, making a most creditable record in his ability to impart clearly and readily to others the knowledge that he had acquired. To further equip himself in the teaching profession he took an art course in Manitoba University and graduated in 1903. He was also a first-class honor man and medalist of the university and in his liberal educational training laid the foundation for his success. The major part of his life has been devoted to the insurance business. For nearly twenty years he has been active in this field, his course marked by a steady progress that is indicative of his persistency of purpose, his thoroughness and indefatigable energy. He has been associated with The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York for five years and is now provincial manager at Edmonton, in which connection he has thoroughly organized and systematized the work, carefully directing the activities of the various agents under his control, so that the business has been one of steady expansion.

On the 17th of September, 1904, in Woodstock, Ontario, Mr. Barnes was married to Miss Florence Shaver, a graduate with specialist standing, of the University of Manitoba, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Their children are: Fred Shaver; Edith Lois Lavinia; Herbert Gordon, who was born October 14, 1913, and died May 4, 1914; Albert Charles; and Isabel Florence Betty.

Mr. Barnes is a member of the Quarter Million Club of the Mutual Life of New York, an organization of insurance men. In politics he has always been affiliated with the Liberal and Labor parties and in 1921 was president of the Labor party of Edmonton. He has long been deeply and helpfully interested in the cause of public education and is now serving for the tenth year as a member of the Edmonton school board, in which connection he closely studies the possibilities for the development of the schools of the city and utilizes the most practical methods in the attainment of ideals. He is also a member of the official board of the McDougall Methodist church and a member of the General Conference of the Methodist church of Canada, and is appointed by that body as one of the six

members to represent Alberta in the first general council of the proposed united church. In a word, his activities have always been directed along lines which make for the intellectual and moral progress of the individual and the community, as well as for its material development, and the interests and activities of his life are well balanced, making him a potent force for good in the community in which he makes his home.

DICK A. TAYLOR, M. D.

For twenty-two years Dr. Dick A. Taylor has been a representative of the medical profession and in recent years has specialized in the treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. To this end he has thoroughly qualified by extensive and comprehensive courses of study and his ability is widely recognized. Lethbridge therefore numbers him among the valued representatives of the profession practicing within her borders.

Dick A. Taylor was born in Kings county, New Brunswick, in 1876, and is a son of Robert and Mary (Wilmot) Taylor, the former a son of John Taylor, a pioneer resident of New Brunswick, while the mother is a daughter of Samuel Wilmot, who was born in New Brunswick and for a long period was in the employ of the government, acting as crown land surveyor for many years. Robert Taylor was a contractor and builder, following that business for a number of years, but passed away in 1887, at the age of sixty-eight. He is survived by his wife, who still makes her home in New Brunswick. He was a Conservative in his political belief and his religious faith was that of the Methodist church. To Mr. and Mrs. Robert Taylor four children were born, of whom two are living, the elder being William Burt, a farmer of New Brunswick.

Dick A. Taylor pursued his early education in the Pictou Academy of Nova Scotia and later attended the Mount Allison College of New Brunswick, subsequent to which time he entered McGill University at Montreal and was there graduated on the completion of a course in medicine, with the class of 1901. He afterward located for practice in Londonderry, Nova Scotia, where he remained for a period of six years, and later he took postgraduate work in Boston and in New York. He came to Lethbridge in December, 1908, and has since specialized on the treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. His postgraduate studies were along that line during the period which he spent in New York in 1907 and he also did further postgraduate work in Montreal in 1921. He has thus kept thoroughly informed concerning the advancement made in his chosen profession and at all times is abreast of the latest scientific researches and discoveries. He employs the most modern methods in his practice and in his chosen profession has made steady and substantial advance. For nine years he was physician to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in Lethbridge and for a number of years he has served as medical instructor of

schools. He belongs to both the Alberta Medical Society and the Canadian Medical Society.

Dr. Taylor has been married twice. He first wedded Miss Edna Louise Price of New Brunswick, who passed away leaving two children, Mary Elizabeth and Robert Burt, who are now eleven and seven years of age respectively, and are attending school. Dr. Taylor's second marriage was to Mary Ethel Dawson of Peterboro, Ontario. They are devoted and consistent members of the Episcopal church, in the work of which the Doctor takes an active and helpful part. Fraternally he is a Knight Templar Mason and a Mystic Shriner and is a past master and past first principal. Politically he is a Conservative. Golf and curling afford him his chief sources of recreation and he belongs to the Chinook Club and also to the Rotary Club.

CHARLES EDWARD SHAW.

For fifteen years Charles E. Shaw has been closely and prominently identified with the business development of Vegreville, concentrating his attention upon the drug trade, and throughout the period he has enjoyed an unassailable reputation for integrity, enterprise and reliability. He was born in Toronto, Ontario, October 31, 1869, and his parents were Duncan Robertson and Sarah (Martin) Shaw, the former a native of Scotland and the latter of England. They emigrated to Canada and the father became one of the prominent lumbermen of Toronto, continuing in that business until his death. He is survived by the mother, who still resides in that city. To their union three children were born, the subject of this review being the only member of the family to come to this province.

The public schools of his native city afforded Charles E. Shaw his educational opportunities and in 1907 he came to Alberta, locating first at Mundare, where he engaged in the drug business for a short time. In the fall of 1907 he removed to Vegreville, where he opened a drug store, which he has since conducted. He carries a large stock of drugs and druggists' sundries, which he displays to good advantage, and his trade has enjoyed a steady growth, keeping pace with the development of the community. He has a thorough understanding of the business and his store is a credit to the town, being conducted along the most modern and progressive lines. He is also the owner of a highly productive farm in this vicinity, which is managed by his son.

Mr. Shaw married Miss Mary Elizabeth Jago and they have become the parents of eight children: Mrs. T. A. Morton of Vegreville; W. Floyd, who operates his father's farm; Herbert, deceased; A. W., an accountant; Mrs. J. F. Leach of Vegreville; and Helen, Elizabeth and Catherine, who are at home. Mr. and Mrs. Shaw are members of the Union church and he is a Conservative in his political views. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and during the World war he was

active in supporting the various measures promulgated by the government. He is broad-minded and public-spirited, standing for all those things which count for most in the upbuilding of his community. He is highly regarded in business circles of Vegreville and has many friends, whose esteem he has won and retained by reason of his fine personal qualities.

JOSEPH MONTALBETTI.

Coming to Alberta in pioneer times, Joseph Montalbetti has resided within the borders of the province for nearly a quarter of a century and for about half of that period he has been an influential factor in business circles of Blairmore, in connection with the hardware trade. He is one of Italy's sons, his birth having occurred near Switzerland, in Italy, on the 1st of October, 1866, and his parents, Charles and Giavanina (Cunati) Montalbetti, spent their lives in that country.

In company with his brother Felix, Joseph Montalbetti emigrated to Canada in 1888, making his way to the province of Ontario, in the eastern part of the Dominion. He secured employment with the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company, working at a point two hundred miles east of Winnipeg, Manitoba, and for five years he was a member of the section gang, at the end of which time his ability won him promotion to the position of foreman of that crew of men. After acting in that capacity for five years he came to this province, and in 1898 assisted in constructing the Canadian Pacific line through Crowsnest pass, continuing in the service of that corporation until 1901. In October, 1909, he opened a furniture establishment at Blairmore and in the intervening period he has built up a large trade through careful management, earnest effort and honest, straightforward dealing, being accounted one of the leading merchants of the town.

Mr. Montalbetti is married and has two children. He is a faithful communicant of the Catholic church and his identification with public affairs covers service on the town council. He does all in his power to further the interests of his community along the lines of normal and healthful development and in the improvement of civic conditions, and Blairmore numbers him among its progressive business men and useful citizens.

REV. JOSEPH LEBRIS.

Rev. Joseph LeBris, father superior of St. John's Oblates College at Edmonton, was born in Brittany, France, April 16, 1885, a son of John and Marianna (LeNours) LeBris, who are still residents of France, where they have spent their lives. The father was a railroad man but is now living retired. They are the parents of seven children, five of whom sur-

vive, but none are residents of Canada save Rev. Joseph LeBris of this review.

Joseph LeBris was educated in the schools of Brittany, attending the Litte Seminary and he pursued his course in philosophy at Nantes, France. He then went to Belgium, where he joined the Oblates order, pursuing a course in theology at Liege, that country. He was ordained in February, 1908, and in the following year came to Edmonton. He next was in a seminary at St. Albert and in 1911 became connected with St. John's College at Edmonton, with which institution he has since been associated and in 1920 was advanced to the position of father superior.

In September, 1914, Father LeBris went overseas and was with the armed troops, being connected with the ambulance bearers for the first twenty months. He then entered the infantry and took part in the first battle at Ypres. He was also in the Vosges campaign and other important engagements on the western front, remaining with the military forces until after the signing of the armistice. In June, 1919, he returned to Canada and resumed his duties at St. John's College, where he is now laboring, his high standards being manifest in the work of the institution.

ANDREW MICHELSEN.

Unremitting energy, intelligently and constantly applied toward the achievement of success, has enrolled Andrew Michelsen among the substantial and prosperous agriculturists of the Taber district. He was born in Sleth, Denmark, on the 20th of September, 1857, a son of Rasmus and Carrie Maria (Michelsen) Michelsen, likewise natives of Denmark. The mother came to the United States with the family in 1882 and settled in Salt Lake, and Mr. Michelsen came to this country the following year. He was a farmer by occupation and was successful in that connection while living in his native country. He lived retired in Salt Lake until 1901, when he returned to Denmark, where his demise occurred in 1904, at the age of seventy-eight years. His wife died in Salt Lake in 1886, when sixty-two years of age. To their union nine children were born: Lena, whose death occurred in Denmark; Mary, who died in Salt Lake; Christina M., who is the widow of C. P. Renow and lives in Monroe, Utah; Nels Michael, whose death occurred in Chicago; Andrew, whose name introduces this review; Nels, a resident of Monroe, Utah, who is a millwright by trade but is now operating a hardware store; Carrie, who was wife of Kanude Rasmussen, now deceased; Rasmussen, who is a traveling salesman with headquarters in Salt Lake; and Anna, who is the widow of Henry Jensen of Raymond. Mr. Michelsen was throughout his life a consistent communicant of the Lutheran church, while his wife was a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

In the acquirement of his education Andrew Michelsen attended the public schools of his native country and after putting his textbooks aside

engaged in farming for several years. Subsequently he enlisted as a private in the Danish army and served for three years in the Field Artillery. After receiving his honorable discharge he worked in the harbors of his native city, loading ships, for two years. In 1882 he came to Salt Lake with his mother and later removed to Monroe, Utah. There he engaged in farming on shares for two or three years and then bought a small piece of land and engaged in farming on his own account. He likewise worked in the woods and freighted for mines. In 1893 he took a contract for an irrigation canal on the Utah and Wyoming line and also built several mountain roads in Utah. In 1900 he came to Stirling, Alberta, and the first summer worked on irrigation canals and railroads. He then purchased eighty acres of raw prairie land at three dollars per acre, broke it and brought it to a highly cultivated state. In 1903 he homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres east of Stirling and still owns that land. Altogether he owns six hundred and forty acres of well improved farm land, and devotes his entire time and attention to farming and is enjoying well earned success.

In October, 1879, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Michelsen and Miss Marie Knudson, likewise a native of Denmark. To them eight children have been born: Lena is the wife of James Austin, a resident of Kahle, Montana; Andrew is residing on the home farm; Anna is the wife of Ervin Young, a prominent stockman near Stirling; Carrie is the wife of Alvin Hirschi, a well known farmer of Stirling; Hulda died in Utah; Nels is residing on the home farm; Rasmus D. is a veteran of the World war, having enlisted in Lethbridge in the Canadian Infantry, and served overseas one year, being in England at the time of the signing of the armistice; Soaran is living at home and is engaged in farming.

The Michelsens are consistent communicants of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and Mr. Michelsen has been an elder in the church since coming here. He is accorded the esteem and respect of a large circle of acquaintances, having manifested in every relation in life those qualities which have won for him the regard and confidence of those with whom he has had either social or business relations.

HENRY GEORGE MORRIS.

Henry G. Morris, engaged in the real estate and insurance business in Edmonton, is a man of determined purpose whose plans are well defined and carefully executed, and he has built his success upon the foundation of industry, ability and integrity. He was born at Rodney, Ontario, in 1883, and his parents, Samuel B. and Kate (Bannard) Morris, were also natives of that province, the birth of the father occurring in 1852. They were married in Ontario. The mother passed away in April, 1922.

In the public schools of Rodney, Ontario, Henry G. Morris obtained his early education and afterward became a student at the St. Thomas

Collegiate Institute, leaving that institution in 1900. He then went to Detroit, Michigan, and entered the employ of the Michigan Malleable Iron Company in the capacity of accountant, remaining with that concern for three years. On the expiration of that period he returned to Canada, and making his way to the province of Alberta, he established his home in Edmonton, where he has since engaged in the real estate and insurance business as a member of the firm of Morris, Legge & Newman, of which he is president. He is also the chief executive officer of Locators, Ltd., and both enterprises have prospered under his capable administration. He displays keen sagacity in placing his investments and has negotiated many important real estate transfers, while he also writes a large amount of insurance annually.

At Lashburn, in the province of Saskatchewan, Mr. Morris was married on April 7, 1907, to Miss Edyth Jane Brandon, a daughter of Johnston Brandon, a leading merchant of that place, and they have become the parents of four sons: Gordon Brandon, whose birth occurred in 1913; Harold Johnston, who was born in 1916; Harry Rodney, born in 1919; and Fred Samuel, born in 1922.

Mr. Morris is a member of the Conservative party and in religious faith he is an Episcopalian. He is a member of the Edmonton Club and fraternally is identified with the Masonic order, in which he has filled several offices, being an exemplary representative of the craft. In 1921 he acted as junior warden of Edmonton Lodge, No. 7, A. F. & A. M., and he is now serving as first principal of Norwood Chapter, R. A. M. He is also constable of the Edmonton Preceptory of Knight Templars and is likewise a member of the Scottish Rite Consistory and the Mystic Shrine. He is an astute business man whose spirit of initiative has constituted an important feature in the city's development and improvement, and among those with whom commercial or social relations have brought him into contact he is held in the highest regard, for he has never deviated from the course sanctioned by his conscience and good judgment.

HARRY CLINTON YUILL.

Harry Clinton Yuill, prominently identified with the manufacturing and commercial interests of Medicine Hat, is now president of the Alberta Clay Products Company and is thus active in control of one of the large productive enterprises of this section of the country. He deserves much credit for what he has accomplished, as his success is the direct result of earnest purpose intelligently directed and his business, too, has ever been of a character that has contributed to public progress and prosperity, as well as to individual success. He has long resided in this province and has been closely associated with the growth and improvement of Medicine Hat and this section of the country. He was a young man of twenty-two years when he came to the Northwest and here he eagerly embraced the

opportunities which were offered in a new and growing section of the country. A contemporary writer has said of him: "Mr. Yuill came to the Northwest when a young man and has steadily worked his way upward until he has few peers in the business circles of the province. What he has accomplished in the world of commerce and industry cannot be told in words. It is certainly not asserting too much to say of one who can direct and control such a variety of interests as those with which he is connected that his must be a master mind, that he must possess aside from commercial foresight and sagacity the happy faculty of reading and judging men, combined with unusual powers of executive ability, and yet if one will seek in his career the causes of his success he will find them due to the same old reasons of honesty, fair dealing, promptness and perseverance." Mr. Yuill is a native of Nova Scotia, his birth having occurred in Truro, on the 16th day of July, 1863, his parents being Joseph M. and Charlotte Amelia (Corbett) Yuill, both of whom were born in Nova Scotia, Canada, and afterward resided in Great Village, near Truro, where the father followed the occupation of farming. Both have passed away.

Harry C. Yuill obtained his education in the public schools of Nova Scotia and afterward learned the carpenter's trade, serving a period of apprenticeship prior to the spring of 1885, when he removed to Alberta, establishing his home in Medicine Hat, at that time a new but growing town on the western frontier. He worked for the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company for three months and then took up contracting on his own account. This he followed until 1904, since which time various business enterprises claimed his attention and energy. In 1900 he built a flour mill in Medicine Hat, which he operated under the name of the Medicine Hat Mill Company and of which he was the president until it was sold to the Lake of the Woods Milling Company. He is the president of the Alberta Clay Products Company, was a director of the Alberta Linseed Oil Company, Limited, until sold, and was half owner and president of the Alberta Foundry & Machine Company, Limited, until it also was sold. He occupies the presidency of the Medicine Hat Land & Improvement Company, Limited, and is the owner of ten thousand acres of farm lands, together with much town property. Whatever he undertakes he carries forward to successful completion, for in his vocabulary there is no such word as fail.

In 1892 Mr. Yuill was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth M. Price, a daughter of John Price of St. John, New Brunswick. Mr. and Mrs. Yuill have become the parents of four children: John Woodman, the eldest, was in military service from the States for a short time during the World war, but never went across. He is a chemist of Chicago and during the war period, in his professional capacity, was engaged in making nitro-glycerin; Joseph Harlan, the second son, now in his father's office, was connected with the Aviation Corps during the war, but he, too, was denied the opportunity of going overseas; Willard Clinton works in his father's plant; and Marjorie Amelia, the youngest, is at home.

Mr. Yuill is well known in Masonic circles, having membership in Medi-

cine Hat Lodge, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., of which he was worshipful master in 1898. He is also a member of Keith Chapter, R. A. M., of Truro, Nova Scotia, and of Malta Preceptory of Truro and of Luxor Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., of St. John, New Brunswick. He likewise belongs to the Independent Order of Foresters and is a loyal follower of the high teachings and purposes of these organizations. In politics he is a Liberal and he served as a member of the first city council of Medicine Hat, continuing in the office for several terms, during which he exercised his prerogatives in support of all plans and measures which he deemed beneficial to the city. He attends the Presbyterian church and his entire life has been actuated by high and honorable principles, which have made him a man whom to know is to respect and esteem. In his business career he has reached out along lines which have been of direct and substantial benefit to the community, nor has he at any time neglected his duties and obligations in other relations but has made his life count for good to the community, proving a dynamic force in all that makes for general welfare and progress.

AUSTIN DE B. WINTER.

The prominent position of Austin de B. Winter, barrister and solicitor in the Calgary legal profession is indicated by his membership in the well known firm of Macleod, Robertson, Smith & Company. He has been associated with Calgary court and legal work for twenty years and for the last fifteen has been a successful practicing barrister and solicitor. In addition to his professional work Mr. Winter is an enthusiastic sportsman and has more than a local reputation as an exponent of game preservation and propagation.

Mr. Winter may fairly be said to have inherited his profession, for he is the son of a successful and well known jurist of Calgary, Judge W. Roland Winter. Judge Winter was born and educated in England, where he was admitted to the bar and practiced until 1892, when he came to this city. After practicing law in Alberta for some time he became police magistrate and later registrar of land titles. In 1906 he was appointed judge of the district court of Calgary. W. Roland Winter and Miss Lydia M. Case were married in England, where, on the 28th of February, 1882, their son Austin de B. Winter was born. The boy spent his childhood in his native country and was educated in the public schools. He started his study of law in London, but in 1903 came to Calgary, where he was made deputy clerk in the supreme court, an office he continued to hold until 1910. At the same time he reported court proceedings for the Alberta Law Reports, his duties in this connection extending from 1905 to 1909. Meanwhile he had been continuing his reading of law and passed his examinations, gaining admittance to the bar in 1909.

The next year, in 1910, he went into partnership with W. P. Taylor. Three years later he severed this connection to join the old law firm of



AUSTIN DE B. WINTER.

Clarke & McCarthy, with whom he was associated for eight years. In 1921 he became a member of his present firm, Macleod, Robertson, Smith & Company. During these years Mr. Winter has been favorably known for his thorough and painstaking work in connection with the preparation of his cases. Entirely familiar with the principles of law, he possesses a real grasp of economic and business methods as well, that enables him to arrive quickly at the true source of the difficulty in most civil disputes.

In the month of September, 1911, Mr. Winter was married to Miss Grace Leavenworth Jaynes, daughter of J. R. and Frances Jaynes, natives of Ontario. Mr. Jaynes makes his home in this city. He is a widower, his wife having been killed in an automobile accident in 1914. Mr. and Mrs. Winter are the parents of two little children: A son, Laurence A., born December 11, 1918; and Grace, born July 22, 1921.

Mr. Winter's religious faith is that of the Anglican church, and in politics he pursues an independent course, not being affiliated with any of the great parties. In connection with his professional work he maintains a membership in the Alberta Law Socety and the Calgary, Saskatchewan and Dominion Bar Associations. An ardent advocate of all outdoor sports, Mr. Winter personally devotes much time to golf, cricket, shooting and fishing. Shooting and fishing are his favorite recreations and he has done a great deal to promote these sports in the province. With Fred J. Green he was instrumental in introducing into Alberta the Hungarian partridge and European pheasant. He is also a fancier of bird dogs and keeps English setters, formerly breeding them with great success. Like all true sportsmen Mr. Winter is deeply interested in the preservation and propagation of game, working chiefly through the agency of the Alberta Fish and Game Protective Association, of which he is secretary and treasurer. He also writes for the press on sporting and game subjects and has become a sort of sporting consultant, a widely recognized authority on these subjects. Recently he was invited by the American Game and Protective and Propagation Association to read a paper on the Hungarian partridge, with which he has had so much experience in Alberta.

HOWARD B. MACDONALD.

Howard B. Macdonald, one of Calgary's enterprising business men and public-spirited citizens, has made insurance the ladder by which he has climbed to success and his influence is one of broadening activity and strength in the field in which he is operating. He was born in Nova Scotia, in July, 1885, and his parents, Samuel and Elizabeth (Crockett) Macdonald, were also natives of that province. The father passed away in October, 1921, but the mother's demise occurred in December, 1920.

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the public schools of Nova Scotia, also completing a course in a business college, and his initial experience along commercial lines was obtained as clerk in a general store. He remained in his native province until 1910, when he came to Alberta, locating in Calgary, where he has since resided. He entered the real estate and insurance office of Geddes & Sheffield and three years later took over their insurance business, organizing the United Assurance Company, of which he is president and managing director. The company writes hail and fire insurance in the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan and the subject of this review also conducts a general insurance business, operating under the name of H. B. Macdonald, Limited. He combines a detailed knowledge of the business with energy and initiative and through untiring effort and capable management has succeeded in building up a profitable undertaking, writing a large amount of insurance annually. He has also made investments in farm lands, which he leases, likewise deriving a good income from this source.

In October, 1919, Mr. Macdonald was united in marriage to Miss Ella Webster and they reside in an attractive home at No. 4236 Sixth street, West. Mr. Macdonald is a member of the Knox Presbyterian church and has served as its treasurer since 1916. He is independent in his political views, supporting the candidate whom he considers best qualified for office, regardless of party affiliations. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and St. Andrew's Golf Club and his deep interest in the welfare and progress of his city is indicated by his connection with the Calgary Board of Trade. Opportunity has ever been to him the call to action and what he has undertaken he has accomplished, for he possesses the spirit of self-reliance, combined with sound judgment and executive ability. His business methods have always balanced up with the principles of truth and honesty and his fellow citizens entertain for him high regard.

RICHARD WALLACE.

Richard Wallace, city assessor and tax collector for the city of Calgary, is one of this community's most substantial citizens and popular public officials. He was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, on the 3d of April, 1882, a son of Richard and Janet (Gibson) Wallace, natives of Scotland. For the greater part of her life the father has engaged in contracting and building in Edinburgh and has won widespread prominence in that connection. He is now living retired in that city. Mrs. Wallace died on the 3d of April, 1920.

Richard Wallace received his education in the public schools of Edinburgh and after graduating from high school he engaged in quantity surveying for four years. At the termination of that time he was in the contracting and building business in association with his father and that connection was maintained until 1904. In that year Mr. Wallace came to Canada and located in Calgary, working on a farm for the first year and

on the 6th of January, 1905, he went to work for the city as clerk in the assessor's department. In the spring of 1909 he was appointed city assessor and has since been active in that position. In 1915 he was made tax collector and he is now active in both offices. He devotes his entire time and attention to the many duties devolving upon him, discharging them with an efficiency that commands the respect of all, and he is readily conceded to be one of the most popular public officials in Calgary.

In September, 1905, occurred the marriage of Mr. Wallace and Miss Edith Maude Hann, a daughter of Captain Henry and Emma (Brann) Hann, natives of England. Mrs. Wallace's father was in the service of England for forty-two years and she was born while he was stationed in Rangoon, India, on the 25th of March, 1884. Captain Hann died on the 22d of February, 1909. His widow resides in Portsmouth, England. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace three children have been born: Richard, Jr., was born on the 29th of January, 1907; Harry Valentine was born on the 14th of February, 1909; and Eva Muriel was born on the 25th of February, 1912. Mrs. Wallace is a woman of culture and refinement and she is active in the club and social affairs of Calgary.

Fraternally Mr. Wallace is identified with the Masons and he holds membership in Perfection Lodge, No. 9, of Calgary. His religious faith is that of the Anglican church. For recreation he turns to outdoor sports and is particularly fond of golfing and fishing.

MICHAEL JOSEPH GALLAGHER.

One of the retired ranchers of Macleod is Michael Joseph Gallagher, who was born in County Mayo, Ireland, on the 7th of December, 1850, a son of Bartholomew and Mary (Gallagher) Gallagher, both natives of Ireland, where the father was a weaver by trade and likewise engaged in farming. Mr. Gallagher died in Ireland. They were consistent communicants of the Roman Catholic church. To their union six children were born, Michael Joseph being the youngest member of the family.

In the acquirement of his education Michael Joseph Gallagher attended the public schools of his birthplace and at the age of twenty-two years came to Canada. In July, 1875, he joined the Royal Northwest Mounted Police at Ottawa, Ontario, and was sent to old Fort Macleod, arriving there in September, and serving for three years. In 1881 he homesteaded some land, which he brought to a highly cultivated state and he engaged in farming and cattle raising. He ran several hundred head of cattle and was quite successful until the blizzards of 1886 and 1887, at which time he lost seventy-five per cent of the herd. After that he turned his attention to wheat raising, and later homesteaded some two and one-half sections more of land and bought a half section of railroad land. His farms were among the finest in this section of Alberta and he disposed of them at a substantial profit. He retired from active life in 1910. All that he

possesses has been won through his energy and perseverance and he is today one of the most deservedly successful men of this community.

In 1872 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Gallagher and Miss Helen Macdonald, who was born in County Cork, Ireland, and died in 1918, at the age of seventy-four years. To their union six children were born: Mary, who married Robert Gunn, died in her fortieth year, leaving three children; Kate is the widow of Frank Levaseur of Pincher Creek, Alberta; Anne is the wife of Alfred Robbins of Blairmore; Nellie is the wife of Dr. George S. Mills of Macleod; Joe died at the age of thirty-two years; and Bartholomew died in infancy.

The religious faith of Mr. Gallagher is that of the Roman Catholic church. Politically he is a stanch supporter of the Liberal party. He is well known in the Macleod district as one of the substantial citizens and prosperous farmers who owes his advancement in life entirely to his own perseverance and well-directed labor. His many friends hold him in high confidence and esteem by reason of his many trustworthy characteristics, his integrity in business and his loyalty in all matters of citizenship.

AUBREY S. TUTTLE, D. D.

Dr. Aubrey S. Tuttle, principal of the Alberta College, South, at Edmonton, devoting his life to educational work as a teacher and preacher, was born in Pugwash, Nova Scotia, October 2, 1874, and is a son of Milledge and Julia (Fulton) Tuttle, who spent their lives in Nova Scotia, the father having followed the occupation of farming as his life work. He was a son of Elijah Tuttle, who was born in New England but came to Canada. He was a member of a Loyalist family and was not in sympathy with the attitude of the American colonies toward Great Britain at that period. The grandfather in the maternal line was Stephen Fulton, who was born in the north of Ireland and came to Canada in early life. He was a running mate of the Hon. Joe Howe, when they were opposing candidates to Charles Tupper and Hon. Mr. McFarland, who was later a senator and continued active as a political leader to the time of his demise. Milledge Tuttle gave his political support to the Liberal party and he filled the office of school trustee but had no ambition for political service. He belonged to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and both he and his wife were consistent members of the Methodist church. Mrs. Tuttle was a woman of marked literary taste and read broadly and discriminatingly. Their family numbered ten children, seven of whom are living.

Aubrey S. Tuttle was the fourth in order of birth in the family and pursued his early education in the village schools, while later he attended a boys' school—Acacia Villa—at Horton Landing. He next became a student in Mount Allison University at Sackville, New Brunswick, where he was graduated in 1905, with the Bachelor of Arts degree, while in 1907 the Master of Arts degree was conferred upon him and in 1919 his Alma

Mater bestowed upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity. Long before he had completed his education, however, he had entered upon the active work of the Methodist ministry. He entered upon this holy calling in 1897 and served for three years on probation before taking up his college course. In 1905 he came to Edmonton and for four years was pastor of Grace Methodist church of this city. Later he accepted the pastorate of the Wesley Methodist church at Calgary, where he labored for four years and then went to Medicine Hat, in which place he spent a similar period in preaching the gospel. With his return to Edmonton he was pastor at McDougall's church for two years and then became connected with Alberta College, South, as principal, in the year 1919. This is a theological institution affiliated with the university and also cooperates with the Robertson Presbyterian College. There are four teachers in the department of theology and eight in the other department. There is also maintained a young ladies' college in connection with the school under a most prominent and competent lady principal.

In 1910 Dr. Tuttle was united in marriage to Miss Mary Anna Johnson, who was born in Barton, Nova Scotia, and supplemented her high school training by a course of study in Arcadia University of Nova Scotia, from which she was graduated in 1905. She afterwards taught for two years in the Mount Allison Ladies' College. By her marriage she has become the mother of five children: Morley, Julia, Aubrey, George and Ruth, deceased.

In politics Dr. Tuttle maintains an independent course, voting for men and measures rather than party. His entire time and attention is devoted to his work as principal of the school and as a minister of the gospel. He spends about three-fourths of his time out in the province, preaching in different places and he also does missionary work in the interest of the college. He was president of the Methodist conference in 1918 and during the past twelve years has been a member of each General Conference. He was also elected recently to the general council of the Proposed United Church of Canada. In 1921 he was appointed representative from the Alberta Methodist conference to the Ecumenical Conference at London, England, where he delivered an address on "The Future, Its Great Tasks." He is a strong and forceful speaker, possessed of splendid oratorical power, and he is making every effort to translate the teachings of the Bible concerning the brotherhood of man and the love of the Creator into the common terms of daily life.

RICHARD PARSONS, M. D.

Dr. Richard Parsons, whose skill and ability as a surgeon entitles him to representation among the prominent members of the medical profession in the province of Alberta, is accorded an extensive and gratifying patronage in Red Deer and vicinity where he has practiced since 1903,

with the exception of time spent overseas in the service of his country. Dr. Parsons was born near Toronto, Ontario, in June, 1875, a son of Richard and Isabella (McGregor) Parsons, the former a native of Canada and the latter of Scotland. Their marriage was celebrated in Ontario, where the father engaged in farming for many years and he and his wife resided on the home farm until death. To their union five children were born, four of whom are living, Dr. Parsons being the youngest of the family. Throughout his life Mr. Parsons gave his political support to the Liberal party and both he and his wife were consistent members of the Methodist church and active workers in its interest.

Richard Parsons received his early education in the public schools near the home farm and in due time was graduated from the Weston high school. His earliest ambition was to enter the medical profession and subsequently he enrolled in the Trinity Medical College at Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1901. He spent one year in work under Dr. Ball at Singhampton, Ontario, and for one year he was a member of the staff of the General Hospital at Toronto. In 1903 he came to Red Deer and opened offices for the practice of his profession, having an extensive and lucrative patronage when the World war broke out. In April, 1916, he put all personal interests aside and enrolled in the Canadian Medical Corps, and in the same year was sent overseas, arriving in London in June. For some time he was stationed at a hospital in Shornecliff, England, and later he was with the Eighty-ninth Battalion, being attached to No. 1, General Canadian Hospital, in France. Dr. Parsons received his honorable discharge in June, 1918, and immediately returned to Red Deer and resumed his practice. He has taken postgraduate work in New York, Edinburgh, Scotland, London and Chicago. He specializes in surgery and is widely known for his surgical work throughout the province. He is a fellow of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of England and he is likewise a fellow of the American College of Surgeons. In addition to his private practice the Doctor is a member of the staff of the local hospital.

On the 11th of October, 1905, Dr. Parsons was married to Miss Marcia Ella Bull, a native of Brampton, and a daughter of V. H. Bull, who was one of the big Jersey breeders in the province of Ontario. Mrs. Parsons died on the 18th of November, 1918, leaving four children: Richard McGregor, sixteen years of age; William Bull, thirteen years of age; Ella Duncan, ten years of age; and Margaret Isabelle. Mrs. Parsons was a consistent member of the Methodist church, and was very popular in this community, where her death caused profound sorrow. On the 13th of September, 1920, Dr. Parsons was married to Annie Nelson Forbes, who was at that time matron of the hospital at Red Deer. She is a native of Nova Scotia and a woman of culture and refinement. Both Dr. and Mrs. Parsons are active members of the Methodist church in Red Deer.

Although Dr. Parsons is inclined to be independent in politics, he gives his support for the most part to the Liberal party and maintains an active interest in party affairs, being well versed on all important questions and

issues of the day. He has been trustee on the public school board. Fraternally he is identified with the Royal Arch Masons and along strictly professional lines he holds membership in the Canadian Medical Association and the Alberta Medical Association. The Doctor devotes his entire time and attention to his profession and well merits the position he has attained among the foremost physicians and surgeons in the province.

ARTHUR CHARLES LEWIS ADAMS, LL. B.

Although advancement at the bar is proverbially slow, Arthur Charles L. Adams has already gained an enviable reputation for ability in his chosen profession, notwithstanding the fact that he has just reached his thirtieth milestone on life's journey, and in legal circles of Edmonton he occupies a well established position. He was born at Toronto, Ontario, in 1893, and is a son of Arthur A. and Kate (Daw) Adams, the latter a native of England. The father was born in Toronto, in which city his marriage occurred, and he and his wife are now residents of Edmonton.

In the acquirement of an education Arthur C. L. Adams attended the grammar schools of Toronto and the high school at Kenora, Ontario, after which he turned his attention to the real estate and insurance business, operating along those lines in Winnipeg, Manitoba. In 1911 he came to Alberta, locating at Edmonton, where he entered the same field of activity, and also engaged in merchandising. In 1915 he took up the study of law and five years later he was graduated from the University of Alberta, winning the LL. B. degree. He at once began the practice of his profession in this city, first under the firm name of McCullough & Adams and since the summer of 1922 by himself. His list of clients is constantly increasing, as he is afforded an opportunity to demonstrate his ability to cope with the intricacies of the law. Mr. Adams is an earnest and discriminating student, thoroughly familiar with the principles of jurisprudence, and in the preparation of his cases he is careful and painstaking. He has never feared that laborious effort which must precede ascendency in any line of endeavor and has always borne in mind the maxim: "The harder the conflict, the greater the triumph," which has served to strengthen his courage, enabling him to overcome all difficulties and obstacles in his path.

Mr. Adams is a veteran of the World war. In February, 1916, he enlisted as a private in the Alberta Company of the Western Universities Battalion, with which he was sent overseas, and after reaching France he was attached to the Forty-sixth Battalion. He was wounded in the battle of Vimy Ridge and was invalided to England. He was recommended for and was given a commission and after being gazetted was sent to India. As a member of the Indian Army he saw service in the rebellion of 1919 and later in that year took part in the war with Afghanistan, being stationed on the Afghan frontier. He was discharged from the service in

England, in December, 1919, after a most creditable military record, and returned to Edmonton in January, 1920. He is a member of the Anglican church and gives his political support to the Liberal party. Professionally he is identified with the Edmonton and Canadian Bar Associations and he is also a member of the Edmonton Automobile Club, the Edmonton Saddle Club, and the Canadian Club of this city, he being elected secretary of the latter club in 1923. He is also an associate member of the Royal Colonial Institute of London, England. He gives his best efforts to any task that he undertakes and exemplifies in his life the highest standards of manhood and citizenship. His time and attention are chiefly given to his law business and in a profession demanding mental alertness and untiring application he is steadily coming to the front.

ERNEST A. SHARMAN.

Ernest A. Sharman is closely connected with business interests of Lethbridge as owner of the E. A. Sharman Company, a well known implement concern. He was born in Northamptonshire, England, on the 14th of September, 1876, a son of Thomas S. and Amelia (Colpman) Sharman, both natives of Northamptonshire. The father was an extensive farmer and sheep raiser and his death occurred in England in 1901, at the age of seventy-three, while Mrs. Sharman died in 1883, at the age of forty-five years. Mr. Sharman was twice married. His living children are: Percy George is engaged in farming in Pierson, Manitoba; Arthur E. S. is a successful general farmer in Bradwardine, Manitoba, having located there in 1880 and homesteaded quite an extensive acreage; Thomas William is living at Croft, where he is associated with John Martin Sons, in the conduct of a brewery; and Ernest. Mr. Sharman was a consistent communicant of the Church of England.

In the acquirement of his education Ernest A. Sharman attended the common schools of his birthplace and was graduated from Harborough College. After putting his textbooks aside he went into the office of a building contractor in Leicester, and in 1892 came to Canada, locating in Manitoba. He worked on a farm there for a year, at the termination of which time he came to Lethbridge, where he conducted a dray and express line for three years and was connected with the Northwest Jobbing & Commission Company of Lethbridge for eleven years. Later Mr. Sharman opened a real estate and insurance business, handling land throughout Alberta, and all kinds of insurance. This enterprise he is still conducting, under the style of the E. A. Sharman Agency. In 1916 he entered the implement business under the name of the E. A. Sharman Company and he has been successful in this venture. He carries a complete and high grade stock of heavy and light farm implements, ditching and grading machinery, twine, and sacks.

In October, 1898, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Sharman and

Miss Charlotte Mary McNaughton, a native of Ontario, Canada. Both Mr. and Mrs. Sharman are members of the Church of England and for two years he was a warden in the church. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons and the United Commercial Travelers, and has served as chaplain of the former body. He is also a member of the U. F. A. at Lethbridge. His political endorsement is given to the Conservative party, and in matters of citizenship he is public-spirited and can be depended upon to cooperate in forwarding all worthy enterprises. As a citizen and business man he enjoys the confidence and esteem of his fellowmen and he is readily conceded to be one of the representative business men of Lethbridge.

JOHN STANLEY WRAY, M. D.

Dr. John Stanley Wray, a World war veteran who since June, 1919, has engaged in the practice of medicine at Lethbridge, was born in Linwood, Ontario, October 28, 1882, a son of George and Ann (Allingham) Wray, both of whom were natives of Ireland. The grandfather, James Wray, was commissioner in the Royal Irish Constabulary. The Wray family is of English origin, representatives of the name removing from England to Ireland in 1600, coming from Lincolnshire. Representatives of the family remained in Ireland until the grandfather of Dr. Wray emigrated to Canada. His grandfather in the maternal line was also born in Ireland and was of Scotch descent. Both families were founded in Ontario at an early day and there was celebrated the marriage of George Wray and Ann Allingham. The father devoted his life to the occupation of farming for many years and passed away in 1906, at the age of seventy-two. The mother survives and is now living in Millbank. They were members of the Methodist church and in politics Mr. Wray voted with the Conservative party.

John Stanley Wray is the youngest of a family of six children. He was educated in Public School No. 21 in Wellesley township, Waterloo district, Ontario, and later he attended the Kitchener high school and the Edmonton high school. He there acquired a license to teach and devoted about three years to the profession of teaching in and near Edmonton but regarded this merely as an initial step to other professional labor. He then entered the medical school of the University of Toronto in Toronto, Canada, in 1905, and by reason of the steady progress that he made in his studies was there graduated in 1909. He then located for practice at Raymond, Alberta, where he continued for six years, when the need for aid in connection with the World war led him to join the army as a member of the Canadian Army Medical Corps, with the rank of captain. He served in Calgary until March, 1917, when he was attached to the One Hundred and Ninety-first Battalion in the medical department and went overseas. He served in England with reserve battalions and in hospitals and was for a time a member of a traveling medical board, thus continuing in active

duty until May, 1918, when he went to France and was attached to the Third Canadian Ambulance Corps. Later he was identified with the First Canadian Field Artillery and was in the battle of Amiens in August, 1918. Later he returned to England with a broken arm and was discharged from the Canadian army on the 27th of April, 1919. At the breaking of the Hindenburg line on the 1st and 2nd of September, 1918, he was on duty with the Third Field Ambulance. Following his return home he located at Lethbridge for the practice of medicine in June, 1919, and has here remained.

On the 15th day of July, 1913, Dr. Wray was married to Miss Marion Neilson, B. A., who was born in Proton, Ontario, and was educated in the University of Toronto, being graduated in 1911. She is a daughter of R. A. Neilson, who was a farmer and lumberman of Ontario throughout his life. By her marriage she has become the mother of two children: Margaret Alice and Phyllis Neilson. Dr. and Mrs. Wray are members of the Presbyterian church and he belongs to the Veterans Club and to the Masonic fraternity. In politics he follows an independent course, voting for men and measures rather than party. He belongs to the Rotary Club and is one of the active supporters of all those plans and projects which are looking to the public good. He is now serving as one of the managers of Knox church and is a director of the Young Men's Christian Association. Naturally the major part of his time and attention is given to professional interests and he is now a member of the Lethbridge Medical Society, of which he is serving as secretary. He has made steady advance in his profession and his ability has placed him in the front rank among the younger physicians and surgeons of his adopted city.

RT. REV. HENRY ALLEN GRAY, D. D.

Right Rev. Henry Allen Gray, first bishop of Edmonton, is one of the pioneer ministers of the province and for twenty-seven years he has worked earnestly, untiringly and effectively to promote the success of the Anglican church and broaden its influence. His undoubted sincerity, his marked public spirit and his scholarly attainments have gained him the esteem of his fellow citizens, irrespective of their religious affiliations, and his personal friends, who are found in all walks of life, hold him in the highest regard. He was born in London, England, in July, 1863, a son of Henry and Fanny (Clark) Gray, the latter also a native of that city. The father was likewise of English birth and his education was acquired in the Christ Church school, London, commonly known as the "Bluecoat School." He became an officer in the Royal Navy, with which he was connected throughout his life, and served on the flotilla that escorted Great Britain's first ambassador to China in 1858. His father was also a naval officer and for three hundred years members of the family have contributed their quota toward making England the greatest naval power in the world. The ancestral record is traced to Sir Walter



RT. REV. HENRY ALLEN GRAY, D. D.

Raleigh, whose crest is now borne by Bishop Gray. Henry Gray was a Royal Arch Mason and a member of the Anglican church. His death occurred at Shanghai, China, in 1864. The mother has reached the age of eighty-two years and is residing with the subject of this review.

Henry Allen Gray was the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gray. He attended several preparatory schools and the Chatham House private boarding school and afterward spent two years in Germany, returning to England in 1881. He then entered the office of a relative, in which he was employed for five years, and then came to Canada with his mother, arriving in Calgary, Alberta, on the 2d of June, 1886. A friend of the family had started a small cattle ranch at Elbow River, in the Calgary Center district of Alberta, and the Bishop there spent six years in riding the range, thus becoming intimately acquainted with the adventurous life of a cowboy and also experiencing the hardships and privations of pioneer times. Owing to impaired health his mother returned to England in 1892 and in that year he took up the study of theology in St. John's College at Winnipeg, Manitoba, from which he was graduated in 1895, having been a lay reader under the bishop of Calgary for three years previous to entering that institution of learning. In June, 1895, he was ordained by the bishop of Calgary and appointed the incumbent of Holy Trinity church in South Edmonton, as it was then known. In July, 1896, he was admitted to the priesthood and in March of the following year was chosen by the congregation of All Saints church of Edmonton as its priest, retaining that charge until 1914, when he was elected first bishop of the Edmonton diocese, in which connection he has ninety congregations under his control. He was also appointed rural dean, filling that office for a year, and in 1907 was made archdeacon. He is devoting every effort toward strengthening and developing the important ecclesiastical interests entrusted to his care and his efforts have been beneficially resultant.

Bishop Gray is a representative of that class of modern thinkers who recognize the fact that religion has to do with the every day things of life and is not merely a matter of pulpit teaching. His activities have therefore reached out to the general interests of society. He is head of the Edmonton Boy Scouts and each year holds a badge as a newsboy and bootblack. He was the first commissioner of the juvenile court and still holds that position. His work in that connection has been productive of much good and he has also been chaplain of the Nineteenth Alberta Dragoons, while for three terms he served as a member of the Edmonton School Board.

In December, 1918, Bishop Gray was united in marriage to Miss Georgina Wibby, a daughter of William Williams Wibby, one of the pioneer settlers of Toronto. She was ordained a deaconess in 1914 and came west to take her first charge, which was in Edmonton. She was married in Winnipeg and has a daughter, Frances Marion, now three years of age. For thirty-six years Bishop Gray has resided in Alberta, during which period a marvelous transformation has been wrought as the work of civilization has been carried forward, and in years of service

he is the second oldest minister in Edmonton. He is a broad-gauged man who possesses the true spirit of Christianity, and his powers and talents have been a leavening force in making high ideals a tangible asset in the affairs of daily life.

CECIL ETHELBERT RACE.

Cecil Ethelbert Race, registrar of the University of Alberta, was born at Port Hope, Ontario, in 1876, the oldest son of George Robert and Emma (Davis) Race. The father was born in Durham county, England, and the mother in Castleton, Ontario. The father was a dairyman in Ontario, but in 1908 removed to the west, where he and his youngest son took up the building business, erecting several residences in Edmonton, thus contributing to the growth and development of the city. His family numbered three children: Cecil E.; Clarence, engaged in the hardware business; and Forrest, of the Hamly Printing Press, all of whom, with their father, are residents of Edmonton. The mother's death occurred in 1918.

Cecil E. Race, having completed the work of the public and high schools schools of Port Hope, entered the University of Toronto, where he pursued a mathematical course, winning the Bachelor of Arts degree in 1897. He then attended the Normal College in Hamilton, Ontario, obtaining in 1898 his license to teach in the high schools of Ontario as a specialist in mathematics. Out of a class of three hundred he was one of four to receive honors in practice teaching. The next five years were spent in high school work in Ontario, where he won his high school principal's certificate and also his commercial specialist's certificate in 1900.

From Cobourg Collegiate Institute Mr. Race was appointed in 1903 to join Dr. Riddell in Edmonton, in the opening of Alberta College. Here he remained as first assistant and head of the commercial and mathematical departments until 1909. Meantime he studied higher accounting, and in 1907 passed his final examinations as a chartered accountant for the province of Manitoba. He practised then as a chartered accountant for about three years, but during the last year of that period gave a part of his time to the University of Alberta, which had been organized in 1908. In 1911 he came into the university, devoting all of his time thereto as registrar and bursar, and has since occupied that position, doing most efficient work for the institution.

In 1903 Mr. Race was married to Miss Annie Ashwell, a native of Strathroy, Ontario, and a graduate of the University of Toronto. They have two children: Marjorie Ashwell, who is now a sophomore in the University of Alberta; and Winfield Davis, attending high school. The family are Methodists, being members and office bearers in McDougall church. Mr. Race is also a Mason, has served as senior warden in his lodge, and belongs to the lodge quartet. He is a member and past president of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Alberta, and has served

as secretary thereof since 1912. He was also secretary of the Dominion Association of Chartered Accountants in 1917. He lectures in the university on business administration and accounting, and has done post-graduate work in Chicago and Alberta leading to the degree of M.A., which was conferred upon him by the latter university in May, 1923.

Mr. Race has always taken a prominent part in athletics and is president of the Alberta Provincial Basket Ball Association, a member of the board of governors of the Alberta Amateur Union, and the first president of the Canadian Basket Ball Association. He assisted largely in starting the work of erecting a building for the Young Men's Christian Association in Edmonton, having been chairman of the committee which collected the first funds and purchased the site, and he has always been a strong supporter of that institution. He also manifests a keen interest in civic affairs and is an active member of the Board of Trade. There is no project nor cause instituted for the benefit and upbuilding of the city along material, intellectual, civic and moral lines that does not receive his support and cooperation.

SAMUEL S. DUNHAM.

Samuel S. Dunham, clerk of the supreme and district courts at Lethbridge and actively identified with agricultural interests in this province, was born in Macon county, Missouri, April 14, 1867, and is a son of James and Nannie (Hughes) Dunham. The grandfather, Samuel Dunham, was a native of New Brunswick and devoted his life to farming and milling. The grandfather in the maternal line was Wilburn Hughes, a native of Virginia, who removed to Kentucky and thence to Missouri, where he followed agricultural pursuits. James Dunham, the father of Samuel S. Dunham, was born at Moores Mills, New Brunswick, and in 1858 went to Missouri, where he married Nannie Hughes, who was a native of that state. There they resided, and there Samuel S. Dunham, the subject of this sketch, was reared and educated. James Dunham followed the occupation of farming and was also at one time mine inspector for the state. The family attended the Congregational church, there being no Presbyterian church at the place of their residence. There were five children: Samuel S., the subject of this review; Thomas B., a farmer living at Lethbridge, Alberta; Albert and Charles O., who follow farming in Macon county, Missouri; and Mrs. J. J. Leffler, residing at Coaldale, Alberta.

In the public schools of his native county Samuel S. Dunham pursued his early education and afterward attended the State Normal School at Kirksville, Missouri. He was superintendent of the public school at Bevier, Missouri, for six years, after which he entered the University of Missouri, from which he was graduated with the LL. B. degree in 1898. He practiced law in his native county and was state's attorney for two terms. Coming to Alberta in 1905, he purchased irrigated land near Coal-

dale, Alberta, which he still owns. In 1909 he removed his family to Lethbridge. From the first he gave his attention to the management of his farm and also was loan manager for the Imperial Life Insurance Company. The farm interests still claim his attention and in much that he has undertaken he has won success. Mr. Dunham joined the United Farmers of Alberta as far back as 1912 and is a life member. He was elected provincial vice president in 1915 and reelected in 1916 and 1917. He was the first man to call attention to the matter of organizing for wheat marketing and in 1917 secured Sanford Evans to address the convention at Edmonton on the question. He was one of the first practical farmers to institute the movement for wider irrigation in southern Alberta and was the first to suggest the sale of bonds for that purpose. He still owns two good irrigated farms—one of four hundred and twenty-six acres and the other of one hundred and sixty acres—of which he enjoys the management. But farming is but one of Mr. Dunham's occupations. He was not satisfied out of his profession and was admitted to the bar of Alberta in 1914 and practiced law at Lethbridge until January, 1922, when he accepted the position of clerk of the district and supreme courts.

Mrs. Dunham, to whom Mr. Dunham was married in 1894, was Miss Frances Walker, daughter of W. G. Walker, one of the pioneer residents of Macon county, Missouri, farmer and civil engineer. Mr. and Mrs. Dunham became parents of three children: Aileen, who graduated with honors from the University of Alberta, with first rank in history, in 1920, won her Master of Arts degree on the McKenzie fellowship and graduated from the University of Toronto at Toronto, Ontario, in 1921. In the fall of the same year she entered the University of London, England, as a postgraduate student and is specializing in colonial and constitutional history. She will secure the degree of Ph. D. during 1923; Walker Dunham, the second of the family, was graduated from the high school at Lethbridge and won a scholarship to Queen's College. He was graduated from the University of Alberta in 1920 and was appointed to the Rhodes scholarship the same year, entering Oxford University on the 1st of January, 1921; Lloyd, the youngest of the family, is in high school. The wife and mother passed away February 17, 1922, while Aileen and Walker were both at school in Europe.

Mr. Dunham has ever stood for those progressive movements which have been most forceful in the material, intellectual and moral progress of the community. He was instrumental in bringing the Chautauqua to Canada and was the first man in Canada to sign a Chautauqua contract. This was in 1916 and the Chautauqua has had a wonderful growth in the Dominion since that time. At the present writing he is the vice president of the Lethbridge Constituency, U. F. A. Mr. Dunham was opposed to the U. F. A. going into politics as an organization, but when the organization did decide to go into politics he remained loyal. In politics a free trader, he might best be described as an Independent Liberal. In religious faith he is an unorthodox Presbyterian. He is a lover of

shooting, and he likes to curl—curling, shooting, gardening and farming affording him his recreation. His entire life has been actuated by a most progressive spirit that has resulted in constant advancement along lines not only for the upbuilding of his own fortunes but for the benefit of the community as well, and Lethbridge has ever regarded him as a most valuable asset in her citizenship.

JOHN M. MILLAR.

In educational circles the name of John M. Millar is well known. Principal of Robertson College, he is bending every energy and effort to the upbuilding of the institution and under his guidance the work has steadily developed and standards have been constantly advanced. Principal Millar is a native of Ontario, his birth having occurred in Kincardine, in 1865. His parents were William and Barbara (McLeod) Millar, natives of Scotland and of Goderich, Ontario, respectively. They were married in Ontario. The mother passed away in 1907 and his father died in 1923, in his ninetieth year. He had made farming his life work and was a self-educated and self-made man, whose life was crowned with a substantial measure of success because of the wise and timely use he made of his opportunities. His political endorsement was given to the Liberal party. Fraternally he was a Mason and he belonged to the Presbyterian church, of which his wife was also an active member. In the work of the church he had taken a most helpful interest and was serving as one of the elders at the time of his death.

John M. Millar is the second in order of birth in a family of nine children, six of whom are living. He enjoyed liberal educational advantages, attending the Queen's University at Kingston, Ontario, from which he was graduated with the Bachelor of Arts degree in 1890, while in 1891 his Alma Mater conferred upon him the Master of Arts degree and in 1905 that of Bachelor of Divinity. He was made Doctor of Divinity at Westminster Hall at Vancouver in 1913, in recognition of the superior service which he had rendered to the cause of education and religion.

Mr. Millar was ordained to the ministry of the Presbyterian church in 1895 and his first pastorate was at Norwich, Ontario, where he remained for six years. He then went to British Columbia and accepted the pastorate of the church at Phoenix and also was pastor at Nanaimo on Vancouver island. His connection with British Columbia covered a residence of nine years and during his last year of residence there he was moderator of the Presbyterian synod of that province. In 1909 he arrived in Strathcona, Alberta, where he took charge of the Knox Presbyterian church, remaining as minister at that place for two and a half years. He then became identified with Robertson College, a Presbyterian theological school, at Strathcona. He first occupied a professorship but

in 1919 became principal and has continued at the head of the institution through the intervening period, his labors constituting a potent force in its development. Throughout his life he has put forth every effort to make his service of the greatest possible benefit to his fellowmen. To this end he did postgraduate work at Halle, Germany, in 1899, and he also attended the Hartford School of Religious Pedagogy at Hartford, Connecticut, and the University of Chicago. Wide reading and study have constantly broadened his knowledge in addition to his training in the schools and universities of this and other countries, and he has ever been actuated by the highest standards in his work, while at all times his enthusiasm is contagious. In 1923 Dr. Millar was elected moderator of the Synod of Alberta.

In December, 1901, Dr. Millar was married to Miss Belle Malcolm, who was born near London, Ontario, and educated in Norwich. They have one child, Jean, who is now a student in the University of Alberta. Dr. Millar is well known in Masonic circles and has served as senior warden and also as chaplain of his lodge. He is a Liberal in his political views and is conversant with the vital questions and issues of the day but without political ambition. He has always been interested in manly outdoor sports and belongs to the Granite Curling Club, of which he is chaplain. He withholds his aid from no civic project which he deems vital to the community and during the election of 1917 he spoke frequently on behalf of the proposed union government as the best means of meeting the crisis of the hour. His indefatigable energy has declined no call to labor or to service and his scholarly attainments have enabled him to translate high ideals into practical efforts for his fellowmen.

ARTHUR MELVILLE SCOTT, B. A., Ph. D.

Arthur M. Scott, a self-educated man of scholarly attainments, is recognized as one of the foremost educators of western Canada and for the past sixteen years he has been superintendent of schools at Calgary. He was born at Caistorville, Ontario, in April, 1869, a son of Michael G. and Lucretia M. (Horning) Scott, the former a native of Ireland but of Scotch descent, while the latter was born in the province of Ontario. In 1857 the father came to Canada, settling at Caistorville, Ontario, and for some time he there followed the profession of teaching. He was one of the foremost men of his community, serving for many years as postmaster of Caistorville, while he also filled the office of township clerk. He died in May, 1870, at the comparatively early age of forty years. The mother long survived him, passing away in February, 1918, when eighty-one years of age.

The public schools of Caistorville afforded Arthur M. Scott his early educational opportunities and when but fifteen years of age he was granted a teacher's certificate. He attended the Model school at Hamilton, Ontario,

and when a young man of seventeen began his career as an educator, spending three years as a teacher in the public schools of London and vicinity. In 1890 he entered the Toronto Normal School, from which he received a gold medal at the age of twenty-one, and in 1892 he graduated from the Parkdale Collegiate Institute of that city, winning the Edward Blake scholarship in Mathematics and Classics. He then entered the University of Toronto, having but twenty dollars capital, and worked his way through that institution, from which he was graduated in 1896, with the B. A. degree. He was awarded the McDonald and Aberdeen gold medals for proficiency in his studies and also received the 1851 exhibition scholarship, which credited him with one hundred and fifty pounds a year for two years. Being desirous of still further increasing his knowledge, he attended the University of Goettingen, Germany, for two years and in 1898 the degree of Doctor of Philosophy was conferred upon him. Returning to Toronto, he acted for a year as substitute for Professor J. C. McLennan, and among his pupils who graduated at that time was Dr. J. S. Plaskett, who has since gained distinction as an astronomer. In 1899 Dr. Scott was called to the University of New Brunswick at Fredericton as professor of physics and electricity and for seven years was connected with that institution, during which period he was secretary of the faculty, and for a portion of the time he also acted as secretary of the University Senate. In March, 1906, he received the appointment of superintendent of the public schools of Calgary, on the recommendation of Dr. D. McIntyre, the office coming to him unsolicited, and his long retention therein is proof of his ability as an educator and the esteem in which he is held by Calgary's citizens. He has ever been actuated by a spirit of progress that takes cognizance of all improved educational methods and under his guidance the schools of the city have attained a high standard of excellence, ranking with the best in the Dominion. His education was acquired by hard work and the exercise of self-denial and the strength of purpose thus early displayed has been manifest throughout his career, constituting a most important factor in the attainment of his present success in the educational field. The number of pupils now attending high school exceeds the total enrollment of Calgary's public schools in 1906, thus indicating the rapid growth of the city in the past sixteen years.

In July, 1900, Dr. Scott married Miss E. Bertha Howson, B. A., a daughter of Dr. Joseph and Rebecca A. (Jeffers) Howson, the latter a native of the province of Ontario and of Irish descent. The father was born in Barnard Castle, England, and as a young man emigrated to Canada, becoming one of the pioneer physicians of Toronto. He continued to engage in the practice of medicine in that city until his death, which occurred in 1873, and the mother passed away in 1912. Dr. and Mrs. Scott have become the parents of two children: Arthur Wycliffe, born in June, 1901, and now a student at the University of Toronto; and Juliet Jeffers, who was born in November, 1902, and is attending a school for librarians at Toronto.

Dr. Scott is an earnest, conscientious and helpful member of the Methodist church, of which he has been a local preacher for thirty-four years,

and for an extended period he has been a member of the official board. He has thrice been chosen to attend the General Conference of the church and for thirteen years was superintendent of the local Sunday school. He is independent in his political views and fraternally is identified with the Independent Order of Foresters. He is also a member of the Rotary Club and his interest in the commercial development of the city is indicated by his connection with the Calgary Board of Trade. He is chairman of the library board, on which he has served for ten years, and is a member of the Canadian and Alberta Educational Associations, being a past president of the last named organization. He belongs to that class of men whose every faculty must be excited to achieve distinction through the stimulating friction of battling with difficulties, and his career is proof of the fact that it is under the pressure of necessity that the best and strongest in the individual are brought out and developed. Life has been to him purposeful and resultant and his work has been a potent and beneficial factor for good.

JOHN JAMES DUNN.

As chief sanitary and food inspector for Calgary, John J. Dunn holds a most important public office, the duties of which he has ably discharged for the past twelve years, and the worth of his work is widely acknowledged. He was born in Durham county, England, in September, 1875, and his parents, John and Margaret (Davis) Dunn, were also natives of the mother country. The father was a steel puddler, devoting his life to that work. His demise occurred in 1907, and the mother passed away two years later.

Reared in his native county, John J. Dunn there attended the public schools and afterward completed a course in marine engineering. For two and a half years he was connected with a marine engine works in England and in 1905 he received a diploma from the Royal Sanitary Institute of London. Four years later he left England for Canada, making his way to the western part of the Dominion. He arrived in Calgary in 1909 and in the following year was appointed chief sanitary and food inspector for the city, in which capacity he has since served. Thorough preparation and practical expesience well qualified him for the responsibilities of the office and he has always taken the utmost precaution to safeguard the health of Calgary's citizens, never overlooking the slightest detail which would tend to endanger the welfare of the public.

In November, 1898, Mr. Dunn was united in marriage to Miss Helen Pearson and they have become the parents of four children: Rita and Lillian, who are employed as stenographers by law firms of the city; and Winnie and Raymond, who are attending school. During the World war Mr. Dunn joined the Canadian Engineers, organized for home defense, and served with that organization for three years. He is a member of the Anglican church and his professional connections are with the Engineering

Institute of Canada and the Sanitary Association of Canada, and of the latter society he served as president for two years. He has attained a position of distinction in his profession and in all matters of citizenship he is loyal, progressive and public-spirited. His course as a public official has won for him high commendation and the service which he is rendering to the city is one of great value.

JAMES H. HADFIELD.

One of the most successful ranchers of Cardston is James H. Hadfield, who was born in Smithfield, Cache county, Utah, on the 21st of November, 1871, a son of James B. and Marguerite (Gardner) Hadfield, both natives of England. The paternal grandfather, John Hadfield, was born in England, as was the maternal grandfather, John Gardner. The maternal grandfather emigrated to the United States from England and in the middle part of the '60s made the trip overland to Utah. He was a weaver by trade and followed that trade in Smithfield, Utah, for many years. He married Martha Dunlap and they resided in Smithfield until their demise. James B. Hatfield served his apprenticeship at the weaver's trade in England, and after coming to the United States located in Philadelphia, where he followed the same occupation for a time. In 1867 he went by trail overland to Salt Lake City and for some time he was employed in the construction of the Utah Northern Railroad. Subsequently he obtained some land in the Cache valley and followed agricultural pursuits. He burned lime in Smithfield, being among the first to construct kilns there, and later he homesteaded some additional land in Malad Valley, spending the greater part of his life in farming, in which he won success. He was justice of the peace while a resident of Smithfield. His demise occurred in 1914, at the age of seventy-seven years. His widow, who was born May 30, 1844, is living in Smithfield, at the age of seventy-nine years. Mr. Hadfield joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints while living in England, and served as an elder in the church for several years. To Mr. and Mrs. Hadfield eight children were born: Sarah, the wife of H. P. Mack, a resident of Pleasant Grove, Utah; James H., whose name introduces this review; Martha F., the wife of Frank Pratt of Preston, Idaho; John G., a resident of Smithfield, Utah; William J., who is living in Malad City, Utah; Maggie, the widow of George Bingham of Smithfield, Utah; Violet M., the wife of John Pilgrim of Malad Valley, Utah; and Joseph E. of Malad Valley, Utah.

In the acquirement of his education James H. Hadfield attended the district schools of Smithfield and subsequently entered the Utah Agricultural College at Logan, Utah. After putting his textbooks aside he remained with his parents on the home farm and learned how to burn lime. Later he was sent to Holland on a mission for the church and he resided in that country for two and one-half years, returning in 1895.

In 1899 he arrived in Cardston, coming by train as far as Lethbridge, and he homesteaded some one hundred and sixty acres of raw prairie land near Taylorville. He built a granary on the land and lived in that for a short time, until he built a frame house, sixteen by twenty feet. From time to time he increased his holdings until today he owns eleven hundred and twenty acres of fine farm land, and he engages in general farming and stock raising, making a specialty of pure-blooded Berkshire hogs. In April, 1918, Mr. Hadfield was one of the organizers of the Cardston Farming Company, Incorporated, of which he is manager. The company owns eighteen hundred and ten acres, with seventeen hundred and ten of them under cultivation. Mr. Hadfield devotes his entire time and attention to his farming interests and well merits the success he has achieved and the esteem and confidence in which he is held by all who know him.

On the 4th of January, 1899, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Hadfield to Miss Mary J. Moorehead, who was born in Smithfield, February 17, 1872. To their union six children have been born: Bernice is living at home with her parents; Harold is engaged in ranching and lives at home; Gerald is living in Montana; and Koven, Lorraine and Thelma are living at home.

Mr. Hadfield is an active worker in the interests of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he is a Seventy of the One Hundred and Twenty-first Quorum of the church. He has resided in the Cardston district for over twenty-four years and during that time has witnessed many changes as the work of advancement and improvement has been carried on. He has made good use of his time and opportunities and as the years have gone by has gained prosperity, while his friends in this community are legion.

LORING HARRISON PUTNAM.

Loring H. Putnam of Blairmore, Alberta, the oldest practitioner in that town, having resided there since July, 1911, has displayed marked skill in the solution of intricate legal problems, especially in criminal law. During his ten years' practice he has acted in the defense in all of the leading criminal cases in the district, and he enjoys in a large measure the confidence and respect of his professional colleagues.

A native of Maitland, Hants county, Nova Scotia, the home village of the highly esteemed Joseph Howe, premier of Nova Scotia prior to confederation, Mr. Putnam was born June 14, 1886, of the marriage of Capt. William and Elizabeth (Carr) Putnam. The father and mother are now deceased, his father having died in December, 1896, and his mother in October, 1922. His father will be remembered by the old-timers as being the master of the ship "Sovereign," which was lost in the Bristol Channel in 1882, the vessel being one which was built by



LORING H. PUTNAM

himself and making the quickest voyage from New York to Liverpool. His father will also be remembered as being adrift in the Atlantic ocean on a plank and ladder and having been picked up by fishermen off the Lahave islands, and on account of no telephone or telegraphic communication at that time he was given up for dead, as no word was received from him for over eight years. At that time he lost his wife, Margaret MacAulay, from Cow Bay, Cape Breton. Surviving them is a half-sister, Margaret. The father subsequently married Elizabeth Carr of the place now known as Mount Rose, Colchester county, Novia Scotia, and they became the parents of seven children, three of whom are living, the subject of this review being the only member of the family to come to Alberta and also the first person by the name of Putnam to reside in this province.

Mr. Putnam is a direct descendant of the famous General Israel Putnam of the United States, and he has in his possession the silver slippers which General Israel Putnam's sister wore at the time of her marriage, which he treasures very highly. He also has in his possession a grant which was given to his forefathers for the lease occupied by them at Maitland, Hants county, which was then known as the township of Douglas.

Mr. Putnam is one of the direct descendants of the United Empire Loyalists. He is a Protestant in religion and an ardent Conservative, although the Liberal member for Colchester county is a descendant from the same branch. This was on account of confederation when in Hants county when one branch of the family settled on one side of the Shubenacadie river known as Maitland, and the other branch settled on the other side known as Onslow.

In the year 1902 Mr. Putnam entered Horton Academy, known as Acadia Collegiate School, being the academic training school for Acadia University. After three years' training in the Collegiate School Mr. Putnam entered Acadia University, where he took his arts course. Then he entered Dalhousie University in the class of 1910, and subsequently passed the law examination of the Nova Scotia bar, and was admitted as a barrister and solicitor on April 1, 1911.

During his student days he maintained a high standing in his classes and also displayed athletic prowess, being commonly known as "straight-armed Putnam." On account of his athletic activities he now carries a sprained thumb. He participated in all college sports and played with the All-Canadian Football Team as a representative of his Alma Mater in 1907. He also played in the Eastern Canada Championship Team.

He was articled to James A. MacLean, K. C., of Bridgewater, Nova Scotia, where he received his training as a criminal lawyer. After he was admitted to the bar he was associated with William Lormier Hall, K. C., who is at present leader of the Conservative party in Nova Scotia. In 1911 he came to the province of Alberta, opening an office at Blairmore on July 7th of that year, and there remained until the outbreak of the World war, when he enlisted and served in the Canadian Militia for

three years, and then returned to his practice at Blairmore. As time has passed his practice has continuously increased, as he has had opportunity to demonstrate his legal knowledge.

He has also been called to public office, having served as town councilor and member of the school board after the village was incorporated and received a charter as a town. He subsequently resigned from those positions to accept a position of town solicitor, which he has retained ever since.

Mr. Putnam, as before mentioned, is a veteran of the World war, having enlisted in 1916 as a private in the One Hundred Ninety-first Battalion, commanded by Col. W. C. Bryan, now commissioner for the Provincial Police of the province of Alberta. On the 23d of May he received a commission as lieutenant and was sent overseas. He remained in service until the close of the war, was released from military duties on February 1, 1919, then returned to Blairmore, where he has since followed his profession.

Mr. Putnam was married on May 3, 1911, to Inez Morse, who was born in Bridgewater, Nova Scotia, her parents being natives of that province and descendants of the Empire Loyalists. She being a Methodist and Mr. Putnam a Baptist, they now attend the Union church.

Mr. Putnam is a Royal Arch Mason, a Black Knight of the Loyal Orange lodge and an independent Odd Fellow, and he has held prominent positions in the different orders. He has steadily advanced and his industry and ability have won for him a position of prominence in a most exacting profession.

In recognition of Mr. Putnam's services the provincial government has seen fit to appoint him a K. C., and now he is entitled to wear a silk gown.

REV. MICHAEL J. O'GORMAN.

Rev. Michael J. O'Gorman, representative of the Catholic priesthood, who on the 2d of December, 1921, was appointed to take charge of Sacred Heart church in Edmonton, was born in Renfrew, Ontario, in 1891, his parents being John K. and Mary (Dixon) O'Gorman, who were also natives of Ontario. There the father passed away in 1896. The mother is still living in that province. John K. O'Gorman was a school teacher in early life and afterward turned his attention to merchandising, which he followed to the time of his demise. The family has always adhered to the teachings of the Catholic church and in his political views Mr. O'Gorman was a Liberal. The family numbered nine children, seven sons and two daughters, of whom eight are living. Of these John Robert is the eldest of the family and he is parish priest at Cobalt, Ontario.

Michael J. O'Gorman, the eighth in order of birth in the family, was educated at Renfrew, Ontario, where he attended the high school, or Collegiate Institute. He was there graduated in 1907 and afterward

entered the Ottawa University, in which he completed his classical studies with the Bachelor of Arts degree in 1911. In the following year he entered Grand Seminary in Montreal and at the conclusion of a three years' period of study was ordained to the priesthood there in August, 1915. His first charge was at Douglas, Ontario, where he was curate and later he went to Fort Coulonge, Quebec, and afterward to Mattawa, Ontario, where he remained for four months. In December, 1917, he went overseas. He was unattached and joined the artillery in England. He also did hospital work in that country and in France he was chaplain of the railway troops and also of the Fourth Brigade of Engineers.

In September, 1919, Father O'Gorman returned home and was assistant priest at Renfrew for a time, after which he became locum tenens of a priest of Calabogie, Ontario, who was then in Europe. Father O'Gorman served there for four months and was then given a parish at Wylie, Ontario, where he continued until 1921. On the 2d of December of that year he arrived in Edmonton, where he has continued as priest of the Sacred Heart church at No. 10821 Ninety-sixth street. The parish has three hundred families and a large school is maintained in connection with the church. In fact, there are three schools in the parish, over which Father O'Gorman has supervision. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus and is infinitely interested in all that pertains to the welfare of his people and the advancement of his church.

WALTER EDWARD PITCHER.

Among the farmers and ranchers who have won notable success in the Cardston district is Walter Edward Pitcher, who is now operating seven quarter sections of land near Cardston, and has lived in his present home for eighteen years. He was born in Farmington, Cache county, Utah, on the 13th of July, 1871, a son of Edward and Susan (Everett) Pitcher, both natives of England, where they were married. The paternal grandfather, John Pitcher, an Englishman by birth, left his native land at an early age and went to the United States. In 1870 he crossed the plains to Utah and homesteaded some land in Cache valley. He married Miss Rebecca Ladle, also a native of England, and they were the first members of the Pitcher family to join the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. The grandfather followed farming until his demise in 1898, at the age of eighty-two years. Mrs. Pitcher died in 1893, in her seventy-third year. Edward Pitcher joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in England, and after emigrating to the United States he went immediately to Utah and homesteaded land in the Cache valley, engaging in general farming and in buying and selling live stock. About 1908 he came to Cardston and bought land here, continuing his former occupations. He farmed a section of land here at one time but has now turned it over to his sons. He has achieved sub-

stantial success in life and is living in Cardston, at the age of eighty-three years. Mrs. Pitcher died in 1877. To them four children were born: Clara, who is the wife of William Toleman; Walter Edward, whose name introduces this review; Arthur, who is engaged in farming and stock raising, specializing in the breeding of pure blooded Belgian horses, at Woolford; and Mae, who is deceased. She was the wife of William Blackner and the mother of three children: Allen, Lorane and Kenneth, and she died in 1907, at the age of thirty years. Mr. Pitcher's second marriage was to Mary Ann Olsen, a native of Cache valley, Utah, and to the second union nine children were born: Rilla, the wife of Joseph Hammond; David, who is farming in Woolford, Alberta; Pearl, the wife of Jack Hall of Salt Lake; Hazel, the wife of David Howland; Ira, who is farming at Cardston; Inus, the wife of Andrew Stratton, a farmer located near Cardston; Ruby, the wife of Eugene Williams, a farmer of Cardston; Neoma, who is living in Cardston; and Wanda, a resident of Cardston. Mr. Pitcher is an elder in the church.

In the acquirement of his education Walter Edward Pitcher attended the public schools of Cache valley. He was reared by his grandfather, John Pitcher, and remained with him until he was twenty-three years of age. He took charge of his grandfather's farms in Cache valley until 1895, when he came to Cardston, making the trip overland with a covered wagon, and taking one month to make the journey. He homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of barren prairie land in township 3, range 4, section 22. There was no fencing in this section of the country, all of the land being open as far as Lethbridge. His first work was to build a log cabin out of timber hauled from the mountains, a distance of twenty-six miles. He then set about to break his land and put it under cultivation and from time to time he increased his holdings. Today he owns seven quarter sections of land, whereon he specializes in raising Clydesdale horses. He has imported a number of horses and now has about forty head, mostly pure blooded, on the land. He likewise has some pure-blooded Durham cattle and keeps from two to three hundred head of cattle on the ranch the year around. Aside from stock raising he is engaged in general farming, and out of seven hundred acres he has two hundred in crops. Mr. Pitcher established a meat market, in association with R. W. Reeder, known as the Reeder & Pitcher Meat Market and they conducted that enterprise for ten years, during that time buying and shipping live stock. He was one of the founders of the Central Garage Company, Incorporated, which was organized in 1918 and he is president of the company. He is now active as vice president of the Cardston Creamery Company, of which he was likewise one of the organizers. Mr. Pitcher organized the Cardston Farming Company to operate the Indian reserve just north of Cardston. This comprises eighteen hundred acres, all in one block and all sown to wheat. The company is incorporated for twenty thousand dollars and Mr. Pitcher owns two-fifths of the stock. This is perhaps one of the largest farm companies in the province.

On the 29th of October, 1894, Mr. Pitcher was married to Miss Nellie Hinman, who was born in Farmington, Davis county, Utah, a daughter of Morgan and Rhoda (Chase) Hinman, natives of New York state. The paternal grandfather of Mrs. Pitcher, Lyman Hinman, was born in New York and was the first member of the family to join the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, having emigrated to Utah in early life, where his death occurred. The maternal grandfather, Isaac Chase, was a native of New England. He married Phoebe Ogden, who was also a native of the New England states, and they emigrated to Utah and built the first grist mill in Salt Lake City, where their death occurred some years afterward. The parents of Mrs. Pitcher joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints while residents of New York state and in 1849 they crossed the plains to Utah with oxen. They were members of the same prairie train and they were married in Farmington, Utah. Mr. Hinman was a carpenter by trade, and followed that trade in Utah until the latter part of the '80s, when he came to Cardston, and homesteaded some land here. His death occurred in 1890, at the age of seventy-one years. Mrs. Hinman drove a team from Utah to Cardston two different times. She passed away in 1919, at the age of ninety-one years. To Mr. and Mrs. Hinman four children were born: Clara M. and Rhoda, whose deaths occurred in infancy; Frank, who was born in 1872 and died in 1892; and Mrs. Pitcher, who was born in 1877. To Mr. and Mrs. Pitcher eleven children have been born: Susan H. is the wife of Warren L. Smith, a farmer of Levett, Alberta; Rhoda H. is the wife of Henry Smith of Champion, Alberta, a successful farmer; Morgan H. is now serving on a mission of two years in Manitoba; Frank H. and Nellie H. are living at home; Everett H. died in 1920, at the age of twelve years; and June H., Walter H., Callis H., Kate H., and Ruth H. are living at home.

Mr. Pitcher is public-spirited and his aid can always be counted upon in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community. He was a member of the city council for nine years and served as mayor of Cardston three terms. He devotes his spare time to working in the interest of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he is a high priest and first councilor in the bishopric.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL DANIEL LEE REDMAN, LL. B.

Lieutenant Colonel Daniel Lee Redman, one of Calgary's young barristers, has successfully followed his profession in this city for nine years, and legislative affairs have also occupied his attention. He was born in Oil City, Ontario, October 14, 1889, of the marriage of D. B. and Annie M. Redman, and his high school training was received at Petrolia. He received the LL. B. degree from Manitoba University and also was a student at King's College and Inns of Court in London, England. Com-

ing to Calgary in 1906, he read law with Messrs. Lougheed, Bennett, McLaws & Company and was called to the Alberta bar in 1913. He was admitted to a partnership in the firm, this association being maintained until 1922, when the present style of Lougheed, McLaws, Sinclair & Redman was adopted. They have been connected with a number of important law cases and their clientele is a large and representative one.

Since 1910 Lieutenant Colonel Redman has been a member of the One Hundred and Third Regiment of Calgary Rifles. On the 7th of August, 1914, he enlisted for overseas service and was commissioned a lieutenant. He was wounded in April, 1915, and received his discharge in 1916. He is a Conservative in his political views and at the general election of 1917 was elected to represent East Calgary in the Dominion parliament. He is a member of the Ranchmen's Club.

ISAIAH WILLIS McARDLE.

Choosing the practice of law for the exercise of his powers, Isaiah W. McArdle has made continuous progress in his profession and his ability has placed him with Calgary's representative barristers. A native of Hopeville, Grey county, Ontario, he was born October 15, 1867, of the marriage of Joseph and Nancy (Kerr) McArdle, the latter of whom was also born in that province. The father was a native of Ireland and during his boyhood came to Canada with his parents, who established their home near the city of Toronto. During his remaining years Joseph McArdle followed the occupation of farming in the province of Ontario and his demise occurred on December 23, 1920, when he had reached the venerable age of ninety-four years. The mother passed away May 20, 1904, when seventy years of age.

Isaiah Willis McArdle obtained his early education in the grammar school at Hopeville, Ontario, and his high school training was received at Mount Forest and Orangeville, in that province. After devoting three years to teaching he became a law student at Osgoode Hall of Toronto and was graduated with the class of 1898. He was admitted to the bar at Markdale, Ontario, and served his professional novitiate with Hon. I. B. Lucas, former attorney-general of Ontario, with whom he was associated until April, 1910. Coming to the west he opened an office in Calgary, Alberta, and for two years practiced independently. He then formed a partnership with W. S. Davidson, now police magistrate of the city and the firm of McArdle & Davidson has since been continued. They control a large and representative clientele and their business in the courts is constantly increasing in volume and importance.

Mr. McArdle is an adherent of the Conservative party and in religious faith he is a Presbyterian. He is grand master of the Alberta Association of Orangemen and also has membership with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He has a thorough knowledge of the principles of juris-

prudence and is recognized as a wise counselor and an able advocate. For twelve years he has been identified with the Calgary bar and in a profession which requires thorough preparation, constant effort and clear mental perception, he has won an enviable degree of success.

FATHER IVOR J. E. DANIEL.

As priest and as missionary Father Ivor J. E. Daniel has labored earnestly in behalf of the Catholic church in Edmonton and in the western part of the Dominion and at the present writing he is in Aberystwyth, Wales, where he is engaged in collegiate work. Born in London, England, in 1883, he is a son of William and Hannah (Hughes) Daniel, the former a native of London, while the latter was born in Liverpool. They were both of Welsh descent but were married in London. The father was solicitors managing clerk, occupying a position of that character for a long period. He held membership in the Wesleyan Methodist church, while his wife was a Congregationalist and in his political views the father was a Liberal. Both have passed away. They had a family of four children. The others are: Glynne, who is now an insurance manager at Calcutta, India; Emyrs, a banker of Liverpool; and Hubert, a paper merchant of Manchester, England.

Ivor J. E. Daniel of this review is the eldest of the family. He attended the Kent grammar school and afterward was a student in Landover College in South Wales, from which he was graduated in 1898. He attended the Ottawa University in 1906 but his education was not continuous. Removing to the west, he spent one year in the Edmonton district, where he homesteaded, followed merchandising and engaged in other lines of business. At length, having qualified for the priesthood, he was ordained at Ottawa, in 1913, and was assigned to duty as assistant priest at St. Joachim's church on Tenth street in Edmonton. There he continued his labors until August, 1915, after which he became chaplain of the Fifty-first Battalion and so continued to serve until August, 1916. He was then transferred to the Eleventh Brigade, with which he remained until April, 1917, after which he was connected with the Canadian engineers until November of that year. He was then in charge of a London area until November, 1918, when he was sent to the Buxton discharge depot and there continued his labors until January, 1919, when he became senior chaplain at Rhyl, there remaining until July.

Father Daniel returned to Edmonton in September, 1919, and was assistant at St. Joseph's church until October, 1921, when he was assigned to missionary duty along the Grand Trunk Line between Entwistle and Lucerne, British Columbia, there continuing his labors until he returned to Wales for collegiate work. He has filled the office of justice of the peace since 1914 and has acted as juvenile court judge. He is the translator of the "Appendix to the Roman Ritual," a work ordered by the plenary coun-

cil of Quebec in 1921. He also is the author of a volume entitled "Traveling for Christ," and a series of missionary sketches, which appeared in the Catholic Register in 1922.

CLIVE A. STAPLES, M. D.

Dr. Clive A. Staples is one of the foremost physicians and surgeons in Stettler. He was born in Collingwood, Ontario, on the 9th of June, 1870, a son of Charles and Frances (Wilcox) Staples.

In the acquirement of his education Clive A. Staples attended the public schools of Stillwater, Minnesota, and later Carleton College, Northfield, Minnesota, obtaining the degree of B. Sc. He subsequently became a student in McGill University at Montreal, and received the M. D. C. M. degree from that institution in 1896. Following his graduation he was attached to the Royal Victoria Hospital in Montreal and later removed to British Columbia and practiced in Cumberland until 1906. In the fall of that year he came to Stettler and has since practiced here. He enjoys an extensive and important patronage and is readily conceded a place among the foremost members of the profession in the district. Upon the outbreak of the World war the Doctor was quick to put all personal interests aside and enlist in the army. From 1916 to 1919 he was stationed at Calgary as officer commanding the Army Medical Corps No. 13. In 1919 he went overseas and was appointed private commissioner in Jugo Slavia, for the Allied Welfare Missions of America and was active in that capacity until 1920, when he returned to Stettler and resumed his practice.

In 1912 was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Staples and Miss Duglas Taylor. To their union two children have been born: Clive M. and Frances Wilcox. Dr. Staples devotes the greater part of his time and attention to his professional interests, although he is public-spirited and his aid can always be counted upon in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community at large. He is now active as president of the local Board of Trade and a member of the school board. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons.

WALTER F. MONKMAN, D. D. S.

Dr. Walter F. Monkman, engaged in the practice of dentistry at Vegreville, has chosen a field of great usefulness and his efforts have been productive of much good to his fellowmen, as well as a source of individual prosperity. He is a native of the province of Ontario and a son of John and Catherine (Foster) Monkman, also natives of that part of Canada. For several years the father successfully engaged in the making of carriages at Watford, Ontario, and he is now living retired in Vegreville,

Alberta. The mother also survives and they have a large circle of friends in that city.

Walter F. Monkman acquired his preliminary education in Ontario and after completing a course in the Watford high school he went to the States, taking up the study of dentistry in the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, from which he was graduated in 1901. He began his professional career at Vermontville, Michigan, remaining there until 1907, when he returned to Canada, and in the same year opened an office at Vegreville, Alberta. Thorough preparation well qualified him for his profession, and that he is progressive and enterprising is manifest by the modern methods which he employs and his well appointed office, supplied with every appliance necessary for the successful practice of dental surgery. He is deft and skillful and his work has always given satisfaction; hence his practice has steadily grown and his clientele is a large one.

Dr. Monkman was united in marriage to Miss Jean Batty, also a native of the province of Ontario, and they have become the parents of four children: Eileen, Dorothy, Clover and Herbert. They are members of the Union church and the Doctor is also identified with the local Community Club and is serving on the Vegreville School Board. He stands high in Masonry, being connected with Edmonton Consistory and the Shrine at Calgary, Alberta, and he is also a Forester. Natural talent, broad experience and continued study have enabled him to win success in his profession and his public spirit has found expression in effective work in behalf of his community, in which he is well known and highly esteemed.

WILLIAM MATHER.

William Mather, proprietor of the Bow River Boat House & Skating Rink of Banff, is one of its substantial citizens. He was born in Eagles-ham, Scotland, in October, 1867, a son of John and Janet (Picken) Mather, natives of Scotland. In 1880 the Mather family came to Canada and located in Ontario, and the father has since engaged in farming in that province. He is now eighty-six years of age and is enjoying the best of health. Mrs. Mather died in March, 1920.

In the acquirement of his education William Mather attended the public schools of his native land and was thirteen years of age when his parents came to this country. For the first two or three years he worked in the lumber camps and in 1887 went to Calgary, where he continued in the lumber business for four years. In 1891 Mr. Mather came to Banff and for three or four years worked for the owner of the business of which he is now the proprietor, eventually purchasing the enterprise. This is his twenty-seventh year as proprietor of the boathouse, which is the best and largest in the Northwest country. His boathouse equipment includes launches, motor boats, row boats and canoes.

In July, 1896, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Mather to Miss Mar-

garet Curren and they have the following children: Jennie, born on the 4th of May, 1897; Leslie, born in June, 1898; Allan, born in November, 1899; and Hazel, whose birth occurred in March, 1908.

In his political views Mr. Mather is a Conservative. For fifteen years he has been secretary and treasurer of the school district and he is an active member of the Citizens Council. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. For recreation he turns to boating and curling and he has been a member of the Banff Curling Club for twenty years.

THE MOST REV. HENRY JOSEPH O'LEARY, D. D., J. C. D., Ph. D., LL. D.

The Most Rev. Henry Joseph O'Leary, who is the second archbishop of Edmonton, was born in Richibucto, New Brunswick, March 13, 1879, being the only son of Henry and Mary O'Leary of that place. After completing his early education in the grammar schools of his native town he entered the University of St. Joseph at Memramcook. There he made a brilliant record in the classics and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1897. After a year of special study at the Seminary of Philosophy in Montreal he entered the Grand Seminary of that city, to begin his study in theology. He made a very brilliant record, being easily leader of his class and some of his professors remarked, even at that time, that the young seminarian had all the qualities necessary to become a distinguished prelate of the church.

Having completed the ordinary curriculum of ecclesiastical studies Henry Joseph O'Leary was ordained to the holy priesthood in the parish church of his native town, on September 21, 1901. He was then sent to Rome to take postgraduate work in various branches and in one year's study at the University of the Propaganda he completed the usual two years' postgraduate course in philosophy, and obtained his doctorate in that science. Later he spent some months in France, taking a special course in the French language at the Sorbonne. Returning to Rome he completed the postgraduate course in theology, receiving after two years' study the degree of Doctor of Divinity. He spent still another year in the Eternal City at this time, completing his course of canon law and receiving his doctorate in that subject from the University of the Apolonaris. Thus in four years Dr. O'Leary not only followed most successfully those postgraduate courses which usually require six years of study but also found time to spend some months in the study of French.

Upon his return to the diocese of Chatham, for which he was ordained, his Grace was sent as assistant and later as pastor to the parish of Bathurst. He also had at various times charge of the parishes of Bathurst village and Jaquet river. In 1908 he was sent to Rome as vicar general of the diocese of Chatham and procurator of the archbishop and bishops of the ecclesiastical province of Halifax. On his return he resumed his duties as pastor of Bathurst, from which post he was called to the



RT. REV. HENRY JOSEPH O'LEARY

bishopric of Charlottetown. He was consecrated on the 22d of May, 1913, at Bathurst, by the Most Rev. Francis P. Stagni, D. D., then apostolic delegate to Canada and Newfoundland.

During the interval between his nomination and consecration the bishop-elect received word of the disastrous fire in his episcopal city, by which not only was the Cathedral totally destroyed but the bishop's residence so badly damaged that it required almost complete renovation. Installed in his Episcopal See on May 26, the new bishop at once set to work with wise direction and indomitable energy to restore both buildings. Within a short time the bishop's house was rebuilt, enlarged and remodeled. In 1919 the new St. Dunstan's cathedral was completed and now stands, a gem of architectural beauty, unsurpassed by any church of its size in Canada. During his episcopate in Charlottetown a new and spacious orphanage was built and a new residential building, Dalton Hall, was added to the diocesan institution of learning, St. Dunstan's, which he found a college and left a university. After seven years of fruitful labor in Prince Edward Island, on September 7, 1920, Bishop O'Leary was promoted by Pope Benedict XV to the Archepiscopal See of Edmonton, left vacant by the death of Archbishop Legal.

On December 7, 1920, his Grace arrived in the capital city of Alberta and on the following day, the feast of the Immaculate Conception, was duly installed as archbishop of the ecclesiastical province of Edmonton. Citizens of all classes and creeds joined in welcoming the new metropolitan, a civic address of welcome having been tendered him by Mayor Joseph Clark. During the two years of his stay in Alberta he has won the affection and loyalty of his own subjects and the respect and admiration of all classes of his fellow citizens. Not only is he a brilliant pulpit orator but also a most capable platform speaker, ever ready to raise his voice in the interest of better citizenship or of any cause beneficial to the province or community. His deep interest in education was recognized by the University of Alberta, when, at the commencement exercises of 1922, he was invited to deliver the convocation address and received the degree of Doctor of Laws from that institution.

JOHN CRAIG BROKOVSKI, LL. B., K. C.

John Craig Brokovski, member of one of the pioneer families of Canada, has had broad experience along professional lines and his legal acumen has won for him recognition as one of the talented representatives of the Calgary bar. He was born at Coldwater, Ontario, June 18, 1867, a son of Edwin F. T. and Elizabeth (Craig) Brokovski, the latter a native of Craighurst, Ontario, which was named in honor of her grandfather. Edwin F. T. Brokovski was born in London, England, October 1, 1838, and received his education in that city and also at Newcastle-on-Tyne. In 1857, when nineteen years of age, he migrated to Canada, and for

several years was a teacher in the public schools of Ontario, being the founder of the Public School Cadets. In 1870 he removed to the west, making his way to Fort Garry and for about six years conducted a newspaper known as the Manitoba Gazette. He returned to Ontario as publicity agent for the Manitoba government, serving in that capacity until 1881, when he again came to the west, and for some time followed the profession of civil engineering. He was the first acting sheriff of the Northwest Territories and filled that office for a considerable period. Later he was employed by the government to settle land claims and in 1886 was appointed Dominion land agent at Battleford, Saskatchewan, and for twelve years held that position. He continued to make his home at Battleford until his death, which occurred in December, 1916, and for many years had survived the mother, who passed away in 1868. The maternal granduncle of the subject of this review erected the courthouse at Craighurst, Ontario, in the '30s and there the official business has since been transacted by members of the family, who for three successive generations have served as court clerks.

Reared in the atmosphere of that courthouse, John C. Brokovski attended the public school at Craighurst and the high schools at Oakville and Weston, Ontario. He was also a student at the Barrie Collegiate Institute. Being articled with the late H. H. Strathy, K. C., he completed a course in law at Osgoode Hall, Toronto. 1897 he was called to the Ontario bar and began his professional career at Coldwater, being retained as local counsel by the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company in the construction of the Toronto-Sudbury and the Georgian Bay & Seaboard branches. For thirteen years he remained in Coldwater and during the mining boom went to northern Ontario, purchasing the townsite of Gowganda. On disposing of his holdings there he came to Alberta, practising in Macleod, where he resided for three years. In 1913 he established his home in Calgary and in the following year received from Alberta University the degree of LL. B. He became a member of the law firm of Lougheed, Bennett & Company, with which he was identified until that firm was broken up in 1922. His office is in the Royal Bank Chambers, where he carries on his professional partnership with Mr. V. H. Green. He is noted for the precision of his briefs and the logic of his arguments and a liberal clientele has been accorded him. He is an able exponent of his profession and was created King's Counsel in 1919. While not seeking but avoiding publicity, he has been engaged from time to time in both civil and criminal cases of the most complicated and serious nature, and his career has been marked by the small number of cases allowed to be brought to trial in which he has not achieved complete success.

On November 11, 1903, at Trinity church, New York city, Mr. Brokovski was united in marriage to Miss Anne Noble, a Canadian and a daughter of David and Margaret (Williams) Noble. In the maternal line Mrs. Brokovski is a descendant of Roger Williams, the founder of Rhode Island and one of the outstanding figures in early American history, and her forefathers were New England Loyalists. Mr. Brokovski is

independent in his political views and his religious faith is indicated by his membership in the Anglican church, of which he is a vestryman and warden. He has been honored with the presidency of the Calgary Bar Association. Fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order. As a young man he took an active part in athletic sports, Association Football especially, and has never lost his interest therein. While devoted to his profession he has never allowed it to monopolize his attention and is ever ready to give his support to measures for the promotion of the public welfare. In 1886 he made his first public speech advocating the reforestation of the cut-over lands of the province of Ontario, taking the initiative in this project, and recently the government has followed his advice in taking steps toward the reforestation of the province. A man of well balanced intellect, possessed of comprehensive general information, he undertakes only those things which are of significance in the world's work, and his efforts have been beneficially resultant.

HUGH CALAIS MACDONALD, K. C., LL. B.

Hugh C. Macdonald, a member of one of the honored pioneer families of Canada and a worthy scion of his race, has chosen the practice of law as his life work, and that his choice was a wise one is indicated by the success which has marked his efforts, for he now ranks with Edmonton's most talented barristers. He was born at Parry Sound, Ontario, October 19, 1881, and is of pure Highland Scotch ancestry in both the paternal and maternal lines, his parents being Duncan Fraser and Isabella (George) Macdonald. Immediately after the battle of Culloden Moor in 1745 representatives of the Macdonald family came to Canada, settling in Wellington county, in the province of Ontario. The name figures prominently in connection with the military history of Canada, Captain Macdonald of the Fraser Highlanders, an ancestor of the subject of this review, being the first British officer to scale the Heights of Abraham at the time of Wolfe's historic night attack upon Montcalm.

Hugh Calais Macdonald attended the grammar and high schools of Parry Sound and the Guelph Collegiate Institute and was articled as a law student to the Hon. Hugh Guthrie, K. C., M. P., from 1902 until 1905. In the latter year he became a law student at Osgoode Hall of Toronto, winning his LL. B. degree in 1908, and he at once entered upon the active work of his profession in that city as a partner of James Walter Curry, K. C., with whom he was associated until 1914. Three years later he came to this province, locating at Edmonton, and was identified with the firm of Short, Cross, McLean & Macdonald as counsel from 1917 until October, 1919, when he became a member of the firm of Robertson, Winkler, Macdonald & Howe, with which he continued until July 1, 1922. He was appointed King's Counsel in 1921 and is recognized as an able minister in the temple of justice. In the trial of cases committed to his care he has won

many favorable verdicts, his success coming to him because of his close reasoning, his logical argument, his correct application of legal principles and his ability to present his contention in the strongest possible light. He possesses marked oratorical ability and since 1904 has been in great demand as a platform speaker, delivering addresses at public gatherings in the provinces of Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

At Guelph, Ontario, on the 2d day of August, 1910, Mr. Macdonald was married to Miss Mary Pringle, a daughter of George D. Pringle. Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald have three children: Fraser Pringle, who was born in Toronto and has reached the age of ten years; and Hugh Patrick and Allisther Keith, both natives of Edmonton, the former three years of age, while the latter is but a year and a half old. Mr. Macdonald is a member of the Presbyterian church and his political allegiance is given to the Liberal party. He is connected with the Masonic order, Delta Chi, a legal fraternity, the Edmonton Club, the Edmonton Golf and Country Club, the Scarborough Club of Toronto and the Ontario Club of that city, being a charter member of the last named organization. He is loyal to all those interests which make for honorable manhood and progressive citizenship and exemplifies in his life the sterling characteristics of the Scotch race. Merit has gained him advancement and his fellow practitioners and the general public accord him a position of distinction in his profession.

OLIVER BOYD, M. D.

Dr. Oliver Boyd, a physician and surgeon of Medicine Hat, was born in Russell, Ontario, in 1873, his parents being Robert and Ann (Carscadden) Boyd, both of whom were natives of Ireland but came to the new world in early life and were married in Ontario. The father crossed the Atlantic in 1844 and was a son of Robert Boyd, who brought his family to Canada in that year, spending the remainder of his life in the province of Ontario. The maternal grandfather of Dr. Boyd was Thomas Carscadden, who was also a pioneer settler of Ontario, having emigrated from Ireland to the new world in early life. Robert Boyd, the father of Dr. Boyd, followed the occupation of farming as a life work in the province of Ontario, where both he and his wife spent their remaining days. They were members of the Presbyterian church and Mr. Boyd was a Liberal in his political views. In their family were eleven children, seven of whom are living.

Oliver Boyd, who was the tenth in order of birth in this large family, received his early education in the Felton public school at Russell, Ontario, and was graduated from the Collegiate Institute at Morrisburg, Ontario, with the class of 1894. He then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed for four years, but regarded this merely as an initial step to other professional labor. It was a means that he utilized to earn the money that would enable him to pay his way through medical

school and after four years of teaching he entered McGill University at Montreal in 1899 and was graduated in 1903. He afterward engaged in active practice at Lumsden, Saskatchewan, for two years and on the expiration of that period came to Medicine Hat in 1906. Here he opened an office and has since followed his profession. He was successful from the first and has succeeded in building up a large and lucrative practice. He has never confined his attention to a specialty but engages in general practice and is the family physician in many of the best households of Medicine Hat. He is also serving on the medical staff of the hospital and devotes all of his time to his professional duties, which he discharges with a marked sense of conscientious obligation. He belongs to the local medical society, of which he has served as president, and he also has membership in the Alberta Medical Society.

In 1905 Dr. Boyd was united in marriage to Miss Jennie A. Wallace, who was born at Carleton Place, Ontario, a daughter of a pioneer farmer of that province. They have three children: Wallace and Doris, who are in high school; and Norma, who is still in the grades. The religious faith of the family is that of the Presbyterian church and in the social circles of the city they occupy an enviable position. Dr. Boyd is a Mason and in his political views is a Liberal. He takes an active part in politics and was Dominion candidate for the legislature in 1917. He was also the Liberal Dominion candidate at the last provincial election but, like many other representatives of his party, was defeated. He is now serving on the school board and for two years he filled the office of alderman, exercising his official prerogatives in support of all plans and measures that he believes to be for the public good. The major part of his attention, however, is concentrated upon the practice of medicine and in his chosen calling he has made steady progress, now ranking with the representative physicians and surgeons of the province.

REV. CANON W. G. JAMES.

Rev. Canon James, rector of St. Stephen's Anglican church in Calgary, is one of this city's most representative and substantial citizens. He was born in Nova Scotia, in 1877, a son of Horatio and Nancy (Dennison) James, both natives of Nova Scotia, where they are living at the present time. For many years the father was engaged in the mercantile business and he is now postmaster of Lawrencetown. Mr. and Mrs. James are consistent members of the Anglican church and the father gives his political allegiance to the Conservative party. To Mr. and Mrs. James five children have been born, four of whom are living, Canon James being the third in order of birth.

In the acquirement of his early education Canon James attended the public schools of his birthplace and later enrolled in the University of Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1904, with the B. A.

degree. In that same year he was graduated in theology from Wycliffe College, Toronto. His first charge was at Millarville, Alberta, and afterward he was located at Pincher Creek for three and one-half years. For one and one-half years he was curate at St. Andrew's church at Prince Rupert, British Columbia, and in December, 1911, he came to Calgary and took charge of St. Stephen's Anglican church in this city. He was made canon on the 14th of June, 1914. Canon James is a man of high intellectual attainments and genial and pleasing personality and he is held in high confidence and esteem by all who know him. His congregation numbers one thousand people and he has a large and progressive Sunday school.

In 1908 was celebrated the marriage of Canon James and Miss Frances Esther How, a native of Toronto. She received her education in the public schools of that city and was a student in the Jarvis Street Collegiate Institute. To their union one daughter has been born, Helen Denison, who is a student in St. Hilda's College, Calgary.

Fraternally Canon James is identified with the Ancient Free & Accepted Masons. He has been diocesan secretary for Sunday schools for several years and is a member of the board of St. Hilda's Ladies College and also of the Emmanuel College of Saskatoon. Although Rev. Canon James devotes the greater part of his time and attention to his church, he is essentially public-spirited and his aid can always be counted upon in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community at large.

HON. GEORGE HEDLEY VICARS BULYEA, B. A., LL. D.

Hon. George H. V. Bulyea, one of the foremost men in public affairs in western Canada, has filled many public offices of trust and responsibility and is now serving as chairman of the board of public utilities commissioners for the province of Alberta, in which capacity he has been retained for the past seven years, with residence in Edmonton. He was born at Gagetown, New Brunswick, February 17, 1859, and his parents were Albert R. and Jane (Blizzard) Bulyea. The father was also a native of that province. The mother's demise occurred in 1910.

George Hedley Vicars Bulyea attended the public schools of Queen's county, in his native province, and in 1878 was graduated from the University of New Brunswick, with the B. A. degree, winning scholarships in mathematics and in French. In 1908 his Alma Mater conferred upon him the honorary degree of LL. D. and in the same year he also received that degree from Alberta University. Following his graduation he took up the profession of teaching and from 1878 until 1882 was principal of Sheffield Academy, in Sunbury county, New Brunswick. In 1882 he went to the province of Manitoba, locating at Winnipeg, where he spent a year, and in 1883 he removed to Qu'Appelle, Saskatchewan, where he engaged in business until 1907. In 1892 he was an unsuccessful candidate to the Northwest assembly for South Qu'Appelle, winning the election in 1894,

and in 1898 and in 1902 he was reelected. In 1896 he became a member of the first Executive Council of the Northwest Territory, which administered the affairs of the territory comprising Yukon, Alberta and Saskatchewan, and in 1898 he was appointed special commissioner to the territory, serving in that capacity until it was separated into provinces. He was made commissioner of agriculture and territorial secretary in 1898, under the Haultain government, and in the following year was chosen commissioner of public works. He was the first lieutenant governor of Alberta, entering upon the duties of that office on the 1st of September, 1905, and on October 10, 1910, he was sworn in for a second term, which terminated in 1915. On November 20, 1915, he was appointed to his present position as chairman of the board of public utilities commissioners for Alberta and in his official service he displays integrity, single-mindedness of purpose and executive force. In handling public problems he looks beyond the exigencies of the moment to the opportunities and possibilities of the future and his course has received wide commendation throughout the province.

Mr. Bulyea was married at Gagetown, New Brunswick, in January, 1885, to Miss Annie Blanche Babbitt, a daughter of Robert C. Babbitt, who served as registrar of deeds for Queen's county, with office at Gagetown. Mr. Bulyea is a member of the Edmonton Club and the Edmonton Golf & Country Club, and in religious faith he is a Baptist, while driving and traveling are his chief sources of recreation. His identification with public affairs forms the chief interest of his life and he has always been faithful to every trust reposed in him. Long a leader of public thought and action, he has left the impress of his individuality in notable measure upon the history of the province and his work has been of far-reaching importance and most beneficial in its effects.

JOHN W. EVANS.

Agricultural interests and business interests in the district around Raymond find a worthy representative in John W. Evans, who was born in Layton, Utah, on the 15th of August, 1875, a son of Hyrum and Annie (King) Evans, the former a native of Wales and the latter born in England. The paternal grandfather, Thomas Evans, was born in Wales and joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in that country. After coming to the United States he emigrated straight to Utah and his demise occurred some two years later. While residing in his native country Mr. Evans worked in the shipyards. The maternal grandfather, James King, was born in England and never came to this country. His widow did, however, and her death occurred soon after she took up her home in Utah. Mr. and Mrs. Hyrum Evans came to this country with their parents when children, the former being six years of age at the time and the latter, two years old. Their parents went overland to Utah

as members of a hand cart company and located in Salt Lake valley. Hyrum Evans received his education in the common schools near the home farm but he put his textbooks aside at an early age. He lived near Kaysville for a number of years and later homesteaded some land in Salt Lake valley. He brought this raw prairie land to a highly cultivated state and devoted many years to farming and stock raising. He retains his original land holdings and is still living there. His wife died in 1910, at the age of fifty-four years. To them twelve children were born, seven of whom are living: Eliza, the wife of T. W. Harris of Taber, Alberta; John W., whose name introduces this review; F. R. and George A., who are residing at Layton; Alvin K., engaged in farming near Thatcher, Utah; Iva, the wife of L. A. Watts of Stirling, Idaho; and Glen, who is living at Layton. Five of the children died in early life. Mr. Evans is seventy-two years of age and has been a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints for many years, having been reared in that faith, and he has served as an elder in the church. His political allegiance is given to the democratic party and the principles for which it stands.

In the acquirement of his education John W. Evans attended the public schools of Davis county, Utah, the University of Utah and the Utah Agricultural College. After putting his textbooks aside he engaged in teaching school for four years in Davis county and for two years he filled a mission in California. Subsequently he returned to Utah, where he again taught school for two years and in May, 1903, he came to Alberta, locating in Raymond. For some time he worked for the Knight Sugar Company as farm foreman. At the termination of that time he entered the sugar factory as foreman. His innate ability and close application to the thing at hand won for him constant promotion and in due time he became office manager of the company, and held that important position for seven years. In 1915 he entered the mercantile business with the Hub Company of Raymond and on the 16th of July, 1921, he ventured into the implement business, becoming associated with the Massey-Harris Implement Company, handling a complete line of farm implements, twine and flour. Mr. Evans owns over half a section of fine improved land and engages in general farming. When he took over this land it was raw prairie and now it is partially irrigated and is considered one of the finest pieces of land in this section of Alberta.

On the 7th of June, 1899, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Evans and Miss Phoebe Longstroth, a native of Mendon, Utah. To their union nine children have been born: Charlotte Anna and Phoebe are attending the Normal School; Alice is a student in the Raymond high school; George W., John L. and Ruth are attending the public schools; and Alma Gill, Paul H. and Garth D. are not yet of school age.

Mr. Evans is a prominent member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. He is bishop of the Raymond second ward of the Taylor Stake and has held all minor offices, devoting a great deal of his spare time to the church. He is public-spirited and for two terms served as mayor of Raymond, during his administration inaugurating and bring-

ing to completion many movements for the benefit of the community at large. He was a member of the city council for several years and is now chairman of the local school board. He is president of the Raymond Opera House Company, of which he was one of the organizers, and is secretary of the Southern Irrigation District. He is vice president of the Raymond Cooperative Credit Society, a director in the local body of the United Grain Growers Association and is a member of the Board of Trade. In the development of his interests he has met with such success as is usually won by the man of persistent effort and diligent methods. Honest in his transactions, upright in his principles and thoroughly reliable in every respect, Mr. Evans is accorded the esteem and respect of his fellow citizens, among whom he numbers many friends.

JOHN PILLING.

One of the progressive and prosperous ranchers of Cardston is John Pilling, who was born in Layton, Davis county, Utah, on the 5th of January, 1860, a son of Richard and Catherine (Adams) Pilling, extended mention of whom is made in the sketch of a brother, Richard Pilling, to be found on another page of this review.

John Pilling attended the public schools of Davis county in the winter months and during the summers worked on the home farm. He remained on the parental homestead until 1889, when he came to Cardston, making the trip overland with a horse team and covered wagon. He likewise trailed some cattle through and it took him some three months to make the trip. He first located on St. Mary's river, where he homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres and took a preemption claim of one hundred and sixty acres. At that time the land was barren prairie and Mr. Pilling built a log house, hauling the timber from the mountains, and doing his trading at Lethbridge. After much labor he succeeded in breaking his land and specialized in raising wheat and cattle. For some five years prior to starting into the business on his own account he had worked on a ranch for the church. He was successful from the start and from time to time increased his land holdings, owning at one time fifteen hundred acres, on which he ran two hundred head of cattle. In 1910 Mr. Pilling rented his land and came to Cardston, and is now practically retired from active life.

In October, 1883, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Pilling and Miss Harriet E. Higgs, who was born in Davis county, Utah, a daughter of David and Eliza (Dodwell) Higgs, natives of England. Mr. and Mrs. Higgs joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in England and after emigrating to the United States, crossed the plains to Salt Lake, being among the pioneer settlers there. Mr. Higgs took up farming near Kaysville and prospered as an agriculturist. He was the first member of the Higgs family to become identified with the Church of Jesus Christ

of Latter-day Saints and he devoted a great deal of his spare time to the church. His demise occurred on his old homestead.

Mr. Pilling gives his political allegiance to the Liberal party and although he has never sought nor desired political preferment he is public-spirited and his aid can be counted upon in the furtherance of any movement for the benefit of the community at large. He is a consistent and active member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and served as bishop at Etna. He is now holding the important position of high priest. Mr. Pilling's efforts along agricultural lines have been crowned with a gratifying measure of success, which is the direct result of his progressive methods and his unremitting work. His life has been active, useful and honorable and his genuine personal worth has gained for him the high place which he occupies in the regard of those who know him.

HAROLD GRANT MAVESYN NYBLETT, M. D.

A representative member of the medical profession in Calgary is Dr. Harold Grant Mavesyn Nyblett, a specialist in orthopedic surgery and in electric methods of diagnosis and treatment. He was born in London, England, on the 10th of February, 1871, a son of Dr. Alfred Newson, M. A. F. R. G. S. & F. S. L. The mother was Isabelle (Grant) Nyblett. Dr. A. N. Nyblett was born in England, while his wife was a native of Scotland. He was one of the foremost educators of his day and was for many years headmaster of schools in London. His death occurred in December, 1871, and Mrs. Nyblett died in November of the year 1877.

Harold Grant Mavesyn Nyblett was born in London and received his early education in the private schools of his native country. On the 17th of May, 1888, he came to Canada and entered the Trinity Medical College in 1892, graduating from that institution with the M. D., C. M., F. T. M. C., degrees in 1896. Prior to entering Trinity Medical College the Doctor taught school and worked at other jobs, teaching near Brandon for some time. After receiving his M. D. degree he went to Michigan and practiced in that state one year. At the termination of that time he returned to Canada and located in Manitoba, where he enjoyed an extensive practice from 1897 to 1901. From 1901 to 1908 he practiced in Saskatchewan and in the latter year moved to Macleod, Alberta, where he was residing at the time of the outbreak of the World war. He was one of the first to put all personal interests aside and enlist in the service of his country. He came to Calgary and recruited the Seventeenth Cavalry Field Ambulance, taking them to Quebec, where they were disbanded. Dr. Nyblett, however, went overseas as a captain in the First Contingent. Subsequently he was promoted to the rank of major and was given command of No. 1, Advanced Depot of Medical Stores. During November and December, 1915, he was on convoy duty at sea with the wounded and in January, 1916, he went to France with the Third Division and served



HAROLD G. M. NYBLETT, M. D.

on the Ypres, Somme and Arras fronts. In 1917 he returned to England, being appointed officer in charge of the school of Instruction in Remedial Gymnastics. He had charge of certain phases of the work and was twice recommended to the lieutenant colonel for his aptitude and success in this work, of which he made a complete and thorough study. In the summer of 1918 he returned to Canada and held various positions in Military District, No. 13, until demobilized on the 31st of January, 1919. In that year he began practice in Calgary and has since resided here. He specializes in orthopedic surgery and is a convert to Dr. Abram's electric methods of diagnosis and treatment. Dr. Nyblett has taken postgraduate courses in London, England, and San Francisco. During 1910, while a resident of Macleod, the Doctor was medical health officer of the city. In 1903, 1904, 1905 and 1906 he was examiner of obstetrics in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Northwest Territories.

In November, 1905, Dr. Nyblett was married to Miss Janie Clinton of Wellington, Ontario. To their union three children have been born: Ronald L. C. was born on the 12th of August, 1906; Margaret Ella's birth occurred on the 16th of March, 1908; and Eileen Isabelle was born on the 28th of August, 1912.

Since attaining his majority Dr. Nyblett has followed an independent course in politics, giving his support to the man he thinks best fitted for the office without regard to party principles. Although the greater part of his time is devoted to his profession he is public-spirited to a degree, giving his cooperation to every movement which tends to promote the moral, intellectual and material welfare of the community. The religious faith of the Doctor is that of the Anglican church and he is a zealous worker in its behalf. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons and along strictly professional lines he is affiliated with the Alberta Medical Association and the Calgary Medical Association. He has gained recognition as one of the able and successful specialists in the province and by his labors, his high professional attainments and his sterling characteristics has justified the respect and confidence in which he is held by the medical fraternity and the local public.

RIGHT REV. THOMAS MARIE.

Right Rev. Thomas Marie, a priest of the Franciscan monastery at Edmonton, was born in Quebec, on the 18th of June, 1879, and his parents, Alphonse and Mary (Vigeant) Marie, were also born there. The father was a director of newspapers throughout his life, save for the period of his military service, when he was a lieutenant colonel in the Canadian militia, as a member of the Eighty-fourth Regiment, participating in the Fenian war. A man of liberal education and well informed at all times on the questions and issues of the day, he exerted a widely felt

influence over public thought and action. He passed away in 1910 and is survived by his wife, who still makes her home in Quebec.

Thomas Marie was the second in order of birth in a family of four children, and, accorded liberal educational privileges, he attended St. Hyacinth's College in the province of Quebec, where he won his Bachelor of Arts degree in 1902. He joined the Franciscan order in the same year and entered the Franciscan College at Montreal, where he pursued his studies for three years. He was ordained to the priesthood in 1907 and afterward engaged in preaching in missions in the province of Quebec. His first charge was as superior at Three Rivers in 1911 and there he remained for four years. He then went to Dorchester College at Montreal as assistant in the monastery, and there labored for two years, or until 1917, when he was appointed superior in the city of Montreal monastery. In May, 1920, he came to Edmonton and took charge of St. Francis church at North Edmonton, having a membership of one hundred and eighty families. A separate school is maintained with an enrollment of one hundred and fifty pupils, this being under the direction of the Franciscan Sisters. It is a French and English mission, in which both languages are used. Father Marie is superior of the church and has charge of both the church and the school.

EDWARD AINSLIE BRAITHWAITE, M. D., L. M., C. C.

Dr. Edward A. Braithwaite, honorary surgeon for the Royal North West Mounted Police at Edmonton, has been a resident of Edmonton for thirty years and has become widely recognized as a man of high professional attainments and substantial worth. He was born in Yorkshire, England, February 16, 1862, and his parents were Rev. William B. and Laura Elizabeth (Pipou) Braithwaite. The father was an Episcopal minister. His death occurred in Yorkshire in 1873. The mother passed away at Winchester, England, in 1916.

In the acquirement of an education Edward Ainslie Braithwaite attended King's school at Bruton, Somerset, Victoria College of Jersey, the United Service College at Westward Ho and completed his professional training at King's College Hospital in London, England, receiving the M. D. degree in Manitoba, 1890. Coming to Canada in 1884, he joined the Royal North West Mounted Police, of which he was made hospital surgeon, and for eight years acted in that capacity. In 1892 he came to Edmonton, where he has since made his home, although he retains his connection with the Mounted Police, and was acting assistant surgeon until 1911, when he was made honorary surgeon, which permits him to conduct a private practice. He has been local surgeon for the Canadian National Railway since the first sod was turned for the construction of the Edmonton, Yukon & Pacific Railroad and was formerly health officer of Edmonton. He is coroner for Alberta and no other

member of the profession in the province has held the office for so long a period. His high professional standing is indicated in the fact that he has been chosen to represent the province of Alberta in the Dominion Medical Council.

Dr. Braithwaite has been married twice. On November 30, 1892, he wedded Miss Jennie E. Anderson, a daughter of T. A. Anderson. Her death occurred in 1914. On the 2d of June, 1915, Dr. Braithwaite was married to Miss Ruth Somersall, at Viking, Alberta. Dr. Braithwaite is a member of the Anglican church and he exercises his right of franchise in support of the men and measures of the Conservative party. He is a member of the Edmonton Club and a Mason in high standing, the honorary thirty-third degree having been conferred upon him in 1911 and the active thirty-third degree in 1918, in recognition of his services in behalf of the order. He is deputy of the supreme council for the province of Alberta, and in 1903 was grand master of Manitoba, which then comprised Manitoba, Alberta, Assiniboia and Yukon. He is also a Noble of the Mystic Shrine. His studies have been thorough, bringing him a comprehensive knowledge of the most advanced methods, discoveries and theories of the science of medicine and surgery, and through broad practical experience he has gained the skill that brings to his work the utmost possibility of accuracy in results. He has won that position of leadership in his profession, which results from untiring application and ability of a high order and no member of the medical fraternity in western Canada is better known nor more highly respected.

LOUIS A. ROY, M. D.

Dr. Louis A. Roy, a veteran of the World war, now engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery in Lethbridge, was born in Moosomin, Saskatchewan, January 30, 1888, his parents being David and Annie (Morrison) Roy, both of whom were born near Guelph, Ontario, and were married in that province. The former was a son of James Roy, of Scotch descent, one of the early settlers of Ontario. In the year 1882 David Roy removed westward to Saskatchewan and purchased land, casting in his lot with the pioneer settlers of the region. He now makes his home in the town of Moosomin, having put aside the active cares of farm life. In politics he is a Liberal and his religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church.

Louis A. Roy was educated in the public schools, attending the Hillburn country school and the high school at Moosomin. He afterward pursued both the arts and medical courses in the University of Toronto, winning his B. A. degree in 1909 and his professional degree in 1911. His training was thus thorough and comprehensive, well qualifying him for the important, onerous and responsible duties of the profession. He afterward devoted two years to practice in the Royal Victoria Hospital

at Montreal, thus gaining that broad and valuable experience which can never be so quickly acquired in any other way as in hospital practice. In June, 1913, he came to Lethbridge to assist Dr. DeVeber and Dr. P. M. Campbell and in 1915 was admitted to a partnership. Through the intervening years he has continued to practice successfully here, save for the period of his service in the World war. He enlisted in July, 1918, as a member of the Canadian Army Medical Corps and was placed in charge of the laboratory at Orington, England, there remaining throughout the period of his enlistment. He returned in January, 1919, and resumed practice here. He keeps abreast of the trend of modern professional thought and scientific investigation and is thoroughly alert to the opportunities of the profession and the responsibilities that devolve upon the physician. He has made steady progress in his chosen life work and is regarded as one of the capable young physicians of southern Alberta.

Dr. Roy married Miss Therese de Grosbois and they became parents of a son, Douglas, who is four years of age. The wife and mother passed away February 6, 1920, and Dr. Roy has since married Blanche Prieur and there is one child of this union, Donald, who is in his first year. Mrs. Roy is a member of the Roman Catholic church. Dr. Roy has never been a club man, but devotes his entire time and attention to his professional interests and duties, which he discharges with a sense of conscientious obligation. He belongs to both the Alberta and the Canadian Medical Associations.

A. BLAIS, M. D.

Dr. A. Blais of Edmonton, who has attained to eminence as a surgeon, being one of the most skilled representatives of that branch of the medical profession in Alberta, comes to the west from the province of Quebec, where his birth occurred on the 16th of October, 1875. He was reared to farm life, and all the experiences of tilling the soil and caring for the crops early became familiar to him. At the usual age he entered the country schools, thus pursuing his education until he reached the age of ten years, when he entered the Catholic College of Quebec and in due time was graduated therefrom. During his college days he took a very active interest in athletics and was a member of the college football team and also excelled at handball. At length he determined upon the practice of medicine as a life work and in preparation therefor entered the medical department of the Laval University of Quebec, in which he completed his course as a member of the graduating class of 1899. He afterwards pursued special work in surgery in Paris, France, for two years, and there are few men who equal him in knowledge of the component parts of the human body, the onslaughts made upon it by disease, or in the ability which he displays when in case of emergency it is necessary to resort to surgery for cure. In August, 1901, he arrived in Edmonton, where he has been engaged in practice to the present time, although in

1911 he again went abroad for further postgraduate work in surgery in Paris. His broad study and wide experience have developed his skill to a point of efficiency that ranks him with the eminent surgeons of the country, and when his aid was needed for the military forces engaged in the World war he responded to the call to the colors in 1916 and enlisted, being commissioned captain. He was in overseas service, stationed at the Duchess of Connaught Hospital on the Cliveden estate, England, for a few months, while afterward he was sent to the Eleventh Field Ambulance and attached to the Fourth Divisional Train. His next assignment was to No. 8 Base Hospital at St. Cloud, where he continued to the end of the war. In the meantime he was advanced to the rank of major and was thus discharged. With his return to Edmonton at the close of the war Dr. Blais resumed the private practice of medicine and by reason of his pronounced ability his practice is now most extensive. He is serving on the staff of the General Hospital and also holds clinics before the Alberta University students. He is a fellow of the American College of Surgeons and he belongs to both the Alberta Medical Society and the Canadian Medical Association. His religious faith is that of the Catholic church.

HENRY A. MEREDITH.

Henry A. Meredith, one of Vegreville's leading merchants, has had a life of varied experiences and the success which he now enjoys has been won through hard work and the utilization of every legitimate opportunity for advancement. A native of England, he was born June 17, 1880, and is a son of William Thomas and Georgina (Hellsten) Meredith, who have always resided in that country, the father being employed in the manufacture of organs.

The only member of the family to emigrate to Canada was Henry A. Meredith and in the spring of 1901 he arrived in Edmonton, Alberta. In 1902 he took up a homestead near the city and in the same year entered the military service of his country, enlisting in the Canadian Rifles. He saw service in the South African war and in 1904 returned to Canada, making the journey by way of England. He proved up on his homestead and later accepted a clerical position with the Vermilion Trading Company. He removed to Vegreville during the formative period in its history, first living on the original site of the town and removing to its present location with the advent of the railroad. For a year he was employed as clerk in the general store owned by the firm of McKenzie & Fraser, pioneer merchants of Vegreville, and then went to Crowsnest Pass, Alberta, being in the service of the Trites Wood Company. In the following spring he returned to Vegreville and with H. L. Cunningham, organized the Globe Land Company, and later sold his interest to Mr. Cunningham. He next entered the general store operated by Clements,

Limited, and was with that firm until July, 1917, when he established a small grocery store. From this modest beginning he has developed a large general store and is now at the head of one of the mercantile establishments in the town. He is very careful in the selection of his stock and closely studies the needs and wishes of the public, so that he is always ready to supply their demands. He has adopted the most modern methods of merchandising and through capable methods and strict integrity has won a large patronage.

In 1908 Mr. Meredith married Miss Mabel Adams, also a native of England, and they have two daughters: Lillian Mabel, the older, is eleven years of age. For three years she has been a pupil in the primary department of the University of Toronto and has won first class honors as a piano student; Verna L., the younger daughter is six years old. Mr. and Mrs. Meredith are members of the Anglican church and he is identified with the Masonic fraternity and has occupied all of the chairs in St. John's Lodge No. 25 at Vegreville. He is broad-minded, progressive and public-spirited, ready at all times to support those movements promoted for the benefit of Vegreville and its citizens, and for a number of years he served on the board of health and also the town council. He had no advantages to aid him at the outset of his career but realized that energy, determination and honest dealing are indispensable concomitants in the attainment of success and through the employment of these agencies he has pressed steadily forward to the goal of his ambition.

HARRY G. TAYLOR, M. D.

Many progressive features in the life of Calgary have felt the stimulus of the cooperation of Dr. Harry G. Taylor, who is one of the foremost physicians and surgeons of this district and province. He was born in Toronto, Ontario, on the 7th of February, 1876, a son of Alfred and Caroline (Hodson) Taylor, both natives of Toronto. The paternal grandfather, Watson Taylor, was born in Nova Scotia, located in Ontario at an early age, and was one of the first merchants in Toronto, following that line of business for many years. The maternal grandfather, Joseph Hodson, was born in Canada, and he also was a merchant. Alfred Taylor followed in his father's footsteps in business circles of Toronto, as a merchant for many years. In politics he was a Conservative and although he was active in party affairs he never sought nor desired political preferment. His religious faith was that of the Methodist church. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor both died in London, Ontario. To their union seven children were born, six of whom are living, Harry G., whose name introduces this review, being the sixth in order of birth.

Harry G. Taylor received his early education in the public schools of his birthplace and upon the completion of his literary training apprenticed himself to the lithographing trade. He worked at that trade

six years, during that time saving enough money to enable him to pursue a medical course, his earliest ambition having been to become a physician and surgeon. Subsequently he enrolled in the Western Medical University and was graduated in 1904, with the M. D. degree. He immediately began practice at Brunswick, Michigan, and remained there two years, achieving success from the start. In the fall of 1906 he located in Bankhead, Alberta, and he was associated in practice with Dr. R. G. Brett of that city for five years. In 1911 he came to Calgary and opened offices for the practice of his profession, and has since resided here, occupying a prominent position among the foremost physicians and surgeons of the city, district and province. Although the Doctor enjoys a large general practice he specializes in surgery and stands high among the representative members of that particular branch of medical science.

In October, 1905, was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Taylor to Miss Josephine McGarvey, a native of Alliston, Ontario, who received her education in the public schools of her birthplace and is a graduate nurse, having completed a course in the Western Hospital at Toronto. To the union of Dr. and Mrs. Taylor four children have been born: Barney is a student in the local high school; Mary Josephine, Caroline Alberta and Robert are all students in the grammar schools.

Since attaining his majority Dr. Taylor has followed an independent course in politics, giving his support to the man he thinks best fitted for the office without regard to party principles. Although the greater part of his time and attention is devoted to his profession, he is essentially public-spirited and is never too busy to give his aid in the furtherance of any movement for the development and improvement of the community at large. The religious faith of the family is that of the Methodist church. Although well grounded in the rudiments of his profession when receiving his degree, the Doctor has done much postgraduate work and has attended several of the Mayo Brothers Clinics at Rochester, Minnesota. He is a member of various medical societies in the district and province and is a fellow of the American College of Surgeons. For recreation from his many duties the Doctor turns to the great outdoors and he is a stanch advocate of athletics in all forms. He goes on hunting trips each year and in that way gains the mental and physical rest required to fit him for his many strenuous professional duties during the remainder of the year. The success Dr. Taylor has achieved is the result of his own intelligently directed efforts and laudable ambition.

ALFRED L. BESSEY.

Alfred L. Bessey, a well known real estate man, conducting business as senior partner in the firm of Bessey & Bagley at Edmonton, began operations in this field in 1911 and through the intervening period has built up a business of substantial and gratifying proportions, the firm

now having many clients. Mr. Bessey is a native of Ontario, his birth having occurred in St. Catharines, on the 19th of September, 1882, his parents being Leonard S. and Catherine (Secord) Bessey, both of whom were born in Ontario, where the mother passed away. The father was a son of James H. Bessey, also a native of Ontario, where he died in 1907, at the advanced age of eighty-five years. The maternal grandfather was Orson Secord, who was likewise born in Ontario and who devoted his life to agricultural pursuits. Leonard S. Bessey was a farmer in young manhood but afterward sold his farm property. He has been clerk and treasurer of the township of Grantham, Ontario, for forty years and his long continuance in the office stands in incontrovertible proof of his capability and fidelity to duty. Politically he was a Conservative and religiously he is connected with the Church of England, in the work of which he has taken active and helpful part. He now makes his home at the place where his father was born, being a representative of one of the old, substantial and honored pioneer families of that section. To him and his wife were born four children: Henry O., who is engaged in farming at Gadsby, Alberta; Alfred L. of this review; Mrs. James Watson, whose husband is a merchant tailor of St. Catharines, Ontario; and Mrs. Russell Hawke, whose husband is engaged in the grocery business in St. Catharines.

Alfred L. Bessey was educated in St. Catharines, where he attended the public schools and the Collegiate Institute. His youthful days were spent on the home farm and he came to the west in 1903, when a young man of twenty years. He made Edmonton his destination and soon afterward he homesteaded at Gadsby, Alberta, seventy-five miles from the railroad. In the early days he accepted a position with the Northwest Territorial government and later was with the provincial government until the spring of 1911. At that date he established a real estate and insurance business in Edmonton and through the intervening period has continued active along this line. He handles both farm lands and city property and has negotiated many important realty transfers. In 1913 he admitted J. E. Bagley to a partnership, under the firm style of Bessey & Bagley and as senior partner in this firm he continues his operations, having won a prominent place among the realtors of Edmonton.

In February, 1911, Mr. Bessey was married to Miss Laura E. Trumm, who was born in Grantham, Ontario, a daughter of William H. Trumm, a seed merchant who is still living at Grantham. Mr. and Mrs Bessey are members of the Church of England and fraternally he is connected with the Masons and with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In these associations are indicated the nature of his interest and the rules which govern his conduct. In an earlier period he took active part in athletics and outdoor sports and was a member of the Rugby football team that won the championship of the province of Alberta in 1913, Mr. Bessey being at that time thirty-one years of age. He is now concentrating the greater part of his time and attention upon business affairs

and as a real estate dealer has thoroughly informed himself concerning values in both city and farm property, while the number of his clients is constantly increasing because of his recognized progressiveness, ability and trustworthiness.

CECIL STANLEY MAHOOD, M. D.

Dr. Cecil S. Mahood, an able physician, has devoted his professional skill to public service and for eleven years has occupied the position of medical officer of health of Calgary. He was born in Huron county, Ontario, in July, 1882, and his parents were Joseph and Elizabeth (Damm) Mahood, the latter also a native of that province. The father was of Irish birth and when seven years of age accompanied his parents on their journey to Canada. The family home was established in Ontario and in the schools of that province Joseph Mahood obtained his education. On starting out in life for himself he chose the occupation of an agriculturist and operated a productive farm in Huron county, Ontario, until he reached the age of seventy. His remaining years were spent in the enjoyment of a well-earned rest and his death occurred in July, 1914, at the age of eighty-three. He had long survived the mother, who passed away in 1891, when fifty-three years of age.

The public schools of his native county afforded Cecil Stanley Mahood his early educational privileges and this was followed by a two years' collegiate course in the University of Toronto. He then began the study of medicine and in 1908 received from that institution the M. D. degree, afterward devoting a year to postgraduate work in Chicago, Illinois. Going to Denver, Colorado, he was connected with the public health department of that city for two years and returned to Canada on the expiration of that period, opening the Queen Alexandra Sanatorium in London, Ontario. He was superintendent of the institution until the spring of 1911, when he came to the west, locating in Calgary, where he has since resided. After practicing for a few months he was appointed medical officer of health for the city, in which capacity he is now serving, and his efforts have been productive of much good. He is deeply interested in the scientific and humanitarian phases of his profession and conscientiously utilizes his knowledge to preserve the health of Calgary's citizens.

On the 20th of May, 1911, Dr. Mahood was married to Miss Ina Hodgins of London, Ontario, a daughter of I. G. and Henrietta Hodgins, who were natives of Ireland and emigrated to Canada in early life. Her father has passed away, but Mrs. Hodgins survives and is now a resident of Vancouver, British Columbia. Mrs. Mahood died August 25, 1922, after an attack of influenza which resulted in pneumonia. By her marriage she had become the mother of two children, Alan and Gwendolyn, aged, respectively, seven and three years. The Doctor is identified with the Masonic fraternity and the Rotary Club and he adheres to the teach-

ings and doctrines of the Methodist Episcopal church, of which he is a member, while his professional relations are with the Calgary Medical Association and the College of Physicians & Surgeons. He has devoted much time to study and investigation and utilizes every opportunity to broaden his knowledge and promote his ability. Actuated by the spirit of progress, he has gained high standing in his profession and his work as a public official is deserving of strong commendation.

JOHN PERRIE.

John Perrie of Edmonton, deputy minister of municipal affairs for Alberta, who passed away in December, 1919, had been in the government service since 1902. There are few men in the province who have rendered such efficient aid in public affairs, or have been actuated by a more devoted spirit of loyalty and fidelity. He was actuated at all times by the highest sense of honor and by the utmost devotion to the welfare and progress of the province. He had, too, those personal qualities which strongly endeared him to all with whom he came into contact, and thus his passing was a matter of deepest regret to a legion of friends.

John Perrie was born in the Grey township, Huron district, Ontario, in 1873, and partially acquired his education at Brussels but completed his high school course at Calgary. He then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed at Canmore and in 1902 entered the government service of the Northwest Territory. His first position was that of clerk in charge of the local improvement branch of the public works at Regina and with the organization of the province in 1905 he received appointment to a similar position under the Alberta government at Edmonton. The year 1908 brought him appointment to the position of tax commissioner of the local improvement branch for this province and on the formation of the department of municipal affairs in 1911 he was appointed deputy minister. In this position he continued to serve until called to his final rest. His superior in the department said: "Mr. Perrie was an ideal deputy minister, absolutely accurate, thoroughly reliable, courteous at all times to everybody. He was of inestimable value to this department. Historically he understood every phase of municipal work and all changes as to legislation and the reasons for such changes. He enjoyed the complete confidence of all municipal officials throughout the province and of the members of a somewhat large departmental staff. Having exercised a guiding hand in the evolution of Alberta's municipal system, having an accurate knowledge of its every detail it will be easily understood how difficult it will be to fill his place. He was a most reliable man, thoroughly conscientious and painstaking with reference to every detail of his work. His passing is a distinct loss to the community and to the province generally."

On August 15, 1905, Mr. Perrie was united in marriage to Miss Minna



JOHN PERRIE

Armstrong at Regina, a daughter of the late Thomas Armstrong of Guelph township, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Perrie had three children: Alex, Donald and Jean. In 1905 Mr. Perrie proceeded to Edmonton, where he afterward made his home. About one month prior to his demise he made his way to the Pacific coast because of ill health and then returned to St. Paul with the intention of going on to Rochester, Minnesota, and having an operation performed by the Mayo Brothers. An acute condition of peritonitis and appendicitis, produced by gastric ulcer which perforated the stomach, caused him to be operated on in St. Paul and he there passed away, being only forty-six years of age. He was a very active, prominent and valuable member of the First Presbyterian church, was a member of the session and was superintendent of the east side Sunday school. His endorsement and cooperation could at all times be counted upon to further every plan or project for the material, intellectual, social and moral progress of the community. When he was laid to rest the funeral services were attended by many men of distinction throughout the province and by hundreds of friends in Edmonton and in other cities. His government service brought him a very wide acquaintance and wherever he was known expressions of deepest regret were heard at his passing. His record of government service is indeed well worthy of emulation and he stood as a most splendid example of manhood and chivalry.

JOSEPH LITTLE.

Joseph Little, one of the honored pioneers of the Rocky Mountain district of Alberta, has devoted practically his entire life to prospecting and no man in the province has done more to develop and exploit its rich and valuable coal deposits. He was born in the province of Ontario, April 25, 1852, a son of Benjamin and Jane Little, both of whom are deceased. The father was married twice, having five children by the first union and four by the second.

After laying aside his textbooks Joseph Little started out in life for himself and in 1878 he made his way to the west, with Manitoba as his destination. After prospecting in that section of the Dominion for a time he went to the States, operating in Washingon and Montana, and later returned to Canada, reaching Alberta in 1890. He ran the first train over the railroad into Lethbridge, the line being at that time privately owned. He also aided in constructing the Canadian Pacific line from Great Falls, Montana, to the Northwest and remained in the employ of that road for about five years. From Lethbridge he traveled by the Dougney trail to what is now Blairmore, coming to the Rocky Mountain district for the purpose of prospecting in the coal fields, and was the first man to locate in this section of Alberta. He has held every coal mining claim in this region with the exception of the Frank mine, which is not in operation at the present time, and sold mining claims which are now

known as the Green Hill, Belleview, Hill Crest, McGillivray and International mines. He is active in the management and operation of the last named property and is also a stockholder in the McGillivray Creek mine. He resides on a homestead just outside of the corporation limits of Blairmore and is regarded as an authority on matters pertaining to coal mining, occupying a position of leadership in this field.

Mr. Little was united in marriage to Miss Mary Durkin, who passed away in 1894. He is a member of the Church of England, but is not identified with any fraternal or social organizations, subordinating all other interests to the demands of his business. He has endured all of the dangers, privations and hardships of frontier life and none can grudge him the success which he now enjoys, for it has been worthily won. He has witnessed many changes in this section as the work of development and improvement has been carried forward and his memory forms a connecting link between the primitive past and the progressive present. His labors have been crowned by the successful accomplishment of valuable results and the nature and importance of his work entitles him to classification with the empire builders of the Canadian Northwest.

CHARLES EGAN.

Charles Egan is conducting a hardware business in Warner and is likewise a member of the real estate firm of Leffingwell & Egan. He was born in Henderson, Minnesota, on the 11th of February, 1864, a son of James and Mary (Foley) Egan, both natives of Ireland. The paternal grandfather, Dominick Egan, lived and died in Ireland. The maternal grandfather, Charles Foley, left Ireland in later life and emigrated to the United States. His wife, who was Alice Mulligan, was also a native of Ireland. She lived in Minnesota until her death, which occurred at the age of one hundred years. James Egan came to the United States when twenty years of age and first located at Monticello, New York, securing work on a railroad. He remained there until 1856, when he removed to Henderson, Minnesota, and bought railroad land, on which stood much timber. He had to clear this land and put it under cultivation and after much hard work he was ready to engage in general farming. He was a man of unremitting zeal and although he met with the obstacles and apparently insurmountable difficulties that confront the pioneer, he met with success in every undertaking and for many years farmed two hundred acres of the finest land in Minnesota. He lived retired for some time prior to his demise, which occurred in 1914, when ninety-three years of age. Mrs. Egan died in 1916, at the age of seventy-five years. To them the following children were born: John, who is deceased; Ellen; Sarah; Charles, whose name introduces this review; Anna; Elizabeth; Mary; James; Thomas; Belinda; and Bridget, who is deceased. Throughout his life Mr. Egan was a stanch supporter of the democratic party.

He served for one year in the Union army, belonging to a Minnesota regiment, during the Civil war. The religious faith of Mr. and Mrs. Egan was that of the Catholic church.

The public schools of Minnesota afforded Charles Egan his early education and at an early age he started out into the business world. For some years he worked for wages and then entered the livery business at Foley, Minnesota, in the conduct of which he was successful for ten years. In September, 1906, he came to Warner, Alberta, and fifteen minutes after arriving here bought a half section of barren railroad land. He soon disposed of that land, realizing a substantial and fair profit on the deal and since that time he has been active in buying and selling land. Subsequently he formed a partnership with Frank S. Leffingwell, extended mention of whom is made on another page of this work, in the conduct of a real estate business and the firm is known as Leffingwell & Egan. Mr. Egan farms one section of land near Milk river on his own account and he has been very successful in raising live stock. He was one of the organizers of the Farmers Elevator Company and for three years was chairman of that organization. In 1907 he established a hardware business in Warner, erecting a fine building, and he has since conducted that enterprise. Mr. Egan's career and achievements should be an inspiration to every enterprising and ambitious youth, as it is additional proof that success is a matter of capably directed energy and well-defined purpose rather than a fortunate combination of favorable circumstances.

Politically Mr. Egan supports the Liberal party and he has the distinction of being the first mayor of Warner. He was one of the organizers of and assisted in laying out the town, and he was one of the men who organized the first consolidated school in Alberta and for ten years was a member of the school board. During the World war he served as a member of the local exemption board. Although the greater part of Mr. Egan's time and attention is taken up by his extensive business interests, he is thoroughly appreciative of the social amenities of life and is an active member of the Knights of Columbus Lodge at Lethbridge. He is also a consistent communicant of the Catholic church. Mr. Egan is unmarried.

JOHN WALTER McDONALD, K. C.

A successful member of the Macleod bar is John Walter McDonald, who is serving as King's Counsel, to which position he was appointed in 1919, and he is also mayor of Macleod. He was born near Toronto, Ontario, on the 21st of May, 1879, a son of Donald and Flora (McDonald) McDonald, who were natives of the community in which their son was born. The father was a successful farmer and construction carpenter. His death occurred in 1919, at the age of eighty-nine years, and Mrs. McDonald died in 1921, when seventy-four years of age. To them four children were born, John Walter being the second in order of birth. The

eldest son, William, is living in Toronto, retired; Anna, the third member of the family, is the wife of Edward Hall of Toronto; and Norman is employed in the post office in that city. The family were reared in the faith of the Presbyterian church.

In the acquirement of his education John Walter McDonald attended the schools of his birthplace and subsequently was graduated from the Richmond Hill high school. In 1905 he was graduated from the University of Toronto with the LL.B. degree, and in that same year the B. C. L. degree was conferred upon him by the Osgoode Hall Law School. He practiced in Toronto until 1907, having an extensive general clientele and he then came to Macleod, associating with the late Malcolm McKenzie for three years, after which he formed a partnership with D. G. McKenzie and they later took into the firm, T. B. Martin, and are now practicing under the style of McDonald, Martin & McKenzie. In 1919 Mr. McDonald was appointed King's Counsel and he was made Crown prosecutor in the same year. He was prosecuting attorney for the Basoff murder case in 1920 and for the Zitto murder case in 1921, and he has won widespread recognition for the success he has achieved in handling criminal cases. In 1923 he was elected mayor of Macleod, by acclamation and well merits the honor thus conferred upon him.

In 1907 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. McDonald to Miss Margaret Somerville, a native of Ontario, and a daughter of Dr. Somerville. To their union two children have been born: Jack and Audrey, both living at home.

The religious faith of Mr. McDonald is that of the Presbyterian church. In politics he maintains an independent course, giving his support to the man he thinks best fitted for the office without regard to party principles. Along the lines of his profession he is a member of the Dominion and Macleod Bar Associations and he is president of the latter body and president of the Macleod Board of Trade. Both as a representative of his profession and as mayor Mr. McDonald is held in high regard in Macleod, as in all of the relations of life he has manifested qualities which entitle him to the respect and esteem of his fellow townsmen.

PATRICK HARCOURT-O'REILLY, B. A.

Patrick Harcourt-O'Reilly is a well known and highly respected barrister and solicitor of Calgary. He was born in Dublin, Ireland, in December, 1879, and is a son of Phillip O'Reilly, J. P., and Mary (Barnes) O'Reilly, who are still residents of Dublin. In the acquirement of an education he attended Belvidere and University colleges in his native city, taking his degree B. A., in mental and moral science at the University of Ireland, and also studied in Paris and Berlin. He then spent several years in the teaching profession, and in 1911, when a young man of thirty-two, emigrated to Canada, locating first at Brandon, Manitoba.

Three months later he came to Alberta and began the study of law in the offices of Walsh, McCarthy & Carson, leading barristers of Calgary. He was called to the bar of the province in 1914 and throughout the intervening decade has successfully followed his profession here.

In October, 1911, Mr. Harcourt-O'Reilly married Miss Lillian Crosby Harcourt, daughter of Dr. William Lyon and Fanny (Crosby) Harcourt. Her father, who died in May, 1921, long represented the Hamilton Provident & Loan Society as general manager for Manitoba and Saskatchewan. He was born in York, Haldimand county, Ontario, September 26, 1846, a son of Michael Harcourt, M. P., for Haldimand, and Ellen (Weir) Harcourt. Following his graduation from the University of Michigan he entered Rush Medical College for professional training and from 1871 until 1886 was a physician and surgeon of Chicago, Illinois, while during the succeeding nine years he practiced in Hamilton, Ontario. In 1895 he made his way westward to Brandon, Manitoba, where he spent the remainder of his life. He served as vice president of the board of governors of the Brandon General Hospital and likewise took a prominent part in public affairs, being made president of the Liberal Association of Brandon in 1906. He also acted as alderman of the city and as a member of the school board. For gallant service with the York Rifles during the Fenian raid he was awarded a medal. He held membership in the Brandon Club and also belonged to the Masonic fraternity, while his religious faith was that of the Anglican church. His widow is now a resident of Los Angeles, California. Mr. and Mrs. Harcourt-O'Reilly are the parents of three children: Margaret Elizabeth, who was born November 12, 1912; William Brefni, whose birth occurred in July, 1915; and Patricia, born August 20, 1920.

Politically Mr. Harcourt-O'Reilly maintains an independent attitude. At present he is serving as chairman of the Separate school board. In religious faith he is a Catholic and fraternally is identified with the Knights of Columbus.

JOHN H. FLEETWOOD.

John H. Fleetwood, secretary and treasurer of the Lethbridge schools, and maintaining the highest standards in his service to the educational system of the city, is a native of Lincoln, England, born in 1859, his parents being James and Elizabeth (Griffith) Fleetwood, who were also natives of England. The mother died in that country and the father afterward crossed the Atlantic to live with his son, John H., in Lethbridge. He arrived in 1914 and here passed away in 1918, at the very venerable age of ninety-one years. They were both members of the Church of England and politically Mr. Fleetwood was a conservative. During his active business life he followed the machinist's trade. To him and his wife were born nine children, four of whom are living: John H.; Fred.

a machinist of Lincoln, England; Thomas, a brushmaker, also of Lincoln, and Lucy, the wife of William T. Oldershaw, who is engaged in the painting business at Lincoln.

John H. Fleetwood pursued his education in the schools of his native city, attending the Wesleyan school and then made his initial step in the business world in connection with the bookbinding trade. He entered the army as a member of the Thirteenth Hussars and with that command went to India, where he served with the military forces of the country for four years, the greater part of that time being spent in the Far East. With his return home he resumed work at the bookbinding trade but in 1885 determined to try his fortune in the new world, and crossed the Atlantic to Winnipeg, where he was employed in various ways for about three months. He then obtained a position on the Bell farm at Indian Head, acting as teamster there for about six months. Later he was section foreman for the Canadian Pacific Railroad, remaining in the employ of that corporation from 1886 until 1889. On the 15th of November of the latter year he came to Lethbridge and worked in the mines at No. 1 shaft for the Northwest Coal & Irrigation Company. Later he was connected with the railway department until 1896, when he entered the employ of the city as superintendent of the waterworks and was thus engaged until 1912, or for a period of eighteen years. He then became secretary of the schools and has since occupied this position. His long incumbency in the office indicates both his capability and his reliability, the cause of education ever finding in him a stalwart champion. He has served on the school board since 1900 and was chairman thereof from 1906 until the close of the year 1911. He is now secretary and treasurer of the Lethbridge school district No. 51. He has also filled other public offices, having been elected to the city council in 1900 and serving until 1906. He has ever discharged his duties with marked fidelity, working for the best interests of the public, and his course has at all times been commendable.

In 1891 Mr. Fleetwood was married to Miss Jane M. Cagill, who was born in Suffolk, England, and they have become parents of eight children, six of whom are living: William, who is in the post office at Edmonton; Thomas, secretary and treasurer of the city of Lethbridge; Elizabeth, the wife of W. J. Glass, a farmer of Calgary; Lucy, the wife of G. M. McLean, engaged in the transfer business at Lethbridge; Maisie, who married James Donnald, an expressman of Lethbridge; and Ernest, who is engaged in the plumbing business at Lethbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Fleetwood hold membership in the Church of England and fraternally he is connected with the Masons. He has served as master of his lodge and also as district deputy grand master. He likewise belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Independent Order of Foresters and is ever loyal to the teachings and high purposes which underlie these organizations. In politics he maintains an independent course, with leanings toward the Conservative side. His interest always centered in those channels through which flow the greatest and most permanent good to the greatest number. No one has been connected with the schools

of Lethbridge for so long a period as Mr. Fleetwood and no one has been more untiring in efforts to advance the welfare of the schools and make the educational system of the greatest possible service in preparing the young for the duties of citizenship and the responsibilities of life.

JONATHAN E. BAGLEY.

Jonathan E. Bagley, engaged in the real estate and insurance business in Edmonton as a partner in the firm of Bessey & Bagley, entered into this connection in 1913 and through the intervening period of ten years has concentrated his efforts and attention upon the duties of a rapidly growing business. He comes to Alberta from the province of Quebec, where he was born, in 1878, his parents being William and Esther (Free) Bagley, also natives of Quebec, where they were reared and married and still make their home. The father has always devoted his attention to the occupation of farming and still resides on the old home place, his energies being yet given to the task of tilling the soil and caring for the crops. Both he and his wife are members of the Church of England, in which they have taken active and helpful part. In politics he is a Liberal and was councillor for his district for a number of years. He has been very active in support of his friends who have sought political honors and emoluments and assisted to elect Sir Wilfrid Laurier as Premier of Canada. To Mr. and Mrs. William Bagley were born five children, all of whom are living: May, the wife of Leonard Gale, a general merchant of Quebec; Jonathan E.; William Sidney, who is engaged in drilling for the Imperial Oil Company at Nanton, Alberta; Walter, who is a farmer at the old home in Quebec; and Howard, floor manager for the Universal Motors Company at Calgary, Alberta.

Jonathan E. Bagley pursued his early education in the country schools near his father's farm, but deciding that he did not care to follow agricultural pursuits as a life work, he began learning the carpenter's trade. He was afterward employed in a pulp mill and his ability and fidelity enabled him to win promotion to the position of mill superintendent. In April, 1905, he removed to Edmonton for the benefit of his health and here he turned his attention to the wholesale grocery and produce business, in which he continued for six years, or until 1911. At that date he became interested in the real estate business and soon afterward entered the firm of Bessey & Bagley, with which he has since been identified. Success has attended their efforts and they now have a large clientage, making their business one of a distinctively representative character. They handle both farm and city property and have intimate and accurate knowledge of realty values throughout this section of the Dominion.

In February, 1910, Mr. Bagley was united in marriage to Miss Clare E. Seward, who was born in Lincolnshire, England, a daughter of Francis Seward, who came to Edmonton in 1902. He followed carpentering

for some time but is now devoting his attention to farming. Mr. and Mrs. Bagley are well known in Edmonton, where they have many warm friends. They hold membership in the Church of England and Mr. Bagley is a valued representative of the Masonic fraternity and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having filled all of the chairs in the local lodge of the latter. He votes with the Liberal party on many occasions, yet is inclined to an independent course in politics. He is interested in the Board of Trade, also has membership in the Young Men's Christian Association and in the Kiwanis Club. He has long been interested in athletics and manly sports and in 1912 he won the all-round championship of the province for throwing weights. The following year he was on the Rugby football team which won the championship of Alberta and he took active part in gaining the victory, although he was thirty-five years of age at the time. There is no phase of public life which is of concern to the law-abiding and the progressive citizen that does not claim his interest and cooperation, as he stands at all times for those projects which are looking to the public good. He has also made for himself a creditable position in business circles and his progress toward the goal of success has resulted from close application, indefatigable energy and firm purpose.

DR. A. T. TURNER.
DR. G. C. WAGNER.

For some time Dr. Alfred T. Turner and Dr. George C. Wagner have engaged in the practice of medicine, in partnership, and they are among the prominent physicians and surgeons of Innisfail.

Alfred T. Turner was born in Carlingford, Ontario, on the 25th of August, 1887, a son of Luther F. W. and Elizabeth (Thompson) Turner, the former a native of Cornwall, England, and the latter of Ontario. They were married in the province of Ontario, where Mr. Turner engaged in agricultural pursuits with gratifying success.

In the acquirement of his education Alfred T. Turner attended the public schools of Ontario and was graduated from Western University at London in May, 1913, with the M. D. degree. While attending college he played professional baseball during the summer months at Red Deer. Upon the completion of his medical training he immediately began practice and located in Bowden, Alberta, where he remained for about three months. At the termination of that time he went to Toronto and obtained his dominion council, and then returned to Alberta and located in Innisfail. He began practice here on the 3rd of November, 1913, and has built up an extensive patronage. He practices in association with Dr. Wagner and aside from his private practice is director of the General Hospital here.

Dr. A. T. Turner married Miss Agnes Patterson and to their union

one child has been born: Audrey Patricia. Fraternally the Doctor is identified with the Masons, belonging to the Royal Arch Keystone Chapter in Red Deer; and with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

George Cleveland Wagner was born in Delaware, Ontario, on the 16th of November, 1884, a son of George and Emma (Parse) Wagner, both deceased. The father was a painter, decorator and contractor in Prince Albert, Saskatchewan, until his demise.

In the acquirement of his education George Cleveland Wagner attended the public schools of his birthplace and in 1912 was graduated from Western University, with the M. D. degree. The following year he took postgraduate work at the German Hospital in Buffalo, New York, and then came west and worked on railroad construction, extending the Grand Trunk out of Edmonton. In the spring of 1915 he determined to practice his profession and located in Innisfail. He was enjoying well-merited success upon the outbreak of the World war and in the spring of 1918 he enlisted for service. He was sent overseas at once and was stationed in a hospital in Cooden Beach, remaining in active service until the 25th of September, 1919. After receiving his honorable discharge he returned to Canada and resumed his practice in Innisfail. He and Dr. Turner have an extensive patronage and rank among the foremost physicians and surgeons in the district and province. In April, 1920, Dr. Wagner married Miss Margaret Blizard and to their union one child has been born, Margaret Mary. Dr. Wagner is town medical officer, in which position he is giving satisfactory service. Fraternally the Doctor is a Royal Arch Mason and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine.

Both Dr. Turner and Dr. Wagner have continued constant students of their calling and they hold membership in many professional organizations, in that way keeping in touch with the advance being made by prominent physicians and surgeons throughout the country. They are essentially public-spirited and no movement for the development and improvement of the general welfare seeks their aid in vain.

PETER J. BREEN.

Possessing a strong, self-reliant nature, Peter J. Breen became self-supporting at an early age and in the school of life he has learned many valuable lessons which have broadened his knowledge and promoted his efficiency. He has "roughed it" as a miner in various parts of the country, but for nearly two decades has been a resident of Calgary, coming here in 1891, and is one of its best known public officials, having held the position of superintendent of the city water department for the past twelve years. A native of Ireland, he was born in May, 1865, and his parents, Peter and Frances (Roche) Breen, were also natives of the Emerald isle. When he was but a year old they emigrated to the United States, establishing their home in Virginia, and both passed away in that state in 1876. Their son,

Peter J. Breen, was reared in the Old Dominion and attended the public schools of that state until he reached the age of fourteen, when he became a wage earner. In 1880 he went to Colorado and was employed in the mines of that state until 1887. He then crossed the Canadian border and worked as a miner near Vancouver, British Columbia, for some time. In 1898 he went to the Yukon Territory and engaged in mining near Dawson and in other localities until 1904, when he came to Alberta. For a short time he followed farming in the vicinity of Calgary and in 1905 he became a city employe. He readily mastered the tasks assigned him and was rapidly advanced to positions of greater importance and responsibility. In 1910 he was appointed superintendent of the city water department and has since been retained in that office, discharging his duties with efficiency and fidelity.

In June, 1895, Mr. Breen was united in marriage to Miss Victoria E. Moore and they have three children: Margaret Francis, Peter J., Jr., and James Victor. Mr. Breen is a member of the Catholic church and its teachings guide him in his daily life. He is a man of strong purpose and indefatigable energy, who has proven his ability to meet and master situations, and he combines in his character all the qualities of a useful and desirable citizen.

ASA H. GIBSON.

For many years Asa H. Gibson was actively identified with banking in Canada. He is now, however, a prominent figure in mining circles, being president, manager and director of the Gibson Collieries. He was born in Newcastle, Ontario, on the 6th of August, 1892, a son of Hugh and Mina (Samis) Gibson, likewise natives of Ontario. The father was a successful farmer.

Asa H. Gibson received his education in the public schools of Newcastle and in due time was graduated from the local high school. He then entered banking circles, becoming a clerk in the Standard Bank in Newtonville, Ontario. In 1912 he came to the province of Alberta and located at Calgary, where he took over the management of the Standard Bank at the Crescent Heights branch, filling that position for four years. On the 4th of March, 1915, he came to Drumheller as manager of the Standard Bank, which was the first bank established in this community. Mr. Gibson served as manager of that bank until 1920, and during that time he had acquired an interest in the Premier Coal Company, of which he is now president. In 1921 he determined to enter the mining business and he assisted in the organization of the Gibson Collieries, Limited. He is president, manager and director of the collieries, which have holdings of about four thousand acres, all of which are under development. The mines are equipped with the latest in machinery and are operated on an efficient and profitable basis.



ASA H. GIBSON

The religious faith of Mr. Gibson is manifest in his membership in the Church of England. Fraternally he is identified with the Ancient Free & Accepted Masons, in which order he has attained the fourteenth degree in the Scottish Rite and he holds the highest degree in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. Gibson devotes his entire time and attention to his business. In the development of his interests he has met with success won by well organized methods, intelligently and capably executed, and he fully merits the esteem and respect accorded him by his fellow townsmen, as his career has been pursued in an honorable and upright manner.

EDWARD WINDHAM BURLEY.

Gifted with practical ability, keen business insight and a broad grasp of affairs, Edward W. Burley is well qualified for the important duties of provincial auditor of Alberta, which he has capably discharged for the past seventeen years, and despising all unworthy or questionable methods to secure advancement, he has arisen to his present high office through the force of his personality and the strength of his mental endowments. He was born in Prince Edward county, Ontario, in 1856 and his father, Joseph Burley, was also a native of that county, born in 1830. In 1855 the father was married in Ontario to Miss Christina Powers, a native of that province, and there his demise occurred in 1908. The mother was born May 26, 1833, and still resides in the old home in Ontario, having reached the advanced age of eighty-nine years.

The public schools of Prince Edward county afforded Edward Windham Burley his educational opportunities and in 1885 he went to the state of Colorado, where he spent two years, finding the climate of that section of the country very beneficial in the restoration of his health. He returned to Canada and in 1891 came to Alberta, settling in Calgary, where he engaged in the real estate and insurance business, with which he was connected until 1900. Meanwhile, in 1896, he had been appointed chief clerk in the land office at Calgary and in 1900 he was transferred to the land office at Regina, Saskatchewan, holding that position until November, 1901. He next became identified with the treasury department of the Northwest Territory, remaining in Regina until 1905, and when the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan were formed Mr. Burley was appointed provincial auditor for Alberta. He has since served in that capacity and his long retention in the office is conclusive proof that his services are thoroughly appreciated. He is thorough, systematic and efficient in the discharge of his important duties and his work has been highly commended.

On the 15th of June, 1880, in Prince Edward county, Ontario, Mr. Burley was married to Miss Antoinette Wright, a daughter of Edward W. Wright, who followed agricultural pursuits and also served as justice of

the peace, passing away in 1886. Mr. and Mrs. Burley have two sons: Ralph Joseph, the elder, was born July 29, 1881, and completed his education in the University of Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1904. He became assistant director of the reclamation service and chief engineer of the drainage division of the department of the interior and was holding those positions at the time of his death, on the 14th of April, 1921; Arnold Edward was born September 30, 1883, and in 1921 was graduated from the University of Alberta with the degree of LL. B. He was admitted to the bar at Edmonton in the same year and is now following his profession in this city. He was married in Edmonton in March, 1913, to Miss Martha Haviland, whose father is a retired farmer residing at Chatham, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Burley have a son and a daughter, Mary Antoinette and Edward Haviland.

Mr. E. W. Burley is a member of the McDougall Methodist church and is serving on its official board. He is a Liberal in his political views and fraternally is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He early came to a realization of the fact that the sources of our power lie within ourselves and that upon his own ability and effort must depend his success. His well developed capacities and powers have brought him prominently before the public, and in the bright light, which all that is of good repute ever invites, his name and character stand revealed and secure.

JOSEPH E. HODGSON.

Joseph E. Hodgson, well known in educational circles as superintendent of schools at Lethbridge, was born near Caledonia, Ontario, on the 25th of April, 1875, and is of English lineage. His grandfather, John Hodgson, a native of England, crossed the Atlantic to Ontario about 1849 and spent his remaining days there. In his native country he had followed mining but in the new world he turned his attention to farming. His son, Thomas Hodgson was but seven years of age when the family home was established in Ontario. He was reared to the occupation of farming, which he made his life work. At all times he took an interest in the welfare and progress of his community and served as a member of the school board. His political endorsement was given to the Liberal party and his religious faith was manifest in his membership in the Methodist church. He wedded Mary Elder, who was born near Caledonia, Ontario, a daughter of Peter Elder, a native of Scotland, who took up his abode in Ontario in early life. He was a stone mason in his native country but after coming to the new world turned his attention to agricultural pursuits. To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hodgson seven children were born, six of whom are living.

Joseph E. Hodgson, the third in order of birth, is indebted to the public school system of Ontario for the educational opportunities which he enjoyed. After mastering the work of the grades he attended the

high school at Caledonia and later entered the Toronto University, from which he was graduated in 1896. He was a student in the School of Pedagogy and afterward began teaching in Ontario. In 1911 he came to Lethbridge and was appointed principal of the high school. On August 1, 1915, he was with the government as inspector for Macleod, occupying the position until December 31, 1917. He was then with the Medicine Hat inspectorate from January, 1918, until November of that year, after which he removed to Edmonton and was in the government service as supervisor of consolidated schools for the province of Alberta, there continuing until August 31, 1920. At that date he came to Lethbridge as superintendent of schools and principal of the high school. The city has four school buildings for the grades and one high school, and there are forty-nine public school teachers under his supervision and nine assistant high school teachers. There is a total enrollment of 2,300 pupils and under the guidance of Superintendent Hodgson the schools are making steady progress. He inspires both teachers and pupils under him with much of his own zeal and interest in the work and he has ever held to the highest professional standards, while his initiative has enabled him to introduce various improved methods into the school.

On the 21st of August, 1899, Mr. Hodgson was married to Miss Maude Beatrice Whitside, who was born in Delhi, Ontario, and there pursued her early education, while later she attended the Simcoe high school at Simcoe, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Hodgson have two children: John, who is now in school; and Douglas, not yet of school age. The religious faith of the parents is that of the Presbyterian church and fraternally Mr. Hodgson is connected with the Masons, having taken the degrees of both lodge and chapter. He is a member of the Rotary Club and is the treasurer of the Children's Aid Society. He is interested in all those problems which affect the political, sociological and economic history of the Dominion and his aid and influence are ever on the side of right and progress. He devotes the major part of his time to his school work and in the educational field has made a creditable name and place for himself.

PERCY L. SANFORD.

Although one of the younger members of the Calgary bar, Percy L. Sanford has already gained an enviable reputation for legal acumen and has won a measure of success which many an older practitioner might well envy. He was born at Berwick, Nova Scotia, April 25, 1891, and his parents, Fred and Mary (Illsley) Sanford, were also natives of that province, in which they always resided. The father concentrated his attention upon the cultivation of the soil and his death occurred in 1905, while the mother passed away in 1903.

Reared in his native province, Percy L. Sanford there attended the public schools and afterward matriculated at Queen's University of Kings-

ton, Ontario, from which he was graduated in 1914, with the B. A. degree, winning class honors. He then entered upon educational work, teaching in the schools of Saskatchewan and Manitoba, and in 1915 he became a law student in the offices of Dunn & Spotton at Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan. He next became connected with the firm of Lougheed, Bennett & Company at Calgary and completed his studies in 1917, passing the final examination in the following year. He won second place in the province and was awarded the Carswell prize. Soon after his admission to the bar he became a partner in the firm of Lougheed, Bennett & Company, with which he was connected until its dissolution, and has since been a member of the firm of Bennett, Hannah & Sanford, which ranks with the leading law organizations of the city, numbering among its clients many of Calgary's prominent business men.

In August, 1919, Mr. Sanford was united in marriage to Miss Mary Minshull and they have a daughter, Margaret Joan, born April 29, 1921. He is a member of the Anglican church and his political support is given to the men and measures of the Conservative party. His professional connections are with the Calgary Bar Association and the Alberta Law Society and the nature of his recreation is indicated by his identification with the Calgary Golf & Country Club. He is a loyal supporter of his city because of his belief in its opportunities and is an earnest and valued member of the Calgary Board of Trade. He has much natural ability but is withal a hard student and is never content until he has mastered every detail of his cases, while in their presentation he is logical, forceful and convincing. His upright policy has gained for him the confidence and respect of his fellow practitioners and his ability, enterprise and determination will undoubtedly carry him far in his profession.

CHARLES BROUGHTON BOWMAN.

In the progress and upbuilding of the city of Lethbridge during the past two decades no citizen has taken a more active and helpful part than Charles Broughton Bowman. With the history of this period his name is inseparably interwoven, associated through connection with many affairs that have been conspicuous features in the development and substantial improvement of this region. A native of Nova Scotia, he was born in Windsor, on the 14th of August, 1867, and is a son of Maynard and Ann E. (Fraser) Bowman, who are now residing in Halifax. The son was reared and educated in the east, there remaining to the age of twenty-two years, when in 1889 he made his way westward to Alberta, settling in Lethbridge in August of that year. For a year or more thereafter he engaged in various lines of work but in 1891 established a real estate and insurance office, which was the first enterprise of the kind in the city, save that of the Alberta Railway & Irrigation Company. Since that time Mr. Bowman has figured most conspicuously and honorably in connection with

all that has meant progress and improvement for Lethbridge. In 1909 in connection with L. M. Johnstone he erected the big Acadia building, in which his offices are located. As the years have passed his business has steadily increased in volume and importance. He is thoroughly familiar with realty values and has negotiated many important property transfers. At the same time the insurance department of his business has reached most gratifying proportions and the story of his efforts may well be written in the terms of success.

From 1897 until 1907 inclusive Mr. Bowman was secretary and treasurer of the city, making a most creditable record by his prompt and capable discharge of the duties that devolve upon him. In the latter year, however, he resigned the position in order to give his entire attention to his large and growing business. At other periods he has rendered valuable service to the city, having been a member of the council from 1907 until 1912, with the exception of the year 1908 and in 1909 he was acting mayor of Lethbridge. He also filled the position of city assessor from 1897 until 1907 and for ten years he was secretary of the Board of Trade, while from 1896 until 1901 he was secretary of the Agricultural Society. In the succeeding year he became president of the society and under his wise direction steady progress was made. Since 1903 he has been one of the managers of the Galt Hospital and for a number of years he was secretary of the school board. The extent and variety of his public activities show his deep interest in the general welfare and to all who know Mr. Bowman it is a recognized fact that his business and executive ability have been made to play an important part in the general advancement of the community.

In June, 1899, Mr. Bowman was married to Miss Florence Miller and they have become parents of the following named: Catherine May, Ronald Fraser and Gwendoline Marguerite. Mr. Bowman and his family are members of the Church of England and politically he is independent. Fraternally he is identified with North Star Lodge No. 4, A. F. & A. M., and with Shekinah Chapter, R. A. M. He is one of the best known citizens of the province and his personal qualities make for popularity wherever he is known. It would be difficult to determine just how far-reaching have been his efforts and his influence in public affairs but all who know aught of the history of Lethbridge attest the value of his labors in this connection.

MILES KENNEDY.

Miles Kennedy, extensive landowner and successful farmer, whose progressive spirit is manifest in the excellent condition of his property in the St. Albert district, is now living retired in St. Albert, while his sons look after his extensive farming interests. He was born in the province of Ontario, on the 18th of May, 1850, a son of John and Christine (Millan) Kennedy, likewise natives of that province. The father was a farmer

for many years and won success as an agriculturist. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy are deceased.

Miles Kennedy received his education in the public schools of his birthplace and in 1894 came to Alberta and located in the St. Albert district, purchasing fine farm land. Since that time he has devoted his entire time and attention to its improvement and development, his specialties being mixed farming and cattle raising, and he has become one of the most successful and affluent agriculturists in the district.

At St. Raphael's, in 1882, was celebrated the marriage of Miles Kennedy to Catherine McDonald, both of Glengarry. To their union twelve children have been born: Alexander is on his own farm in Killam district, Alberta; Angus is looking after his fathers' interests; Marguerite served as nurse for three years overseas during the World war, and is now married and living at Winnipeg; Hughie is married and is working in a large department store at St. Albert; Christine is married and now living in the States; John, who was a sergeant in the World war, was killed in action at the battle of Vimy Ridge, April 9, 1917. He enlisted July 4, 1915, with the Sixty-sixth but served in the Forty-ninth; Donald died of wounds in the battle of the Somme, December 26, 1916. He enlisted November 8, 1915, with the Sixty-sixth but served in a unit overseas. Both brothers were decorated for bravery and extreme heroism; Belle is at home; Albert enlisted in the World war but did not see active service, getting only as far as England on his way to the front. He is now working on his father's farm; Elizabeth is nursing at the University Hospital; Andrew is at home; and Catherine is telephone operator in town. The Kennedy children are consistent members of the Catholic church and Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy are zealous workers in its behalf.

HENRY DICKIE, M. A., D. D.

Dr. Henry Dickie, pastor of the Robertson Presbyterian church at Edmonton, was born near Truro, Nova Scotia, November 15, 1862, and is a son of James Edward and Harriett (Tupper) Dickie, who were also natives of Nova Scotia. The family has been represented in Canada for more than a century and a half, the first of the name in this country arriving in 1765, settling in that section made famous as the scene of Longfellow's beautiful poem "Evangeline." The Dickie family is related to the late Senator Barrie Dickie of Amherst and the late Hon. Arthur Dickie, minister of Canada, also to Hon. John B. Dickie, who was speaker of the house of Nova Scotia. The father, James Edward Dickie, was a leading merchant at Upper Stewiacke, Nova Scotia, being located in a big timber country, making large sales to the timbermen of that region. He was very successful in the management of his business and ranked with the representative merchants of that section of the Dominion. His political allegiance was given to the Lib-

eral party and his religious faith was that of the Presbyterian church, in the work of which he took active and helpful part, serving for twenty-five years as one of the elders. To him and his wife were born eight children, six of whom are living: Alfred, a resident of Halifax who is now chairman of the board of education, was formerly a prominent lumber merchant and in fact occupied a commanding position among the lumber dealers of Canada at one time; the second of the family is Mrs. R. F. Carter, whose husband is a minister of the gospel and is now at the head of the Playgrounds Association in the state of Washington; Dr. Henry Dickie, of this review, is the third in order of birth; the fourth is Mrs. H. V. Kent, whose husband is a practicing physician of Truro, Nova Scotia; Edwin Dickie is a commission merchant of Vancouver; and Laura, the youngest of the family, is the wife of Dr. D. M. MacKay, a practicing physician of Vancouver.

Having mastered the branches of learning taught in the public schools of Ontario, Dr. Henry Dickie continued his education in the Dalhousie University at Halifax, there winning his Bachelor of Arts degree with the class of 1883. He afterward studied theology at Princeton, New Jersey, from 1883 until 1886, and then went to Edinburgh, Scotland, where he took postgraduate work at the New College, specializing in the Old Testament, after which he studied for a year at Heidelberg, Germany, and again specialized in Old Testament study. He was also for a year a student in the Berlin University and spent a summer session in the College de France in Paris. On the expiration of that period he returned to Canada and took charge of the church at Summerside, Prince Edward Island. He was ordained to the ministry on the 7th of November, 1888, and for five years remained in his first charge. He then went to Chicago, where he won his Master of Arts degree upon graduation from the University of Chicago in 1894. In that year he was called to St. John's church at Windsor, Nova Scotia, where he labored for ten years, and during that period the house of worship was destroyed by fire and he was instrumental in erecting a beautiful new church there, of which Mrs. Dickie was chosen to lay the cornerstone. Ever desirous of gaining knowledge that would promote his efficiency in his holy task of advancing the salvation of the world, Dr. Dickie has improved every opportunity for study and on leaving St. John's church he attended the University of Cambridge in England in order to qualify for the Doctor's degree. However, changing his plans, he returned to Canada and took his Doctor's degree at Montreal, for which he had to write a thesis on "Idolatry in Israel in the eighth century, B. C." He took his ten examinations and received the Doctor's degree in 1906. He was then called to Chalmers church at Woodstock, Ontario, where he remained for four years and then accepted a call to the First Presbyterian church at Chatham, in September, 1909, laboring zealously and untiringly for the upbuilding of the cause in that locality for a period of eleven years. On the 1st of August, 1920, he came to Edmonton, taking charge of the Robertson Presbyterian church, which has a membership of six hundred. Here he has since labored and his efforts are far-reaching and resultant.

Under his guidance the work of the church has been thoroughly organized and its different societies are making steady progress.

On the 2d of June, 1897, Dr. Dickie was married to Miss Helen Q. Gordon, a daughter of the Rev. D. S. Gordon, formerly a prominent divine of Canada. She was educated in Truro and in Halifax and taught school in Nova Scotia for a number of years prior to her marriage. Her father was pastor at Bridgetown and Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia, and her home training qualified her for the duties which she assumed on becoming the wife of a minister. Four children have been born to Dr. and Mrs. Dickie: Edward Gordon, the eldest, trained for artillery service during the World war but changed to the aviation branch of the army, being with the last force that went to England for training. He was a lieutenant in the artillery and later served with the same rank in the Flying Squadron. He had been just a month in France when he was killed at the battle of Cambrai, on the 30th of November, 1917,—one of that great army of noble young men who made the supreme sacrifice in order to protect the high ideals of democracy; Wilfrid Chipman, also a member of the Flying Corps, was in training at Beamsville, Ontario, when the armistice was signed. He was ready for college and entered the University of Toronto, from which he received his Bachelor of Arts degree on the completion of a course in political science. He was an honor man each year and is now a law student in the office of his uncle, Alfred Whitman, at Halifax, Nova Scotia; Margaret Crompton is a student in the Alberta University; and George Henry, the youngest, is attending the public schools.

Dr. Dickie is not only known as a minister but is also a popular lecturer. He has lectured a number of times on the Passion Play and on other subjects of wide interest, but the major part of his attention is given to his pastoral duties and he attacks each task with an enthusiasm that is contagious. While a man of broad scholarly attainments, he possesses, too, that keen human sympathy that enables him to translate for his hearers the truths of divine love and spiritual vision into the terms of practical life.

J. E. LAMBERT.

J. E. Lambert has engaged in the general mercantile business in St. Albert since 1921 and is one of this community's foremost business men. He was born on the 31st of August, 1880, in New Glasgow, Quebec province, a son of L. J. A. Lambert and Theresa (Carey) Lambert, who were natives of that province. The father died in 1910. Mrs. Lambert is making her home in St. Albert.

In the acquirement of his education J. E. Lambert attended the public schools of his birthplace. He came to Alberta in 1899, and moved into Edmonton in 1907, where he engaged in the conduct of a horse emporium

until 1917. He has been a member of the Horse Breeders' Association since 1915 and has won more than local repute for the success he has achieved as a breeder of horses. In 1917 he purchased a farm in the Vicking district. Between 1917 and 1921 he was on the road and was in several small undertakings. In 1921 he came to St. Albert, and has here conducted a general store since that time. He carries a complete and high grade line of goods and enjoys an extensive and ever-increasing patronage. Mr. Lambert's success is the result of his innate ability, close application to the thing at hand and laudable ambition.

In 1919 Mr. Lambert was married to Miss M. Kiwit and to their union two children have been born: Marcel and Lucien.

Mr. Lambert is public-spirited and is ever ready to cooperate in the furtherance of any movement for the development and improvement of the community. He is a consistent member of the Catholic church.

ALEXANDER SCOTT DAWSON, B. A. Sc.

A. S. Dawson, a man of high professional attainments, is chief engineer for the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, in charge of the Department of Natural Resources, with headquarters at Calgary, and for twenty-five years has been in the service of this corporation. He was born at Pictou, Nova Scotia, September 6, 1871, a son of Robert Smith and Jane Dawson, and there acquired his academic education. He afterward entered McGill University at Montreal and was graduated with the class of 1894, winning the degree of Bachelor of Applied Science. He began his professional career in the United States, devoting three years to hydraulic work in Massachusetts, and in 1898 he joined the maintenance-of-way staff of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Winnipeg, Manitoba. He was connected with that department until 1903, rising to the position of chief engineer of the western division, and then transferred his activities to irrigation work. He has since been chief engineer of the Department of Natural Resources, in which connection he has had charge of the construction of all of the company's irrigation systems in Alberta, and his labors have been a most important factor in promoting the agricultural development of this great province. He has made a broad study of irrigation development and is regarded as an authority on matters pertaining thereto.

On February 17, 1898, Mr. Dawson was married at Baltimore, Maryland, to Miss Martha Elenora Bonn, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Bonn of Richmond, Virginia, and to this union has been born a son, Gerald Stewart, who is studying in applied science at the University of Alberta. Mr. Dawson has recently been elected to the senate of that institution as representative of the Association of Professional Engineers of Alberta. Since 1895 he has been a member of the Engineering Institute of Canada, while his identification with the American Society of Civil

Engineers dates from 1912. He also takes an active interest in educational and civic affairs, and at various times has served on the Calgary school board. He was likewise a member of the executive board of Western Canada College, the Calgary Automobile Club and the Alberta Good Roads Association, in addition to which he served on the council of the Calgary Board of Trade, and as a member of the board of directors of the Young Men's Christian Association. He is also a member of the Ranchmen's Club and the Calgary Golf & Country Club, and belongs to the Anglican church. His interests have reached out broadly to his fellowmen and he ranks with the foremost representatives of his profession for his work has been of far-reaching effect and importance and most beneficial in its results.

EVERETT HOBART REED, M. D.

Dr. Everett Hobart Reed has an extensive surgical practice in Calgary. He was born in Whitman, Massachusetts, on the 23d of December, 1879, a son of Calvin and Cora M. (Beal) Reed, natives of Massachusetts. The father was an industrial engineer, following that line of work with great success throughout his life. His death occurred in September, 1918. Mrs. Reed is residing at Whitman.

In the acquirement of his early education Everett Hobart Reed attended the public schools of Whitman and was graduated from the high school there, with the class of 1895. He then enrolled in the Burdette Business College at Boston in 1896 and upon the completion of his course entered business circles. He was out in the business world for about seven years and then entered a private preparatory school, subsquently enrolling in the medical department of McGill University at Montreal, and graduating therefrom in 1910, with the M. D. and C. M. degrees. For the following year and a half he was house surgeon at the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, but in 1912 resigned that position and came to Calgary, where he has since practiced, with the exception of the years 1918 and 1919, when he served overseas with the American army. He was commissioned a captain and was stationed at Base Hospital, No. 91 at Commercy, France. He had charge of most of the brain and plastic surgery work. Prior to that he was in the Canadian army, being in charge of the Ogden Home one year and in command of the Seventeenth Cavalry. He was chief of recruiting work in Calgary for the Seventeenth Canadian Field Artillery and held the rank of major in the Canadian army. He received his honorable discharge from the American army in 1919, and immediately returned to Calgary and resumed his practice. He is a constant student of his profession and is held in high confidence and esteem by all of the eminent physicians and surgeons in the district and province. Aside from his profession the Doctor is interested in agriculture and has extensive land interests in this province.



EVERETT H. REED, M. D.

In November, 1907, in Quebec, was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Reed and Miss Anna M. Gilmore of Huntington, Quebec, a daughter of John H. and Annie (White) Gilmore, natives of that province. Her parents now reside at Windsor, Ontario.

Fraternally the Doctor is affiliated with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and along strictly professional lines he holds membership in the Alberta Medical Association and the Calgary Medical Society. He is also a member of the American Legion. For recreation the Doctor turns to the great outdoors and he is expert at hunting, fishing, horseback riding and swimming. During 1903 and 1904 he was a member of the life guards and swimming instructor at Revere Beach, Boston, Massachusetts. That Dr. Reed is a skilled and competent representative of his profession is evidenced by the excellent record he has made during the period of his residence here and his lucrative practice. He is a man of high principles, genial nature and pleasing personality and is very popular in professional, business and social circles in Calgary, where he has many friends.

NORMAN E. CARRUTHERS.

One of the most efficient and popular public officials of Lacombe is Norman E. Carruthers, secretary and treasurer and also active in other offices. He was born in Prince Edward Island in 1872, a son of Robert W. and Hannah (McWilliams) Carruthers, likewise natives of that island, in which they are now living. The paternal grandfather came from Ayrshire, Scotland, and located in Prince Edward Island at an early day and the maternal grandparents were natives of Scotland. For many years Robert W. Carruthers was a farmer. He cleared his first farm land, achieved substantial success in agricultural pursuits, and is now living retired. Mr. and Mrs. Carruthers were married in 1865. To their union seven children have been born, six of whom are now living, Norman E. being the fourth in order of birth. Mr. and Mrs. Carruthers are consistent members of the Church of Scotland and the father is a Conservative in politics.

Norman E. Carruthers received his early education in the public schools of his birthplace and was graduated from high school at Centerville. He took a normal course after leaving high school, in the Prince of Wales College & Normal School at Charlottetown. He taught in eastern schools from 1890 to 1901 and is a past president of the Educational Association of Prince Edward Island. In the spring of 1902 he came to Lacombe and taught in the country schools here for four months. He then took a special course in the Regina Normal School, following which he taught for six months at Innisfail. At the termination of that time he returned to Lacombe and was principal of the Lacombe schools from 1903 to July, 1917, with the exception of four months when he taught in White Horse, Yukon. He was secretary-treasurer of the Alberta Educational Association for several years. In 1917 he became city secretary

and treasurer and electric light commissioner. He has since been active in those important capacities and is now also holding the office of police magistrate, having been appointed in the fall of 1922. He was appointed justice of the peace under the old government in 1904 and has since held that office. He is a man of keen executive ability and foresight and devotes his entire time and attention to his official duties.

In 1909 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Carruthers to Miss Lydia J. Boyd, who was born and educated in Quebec, and has studied to be a nurse. To Mr. and Mrs. Carruthers four children have been born: Helen M. and Robert Boyd, who are attending school; Norman E., Jr.; and Thomas J., three years of age.

In his political views Mr. Carruthers has always favored the Conservative party and he wields much influence in party affairs. His religious faith is manifest in his membership in the Presbyterian church and fraternally he is identified with the Masons, having attained the thirty-second degree in the Scottish Rite. He is Junior Grand Warden of the Grand Lodge of the province of Alberta and has held all chairs in the blue lodge. He has passed through all chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a past patron of the Order of the Eastern Star. Mr. Carruthers is accorded the esteem and respect of a large circle of acquaintances in the municipality, having manifested in both his public and private life those qualities which have won for him the regard and confidence of those with whom he has had either social or business relations.

JOHN EDWARD BROWNLEE.

Possessing those qualities through which success comes as a natural sequence, John E. Brownlee has rapidly advanced since his admission to the bar, and although yet a young man, his superior professional qualifications have led to his selection for the important office of attorney general of the province of Alberta, in which connection he is now serving. He was born at Port Ryerse, Ontario, in 1884, and is a member of one of the old families of the Dominion. His paternal grandfather, Edward James Brownlee, was a native of the north of Ireland and in early manhood he came with his wife to Canada. His son, William J. Brownlee, was born at Port Ryerse in 1862 and was there married in 1882, when twenty years of age, to Miss Catharine Shaw. Both Mr. and Mrs. Brownlee are living.

The public schools of Lambton county, Ontario, afforded John E. Brownlee his early education and after completing a course in the Sarnia high school he attended the Model school of that city. He then spent three and a half years as a teacher at Bradshaw and in 1904 enrolled as a student at the University of Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1908 with the B. A. degree. He was regarded as a student with great possibilities and during his course held many important offices in college

life and society. After a year devoted to traveling throughout the "Prairie Provinces" he decided to take advantage of the great field of opportunity presented to an ambitious, energetic young man in the Canadian Northwest and articled as a student in the firm of Lougheed & Bennett of Calgary, Alberta, both of whom were cabinet ministers in the Meighen government. Later he continued his studies with the firm of Muir, Jepson & Adams and in September, 1912, was admitted to the bar. In 1914 he joined the firm of Muir, Jepson & Adams as junior partner and his activities in this connection brought him into contact with the United Grain Growers, Ltd., of Winnipeg, and when it decided to establish a legal department of its own in 1917 Mr. Brownlee was selected as its general counsel and he then withdrew from the firm of Muir, Jepson & Adams in order that he might give his undivided attention to the interests of this gigantic organization, whose annual business transactions total several millions of dollars. For five years he continued to represent that body in a professional capacity and the legal acumen which he displayed in the management of its interests brought him prominently before the public, resulting in his selection on August 15, 1921, by the United Farmers of Alberta as their attorney-general, which office he is now filling.

Mr. Brownlee was married at Toronto, on the 23d of December, 1912, to Miss Florence Agnes Edy, a graduate of McMaster University of that city and a daughter of James Edy, who there passed away January 31, 1890. Mr. and Mrs. Brownlee have become the parents of two sons: John Edy, who was born December 14, 1915; and Alan Marshall, born September 10, 1917. Mr. Brownlee maintains a progressive attitude in politics, supporting all movements calculated to advance the interests of good government, and his religious faith is in accord with the doctrines of the Methodist church. He is a Master Mason and a member of the Edmonton Board of Trade, the Edmonton Golf & Country Club, the Kiwanis Club of this city, St. Andrew's Golf Club and the Browness Golf Club of Calgary. His viewpoint of life is broad and concerning the vital questions which affect the political, economic and sociological conditions of the country he is always well informed. His advancement along professional lines has been continuous, bringing him to a position of notable and enviable distinction, and no man has a higher conception of the dignity and responsibility of his calling.

J. E. CARMICHAEL, M. D.

Dr. J. E. Carmichael, a representative of the medical profession in Edmonton, comes to this city from Ontario, his birth having occurred in Grenville county, that province, on the 3d of November, 1884. There he remained to the age of fourteen years, when he went to Strathcona with his parents, arriving in 1899. He continued his education, begun in the schools of the east, by further study in the Strathcona high school, after

which he took up the profession of teaching, which he successfully followed for four years. He regarded this, however, merely as an initial step to other professional labor, for it was his desire to enter upon the practice of medicine and it was by teaching that he earned the funds necessary to meet the expenses of a college course. When his own labor had made this possible he entered Queen's University of Ontario, matriculating in the fall of 1905, and there he won two degrees—one on the completion of a course in the science of sanitary engineering, and in 1911 he received the M. D., C. M. degree. He then spent one year in postgraduate work in New York city, after which he returned and secured a license to practice in Alberta in 1912. For three months he was connected with Dr. R. G. Brett in the hospital at Banff and then opened an office in Edmonton, where he continued in active general practice until he went into the World war.

In 1915 Dr. Carmichael enlisted for service in the World war, joining the Imperial army, and was commissioned lieutenant in the Royal Medical Corps. Later he was advanced to the rank of captain in the Canadian Army Medical Corps and was on active duty until November, 1919, when he was demobilized and returned to South Edmonton. At once he resumed the private practice of medicine, in which he has met with gratifying success.

In 1914 Dr. Carmichael was married to Miss Margaret May Lyons of Lucknow, Ontario, and they have become parents of three children: Jessie L.; and twin boys, John David and James Ernest. The religious faith of Dr. and Mrs. Carmichael is that of the Presbyterian church and they are interested in all that pertains to the general welfare and to public progress. Dr. Carmichael, however, has never figured prominently in connection with civic or political affairs, owing to the heavy demands made upon him for professional service. He now belongs to both the Alberta and Canadian Medical Associations.

WILLIAM A. HAMILTON.

William A. Hamilton of Lethbridge, engaged in the produce business and in farming, belongs to that class of citizens whose aid and influence are ever on the side of advancement and improvement and who thus constitute a most valuable and substantial element in the community. Mr. Hamilton was born in Simcoe district, Ontario, in the year 1867, and traces his ancestry back to Ireland, where occurred the birth of his grandfather, William Hamilton, who at an early day established his home in Quebec, becoming a resident there about 1830. He followed the occupation of farming and after some years spent in Quebec removed to Ontario, where his death occurred. He was the father of John Hamilton, who was born in Quebec, near the shrine of Ste. Anne. He started west when a youth of sixteen years, with western Ontario as his destination and he and his

brother James walked, carrying their tools, from Toronto through the woods to the claim which they took up. In the midst of the forest John Hamilton made a clearing and built a little cabin, becoming one of the earliest of the pioneers in that region. His brother remained only until his shack was built, after which he left John alone for the winter. The latter continued the work of clearing, developing and cultivating his land and became one of the substantial agriculturists of that region. He wedded Mary Tupper, who was born in Ontario, a daughter of Archelaus Tupper, who was a native of Maine but in early life removed to Quebec and afterward to Ontario. Following their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton continued to reside in that province to the time of their demise and reared a family of four children: William A.; J. F.. who is a civil engineer and farmer, living at Lethbridge; Mary, the wife of Albert Taylor of Foremost, Alberta; and Margaret, also a resident of Foremost. The parents were consistent and faithful members of the Methodist church and Mr. Hamilton was an Orangeman. In politics he was a Conservative and for many years served in the council in the township of Ospria and in the district council of Grey and Simcoe. He took a helpful interest in everything that pertained to the public welfare and his aid and influence were ever on the side of right, reform and progress.

William A. Hamilton was accorded good educational privileges in preparation for life's practical and responsible duties. After mastering the work of the grades he continued his studies in the high school at Collingwood, Ontario, and afterward entered the Ontario Normal College at Hamilton. Later he took up the profession of teaching at Bruce Mines, Ontario, there remaining for five years and in 1899 he became identified with the educational interests of Lethbridge, devoting sixteen years to teaching in this city. He came to Lethbridge as assistant principal, and later was made principal of the schools of this city and subsequently superintendent. His labors in the educational field were continued until 1915 and then he turned his attention to farming and continued in that work through the World war period. He still owns land in the vicinity of Lethbridge. He is now in business as a member of the Farm Products Company, Limited, with which he has been identified since July, 1919. This company was formed by farmers of Alberta for the purpose of marketing their produce and their orgnization has enjoyed success by reason of their enterprising and progressive methods.

In April, 1895, Mr. Hamilton was united in marriage to Miss Mary Metheral, who was born in Ontario, near Collingwood, a daughter of Thomas Metheral, who was a pioneer settler of Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton have become parents of four children but they lost their firstborn, John H., who was killed overseas, while serving in the Great war, on the 19th of November, 1917. He was a member of the Thirty-ninth Battery, Tenth Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, and became a sergeant. He met death in action at Passchendaele; Thomas F., the second son, educated in the Lethbridge public and high schools and in the Alberta University, was overseas as a member of the Seventy-eighth Battery and

later was with the Thirty-first Battery, remaining in the service for three years and winning the rank of sergeant. Mary Enid, educated in the schools of Lethbridge and in the Calgary Normal, is now a teacher in the city schools; Alan, who completed the high school course, is on his father's farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton are members of the Wesleyan Methodist church, Mr. Hamilton having served as one of the trustees for about twenty years. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity and to the Canadian Order of Foresters and in politics he is a Progressive. He has held official position in connection with the farmers' movement and became district director of the Lethbridge Constituency of the United Farmers of Alberta. He has always taken an active interest in everything pertaining to progress along agricultural lines and he was one of the pioneer sheep men of this section of the Dominion. He assisted in forming a company that engaged in sheep raising and was manager thereof, the company running from three to five thousand head of sheep through a five-year period from 1905 until 1910. Mr. Hamilton now devotes practically his entire time to the produce business, his farming interests and his duties in connection with the school board, of which he has been a member for two years. He is also the secretary of the United Farmers Association of the Lethbridge district, and he is constantly reaching out along the lines of progress and improvement.

GEORGE B. DAVIES.

George B. Davies, veteran of the World war, is managing director of the Lethbridge Iron Works at Lethbridge. He was born at Londonderry, Nova Scotia, on the 8th of August, 1895, a son of Edward and Elizabeth (Neil) Davies, both natives of Nova Scotia, born near Londonderry. The father is a substantial farmer. To Mr. and Mrs. Davies nine children were born, George B. being the youngest of the family. Mr. and Mrs. Davies are consistent communicants of the Presbyterian church.

In the acquirement of his education George B. Davies attended the public schools of Londonderry, Nova Scotia, and subsequently entered high school in Quebec and in Boston, Massachusetts. After putting his textbooks aside Mr. Davies entered the employ of the Canada Iron Corporation at Three Rivers, Quebec, determining to learn the business from the ground up. For two and one-half years previous to the outbreak of the World war he was employed in the Alberta Foundry & Machine Company, Limited, at Medicine Hat, Alberta. In December, 1914, Mr. Davies put all personal interests aside and enlisted in the 3d C. M. R. Regiment at Medicine Hat. He received his training there and left for England on the 15th of June, 1915, and the following year went to France. In the latter part of 1917 he entered the flying corps, receiving a captain's commission. He served as an instructor during the last twelve months of the war, being stationed at Reading and Yatesbury, England. During the

first six months of 1917 he was a flyer at the front. In May, 1919, Mr. Davies returned to Medicine Hat and received his honorable discharge. Prior to the war he was a first lieutenant in the 21st Alberta Hussars. Immediately after receiving his discharge Mr. Davies accepted a position as assistant superintendent of the Alberta Foundry at Medicine Hat, occupying that position until March, 1921, when he came to Lethbridge as managing director of the Lethbridge Iron Works, Limited. This plant was founded in 1902 and in 1922 was incorporated at one hundred thousand dollars. The officers of the works are: J. E. Davies of Medicine Hat; C. A. McGrath of Ottawa; C. B. McGrath of Ottawa; E. G. Sterndale of Bennett and George B. Davies. As a business man Mr. Davies is held in high respect and regard in his community because of his trustworthy methods and honest transactions. He has been quick to take advantage of every opportunity that has come his way and the success he enjoys is the result of his own intelligently directed efforts.

On the 25th of August, 1917, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Davies and Miss May C. Martin, a native of England. To their union two children have been born: Donald and Marjorie.

Mr. Davies is public-spirited, and he is interested in all movements or organizations which have for their purpose the protection or promotion of the interests of the business man and he is an active member of the Rotary Club.

RICHARD DUTHIE.

From 1917 until the time of his death in October, 1922, Richard Duthie lived retired in Pincher Creek. He was born in New Richmond, Quebec, on the 14th of November, 1848, a son of Samuel and Ann (Beers) Duthie, the former a native of the vicinity of New Richmond and the latter born in Manchester, England. The paternal grandfather, John Duthie, was born in Scotland, while the maternal grandfather, Jonathan Beers, was born in Ireland. The father was a lumberman for many years, working in the camps and loading ships. Later he farmed. He and his wife both died in Quebec. To Mr. and Mrs. Duthie nine children were born, Richard being the only one to come to Alberta.

Richard Duthie received his education in the common schools of the Province of Quebec and at the age of seventeen years went into the Alleghany mountains in Pennsylvania and worked in lumber camps for five years. At the termination of that time he returned to his old home and farmed.

In 1880, while engaged as canoeman for Princess Louise, whose husband, the Marquis of Lorne, was at that time governor general of Canada, Mr. Duthie was persuaded by Colonel De Winton, a member of the Marquis of Lorne's household, to go out west and engage in ranching. He went by rail to Fort Benton and from there by stage and horseback, eventually

arriving in Calgary in 1881. To gain experience in ranching he hired out with the Cochrane Ranche Company. The following year the Alberta Ranche Company was formed, having as shareholders: Colonel Sir Francis De Winton, F. F. MacKenzie, H. J. Hanson, E. M. Wilmot, Hon. Henry Boyle and Richard Duthie. The company purchased the Brecon Ranche, near Calgary, at the present site of De Winton and started out, at first as sheep ranchers, bringing in their sheep from Montana. Later they leased some 22,000 acres south of Pincher Creek, where they engaged in cattle and horse raising. The site of the home ranch, known as the Alberta Ranche, was purchased from a man named LeGrandeur. With LeGrandeur's claim they also obtained about three hundred head of horses, which were considered some of the finest horses in the district at that time. The company operated both ranches for a time, but having the true cowman's distaste for sheep they soon sold the Brecon Ranche and confined their attentions to cattle only.

They operated the Alberta Ranche for eighteen years and then sold the cattle, amounting at this time to some three thousand head, to E. H. Maunsell. Mr. Duthie was engaged as foreman of Maunsell's l. V. Ranche until 1907. He retained some 2,000 acres of the old Alberta Ranche, where he was occupied in ranching until he retired in 1917, and moved into Pincher Creek.

On the 18th of October, 1885, Mr. Duthie was married to Miss Theresa Clarke, a daughter of Alexander Clarke. To their union four children were born: Beatrice is the wife of Alexander McMurdo, who is connected with Fraser & McRoberts, merchants of Pincher Creek; Clarke is connected with the department of agriculture at Edmonton; Ethel is the wife of Frank McLaughlin, a prominent farmer of Spring Ridge; and Grant is living at home and is a teller in the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Mrs. Duthie is a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Duthie was independent in politics, giving his support to the man best fitted for the office without regard to party principles. He was also a Master Mason. His life was such as to merit the respect of his fellowmen and by his honesty, integrity and industry he contributed much toward the upbuilding of the community in which he was a representative citizen.

JOSEPHUS F. PHILP.

Josephus F. Philp, city ticket agent for the Canadian National Railroad at Edmonton, is a native of Port Hope, Ontario, born in 1874, his parents being Joseph and Elizabeth Jane (Couch) Philp, both of whom were natives of Cornwall, England, whence they came to Canada about 1854. The father followed the sea in England and after coming to the new world was a lake captain. He sailed the Great Lakes from Canadian ports, having his own vessel, and followed maritime pursuits throughout his life. Both he and his wife passed away in Ontario. They were mem-

bers of the Wesleyan Methodist Church and Captain Philp was a Liberal in his political views.

Josephus F. Philp was the eighth in order of birth in a family of nine children, four of whom are living. He was educated in the schools of Port Hope, Ontario, and initiated his business career by securing employment in the office of the Grand Trunk Railway, where he served as chief clerk in the local accounting office at Montreal. In 1911 he came to the west, settling in Calgary, making the trip on leave of absence. In 1908 he became identified with the Grand Trunk Pacific line, then under construction. For a number of years he was traveling agent, taking charge of express and passenger business, and when the road reached Edmonton he opened the office at this place. In 1920 the road was merged into what is now the Canadian National and Mr. Philp remains as city ticket agent at Edmonton for the latter corporation. He is a courteous and obliging official and one who most capably represents the company in handling the business at this point.

In 1899 Mr. Philp was married to Miss Florence Evelyn Brown, who was born in Midland, Ontario, where she pursued her education. They have two children: Donald, who was graduated from the University of Alberta, and is now attending the Ontario College of Art at Toronto; and Clarence W., a student in the University of Alberta.

Mr. and Mrs. Philp are members of the Methodist church and in social circles occupy an enviable position. Their sterling worth of character is attested by all and the personal qualities of Mr. Philp also make him a popular member in the clubs to which he belongs. He is identified with the Edmonton Club, the Mayfair Golf Club, the Capital Curling Club and is also a member of the Rotary Club, of which he has served as secretary and treasurer for four years. He was a real pioneer on the Grand Trunk Pacific, continuing with that line as it was extended into the western frontier. He rode in a car, cooked in a car and in fact, lived in a car, for one entire year. He witnessed the development of the line into a great railroad system and watched the growth and progress of the towns which sprang up along the route. When the road entered Edmonton the city took on new life and with the growth and progress here Mr. Philp has since been identified, the office being opened in 1912. He has been active in civic and community affairs, is a member of the Board of Trade and is a cooperant factor in all those forces which make for public progress and improvement.

HON. JAMES DUNCAN HYNDMAN.

Hon. James Duncan Hyndman is judge of the supreme court of Alberta and a resident of Edmonton. Mr. Justice Hyndman is a native of Prince Edward Island, his birth having occurred at Charlottetown, July 29, 1874, his parents being Charles Augustus and Catherine (Macdonald) Hynd-

man. His education was acquired in Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, and in early manhood he turned his attention to the study of law, reading under the direction of A. A. McLean, K. C. and M. P. of Queens. He was called to the bar in 1899 and soon afterward made his way westward to Winnipeg and to Portage la Prairie. There he entered into partnership with his uncle, now the Hon. Mr. Justice Macdonald, judge of the king's bench at Winnipeg. This association was maintained from 1899 until 1903 and in the latter year Mr. Justice Hyndman came to Edmonton, where he has since made his home and through the intervening period has given his attention to professional interests and duties. The fairness of his rulings, based upon a comprehensive knowledge of the principles of jurisprudence and his wise interpretation of the law, has gained him distinction as a representative of the legal profession in Alberta and has eventually brought him to high judicial preferment.

Five years after taking up his abode in Edmonton, Mr. Justice Hyndman was the unsuccessful candidate of the Conservative party for the house of commons from the Edmonton district. This was in 1908 and in 1913 he was an unsuccessful candidate for the Alberta legislature for Sturgeon. In 1910 he was chosen alderman of Edmonton, filling the position for two years, and in 1910 he was also made a member of the hospital board. The year 1914 brought him appointment to the position of justice of the Alberta supreme court and through the intervening period he has served on the bench.

In 1902 Mr. Justice Hyndman married Miss Ethel Davies, a daughter of Sir Louis Davies, minister of marine and fisheries in the first Laurier government and now chief justice of the supreme court of Canada. The children of this marriage are four sons and one daughter. The family residence is on Seventh street, Edmonton. Mr. Justice Hyndman is a member of the Anglican Church and fraternally is connected with the Masons. He also belongs to the Edmonton and Ranchmen's Clubs and his personal qualites make for popularity wherever he is known.

G. FRANK BUTLER.

A leading and esteemed citizen of Strathmore is G. Frank Butler, mayor, and manager of the Strathmore Trading Company. He was born in King township, Ontario, on the 26th of July, 1880, a son of John and Sarah (Davis) Butler, the former a native of Yorkshire, England, and the latter of Ontario. The paternal grandfather, Joseph Butler, was born in Yorkshire and came to Canada at an early day. He located in Ontario and was one of the pioneer settlers of the district in which he made his home. His demise occurred in Toronto. Clayton Davis, the grandfather on the maternal side, was born in Scotland, and he was one of the pioneers of Ontario, engaging in farming there for many years, and also worked at his trade as a blacksmith. He was hidden during the Rebellion.



G. FRANK BUTLER

His death occurred on the old home place. John Butler passed his third birthday on the ocean, as he was at that time on his way to Canada with his parents. He received his education in the common schools of King township, Ontario, and subsequently engaged in farming. Later he conducted a mercantile business at Temperanceville, Ontario, where he remained for three years. For some time he was in the real estate business in Toronto and later entered the employ of Brown Brothers of Toronto. His demise occurred in 1915, at the age of sixty-one years. His widow is making her home in Toronto. To their union four children were born: Charles A., who is a Ford dealer in Penticton, British Columbia; G. Frank, whose name introduces this review; Lillian Louise Gertrude, who is the wife of M. M. Downey, a government inspector of Edmonton; and T. E. C., who is a successful dentist in Toronto.

In the acquirement of his education G. Frank Butler attended the common schools of his birthplace and the Palmerston School, the Huron Street school and the Harvard Street Collegiate School, all of Toronto. Upon the completion of his education he entered the printing business in that city for six months, at the termination of which time he became associated with the John McDonald Company, a wholesale dry goods concern, and remained with that company for five years. When nineteen years of age he was sent by this company to Winnipeg, as its representative under William Ruff, and made an assorting trip between Winnipeg and Edmonton, carrying with him twenty-two trunks of merchandise. Later he returned to Toronto on a special trip to acquire dress goods. After resigning his position with the McDonald company, Mr. Butler became associated with the R. J. Whitlaw Company, traveling for them for about five years—throughout the west on the main railroad lines but on coming to Edmonton he drove from Edmonton to Fort Saskatchewan, there being no railroads here at that day. In 1908 he assisted in the formation of the Penngally-Askitt, Limited, a jewelry business located on Eighth avenue, Calgary. In February, 1910, he came to Strathmore and organized the Strathmore Trading Company, of which he is manager. The company was organized with a capital of six thousand dollars, which has increased to twenty thousand dollars. It carries a general and high grade line of merchandise and is one of the leading business enterprises in Strathmore. Mr. Butler is not only the manager of the company but he owns the building and has erected his own lighting plant. In the development of his business he has met with the success won by well organized methods, intelligently and capably executed, and he fully merits the esteem and respect accorded him by his fellow townsmen, as his career has been pursued in an honorable and upright manner. Mr. Butler has always been active in public life and he was a member of the city council from 1913 to 1918. In 1920 he was elected mayor of Strathmore and he is satisfactorily discharging the many duties devolving upon him.

On the 18th of December, 1907, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Butler and Miss Eva May Metcalfe, who was born in Burford, Ontario.

To their union four children have been born: Marguerite Gwendolyn; Edna May Francis; John Frederick Metcalfe and Gloria Vivian Rhea.

Fraternally Mr. Butler is identified with the Masons and since 1914 he has been a member of Cyprus Lodge, No. 33, of Calgary, and is a Noble of the Mystic Shrine. He is past master of Strathmore Lodge, No. 53, and past district deputy of the Grand Lodge of Alberta. He was one of the organizers of the Strathmore Chapter, No. 21, Royal Arch Masons and was first sitting principal. He is likewise past grand registrar of the Grand Chapter of Alberta. Mr. Butler is past Noble Grand and past district deputy grand master of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and past district deputy grand master of the Rebekahs of Alberta at Strathmore. He is a member of the executive committee of the Board of Trade, and socially is identified with the Strathmore Golf Club and he was one of the promoters of the Curling Club. He is an outdoor man and is skilled in many sports, being particularly fond of baseball and golf. Mr. Butler is a dog fancier, specializing in Airedales and English brindle bulldogs. He is an expert rifleman and does all kinds of fancy shooting. He is a self-made man in the truest sense of the word. A man of well balanced capacities and powers, he occupies a central place on the stage of action, for out of the struggle with small opportunities he has come into a field of broad and active influence and usefulness.

THOMAS S. GREGSON.

Thomas S. Gregson is one of the leading and prosperous business men of Cardston, where he is conducting a garage and has other interests. He was born in Haslingden, Lancashire, England, on the 29th of July, 1870, a son of John and Rosanna (Sinnott) Gregson, natives of Lancashire, England. The paternal grandfather, Robert Gregson, married Marguerite Stephenson. They were both born in Lancashire and she was related to George Stephenson, the inventor of the locomotive. Robert Gregson was the first of his family to join the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, becoming connected therewith in 1837 at Preston, England. He was a spinner by trade and was very successful. He lived in England throughout his life and was an elder in the church at the time of his demise. The maternal grandfather was John Sinnott, who was in military training the greater part of his life and his death was caused by a bullet wound received at the battle of Waterloo. John Gregson and his family emigrated to the United States in later life and in 1886 went to Utah. He was also a spinner, having learned the trade in his native country, but after locating in Utah he devoted the greater part of his time and attention to farming and stock raising. For some time he farmed near Layton, Utah, and in 1889 he came to Cardston, homesteading one hundred and sixty acres of land four miles east. His sons also homesteaded some land and together the family acquired four hundred and eighty-eight acres.

The land was barren prairie land and Mr. Gregson hauled logs from the mountains, a distance of twenty-six miles, for the first house he built on it. He did his trading and buying at Lethbridge and Macleod, following a trail and fording many streams. He broke a portion of his land after much hard labor and he became one of the prosperous farmers and stockmen in the district. His demise occurred in 1911, at the age of eighty-four years. Mrs. Gregson died in 1905, when sixty-three years of age. To them the following children were born: John, whose death occurred in infancy; Robert, who died in 1920, was a resident of Cardston for many years; James, who is farming at Cardston; Andrew, who is engaged in the conduct of a confectionery store at Conrad, Montana; Elizabeth, who died in infancy; Mary, the wife of James Sherwood of California; Thomas S., whose name introduces this review; John, who died in infancy; Alexander, who is engaged in farming at Glenwood; twins, who died in infancy; Rachael, who is the wife of Thomas Archibald of Glenwood, a successful farmer; and Lillie, the widow of Michael Archibald of Glenwood. Formerly the family were members of the Methodist church but for many years have been affiliated with the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. Mr. Gregson was an elder in the church at the time of his demise.

The public schools of his native country afforded Thomas S. Gregson his early education and after locating in Utah with his parents, he entered the Brigham Young University at Provo. In 1889 he came to Canada with his parents and homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of land twelve miles southeast of Cardston. He built on the land a log house, with a shingle roof and then set about to bring the prairie to a highly cultivated state. He was very successful and from time to time increased his land holdings, buying railroad land near the original homestead. He engaged in general farming and stock raising and at one time ran five hundred head of cattle. Mr. Gregson was one of the organizers of the Etna Creamery Company of Etna and for three years was manager and director of that enterprise. In 1919 he retired from farm life and in association with J. F. Nielsen built the Grand Garage in Cardston, a store fifty by one hundred feet. It has well appointed salesrooms and a well equipped repair shop, and handles a complete line of Fords, Fordson tractors and Ford trucks. It carries a full line of automobile accessories and also represents the International Harvester Company in Cardston, the Minneapolis Steel & Machine Company and the Twin City Tractor Company.

In 1897 Mr. Gregson was married to Miss Anna Benson, who was born in Union, Utah, and to their union eleven children have been born: Thomas T., Harold, Percy, Anna, Leland, Lloyd, June, Winston and Mae, all of whom are living at home; and two others who died in infancy.

In his political views Mr. Gregson is a Conservative and he maintains an active interest in party affairs. At the present time he is serving as justice of the peace of the Province of Alberta and for six years was a member of the school board at Etna. He is an active worker in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, being a member of the high council of the church, holding the position of high priest, and he presided at Kim-

ball, Alberta, as bishop of Kimball for three years. From 1906 to 1908 he served on a mission in England and was stationed at Liverpool, and while there presided over the Liverpool conference. Mr. Gregson is prominently known in Cardston and Cardston district as one of the substantial citizens and prosperous business men who owes his advancement in life entirely to his own perseverance and well directed labor. His many friends hold him in high esteem and confidence, by reason of his trustworthy characteristics, his integrity in business and his loyalty in all matters of citizenship.

WILLIAM THOMAS OGDEN.

Among the enterprising and public-spirited men of Stirling is William Thomas Ogden, who was born in Enterprise, Utah, on the 16th of May, 1870, a son of William G. and Sarah (Harris) Ogden, natives of England. They came to this country in 1853 and emigrated overland with oxen to Utah in 1853. The paternal grandfather, Edward Ogden, died on the trip and was buried in Wyoming. He was a native of Cheshire, England, and a son of Isaac Ogden, who was a son of Thomas Ogden. After settling in Utah William G. Ogden purchased some land from the Pacific Railroad and he was a pioneer in the community in which he took up his home. In later years he removed to Morgan county. Throughout his life he was a consistent member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and for many years he was an elder in the church. His political allegiance was given to the republican party and he was active in civic affairs. Mr. Ogden died in 1898, at the age of seventy-six years and his first wife died in 1877, in her twenty-eighth year. To their union six children were born: William Thomas, whose name introduces this review; Sarah A., who is the wife of H. Jackson of Ogden; Joseph H., who resides in Slaterville, Utah; Nephi, who is engaged in the mercantile business in Ogden; Daniel H., who was born in 1876 and died at Ogden in 1884; and Alice E., whose death occurred in infancy. Mr. Ogden was married the second time, Miss Jane McKibben, a native of Scotland, becoming his wife. They were parents of one child, who died in infancy.

In the acquirement of his education William Thomas Ogden attended the common schools of Ogden and in due time was graduated from high school. After putting his textbooks aside he engaged in farming and bricklaying and subsequently came to Stirling, arriving here at midnight of June 8, 1899. He worked on an irrigation canal for some time after his arrival and subsequently purchased some land at three dollars per acre, bring it to a highly improved state. When Mr. Ogden came to this section of Alberta there were but six houses here and he used a box car to sleep in the first night. He became successful as a farmer and he now owns some two hundred and twenty acres. In 1919 he built a fine home, modern in every respect, at a cost of fifteen thousand dollars. Mr. Ogden has

done much to make the surrounding country beautiful and he has set out more trees than any other resident in Stirling.

Mr. Ogden married Miss Elmyra L. Watson, a native of Dekalb county, Tennessee, and to them five children have been born: the eldest child, Stirling, was born in Stirling and is now engaged in mission work for the church in Tennessee; Alice A. and John W. are living at home; Katie May died at the age of three years, and Warren H. died at the age of three months. The mother died in September, 1908. On the 15th of July, 1909, Mr. Ogden married Nettie May Eaves, who was born in Peterson, Clay county, Iowa. She was the widow of Robert O. Eaves and has three children by that marriage—Valentine, William and Merlin A., all residing at home. To her marriage with Mr. Ogden four children have been born: Thomas T., Gladys B., May U., and Roy A., likewise living at home.

Mr. Ogden is very public-spirited and he takes an active interest in civic affairs. For six years he has been a member of the school board and has served as village overseer and justice of the peace for two terms and was constable for two terms. He has been collector of the village and was elected assessor and watermaster in 1921. He has been secretary-treasurer of the Literary and Debating Society for two years. He is likewise president of the Stirling Brass Band. Since 1906 Mr. Ogden has been bishop councilor in the Taylor Stake and he has been an elder in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints since 1894. He was on a mission in Tennessee from 1894 to 1897. Mr. Ogden is held in high esteem in this community, toward the development of which he has substantially contributed through his able management of his own affairs no less than through his active cooperation in promoting various public movements which have for their object the betterment of local conditions.

WILLIAM VICTOR NEWSON, B. A., M. Sc.

William V. Newson is a man of scholarly attainments who looks at life from a broad viewpoint and he is therefore well qualified for the office of deputy provincial treasurer of Alberta, in which he has been retained for a period of twelve years. He was born in Charlottetown, in Prince Edward Island, October 17, 1877, and his parents were John and Elizabeth Ann (Hutcheson) Newson. The father was also a native of that island, where he spent his life. He occupied a prominent position in his locality, attaining distinction as an antiquarian, historian and manufacturer. He was born in Cornwall in 1840, and his death occurred in 1916, when he was seventy-six years of age. The mother was born in Guysborough, Nova Scotia, in 1841, and is now residing in Charlottetown.

In the acquirement of an education William Victor Newson attended the West Kent school, the Prince of Wales College at Charlottetown,

Prince Edward Island, the McGill Normal School and McGill University at Montreal, from which latter institution he was graduated in 1900, with the B. A. degree. In 1901 he completed a postgraduate course in the last named institution, which conferred upon him the degree of M. Sc., and on March 19 of that year he was awarded a fellowship in geology by the University of Chicago, while in 1908 he received from the University of Alberta the degree of A. B. ad eundem. Liberally equipped by thorough collegiate training, he turned his attention to educational work and from 1901 until 1905 was principal of the West Kent school at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. He spent the scholastic year of 1905-6 as science master at Alberta College, Edmonton, and then entered the government service as assistant to the provincial auditor at Edmonton, filling that position until 1911, when he received his present appointment as deputy provincial treasurer, while since 1912 he has acted as superintendent of insurance. His course has won high commendation, for he is systematic, efficient and conscientious in the discharge of his responsible duties and is doing effective service for the public good.

Mr. Newson was married in Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, on December 6, 1910, to Miss Mary Ethel Hughes, a daughter of Hon. George E. Hughes, and they have three sons and two daughters: William Kitchener, David Hughes, Frank Major, Helen Patricia and Ruth Gordon. Mr. Newson is a Methodist in religious faith. His success as an educator is indicated in the fact that he was honored with the presidency of the Charlottetown Teachers' Association, serving in that capacity during 1903 and 1904. Fraternally he is identified with the Knights of Pythias and for recreation he turns to tennis. He regards a public office as a public trust and has never used his talents unworthily nor supported a dishonorable cause. His entire career has been actuated by a spirit of progress that has been productive of substantial results and he is a man whom to know is to esteem and admire.

WILLIAM JAMES LOGGIE.

William James Loggie, a member of the Wetaskiwin bar, was born in New Brunswick in 1867, a son of Robert and Grace (Hierlihy) Loggie, who were also natives of New Brunswick, where the father died in 1917, but the mother still makes her home there. Robert Loggie engaged in the lumber business throughout his life and was a member of the Presbyterian church and of the Masonic fraternity.

William J. Loggie is the eldest of a family of ten children, eight of whom are living. He pursued his education in the grammar schools of Chatham, New Brunswick, and afterward attended Dalhousie University at Halifax, from which he was graduated in 1896, with the LL. B. degree. He entered upon the practice of his chosen profession in Chatham, New

Brunswick, where he remained until 1904 and then opened an office in Wetaskiwin, Alberta, in which city he still resides. He is a King's Counsel and also a bencher and he practices in all of the courts. In politics he has maintained an independent course and in 1917 he served as mayor of Wetaskiwin. He attends the Presbyterian church.

BERTRAM S. SMITH.

Bertram S. Smith, one of Calgary's leading citizens, has been in the service of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for sixteen years and through ability and devotion to duty has steadily advanced until he now fills a position of large responsibility as superintendent of the development branch of the department of natural resources. He was born in Leeds, England, February 7, 1875, and his parents, John and Ann (Nuttall) Smith, were also natives of the mother country. The father was business representative in Lancashire for Stuart McDonald of Glasgow, Scotland, and his death occurred in 1910, when he was sixty-five years of age. He is survived by the mother, who is living in Rochdale, England.

Bertram S. Smith was reared in Yorkshire and pursued his studies in the Woodhouse Grove school of that locality. He was afterward articled to the builder's trade and for seven years was with the contracting firm of W. A. Peters & Sons. He then took up surveying with the firm of Rualt & Young of London and for eight years was in its employ. In 1906, when thirty-one years of age, he came to Canada and accepted a position in the land office of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Winnipeg, Manitoba. In 1907 he was transferred to the irrigation department at Calgary and in the same year was made chief draughtsman for the engineering branch. Later he became assistant engineer, in charge of architectural townsite and right of way, and in 1913 assumed the duties of assistant superintendent of the development branch of the department of natural resources. In the following year he was promoted to the position of superintendent of that branch, in which connection it is his task to make provision for all permanent improvements on the company's developed lands. Their faith in his ability has been amply justified and he performs the work assigned him with efficiency and conscientiousness.

In September, 1919, Mr. Smith was united in marriage to Edith Isabella Harding Thompson and they have two sons: John Stanley and David Stewart. For a number of years Mr. Smith was connected with the Canadian Militia and from 1915 until the close of the World war he served as a lieutenant in the One Hundred and Third Regiment of Calgary Rifles. He was made honorary secretary of the Calgary branch of Patriotic Friends and is loyal, progressive and public-spirited in all matters of citizenship. He is nonpartisan in his political views, reserving the

right to vote according to the dictates of his judgment. As a member of the Calgary Board of Trade he is working for the industrial expansion of his city and through his connection with St. Andrew's Golf Club he obtains recreation and diversion. His labors have been of a constructive nature, directed into those channels through which flows the greatest and most permanent good to the greatest number, and he is recognized as a man of substantial worth, thoroughly trustworthy and dependable in every relation of life.

BERNARD R. MOONEY, M. D.

The practitioner of medicine must, according to public demand, be ever genial and sympathetic, as well as learned in the science which forms the basis of his professional service. Dr. Bernard R. Mooney fully meets the requirements of the profession and since establishing his office in Fort Saskatchewan success has attended his efforts. He was born in Windsor, Ontario, February 11, 1885, of the marriage of Edward D. and Margaret (Dixon) Mooney, both natives of that province. The father has passed away. The mother still makes her home in Windsor. They were the parents of six children, three of whom met death in a railroad accident in Ontario. Those who survive are: The subject of this review and two sisters who reside in Windsor.

Bernard R. Mooney obtained his preliminary education in the public schools of his native city and afterward took up the study of medicine, entering the Western University of Ontario, from which he was graduated in 1910. Believing that the west afforded a better field for his professional labors, he started for this province in the same year and first located in Calgary, remaining in that city for four years. In 1914 he removed to Fort Saskatchewan, in the Victoria district of Alberta, and continued to practice here until March, 1916, when he enlisted for service in the World war, joining the One Hundred and Fifty-first Battalion. He was sent overseas and was wounded on November 4, 1917, being sent to a hospital for treatment. He did not return to the front, but is still on the reserve list and subject to call should the country have need of his services. On returning to Canada he resumed his professional activities at Fort Saskatchewan and a liberal practice has been accorded him in recognition of his skill in battling with disease. In 1922-23 the Doctor took postgraduate work in New York, Chicago, Detroit and Winnipeg. In June, 1923, he moved to Edmonton and opened offices in the Teglar building, specializing in X-ray diagnosis and treatment.

Dr. Mooney married Miss Elizabeth Ouellette, also a native of the province of Ontario, and they have become the parents of nine children, eight of whom are living, namely: Margaret, Bernard, Edward John, Alma Loretta, Martha Marie, Wilfrid Laurier and Laura, twins, Elizabeth and Francis. Dr. and Mrs. Mooney are communicants of the Cath-

olic church and he is also a member of the Knights of Columbus. He is deeply interested in his profession and close study, careful analysis, natural talent and acquired ability have placed him with the leading medical practitioners of his district.

GEORGE H. HUTTON.

George H. Hutton, superintendent of agriculture and animal husbandry for the Canadian Pacific Railway, with offices at Calgary, is fully equal to the demands of this responsible position and the company was fortunate in securing the services of a man of his ability and experience. He was born in Granville county, Ontario, February 18, 1878, a son of George and Eliza (Hall) Hutton, who are also natives of that province. George Hutton has devoted many years to agricultural pursuits, taking over his father's farm, which he operated for twenty-seven years, and afterward came to this province. He located at Lacombe, Alberta, where he still resides, and the mother is also living.

Reared in his native province, George H. Hutton there attended the public schools and a business college, afterward enrolling as a student at the Ontario Agricultural College from which he was graduated in 1900. He then took charge of the operation of the family home farm while he also cultivated his own adjoining land, and later accepted the position of manager of the Dominion experimental station at Lacombe, Alberta, which had just been established, this being the smallest station in Canada at that time. Mr. Hutton supervised the erection of all of the buildings and this is now the largest station in the Dominion. Starting with one hundred acres, it is operating five hundred acres at present and carries a thousand head of live stock. The credit for its development is due to Mr. Hutton, who was in control of the station for thirteen years, from 1906 to 1919. His success in that connection drew to him much favorable attention and the government offered him the position of director of experimental farms for the Dominion, but he decided to enter the service of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and has since been superintendent of agriculture and animal husbandry. Scientific training and ripe experience well qualified him for so important an office and he also has the executive force necessary to direct the labors of those under him. He has supervision of the farms at Chancellor, Tilley, Coaldale, Chin and Strathmore, Alberta, in addition to other farms that may be developed from time to time in various parts of the west. The main object in establishing the farms was to provide high quality products for the hotels conducted by the company and for its dining car service. The live stock operations of the department have included the sale of cattle to settlers in irrigated areas and the business in this connection has totaled approximately one million dollars, the percentage of loss being very light, thus indicating the stability of the live stock market. The com-

pany maintains the largest herd of pure-bred Holsteins in Canada, with the object of building up the dairy industry in the west, and its surplus stock is available to settlers at reasonable prices. Large areas of land are seeded to alfalfa each year for the purpose of demonstrating the feasibility of growing this crop and economic benefits are resulting therefrom. The strongest single phase of the operation of any of these farms is the definite information obtainable as to the cost of production of any product marketed therefrom, and the work which Mr. Hutton is directing is of inestimable value in promoting the upbuilding and development of one of the richest agricultural sections in the world. In addition to the discharge of these duties he is also operating a farm of four hundred acres in the Lacombe district of Alberta, on which he grows seed grain, also raising pure-bred shorthorn cattle and Yorkshire hogs.

In June, 1903, Mr. Hutton was united in marriage to Miss Annie M. Coon and they have four children: Herbert H., Wilfred, Walter Lloyd and Dorothy E., aged, respectively, fifteen, twelve, seven and four years. Mr. Hutton is a member of the Central Methodist Episcopal church and his deep interest in the welfare and progress of his city has led to his connection with the Calgary Board of Trade. He is a Scottish Rite Mason and also has membership in the Rotary Club. He is president of the Western Canada Live Stock Union, an organization composed of the representatives of practically all societies of this character in the four western provinces, and is serving the Alberta Cattle Breeders' Association in a similar capacity. He is a director of the Calgary Exhibition, of the Alberta Sheep and Swine Breeders' Association, and also of the Commercial Life Insurance Company of Edmonton, Alberta. He has devoted his life to the science of agriculture, of which he has acquired a highly specialized knowledge, and his contribution to the world's work has been one of utmost value and importance.

EDGAR WILLIAM ALLIN, M. D., C. M.

Dr. Edgar William Allin, who enjoys an enviable reputation as one of the leading surgeons of Edmonton and western Canada, was born in Bowmanville, Ontario, on the 14th of September, 1875, a son of Samuel and Jane (Elford) Allin, representing an old family of Devonshire, England, which for many generations owned land south of Bideford. The father, whose birth occurred near Holsworthy, Devonshire, in 1832 and who devoted his attention to farming and stock breeding throughout his active career, passed away at Bowmanville, Ontario, at the advanced age of eighty-six years. The mother, who was born in the vicinity of Bowmanville, Ontario, in 1839, is still living and makes her home at that place.

In the acquirement of an education Edgar W. Allin attended the Bowmanville high school, while his professional training was received in



EDGAR W. ALLIN, M. D.

Trinity Medical College of Toronto, which in 1902 conferred upon him the degrees of M. D., C. M. The following year he became a member of the Royal College of Surgeons (England), and Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians (London). After taking his examination in London, he spent four years in hospital resident work, ending with a year —1906-07—at the Prince of Wales Hospital in London, and from 1908 until 1910 he acted as surgeon for the Toronto Orthopedic Hospital. The year 1909 witnessed his arrival in Alberta. He has displayed marked skill as a surgeon and has become widely recognized as one of the foremost specialists in this field not only in Edmonton but throughout western Canada. In 1915 he became a fellow of the American College of Surgeons. His high standing in professional circles is indicated in the fact that he was honored with the vice presidency of the American College of Surgeons in 1916, served as president of the Edmonton Academy of Medicine in 1917 and is now vice president of the Alberta Medical Association. Extensive and important as have been his professional interests, he has found time for activity along other lines. He occupies the vice presidency of the Commercial Life Insurance Company of Edmonton, also deals in farm mortgages and is a stockholder of the Canadian Pacific Railroad.

In Stroud, Gloucestershire, England, in 1907, Dr. Allin was united in marriage to Miss Rose Mary Kember, daughter of Charles Kember, Esq., of London, England, and Durban, South Africa, who was manager of the London & South African Bank at Durban and lost his life in the Zulu uprising of 1879. Dr. and Mrs. Allin have five children, namely: Eardley, Leila, Marjorie, Rosalynd and Dorothy. Dr. Allin is a popular member of the Edmonton Golf & Country Club, the Mayfair Golf Club and the Granite Curling Club—associations which indicate the nature of his recreation and relaxation.

MARION L. STODDARD.

In the passing of Marion L. Stoddard, Cardston lost a pioneer citizen, one who contributed to a great degree in the development and improvement of this district. He was born in Centerville, Utah, on the 8th of September, 1852, a son of Judson Stoddard, who crossed the plains to Utah with the early pioneers of that state. The father was a member of Brigham Young's company. He was born in upper Canada in 1823 and first located in Missouri, later removing to Nauvoo, Illinois. In 1849 he moved to North Canyon, Utah, later to Centerville and finally to Farmington. He was the owner of one of the first sawmills in that territory. His demise occurred on the 7th of January, 1870.

In the acquirement of his education Marion L. Stoddard attended the public schools of Utah until he reached the age of fifteen years. At that time he put his textbooks aside and engaged in freighting, driving a string of mules. He freighted from Omaha, Nebraska, to Utah, until

Indians stole his mules. He then began to buy and sell cattle at Farmington, incidentally raising some live stock, and subsequently he moved into the state of Idaho, near St. Anthony, where he took up land and became one of the most extensive ranchers of that day, devoting his entire time and attention to his stock interests. In 1892 he came to Cardston, making the trip overland and bringing with him a number of horses, and he homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of raw prairie land, ten miles south of Cardston. There were no fences on the land at that time, and his first house was built of logs which he hauled from the mountains, and Lethbridge, sixty-six miles distant, was his nearest base of supplies. There were no roads, only trails, and many streams had to be forded in making the journey. After proving up on the homestead Mr. Stoddard purchased more land and bought and sold live stock and also raised horses and cattle. He owned more than one thousand acres of well improved land in this district at one time. Mr. Stoddard kept his family in Cardston in order to give his children better educational advantages, and subsequently he became associated with Mark Spencer, in the establishment of the Spencer & Stoddard Mercantile Company in Cardston. They also erected the Spencer Hotel, which they later leased, and after several years of successful partnership, Mr. Stoddard withdrew and retired from active life. His demise occurred on the 4th of September, 1916.

On September 26, 1872, Mr. Stoddard married Harriett Stoddard, who was born in California December 8, 1856, a daughter of Arvin M. Stoddard, who was born in Toronto, Canada, on the 1st of September, 1826. In 1847 he went with pioneers to Salt Lake valley where he took up his residence in Salt Lake, but later went back to California, whence he had gone during the gold excitement. In 1872 he removed to Milford, locating a homestead where the town of Milford now stands. He was one of the pioneer settlers of Utah and farmed and also conducted a hotel and was one of the most deservedly successful men in his community. To Mr. and Mrs. Marion L. Stoddard the following children were born; Effie, who is the wife of James Hansen, a prominent farmer of Cardston; Marion, whose demise occurred in infancy; Lola, who is the wife of Brigham Lamb, a successful merchant of Cardston; Hattie, deceased, who was the wife of S. M. Woolf; A. J., further mention of whom will be made below; Rhoda, deceased, who was the wife of F. W. Woolf; Leo, deceased; George O., engaged in the brokerage business in Los Angeles, California; Alta, the wife of V. V. Spencer, a merchant of Cardston; Wynona, the wife of Frank McMillen, a salesman with headquarters in Edmonton; Mabel, who is teaching school in Cardston; and Douglas, who is a farmer. Mrs. Stoddard continues to make her home in Cardston. The family are all members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. Mr. Stoddard was a stanch supporter of the Liberal party throughout his life, and he was actively and helpfully interested in all matters relative to the progress and improvement of this section, giving his support to many measures for the public good. As a business man he was thor-

oughly reliable and his honesty in all the relations of life was one of the important factors in his substantial success.

Arvin J. Stoddard was born in Georgetown, Idaho, in 1882. He received his education in the public schools of Cardston, where he came with his parents in childhood, and after putting his textbooks aside he bought and sold cattle on his own account. He now owns and operates seven hundred and twenty acres of land, following general farming and he also owns the Spencer Hotel in Cardston. Like his father, he has always been straightforward and reliable in his business dealings and he commands the full confidence of those with whom he is associated.

Arvin J. Stoddard married Miss Eva Layton, a daughter of James A. Layton, a prominent farmer of Cardston. To their union two children have been born: Marion H. and Leon C., both of whom are living at home. They are all members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and Mr. Stoddard devotes a great deal of his spare time to the church. Since 1919 he has conducted the Odeon Dance Hall in Cardston and is making a success of the venture. He is public-spirited and no movement for the development and improvement of the community seeks his aid in vain.

NORMAN K. LUXTON.

Norman K. Luxton's life has been one of varied activity and interesting experiences. As a resident of Banff he has contributed in a great degree to the development and improvement of various enterprises and no history of the province of Alberta would be complete without extended mention of him. He is a native son of Canada, his birth occurring in Winnipeg, on the 2d of November, 1876. He is a son of William Fisher and Sarah (Edwards) Luxton, the former a native of Devonshire, England, and the latter of Ontario. The father was about four or five years of age when his parents brought him to this country, and upon reaching man's estate he engaged in the newspaper business, founding the Manitoba Free Press at Winnipeg, which he conducted for thirty years and then retired. He lived in Winnipeg until his death on November 15, 1907. He was a man of genial and pleasing personality and won the confidence and esteem of all with whom he came into contact, and his death was lamented by many friends as well as his immediate family. Mrs. Luxton survives her husband and is residing in St. Paul.

In the pursuit of his education Norman K. Luxton attended the public schools of Winnipeg and subsequently entered the Collegiate Institute. Upon the completion of his literary education he became an apprentice to the printing trade, starting in the printing office of his father's newspaper. He worked his way up from the very bottom and in 1897 went to Calgary and accepted a position as business manager for the Calgary Herald, where he served one year and then started for the Klondike.

He stopped at Peace river and in partnership with John J. Young published the Brand Book, one of the largest and most important publications of its kind in Canada, being of especial interest to the ranchers. Subsequently Mr. Luxton went to Vancouver and there published the Kootenay and Klondike Guide, which is being published at the present time. Mr. Luxton then headed an organization of business men and published the Town Topics of Vancouver and the Black and White at Victoria. No subscriptions were solicited for these publications but from nine to ten thousand copies of them were sold each week on the streets. Town Topics sold for ten cents a copy.

Mr. Luxton inherited more or less of a roving disposition and he was fond of adventure. In 1899, with Captain John Voss as his only companion, Mr. Luxton made a trip across the Pacific ocean in the "Tilikum," which was fashioned from a huge red cedar log and had a capacity of two and one-half tons. Mr. Luxton paid eight dollars for the craft and it cost him eleven hundred and fifty dollars to outfit it for its sea-going trip. The "Tilikum" was a trim little craft with a twenty-eight foot keel, boasted a six-foot cabin and carried three sails. Mr. Luxton and the Captain landed at forty-two islands during their trip and covered fourteen thousand miles, though they met with much bad weather and the boat was twice wrecked. Mr. Luxton left the boat at Australia and Captain Voss went on to England. Mr. Luxton worked his way back to this country on a Canadian Pacific Railroad Company's boat and as soon as he landed in Canada came immediately to Banff to regain his health, and soon afterward he bought the Crag & Canyon from Dr. White and has since published it successfully and has a most modern plant. Aside from his newspaper interests Mr. Luxton built and owns the Luxton business block and is part owner of the Hotel Edward, a well known hostelry here.

In November of the year 1904 Mr. Luxton was married to Miss Georgia E. McDougall, a daughter of David and Annie (McKenzie) McDougall, the latter a native of Ontario. In 1862 Mr. McDougall came to Alberta and has the distinction of being the oldest white man in this province, his residence now being in Calgary. During his active life he was a rancher and trader and he owns a ranch fifteen or sixteen miles in radius. Mr. and Mrs. Luxton have one child: Eleanor Georgia, whose birth occurred in July, 1908, and who is a student in the local high school.

Since attaining his majority Mr. Luxton has given his political allegiance to the Liberal party, maintaining an active interest in party affairs, and was elected in 1923, for three years, to Banff town council. His religious faith is that of the Baptist church. Mr. Luxton is essentially public-spirited and he has been a dominant factor in the furtherance of many movements for the development and improvement of Banff and the province. For seventeen years he fought for a town council here and eventually succeeded, through Senator Lougheed, who was at that time minister of the interior, and could see Mr. Luxton's point of view. He was an active factor in the organization of the Citizens' Council and together with B. W. Collison, extended mention of whom is made on an-

other page of this work, he organized the famous Banff Winter Carnival that has brought visitors here from every section of the world. Mr. Luxton is a member of the Banff Golf Club and the Curling Club and also of the Banff Gun Club, which latter body he organized. He is a self-made man in the truest sense of the word and as such he is accorded the confidence and esteem of all who know him. He possesses a most genial and pleasing personality and his friends throughout the Dominion are legion.

EVERETT THOMAS LOVE.

Everett Thomas Love of Edmonton has long been prominently identified with the dairy industry and perhaps there is no one in this province better able to speak with authority upon questions relating thereto. His advancement has been continuous by reason of his broad study and wide experience and he has been a most important factor in the development of the dairy interests in this section of Canada. Mr. Love is a native of the United States, his birth having occurred in St. Clairsville, Belmont county, Ohio, September 25, 1886, his parents being Thomas Rusk and Euphemia Elinda (Morgan) Love. He is descended from Irish ancestry, his great-grandfather and grandmother having emigrated from Ireland to the United States about 1790, at which time settlement was made in Pennsylvania, while later a removal took the family to Ohio. This Mr. Love was a merchant trader, plying boats on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. He contracted yellow fever on one of these trips and died in New Orleans before the birth of his son, who was the grandfather of Everett T. Love. The grandfather was truly a self-made man, his progress and advancement being due entirely to his own capability and efforts. Eventually he became a minister of the United Presbyterian church and won the degrees of D. D. and LL. D. He was also a prominent farmer, acquiring large landed interests, in the development and cultivation of which he displayed marked business ability. The grandfather of Everett T. Love on the maternal side was also a pioneer settler of Ohio and became a prosperous agriculturist but in later years turned his attention to trading in wool and live stock, in which connection he developed a business of substantial and gratifying proportions. The parents of Everett T. Love were hard working farming people, leading lives of unremitting industry and about two years ago they removed from Ohio to Alberta. There were but two children in their family, the brother of E. T. Love being also a resident of Edmonton.

In the acquirement of his education Everett T. Love attended the high school of St. Clairsville, Ohio, where he completed his studies as a member of the class of 1905. He was graduated from the State College at Pullman, Washington, in 1912, with the degree of Bachelor of Science in agriculture. He may truly be called a self-made man, having justly won this proud title. He obtained his education through his determina-

tion, whereby he formulated and executed the plans that enabled him to pursue his college course. While a college student he managed the Y. M. C. A. dormitory for free rent and he also worked on Saturdays during the school year in a shoe store, while in the summer months he was employed in connection with the different departments of the Experimental Station Farm. During his college career he was honored by his fellow students in several ways, such as being made business manager of the Monthly Agricultural Magazine of the college during his sophomore year and manager of the Class Annual during his junior year. In this way he received his business training, together with his class work and hour work for pay, when he had time, in the college creamery. The experience of marketing the butter from this creamery in Spokane at various periods during his junior and senior years was of value to him in a business way and from each activity in his life he learned the lessons therein to be gained. His educational training, however, was not continuous, for in early manhood, before entering upon his college work, he was principal of the school at Fairpoint, Belmont county, Ohio, in 1905-06, and in the latter year became surveyor on the Spokane, Portland & Seattle Railroad, a position which he occupied for fifteen months. While still engaged in surveying and before deciding to enter the State College of Washington, he had an offer from the Northern Pacific Railroad to go to China for three years in survey work for the railroad company but after due deliberation finally refused, in order to promote his education. It was then that he entered the State College of Washington and following his graduation therefrom he obtained a position as principal of a high school in western Washington and director of the West Side Experiment Station. He resigned, however, without entering upon the active duties of the position, in order to become dairy inspector in the city of Edmonton. After serving in that capacity for three months he resigned to become manager of the Woodland Dairy, Limited, of Edmonton, which position he has held continuously to the present time. In this connection he controls a business of extensive proportions and the responsibilities and duties that devolve upon him are extensive and onerous. He is thoroughly adequate to the demands made upon his energy and he displays marked administrative direction and executive ability in controlling the interests of the company. He is today a director and the secretary and treasurer of the Woodland Dairy, Limited, and president of the Woodland Dairy of Innisfail, Limited, at Innisfail, Alberta. His position as a representative of the dairy interests of western Canada is a prominent one. He was appointed secretary-treasurer of the Alberta Dairymen's Association in 1917 and is still active in that capacity. He also holds the same position in the manufacturer's section of the association. He was a member of the board of the National Dairy Council of Canada in 1918-19 and he has also held and still holds several positions as director in various western Canada dairy organizations. He is now a member of the advisory committee of the National Dairy Council for 1922-3 and he was recently elected to the position of chairman of the

agricultural section of the Board of Trade of the city of Edmonton for one year.

At Spokane, Washington, on the 18th of March, 1912, Mr. Love was married to Miss Anna Elizabeth Schneider, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Schneider of Plaza, Washington. They were pioneer settlers of the Great Palouse country of Washington, where Mr. Schneider homesteaded and where he was extensively engaged in farming for many years, while later he became a prominent real estate man of Edmonton and is now living retired in Los Angeles, California, being ranked with the men of affluence in that city. Mr. and Mrs. Love have become the parents of four children: William Thomas, Edwin Phillip and twin sons, Harold Houston and Norman Howard, all living. The religious faith of the family is that of the Presbyterian church, their membership being in Westminster church in Edmonton. The military chapter in the life record of Mr. Love covers three years of training in the military department of the State College of Washington. In politics he maintains an independent course, supporting men and measures calculated to promote the welfare and progress of the community. He is a member of the Board of Trade and of the Kiwanis Club. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity, to the Phi Delta Theta and to the Alpha Zeta, two Greek letter fraternities of the United States, the former social in its purposes, while the latter is an honorary agricultural fraternity. Mr. Love is certainly deserving of much credit for what he has accomplished. His determination to secure an education early indicated the elemental strength of his character, which has led him steadily forward until he is today an outstanding figure in connection with the dairy interests of Alberta, thoroughly meriting the success that has crowned his efforts, while his enviable business position may well serve as an example to others, showing what can be accomplished through individual effort, intelligently directed.

WILLIAM CRAWFORD.

William Crawford, who was long identified with the railroad service and later became a speculator in real estate, in which field he most carefully and sagaciously directed his interests, so that success in substantial measure came to him, is now living retired in the enjoyment of the fruits of his former toil and is accounted one of the highly esteemed residents of Medicine Hat. He comes to this section of the country from Ontario, where his birth occurred on the 7th of April, 1864, his parents being John and Mary (Kerr) Crawford, both of whom were natives of Scotland. Leaving the land of hills and heather, they came to the new world in early life and were married in Ontario, where the father followed the occupation of farming and thus provided for his family, which numbered twelve children, six of whom are living, William being the seventh in order of birth. The parents held membership in the Presbyterian church

and John Crawford always gave his political allegiance to the Liberal party.

The public schools of his native province accorded William Crawford his early educational opportunities. He passed through consecutive grades and eventually became a high school pupil at Park Hill, Ontario. His educational training thus constituted a sure foundation upon which to build success and he started out in the business world in a clerical position in a bank. The year 1884 witnessed his arrival in Medicine Hat and he obtained employment with the Canadian Pacific Railroad as a brakeman. After working in that capacity for a time he was advanced to the position of conductor and continued with the railroad company for a quarter of a century—a fact plainly indicative of his faithfulness and capability. Just when the boom at Medicine Hat was at its height, however, he left the road and began speculating in property. His sound judgment enabled him to make judicious investments and he disposed of the major part of his property before the boom died out. He had thus realized a handsome fortune and his success was sufficient to enable him now to live retired, save for the management which he gives to his investments. He is a stockholder and director of the J. H. Tabor Candy Company, has been president of the Medicine Hat News for several years and is a director of the Medicine Hat Steam Laundry Company.

In 1900 Mr. Crawford was united in marriage to Miss Eva Edwards, who was born in Ontario, a daughter of Samuel Edwards, one of the pioneer farmers of that province. Mr. and Mrs. Crawford have four children: George Maxwell, who is a student in the Alberta University at Edmonton; Hugh Wilfrid, also a university student; Dorothy Mary, a high school pupil; and Edith Jean, who is also in school. That Mr. Crawford's life has been guided by high and honorable principles is indicated in the fact that he has long been a consistent member of the Presbyterian church, of which his wife is an equally faithful representative and both take active and helpful interest in all branches of the church work, Mr. Crawford serving at the present time on the board of managers. Fraternally he is a Scottish Rite Mason and member of the Mystic Shrine and is a past master of the lodge. He also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a past noble grand. Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise he has always voted with the Liberal party but has never sought nor desired office, preferring to concentrate his efforts and attention upon his business and personal affairs. He had nothing but the clothes which he wore when he came to Medicine Hat. He was one of a large family and his parents were not in affluent circumstances, so it was necessary that the sons should early begin to provide for their own support. Like his brothers, he started out when a youth in his teens and from the beginning his course was characterized by indefatigable industry and perseverance. Steadily he has worked his way upward, improving every opportunity that has come to him, and with the passing years he has accumulated a most substantial fortune, so that he is now able to enjoy all of the comforts and many of the

luxuries of life. He has a nice home at No. 9 First street in Medicine Hat and is able to surround his family with much that goes to make life worth living. His example should serve to inspire and encourage others, showing what may be accomplished through individual effort, persistency of purpose and straightforward dealing.

DAVID L. DICK, M. D.

Dr. David L. Dick, superintendent of the Provincial Mental Institute at Oliver, near Edmonton, is one of the foremost members of his profession in the district and province. He was born at Ridgetown, Ontario, in 1884, a son of David and Ellen (Clark) Dick, likewise natives of Ontario. On the paternal side Dr. Dick is of Scotch descent, the grandfather having come to Canada from Scotland at an early day and homesteaded some land in Ontario. The father is still living on this old homestead near Ridgetown. He has followed farming the greater part of his life and has won substantial success. Mrs. Dick passed away in 1908. To their union eight children were born, Dr. Dick being the fifth in order of birth. Mr. Dick has always given his allegiance to the Liberal party and his religious faith is manifest in his membership in the Presbyterian church. He is an honored and respected citizen of the community in which he has resided so many years.

In the acquirement of his early education David L. Dick attended the public schools in the vicinity of the home farm and was graduated from the Ridgetown Collegiate Institute in 1904. He then attended Normal School at Chatham and for the following three years taught school. In early life his greatest ambition was to become a physician and subsequently he enrolled in the medical department of the University of Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1911. The next two years he spent in Grace Hospital, Detroit, Michigan, taking postgraduate work and then engaged in general practice at Edmonton. He enlisted for service in the World war and in August, 1915, he went overseas as a member of the Imperial Medical Corps, holding the rank of lieutenant, being one of the first one hundred to go. Dr. Dick was in the different hospitals in Europe and was placed on the front line about six weeks after his arrival in France. While in the trenches he was attached to the One Hundred and Forty-second Field Ambulance Corps, Fifteenth Division. In February, 1916, he contracted trench fever and was confined to a hospital for six weeks. He was then invalided to England, where he remained until he was transferred to the Fourth and Fifth Black Watch at Rippon, and remained there until the expiration of his term of enlistment, when he returned to Canada. That was in 1917. He was then offered the position of resident physician of the Strathcona Military Hospital at Strathcona with the rank of captain, and so served for nine months. He resigned to take the superintendency of the Soldiers Mental Hospital

located near Red Deer, which was opened in 1918. In 1923 the Soldiers Mental Hospital at Red Deer became the Provincial Training School for Mental Deficients and a new Provincial Mental Institute was opened at Oliver, nine miles from Edmonton, where Dr. Dick is now superintendent. Dr. Dick stands high in the medical fraternity of the district and province and no man could discharge the duties of his present position with more efficiency than he.

In June, 1918, was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Dick and Miss Margaret Kathleen Hurst, who was born in Woodstock, Ontario, but lived in Edmonton for eighteen years, a daughter of W. S. Hurst, one of the oldest commercial traveling men in the west.

Dr. and Mrs. Dick are consistent members of the Presbyterian church and are zealous workers in its behalf. The Doctor is identified with the Masons and is a Knights Templar and a member of the Mystic Shrine. He is essentially public-spirited and his aid can always be counted upon in the furtherance of any movement for the development and improvement of the community. The greater part of his time and attention, however, is devoted to his duties as head of the hospital.

FRANK BEATTIE.

Frank Beattie, proprietor of Frank Beattie & Son, merchants of Banff, was born in Grey county, Ontario, on the 11th of May, 1855, a son of Francis and Mary (McCullum) Beattie, natives of Scotland, who came to Canada and located in Toronto about 1825. They came to this country with their respective parents and their marriage was celebrated in Toronto. By trade the father was a stonecutter and bricklayer, but after coming to this country he engaged in farming, and continued that occupation for the remainder of his life, being one of the most successful agriculturists in the province, and enjoying the confidence and esteem of all who knew him. His death occurred at the age of sixty-five years. Mrs. Beattie died in 1886.

In the acquirement of his education Frank Beattie attended the public schools of Ontario, remaining with his parents on the home farm for some time and during the latter years of his life there, he and a brother ran the farm, that association being maintained until 1881, when Frank Beattie came west. He spent one year in Montana and in 1882 joined the Winnipeg police force, where he served for one year, then for two years he was cook for a construction gang working on the Canadian Pacific Railroad, and in 1884 he went into the hotel business in Golden and in Beaver, British Columbia. The following year he operated a hotel on the summit of Selkirk Range. In 1887 he came to Banff and bought out the Hot Springs Hotel. After conducting it for ten years he then rented it out and went to Kaslo, West Kootenay, British Columbia, establishing a hotel there, which subsequently was burned to the ground, and as Mr.



MR. AND MRS. FRANK BEATTIE

Beattie had no insurance on it the venture proved a very expensive one. He then returned to Banff and opened the Alberta Hotel, which had not been used for some four or five years, running this hotel for two years, during which time his Hot Springs Hotel burned down. Subsequently he bought out the Old Park Hotel, but after a short time also rented it out. In 1915 it burned to the ground and Mr. Beattie decided to withdraw from the hotel business. He erected a new building on the old location, in which he now has a pool hall and bowling alley, and he also is in the confectionery business.

In January, 1888, Mr. Beattie was married to Miss Katherine Cameron and to their union six children have been born: Three of the boys volunteered for service at the outbreak of the World war—Frank M., a platoon scout, who was killed in active service during the World war; Roy, who served throughout the World war, died a short time after coming home, having been incapacitated four different times and was finally discharged because of valvular heart trouble; and Arthur is a veteran of the World war, having served two years overseas with the Twentieth Artillery as gunner. He was severely wounded, losing three fingers. Evelyn died in May, 1918; Florence is living at home; and Harry died in 1902, at the age of five years.

In his political views Mr. Beattie is a Conservative and he maintains an active interest in party affairs and is well informed on all important questions and issues of the day. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church. He is a life member of the Masonic order and is readily conceded to be an exemplary member of the craft. Mr. Beattie's success has not come to him without hard work and he has overcome many obstacles that would have turned back a far less determined man. He has always employed the highest principles of honesty and integrity in the conduct of his affairs and is held in high confidence and esteem by all who know him.

WARREN W. PREVEY.

Legitimate success is the direct outcome and reward of close application, earnest purpose and intelligently directed effort. It has been through the exercise of these qualities that Warren W. Prevey has gained a creditable position in the business circles of Edmonton, where he is now conducting his interests under the name of the Edmonton City Dairy, Limited. Here he is engaged in the manufacture of butter, cheese, ice cream and similar commodities, having continuously carried on the business since 1906. He established this enterprise under the name of the Edmonton City Dairy in that year and through the intervening period has developed his interests until he is today one of the most prominent dairymen of Canada.

Warren W. Prevey was born in Elroy, Wisconsin, September 23, 1874,

and is a son of Francis and Mary Prevey, who were born in Quebec, Canada. At the usual age he began his education as a public school pupil, passing through consecutive grades to the high school, from which in due course of time he was graduated. He next entered the University of Wisconsin and after thorough and comprehensive collegiate training started out in the business world. He has ever learned the lessons of life that have been contained in each experience in which he has participated and from the outset of his business career he has made steady progress by reason of his thoroughness, close application and indefatigable energy. He became acquainted with the line of business in which he is now engaged while residing in his native state and then, believing that excellent opportunities were offered in the Canadian west, he made his way to Edmonton and in 1906, with several associates, organized the Edmonton City Dairy. While his capital was small, Mr. Prevey possessed boundless energy and enthusiasm and the ability to improve every opportunity that came his way. Year by year, therefore, his business has steadily increased and he is today at the head of what is one of the largest, if not the largest, of the creameries in Canada. The Edmonton City Dairy, Limited,—for under that name the company now operates—handled five million, forty-three thousand, six hundred pounds of butter during the year of 1922 and sold two million, five hundred thousand quarts of milk and manufactured five hundred thousand pounds of cheese. The business represents a sale amounting to about two million dollars annually, with a disbursement to the farmers of the country of approximately a million dollars, so that the undertaking is one of great value to Alberta, as well as a source of most substantial income to the stockholders. The plant is located on the Strathcona road in Edmonton and the buildings are in every way clean and sanitary, the product being handled in the most scientific manner. Mr. Prevey has long studied every phase of the business and speaks with authority upon every question relating thereto. He is now one of the directors of the Arctic Ice Company, Limited, and also of the Western Dairymen's Association and is the president of the manufacturing section of the Alberta Dairy Association. He is likewise a representative of the cheese industry of the four western provinces in the National Dairy Council of Canada.

On the 19th of December, 1900, Mr. Prevey was united in marriage to Miss Ida E. Preston and they have become parents of three daughters and two sons: Esther; Ruth; Ellen, who was drowned at Seba Beach in 1922; Warren H.; and Chester. Mr. Prevey is a Liberal in politics and his religious faith is that of the Methodist church. He belongs to the Liberal Club, to the Rotary Club and to the Strathcona Liberal Club, of which he is the president. He was alderman of the city of Edmonton in 1918 and 1919 and is interested in every measure that has to do with the progress and upbuilding of Edmonton and this section of the country. His entire course has been actuated by a spirit of advancement and he directs his efforts with a singleness of purpose that never fails to reach his objective. The value of his business activity in Edmonton can scarcely

be overestimated as a factor in the growth, development and prosperity of Alberta, and along the line of an orderly progression he has come to a point of leadership in connection with the dairy industry of the country. On the 26th of October, 1922, he was elected president of the Board of Trade.

LEWIS STOCKETT.

Lewis Stockett is well known to Calgary's citizens as general superintendent of the coal mines branch of the department of natural resources of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and forty-seven years' experience has given him a detailed knowledge of this industry. He is a native of the United States, his birth having occurred at Ashland, Pennsylvania, on the 31st of March, 1861, and his parents were Thomas R. and Jemima (Edmonds) Stockett, the former a native of Maryland and the latter of England. The father was a civil engineer and followed that profession as a life work, aiding in the construction of many railroads in the Keystone state. The mother was the daughter of an English clergyman. She passed away in 1886, while the death of Mr. Stockett occurred in 1902.

In his native town Lewis Stockett was reared and educated, completing his high school course in 1875, when but fourteen years of age, and he then entered the office of a mining engineer, with whom he learned the profession. From 1875 until 1880 he was rodman and transitman for the Lehigh Valley Coal Company and from 1881 until 1884 he was employed as an engineer by the Westmoreland Coal Company. He next became superintendent of the Park Collieries in Pennsylvania, acting in that capacity during 1884 and 1885, and from 1886 until 1891 he was chief engineer of the Illinois mines of the Consolidated Coal Company of St. Louis, Missouri. He served as secretary-treasurer of the Wabash Coal Company of Indiana from 1892 until 1894 and from 1895 until 1904 was general manager of the mines of the Great Northern Railroad at Great Falls, Montana. In 1905 he entered the service of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and has since been general superintendent of the coal mines branch of the department of natural resources, with headquarters at Calgary. He has an intimate knowledge of every phase of the coal mining industry and the work of his department is performed with notable ability and efficiency.

Mr. Stockett was married January 6, 1885, to Miss Mary Elizabeth Carson, the daughter of a Presbyterian minister. Mr. and Mrs. Stockett have three children: Thomas R., Norman A. and Julia C. Mr. Stockett is a member of the Anglican church and in politics he maintains an independent attitude, supporting all measures which he believes will prove factors in good government and a means of securing national stability. Fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order, belonging to Euclid Lodge, No. 58, A. F. & A. M., of Great Falls, Montana, and he is also a

member of the Calgary Board of Trade, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Calgary Golf & Country Club, the Ranchmen's Club and the Calgary Automobile Club. Since 1881 he has been a member of the American Institute of Mining & Metallurgical Engineers and his connection with the Canadian Institute of Mining & Metallurgy dates from 1905. He is also a member of the Engineering Institute of Canada and the Western Canada Coal Operators Association and has served as president of the latter organization. He has never been content with mediocrity and has utilized every available opportunity to reach the highest degree of perfection possible in his profession. Success has rewarded his efforts and the consensus of public opinion names him with the foremost mining engineers of the Dominion.

HON. PERREN E. BAKER, B. A., M. P. P.

One of the most important offices in connection with the government of Alberta is that of minister of education, which is filled by Perren E. Baker, whose thorough preparation and unquestioned ability have well qualified him for his responsibilities. He was born at Blenheim, Ontario, in 1877, his ancestors having been in America prior to the Revolutionary war, and having taken part in that memorable struggle. His father, Rev. Albert C. Baker, was born at Brantford, Ontario. His mother was Sarah Gillies, daughter of Rev. Archibald Gillies,—a native of Scotland, for many years widely known throughout the English speaking counties of Quebec,—and Lucy Ives, whose grandparents were among the first settlers in southeastern Quebec, having journeyed by packhorse through the woods from Hartford, Connecticut, to make their home on the beautiful shore of Lake Memphremagog about the close of the eighteenth century.

Perren E. Baker received his early education at Sarnia, Ontario, and completed his high school course in Quebec, where he spent two years as a student at the Feller Institute, a preparatory school. In 1900 he was graduated from McMaster University, Toronto, from which he won the B. A. degree. In 1905 and 1906 he took postgraduate work at the University of Chicago, remaining in Illinois for several years, until led by the lure of the land, he returned to his native country in 1909, and took up a homestead in southern Alberta, thirty-six miles south of Bow Island.

If there is one thing of which Mr. Baker is proud it is that he has himself, with oxen and horses, broken some hundreds of acres of land and has seen his enterprise growing year by year until he now holds one thousand nine hundred and twenty acres, one thousand two hundred of which are under cultivation and producing wheat where a few years ago there was nothing but the wide empty prairie. In 1921 he was chosen to represent his riding of Medicine Hat in the Alberta legislature, and in August of that year he was appointed minister of education, in which

capacity he is now acting. He is resourceful in meeting the various problems which arise in connection with the duties of his office, and is actuated by a spirit of progress which takes cognizance of all improved educational methods. Loyal to the trust reposed in him, he is putting forth earnest and effective effort to place the standards of education in the province upon a high plane. He holds high standards of official service and his personality is such that he inspires the respect and esteem of those with whom he is associated.

Mr. Baker has been married twice, his first union being with Miss Laura B. Randall, whom he wedded in 1905 at Grimsby, Ontario, and whose death occurred in 1916. They had three children: Albert T., who was born in 1907; Elizabeth E., born in 1912; and Andrew R., born in 1916. For his second wife, Mr. Baker married Miss Edna Brown, at Vancouver, British Columbia, in 1920.

COLIN G. GROFF.

Choosing newspaper work as a life work, Colin G. Groff had the advantage of an early start in a profession that calls for mental alertness and talent not absolute requisites in other vocations, but highly essential in order to achieve success in the newspaper field. He is therefore exceptionally well qualified for discharging the responsible duties of provincial publicity commissioner and is proving an able incumbent in the office. He was born at Selkirk, Manitoba, March 14, 1885, and is of Scotch and English descent. His parents were Alexander R. and Annie J. (Gemmel) Groff, the former of whom was born in Ontario in 1858, while the latter was a native of Toronto.

Colin G. Groff acquired his education in the grammar and high schools of Dundas, Ontario, and as a boy he learned the printer's trade, later taking up newspaper work. He came to Alberta in 1905 and for seven years was connected with the publication of Edmonton papers. For three years he published a weekly paper in southern Alberta and later he was news editor for the Lethbridge Herald and the Calgary Albertan. He became recognized as one of the leading newspaper men of western Canada and his ability in this connection led to his appointment as publicity commissioner for the province of Alberta, on the 1st of January, 1922, to succeed the late James McCaig. Broad practical experience has given him an expert knowledge of the work of which he has charge and his public service is distinguished by marked efficiency and devotion to duty.

Mr. Groff was married in Edmonton, on the 18th of November, 1908, to Miss Katharine Gordon Wilson, a daughter of James Wilson, deceased, formerly a prominent merchant of Chatham, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Groff have four children. Mr. Groff is independent in his political views and while a resident of Taber, Alberta, he served as a member of the

school board for a term of two years. He was formerly a member of the Calgary Rotary Club, while in religious faith he is a Presbyterian. He takes a keen interest in public affairs, on which he keeps well informed, and has always supported moral interests, fair dealing and the cause of good government.

WILLIAM JOHN SIMPSON, M. D.

A prominent member of the medical profession in Lacombe is Dr. William John Simpson, who is enjoying an extensive and representative practice and is also mayor of the town. He was born in Carleton county. Ontario, on the 10th of April, 1864, a son of Samuel C. and Margaret (Kennedy) Simpson, likewise natives of Ontario. The paternal grandfather, William Simpson, was born in the north of Ireland and located in Ontario at an early day, making the trip across the ocean in an old sailing vessel, and coming to Ontario by way of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa rivers. He was active in the building of the Rideau canal locks at Ottawa. When he came to Canada the present prosperous community of Ottawa consisted of but a few log houses, known as Bytown. He was a true pioneer of the country and he homesteaded land which was nothing but woods. To him fell the laborious task of clearing it and in due time he had one of the finest farms in the district, and resided thereon until his demise. The maternal grandfather, Robert Kennedy, was born in Scotland, but he was an early settler of Lanark county, Ontario. Samuel C. Simpson farmed all of his life and achieved substantial success in that connection. He was license inspector at one time and was very active in political affairs, being a stanch supporter of the Liberal party. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Simpson seven children were born, six of whom are now living, Dr. Simpson whose name introduces this review, being the second in order of birth. The family was reared in the faith of the Presbyterian church, in which Mr. and Mrs. Simpson were zealous and sincere workers.

In the acquirement of his early education William John Simpson attended the public schools of his native district and later entered the Carleton Place high school and the Perth Model School. He was graduated from the Ottawa Collegiate School and the Ottawa Normal School and subsequently engaged in teaching for twelve years, being principal of the Carleton county Model School for seven years. He did not find teaching entirely to his liking, however, and therefore enrolled in the medical department of Queen's University at Kingston, from which institution he was graduated in 1899, with the M. D. degree. On the 14th of July, 1899, he came to Lacombe and has since practiced here. At first Dr. Simpson was compelled to make his professional calls on horseback or with a horse and carriage. It was not long before he built up an extensive general practice and today he ranks among the foremost members of the profession in the district and province.

On the 10th of July, 1899, was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Simpson to Miss Esther Isabelle Hill, a native of Ontario, where she was educated and reared to young womanhood. To their union three children have been born: Muriel Huntingdon married C. H. Chapman of Edmonton, who is in the insurance business, and they have two sons, Robert and Hugh; Isabelle Kennedy married James S. Daly of Edmonton, who is a veteran of the World war; Robert Hill, who is farming in this province, is a veteran of the World war also, having enlisted in 1915 in the sixty-sixth Battalion and later was transferred to the Thirty-first Battalion. He saw much active service the latter part of the war, and for some time was in the Headquarters Canadian Corps Reinforcement Camp. After the battle of Vimy he was poisoned by a scratch from some barbed wire and was confined to the hospital for four months.

Dr. Simpson is a consistent member of the Presbyterian church, and has been active in church and Sunday school work for many years. Fraternally he is a Past Master of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and is also a member of the Independent Order of Foresters. In his political views he is a Liberal, and has served as president of the Liberal Association for years and is very active in party affairs. For a number of years after first coming here he was a member of the school board and has again resumed a place on the board. He was elected mayor for 1923-24, and his administration is being characterized by its progressiveness and law enforcement. Dr. Simpson is essentially public-spirited and has wielded a great influence for good in this community. A large part of his time and attention is devoted to his profession and although he was well grounded in it when he came to Lacombe he has remained a constant student and through membership in various medical fraternities keeps well informed on the advancement being made by prominent physicians and surgeons throughout the country. The doctor's genial and pleasing personality and his public-spiritedness have won for him many friends and he is accorded the confidence and esteem of all who know him.

ROBERT B. C. THOMSON, M. D.

Dr. Robert B. C. Thomson, successfully engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery at Lethbridge, entered upon the work of the profession well trained for its duties and responsibilities. His educational opportunities were broad and comprehensive and he has always manifested a keen sense of conscientious obligation in the performance of his daily task. Since 1910 he has made his home in Lethbridge and throughout this period has enjoyed a large general practice. Dr. Thomson was born at Strathroy, Ontario, December 30, 1872, and comes of Scotch and English ancestry. His grandfather, James Thomson, was a native of the land of hills and heather, in which he spent his life, working in the cotton mills. He was the father of James Thomson, who was born in Glasgow,

Scotland, and in the year 1842 came to the new world, settling in Ontario. In his native country he had been employed in the cotton mills but after reaching the new world he turned his attention to farming. In the midst of the forest he hewed out his farm, clearing his land and developing his fields until he brought his place under a high state of cultivation. In Ontario he wedded Pamley Bolton, who was born in Suffolk, England, and was a daughter of William Bolton, also a native of Suffolk, whence he emigrated to the new world, making Ontario his destination. There he was employed by the government in the post office department. His daughter, Pamley, was a young girl at the time of the establishment of the family home in Ontario, where she was reared and married, the family having settled there in the early part of the decade between 1830 and 1840. Mr. and Mrs. Thomson continued their residence in Ontario until called to their final rest and are survived by but one child, Dr. Thomson of this review. They were members of the Scotch Presbyterian church and in his political affiliation the father was a Liberal.

Dr. Thomson supplemented his public school training by a course in the Collegiate Institute at Strathroy, Ontario, and later entered the Toronto University, while subsequently he became a student in the Western University of London, Ontario, pursuing a course in both arts and medicine. The B. A. degree was conferred upon him in 1899 and he won his professional degree from the Manitoba University at Winnipeg in 1900. He then began practice in Manitoba, where he followed his profession successfully for a decade, after which he came to Lethbridge in 1910 and has here remained throughout the intervening period of thirteen years. He has never concentrated his efforts and attention along a single line but continues in general practice and displays marked ability in the various branches of the profession. At all times he has embraced every opportunity to promote his knowledge and increase his efficiency and has taken postgraduate work in electrical therapeutics. For a time he was located in north Lethbridge but removed his office into the city. For eleven years he has been connected with the board of health and during most of this time has been secretary of the board, while on several occasions he has been acting health officer. He belongs to the Lethbridge Medical Society and the Canadian Medical Association and improves every chance to broaden his knowledge and render his labors of the greatest possible service to his fellowmen.

In 1902 Dr. Thomson was married to Miss Elizabeth Thomson, who was born in Thorndale, Ontario, a daughter of James Thomson, who was a native of Scotland and on emigrating to the new world settled in Ontario, where he still follows farming. Dr. and Mrs. Thomson became parents of four children: James, who is with the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Lethbridge; Homer, Ivan, and Elizabeth. The wife and mother passed away in 1917, her death being deeply regretted by many friends as well as by her immediate family.

Dr. Thomson is identified with the Presbyterian church and fraternally is a Mason. He served as the first master of Charity Lodge No. 67,

A. F. & A. M., of Lethbridge, and was also the first Noble Grand in Mizpah Lodge No. 72, I. O. O. F., and the first chancellor commander of Myrtle Lodge No. 3, K. of P. In politics he is a liberal and his interest in the public welfare has been manifest in many tangible and helpful ways. He is now serving on the school board and was also a member of the board in the years 1913 and 1914. In young manhood he joined a military organization and when he came to Lethbridge became medical officer of the Twenty-fifth Battery, C. F. A. As a member of the Colonial Auxiliary Forces, he has received the long service medal. He was resident medical officer during the World war and acted as such for nearly all the troops recruited in this section of the Dominion. His has been an active and useful life devoted to the service and welfare of his fellowmen and his labors have indeed been of far-reaching effect and importance.

DONALD MACKIE.

Donald Mackie, deputy registrar general in the vital statistics department of the government since 1913 and an honored resident of Edmonton, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1880, a son of John and Mary (McMillan) Mackie, who were also natives of that country. The father still makes his home in Scotland and is connected with the internal revenue department there, having for some time held a position in connection therewith. He is a well educated and well read man who has exerted considerable influence over public thought and action in his community. In politics he has long been a Liberal and at one time was secretary of the Liberal Association. He belongs to the Fresbyterian church and in that faith his wife passed away. They were the parents of seven children, of whom Donald is the eldest and the only one residing in Canada. His brother Robert, who was a major in the World war and served throughout the period of the conflict, was at one time in Liberia but is now assistant comptroller of Sierra Leone in West Africa, a position of large responsibility and importance. The youngest son of the family, Archie Mackie, is a contractor of Los Angeles, California, to which city he made his way when eighteen years of age. There he became identified with building operations and through the intervening period has worked his way steadily upward, being now a prominent contractor of that city and one whose labors have been crowned with substantial success.

Donald Mackie pursued his early education in the Irvine Academy and in the Hull grammar school of England, also attending London University, from which he was graduated in 1903. In his college days he specialized in the study of entomology. During his early manhood he became identified with a merchant handling all lines of goods pertaining to the eye, and of this Mr. Mackie made a study, spending ten years in that connection. He came to Canada and entered the employ of the Davidson Manufacturing Company, engaged in the manufacture of stoves, ranges and similar

products. In 1912 he removed to Edmonton as representative of the Davidson interests, but later turned his attention to the real estate business, which he entered in connection with P. Lessard. After a short time spent as a realtor of Edmonton he was appointed deputy registrar general in the vital statistics department in 1913 and has occupied that position since. He has a staff of fifteen employes in his office and is in charge of the entire province, there being seven hundred people connected with the department in Alberta. He is thoroughly systematic in all that he does and, moreover, is a man of broad vision and keen discernment, who readily recognizes the need and opportunities for public service of this character. This has rendered his work of the greatest possible value and he is now devoting his entire attention to the duties that devolve upon him in this connection.

In April, 1911, Mr. Mackie was married to Miss Christina Donnald, a native of Scotland, and they have become parents of two children: Helen, eight years of age, now in school; and Jean, a little maiden of five summers. Mr. Mackie has membership with the United Commercial Travelers. In politics he is a Liberal and in religious faith both he and his wife are Presbyterians. They occupy an enviable social position, having many warm friends in Edmonton, and their interest has ever centered in those channels through which flows the greatest and most permanent good to the greatest number. Mr. Mackie has never had occasion to regret his determination to leave his native country and establish his home in the Dominion, for here he has found opportunity for advancement and his entire course has been marked by a steady progress that has brought him to a prominent place in connection with public affairs and in the regard of his fellowmen.

DAWSON GRAHAM, M. D., C. M.

A representative member of the medical profession in Drumheller is Dawson Graham, who is engaged in the general practice of medicine and minor surgery. He was born in Oxford Station, Ontario, in February, 1869, a son of George and Dorothy (Lamrock) Graham, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of Ontario. The father was educated for the ministry in his native country but after coming to Canada and locating in Ontario he became an employe of the Canadian Pacific Railroad and was an official of that road for many years. He was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church and was active in the civic affairs of the community in which he resided. To Mr. and Mrs. Graham six children were born: Anna J.; Margaret; Robert G.; Dawson; Adeline and Catherine. Robert G. was for several years principal of the high school at Gananoque, Ontario, and he is now chief inspector of taxation for the dominion.

In the acquirement of his early education Dawson Graham attended



DAWSON GRAHAM, M. D., C. M.

the public schools of Oxford Station, Ontario, and later entered the Albert College at Belleville. In early life he decided to enter the medical profession and in due time matriculated in Queen's College of Medicine, which institution conferred the degrees of M. D. and C. M. upon him in 1902. He immediately located in Elm Creek, Manitoba, and began the practice of his chosen profession. A short time later he enrolled in the medical branch of Manitoba University, from which he received an M. D. degree in 1906. In the same year he came to Alberta and located at Stettler, there practicing until 1912, when he came to Drumheller. He has since practiced here and he enjoys an extensive general patronage and does some minor surgery.

In 1914 Dr. Graham was married to Miss Annie S. Stewart, a native of Scotland. To their union four children have been born: Dorothy M., Kathleen S., Dawson B. and George R. Mrs. Graham is a woman of culture and refinement and she is a zealous worker in the interests of the Presbyterian church.

Fraternally the Doctor is identified with the Masons, holding membership in the blue lodge in Drumheller and he is a charter member in the local lodge. He was Noble Grand of the local lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in 1921 and he is past chancellor commander of the local lodge of the Knights of Pythias. He is past county master of the L. O. L. and deputy master of the R. B. P. He is an active member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. Along professional lines he holds membership in the Alberta Medical Association. Although the greater part of Dr. Graham's time and attention is devoted to his profession he has always found the opportunity for cooperation in public affairs of moment and his efforts in various directions have been highly beneficial as factors in those lines of work leading to a general uplift and to the inculcation of higher ideals of life.

ALFRED CHARD.

Diligence and determination have shaped the career of Alfred Chard, bringing him to a prominent position in public affairs as freight and traffic supervisor for the province of Alberta. He was born in Stirling, Ontario, in 1879, and his parents were Albert and Emma Wilson (Bygott) Chard, the former also a native of that locality. They were married in Ontario and the mother's demise occurred in 1920. Mr. Chard acquired his education in the grammar and high schools of Stirling and in 1905, when twenty-six years of age, he went to Fort Saskatchewan, being employed by the Canadian National Railway Company. He remained at that place until 1918 and was then sent to Calgary, Alberta, as local freight agent for the road, continuing to act in that capacity until January, 1922, when he was appointed supervisor of freight and traffic for the province of Alberta. He brings to his official duties a comprehensive

grasp of transportation affairs and problems, gained through broad practical experience, and ably discharges the responsibilities entrusted to him.

At Stirling, Ontario, on the 16th of October, 1901, Mr. Chard was united in marriage to Miss Dorothy Ann Heard and they have three children: Dorothy Jane, Thomas Alfred and Robert Wilson. Mr. Chard is a member of the Anglican church and a Liberal in his political views. He is a Scottish Rite Mason and a valued member of the Edmonton Board of Trade. He has always endeavored to discharge his duties to the best of his ability, and with progress as his watchword he has worked his way steadily upward until he has at length reached a field of broad influence and usefulness. While he holds to high ideals, he utilizes practical methods in their attainment and the respect which is accorded him is well deserved.

CHRISTIAN JENSEN.

Since 1903 Christian Jensen has lived in Magrath and through well-directed business activity and enterprise, has become one of the most prosperous and substantial citizens of the district. He was born in Ephraim, Utah, on the 17th of November, 1868, a son of Christian and Barbara (Jensen) Jensen, both natives of Denmark, in which country they were married, and where the father learned the trade of a blacksmith. He joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints in Denmark, being the first of his family to accept that faith, and in the early '60s emigrated to the United States. After landing in the States he went by rail to the Missouri river and then crossed the plains by ox team, taking several months to make the trip. He first located at Scipio, Utah, being driven from that place to Gunnison by the Indians. Again he was driven out by the Indians and sought refuge in Ephraim, where he worked at his trade and subsequently purchased some land at Redmond, Sevier county, and there engaged in general farming. He was very active in the church, having served on a two-year mission in Denmark and was holding the office of high priest at the time of his demise, which occurred in 1911, in his eighty-eighth year. Mrs. Jensen died at the age of fifty-six years. To them eight children were born: James, who died at the age of sixty years, served on a mission of two years in Denmark and one of six months in the state of Indiana, and was bishop of the ward at Salina, Utah, for twenty years. He was a stanch supporter of the republican party and served as county commissioner of Sevier county, Utah, for several terms, and for two terms was also mayor of Salina; Charles Jensen, who died at the age of fifty-seven years, served on two missions in Denmark, covering a period of four years, and for five years he was bishop of the Kasharum ward in Utah; Josephine married Hans Rassmussen, who served as bishop of the Redmond ward for some time; Martin Jensen was bishop of the Redmond ward and served one term in the state legislature of Utah, being elected on the republican ticket. He also served on a two-

year mission in Denmark; the fifth member of the Jensen family is Christian, whose name introduces this review; Lehi is engaged in the real estate business in Lethbridge and is also a rancher. He served on a two-year mission in Denmark and is now a member of the high council of the Lethbridge stake; Sarah is the wife of Neils C. Neilsen, who is farming near Magrath, and is an elder in the church; the eighth member of the Jensen family died in childhood, when the family were crossing the plains.

The public schools of Redmond and Ephraim afforded Christian Jensen his early education and later he entered the Brigham Young University at Provo, Utah. After putting his textbooks aside he engaged in teaching in the public schools of Redmond for three years. From 1894 to 1897 he was on a mission for the church in the Samoa Islands, and he taught school there at the same time. On his return from the Islands in 1898 he entered the mercantile business at Redmond, Utah, conducting it with great success for six years, under the name of the Redmond Mercantile Company. At the same time he was engaged in salt mining at Redmond and he manufactured rock salt, for five years operating the Redmond Salt Mines. He was engaged in general farming near Redmond, served as postmaster of Redmond six years and was a member of its city school board for several years. He was superintendent of the Sunday school there and was a prominent and successful president in the Young Men's Mutual Improvement Association and its work, and a member of the Seventies Quorum. In 1903 he came to Magrath. Previous to his coming, in association with his brothers, Charles, Lehi and Martin, he had purchased three thousand acres of land, all of which lay west of Magrath. They shipped a trainload of cattle direct from Utah and put them on the ranch. For several years thereafter he devoted his time and attention to raising and ranging cattle, and subsequently bought some sheep and is in the sheep business at the present time. Later Mr. Jensen and brothers purchased thirty-five hundred additional acres of land. Since the death of his brother Charles the interests have been divided and Christian Jensen and his brother Lehi each owns twenty-five hundred acres. For some time Mr. Jensen raised pure-blooded Percheron horses and between four hundred and five hundred head of hogs a year. He was one of the directors of the Ellison Milling Company for several years and was one of the organizers of the State Bank at Sevier, Utah, in which institutions he still maintains an interest. He founded the Jensen Brothers Store in Magrath, a general mercantile establishment, and operated it for eight years.

In 1911 he went on another mission to the Samoa Islands, where he remained until 1913, and during this time was president of the entire Samoa Mission. In every undertaking Mr. Jensen has achieved substantial success and he well merits the confidence and esteem in which he is held by all who know him.

Mr. Jensen was married to Allie Rogers, a native of Draper, Utah, on April 25, 1894. To their union five children have been born: Afton, who is the wife of David H. Keeler, a farmer near Magrath; Cleo, Lalovee, Allie and Beatrice, all of whom are residing at home.

Mr. Jensen was formerly a member of the Conservative party, but his allegiance is now given to the U. F. A. For two years he was mayor of Magrath, giving to this community a very progressive and business-like administration, and for some time he has been chairman of the local school board. He is likewise a member of the central board of directors of the United Farmers of Alberta. He continues to devote a great deal of his spare time to the church and he is now one of the presidents of the Seventies Quorum of Magrath ward, Taylor stake. He is also one of the home missionaries of the Taylor stake. He has been one of the main instigators and promoters of the irrigation district, now being exploited at Magrath, a district which when completed and in operation will be of inestimable benefit to the farmers of the district. Mr. Jensen is one of the irrigation board and has given unstintingly of his time in promoting and developing this irrigation project.

WILLIAM DAVID SPENCE.

William D. Spence, a member of one of the pioneer families of eastern Canada, has been chosen to fill the office of tax commissioner for the province of Alberta and is thus an important factor in governmental affairs. He was born in Perth, Ontario, November 16, 1869, and is a son of William Spence, a native of the Orkney Islands. The father was born in 1839. In 1846, when seven years of age, he was brought to Canada by his parents, who settled near Hamilton, in the province of Ontario. In 1859 he removed to Perth county, Ontario, and there he was married, in 1866, to Miss Martha Dowzer, a native of County Wicklow, Ireland. They are now residents of Granton, Ontario, and the father has reached the age of eighty-three years. The Spence family is an ancient one in Scotland and there is also a strain of Danish blood in the paternal line.

In the public schools of Perth county, Ontario, William D. Spence obtained his early education and following his graduation from St. Mary's high school he became a student at Toronto University, which he attended until 1893. He then became principal of St. Mary's high school and filled that position for fourteen years, being very successful as an educator. In 1907 he came to Alberta, establishing his home in Calgary, where he turned his attention to accounting and auditing, being thus occupied for thirteen years, except during 1910 and 1911, when he served for one and a half years as city clerk of Calgary, being appointed by the city council. In May, 1920, Mr. Spence was appointed by the lieutenant governor in council a member of the assessment equalization board of Alberta, in which capacity he served for a year, and he has since been tax commissioner for Alberta, receiving his appointment from the same source. During the absence of the department minister of municipal affairs the responsibilities of that office also devolve upon him. His experience as an accountant has been of great assistance to him in the discharge of his present

duties and the work of his department is characterized by a high standard of efficiency.

Mr. Spence was married at St. Mary's, Ontario, on the 8th of February, 1898, to Miss Mary Victoria Keen, a daughter of John A. Keen, deceased. Mr. Spence is a Presbyterian in religious faith and his political support is given to the Liberal party. He is a member of the Edmonton Club and is prominent in fraternal circles, having filled all of the chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a Chapter Mason and is serving as chancellor commander of Edmonton Lodge No. 13, of the Knights of Pythias. His ideas are practical and his methods progressive and what he has undertaken he has accomplished. He discharges his public duties to the best of his ability and is loyal to the trust reposed in him.

BYARD SMITH.

Byard Smith is junior member of the firm of Wood & Smith, which for sixteen years has figured prominently in business circles of Taber in connection with general merchandising, and owing to their enterprise and reliability it has not been difficult for them to gain and maintain a position of leadership in this field. Like his partner, Mr. Smith is a native of Utah, his natal day being April 13, 1879, and his parents were Byard and Nancy Smith, the former born in Canada and the latter born in the States. The father was a rancher by occupation and is now deceased. The mother now makes her home in Los Angeles, California. To Mr. and Mrs. Smith were born seven children, three of whom are living: Byard and Frank, both residents of Taber; and Mrs. G. R. Waterman of Los Angeles.

Byard Smith acquired his education in his native land and in 1898, when eighteen years of age, he came to western Canada, locating in the vicinity of Cardston, Alberta, where he engaged in ranching. He operated that property until 1906, when he removed to Taber and turned his attention to general merchandising in partnership with A. L. Wood, a member of one of the old and highly respected families of the southern part of the province. Their interests are conducted under the style of Smith & Wood, and they enjoy the distinction of being the pioneer merchants of Taber. During the entire period of its existence the firm has enjoyed an unassailable reputation for business integrity, progressiveness and dependability. It holds to high standards in the personnel of the house and in the line of goods carried and has always been prepared to meet the demands and needs of the public, regarding satisfied patrons as the best advertisement. Its business has kept pace with the growth of the town and its trade has now assumed large and profitable proportions, owing to its efficient management and progressive methods.

Mr. Smith was united in marriage to Miss May Wood, a native of the state of Utah and a sister of A. L. Wood, his business associate. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have become the parents of three daughters: Beth, Mary and

Catherine. Mr. Smith is endowed with those qualities which are indispensable elements in the attainment of success, for he possesses the spirit of initiative and is quick to perceive and utilize an opportunity for advancement. He has always been a zealous supporter of any measure conducive to the advancement of Taber and his activities have been a most important factor in establishing the commercial prestige of his community.

WILLIAM MORLEY SELLER.

W. Morley Seller, deputy superintendent of insurance for Alberta, has made an exhaustive study of this subject and is recognized as one of the able officials of the provincial government. He was born in Prince Edward Island, in 1875, and his father, Isaac Seller, was also a native of that section, his birth occurring in 1839. He was there married in 1867 to Miss Mary McMillan and his demise occurred in 1894, when he had reached the age of fifty-five years. The mother survives and is now residing in Edmonton. The paternal great-grandfather of the subject of this review was a native of Devonshire, England, and the Seller family is one of the oldest in England, while the maternal ancestors were Scotch Highlanders.

The public schools of Prince Edward Island afforded W. Morley Seller his early educational privileges, and having won a scholarship at the Prince of Wales College, he spent two years as a student at that institution, completing his studies in 1896. He then took up the profession of teaching, which he followed until 1900 as an instructor in the schools of Prince Edward Island, and afterwards engaged in merchandising at Hunter's River for a time. In 1903 he came to western Canada and entered a homestead in the province of Saskatchewan, proving up on his land, on which he continued to reside until 1908, when he sold the property. Coming to Alberta, he located at High River and again turned his attention to mercantile pursuits, which he continued to follow at that place until June, 1917. He then accepted the position of supervisor of the Alberta Cooperative Credit Act and organized the present system of rural credits in Alberta. In January, 1920, he was appointed deputy superintendent of insurance and fire commissioner of Alberta and is now so serving. He is a sagacious, farsighted business man and in handling public problems he brings to bear a keen intellect and a comprehensive understanding of the subjects with which he has to deal. At the recent convention of provincial insurance superintendents, held at Vancouver, British Columbia, Mr. Seller was elected president of the conference, of which he was one of the principal speakers, delivering an address on "Mutual Insurance and Legislative Regulations." He has also been connected with the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, which he joined in 1900, remaining a member of that organization for six months.

Mr. Seller was married in Prince Edward Island, February 26, 1908,

to Miss Sarah May MacLeod, a daughter of George S. MacLeod, a retired merchant. Mr. and Mrs. Seller have three children: Allison MacLeod, who was born August 28, 1909; Mary Beatrice and Helen Margaret. In his political views Mr. Seller is a Liberal and he is a member of the Methodist church. He is president of the Alberta Civil Service Athletic Association, entering upon the duties of that office in 1922, and he was also chairman of Branch No. 2 of that organization. He is likewise a member of the Edmonton Automobile and Good Roads Association and of the Blue Goose, a social insurance order, while fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is always loyal to any cause which he espouses and faithful to every duty, and his record in both a public and private capacity is one which will bear the light of close investigation and scrutiny.

HERBERT E. KELLEY.

Herbert E. Kelley is actively identified with the business interests of Spring Coulee as manager of the Spring Coulee Trading Company, and he also owns and operates five hundred and sixty acres of land. He was born in St. Paul, Howard county, Nebraska, on the 16th of December, 1879, a son of Francis and Mary (Thompson) Kelley, both natives of Iowa, who were among the early pioneers of Howard county, Nebraska. The father engaged in farming although he was a carpenter by trade. He became successful and was one of the prominent citizens of the community in which he resided. His demise occurred in 1883. His widow is making her home in South Pasadena, California. To Mr. and Mrs. Kelley five children were born: The eldest member of the family, Nellie, married T. F. McCarthy of Elko, British Columbia; J. A. came to the province of Alberta in 1902 and is farming near Brant; Charles H. came to Alberta in 1902 and homesteaded one hundred and sixty acres of land near Spring Coulee, which he proved up on and brought to a highly cultivated state. He was in the real estate business with E. E. Thompson for several years at High River, specializing in the handling of Alberta land. Later he operated a general mercantile store at Brant, known as the Brant Store, Limited. Upon the death of Mr. William Thompson of Spring Coulee, Mr. Kelley took charge of the ranch of his widow for some time. Subsequently he resumed farming on his own account and owned and operated four sections of land until his demise, which occurred in October, 1922, when he was forty-five years of age. He did general farming and stock raising, becoming one of the most progressive and successful agriculturists in this section of the country, and was a self-made man in the truest sense of the word. As a boy he worked in a store in Brewster, Kansas, and his constant application and laudable ambition won for him, in later years, a position of affluence and the confidence and respect of all who knew him. Throughout his life he was a

consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church and his political allegiance was given to the Liberal party. The fourth member of the Kelley family is Herbert E., whose name initiates this review. Maude, the youngest of the family, is deceased.

In the acquirement of his education Herbert E. Kelley attended the public schools of St. Paul and lived on the home farm until 1902, when he came to Alberta and located at Spring Coulee. A short time afterward he removed to Lethbridge and for three years worked for the Northwest Jobbing & Commission Company, a wholesale concern. At the termination of that time he went to Raymond and for two years was identified with the implement business, then for one year he traveled for the Massey-Harris Implement Company. In 1907 he returned to Spring Coulee and established a store, which is still in existence and which is operated under the name of the Spring Coulee Trading Company. The business is incorporated and he is manager thereof. The Spring Coulee Trading Company handles general merchandise, hardware and farm machinery. Aside from this business, Mr. Kelley is farming, owning five hundred and sixty acres of well improved land. Mr. Kelley is also a notary public.

In 1904 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Kelley to Miss Margaret Jean Stafford, a daughter of William Stafford of Lethbridge, who is deceased. She was a member of the first white family to locate in this section of the country. Mr. Stafford came from eastern Canada. He opened the Galt mines at Lethbridge and operated them for many years. His death occurred in Lethbridge. To Mr. and Mrs. Kelley three children have been born: Frank and Eugenia, who are at home; and Grace, whose death occurred at the age of two years.

In his political views Mr. Kelley is a stanch Liberal and he maintains an active interest in party affairs. His religious faith is that of the Methodist Episcopal church, while his wife is a consistent communicant of the Presbyterian church. Fraternally Mr. Kelley is a Mason, holding membership in Chief Mountain Lodge, No. 58, of Cardston, of which he is master; and Lee Creek Lodge, No. 123, Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Cardston, of which he is past grand. Mr. Kelley has been postmaster of Spring Coulee and has also been a live stock inspector, and is now one of the province commissioners.

MURRAY H. LISTER.

Among the enterprising and farsighted business men of Calgary is numbered Murray H. Lister, who since January, 1923, has been manager of Molson's Bank at Calgary. The steps in his orderly progression are easily discernible and have in time brought him to a prominent position in financial circles. A native of Ontario, he was born in Almonte in January, 1880, and is a son of Frederick A. W. and Maggie (Nichol) Lister. The father was born at St. Johns, Newfoundland, and was a son of Amos

Lister, a native of England, whence he came to Canada as commissary general with the army and died at St. Johns, Quebec, after having devoted his life to military service. His son, Frederick Lister, was a man of liberal education, being a graduate of Oxford University. He entered the Merchants Bank at Montreal when a young man, and was in the Merchants Bank at Perth, Ontario, for some time, later being transferred to Almonte and subsequently he was sent to Renfrew, becoming manager for the Merchants Bank at that place. He continued to act in that important position to the time of his death, which occurred in 1901, when he was sixty-four years of age. In early manhood he wedded Maggie Nichol, who was born in Perth and is a daughter of Dr. James Nichol, who was a graduate in medicine of the Edinburgh University. Crossing the Atlantic he settled in Perth, Ontario, where he engaged in the practice of his profession throughout his remaining days. To the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. W. Lister seven children were born, four of whom are living: Emma, the wife of Dr. Cleary of Ottawa; Margaret, who is living with her mother in Ottawa; F. A. M., who is manager of the Bank of Toronto at Newmarket, Ontario; and Murray H. The father was a member of the Church of England, to which Mrs. Lister also belongs and his political endorsement was given to the Conservative party.

Murray H. Lister pursued his education in the Renfrew Collegiate Institute and thus having received thorough advance training he entered Molson's Bank in February, 1900, at Simcoe, Ontario. Later he went to Smith's Falls, where he remained for two years and was then transferred to the main office at Montreal, in which he continued for a period of five years. He next took over accountancy at Morrisburg, Ontario, where he spent two years, after which he removed to Ottawa and was assistant accountant there for a year and a half. In 1909 he went to Edmonton as an accountant and in 1915 took over the management of the Camrose, Alberta, branch of the business, of which he had charge for two years. At Revelstoke, British Columbia, he remained for a year and then in November, 1918, went to Edmonton as manager of Molson's Bank, which position of responsibility he occupied until January, 1923, when he was transferred to Calgary, as manager, succeeding the late Mr. F. Macbeth, who had been manager of the Calgary branch for over twenty years. Honored and respected by all, there is no man who occupies a more enviable position in the financial circles in this part of the province than does Mr. Lister, not alone by reason of the success which he has achieved but also owing to the straightforward and progressive business policy which he has ever followed. He devotes practically his entire time to the bank and his sound judgment is manifest in the success which has attended the institution under his direction.

In 1911 Mr. Lister was married to Miss Robina Jane Corbett, who was born at Smith's Falls, Ontario, and there pursued her education, after which she engaged in teaching for two years. She afterward entered the Royal Victoria Hospital at Montreal, where she graduated on

the completion of a course in nursing in 1910. By her marriage she has become the mother of three children: Murray Duncan and Robina Margaret, both in school; and Mary Helen, who is in her second year. Mr. and Mrs. Lister are members of the Church of England and she is very active in the work of the various church societies. Mr. Lister has attained the Royal Arch degree in Masonry and is equally loyal as a follower of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he is an independent with leanings toward the Conservative party. He belongs to the Board of Trade and while in Edmonton served as chairman of its financial section. He is also a member of the Golf & Country Club, to which he turns for needed rest and recreation from the active duties of business. The interests and efforts of his life, however, are well balanced, making him a man of well-rounded character and one who is a forceful factor in the progress and upbuilding of the section in which he makes his home. His life illustrates what can be accomplished through individual effort and ability and step by step he has advanced in his business career until he now occupies an enviable position in the financial circles of Alberta.

WILLIAM LEWIS THOMPSON.

In the passing of William Lewis Thompson, Spring Coulee lost a prominent and progressive citizen. His worth as a man and a citizen was widely acknowledged and his demise in April, 1909, came as a severe shock to his family and many friends. He was born near West Branch, Iowa, on the 28th of August, 1861, a son of Charles and Dorcas (Brock) Thompson, both natives of Ohio. The father, Charles Thompson, farmed in Iowa for some years and later removed to Nebraska, buying land near St. Paul. Subsequently he came to Alberta and followed agricultural pursuits near Spring Coulee for many years. He spent the latter part of his life in California, where his demise occurred in 1916 at the age of ninety-two years. Mrs. Thompson died in 1919, in her ninety-third year. They were both consistent communicants of the Methodist Episcopal church. To their union six children were born: Mary, the widow of Frank Kelly of California; E. E., living in California; George B., living in Spokane, Washington; Eva, the widow of Eugene Green of Brant, Alberta; William Lewis, whose name introduces this review; and a son who died in boyhood.

In the acquirement of his early education William Lewis Thompson attended the common schools of his birthplace and subsequently enrolled in the Iowa State University, graduating from the law school. After putting his textbooks aside he removed to Brewster, Kansas, and conducted a mercantile store and a bank there for a time. In 1885 he located in St. Paul, Nebraska, and there followed his profession and carried on a loan business. In 1896 he bought land in the vicinity of St.



WILLIAM L. THOMPSON

Paul and engaged in farming on a large scale. In 1902 he came to Spring Coulee, having purchased land here the preceding year, and at the time of his demise he owned about twenty thousand acres of well improved land. He raised and ranged cattle and did general farming. He and his brother, E. E. Thompson, were the first to introduce Turkey Red wheat into this section of the country. Mr. Thompson was overseer of his land and in addition carried on a real estate business in Spring Coulee. He was a man of determined spirit and progressive instincts, becoming by his own efforts a prosperous and successful business man and a representative and highly esteemed citizen.

At Columbus, Indiana, in June, 1889, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Thompson to Miss Clara C. Shultz. To their union five children were born: Ethel, who died at the age of eight months; Ralph S., who is manager of his father's land in this section of the country and is a young man of high intellectual attainments, having received his education in the University of Wisconsin, Leland Stanford University of California and Cornell University; Harlan H., who received his college education in the University of Southern California and now, in conjunction with his brother, puts much native ability and intellectual force into the management of his father's estate; Myra, deceased; and Florence, a student at Leland Stanford University. Mrs. Thompson is a woman of culture and refinement and her friends are legion.

In his political views Mr. Thompson was a Liberal and was never too busy to take an interest in party affairs, although he never sought nor desired political preferment. Fraternally he was identified with the Modern Woodmen of America at Saint Paul, Nebraska. His religious faith was that of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Thompson had many traits admirable and worthy of all praise, and ranking high among these was his capacity for friendship, and his readiness to assist worthy farmers to get a start in Alberta.

VERNON SMITH SHAW.

Vernon Smith Shaw, live stock detective for the A. P. P., is one of Cardston's most substantial citizens. He was born in Kentville, Kings county, Nova Scotia, on the 6th of May, 1872, a son of Henry and Martha (Davis) Shaw, the former a native of Falmouth, Nova Scotia, and the latter of Newfoundland. The paternal grandfather, William Shaw, was born in Nova Scotia. He married Irene Fitch, likewise a native of Nova Scotia, and he farmed the greater part of his life, and his original farm is still in the hands of the family. Six generations have been born on the farm and Mr. and Mrs. Shaw died there. The progenitor of the Shaw family in Nova Scotia was the great-grandfather. The maternal grandfather, William Davis, who was born in England and emigrated to Newfoundland in young manhood, was a merchant by occupation and did

much trading in the West Indies. Henry Shaw was one of the most distinguished members of the medical profession in Nova Scotia in his day. He acquired his medical training in New York and after receiving his degree returned to King's county, Nova Scotia, and established offices for the practice of his profession. He brought to it thorough preparation and innate ability and built up an extensive and lucrative patronage. He specialized in surgery and became well known in that connection, handling many cases successfully throughout Nova Scotia. For some time he was on the staff of the various hospitals in Halifax, and was local surgeon for the Windsor-Annapolis Railroad for several years. His demise occurred in 1883, at the age of fifty-two years. Mrs. Shaw left Nova Scotia shortly after her husband's death and with her family located at Cardston, homesteading land on Boundary Creek. She died in British Columbia, in 1914, at the age of eighty-one years. To Dr. and Mrs. Shaw thirteen children were born, four of whom are living: Fred D., who for twenty-five years was employed in the customs house at Lethbridge, is now retired; Jessie, who is the wife of Holland Burkett of Vancouver, British Columbia; Lee, who is living in Victoria, British Columbia; and Vernon Smith of this review. Dr. Shaw was a consistent communicant of the Baptist church, while his wife belonged to the Church of England. He was very active in Masonic circles and was holding the office of grand master of the Masons of Nova Scotia at the time of his demise. His political allegiance was given to the Conservative party and he maintained an active interest in all local affairs.

The common schools of his birthplace afforded Vernon Smith Shaw his early education and subsequently he attended Kentville Academy. After putting his textbooks aside he went to the vicinity of St. Mary's river, about six miles from where Cardston now stands, arriving there in 1885. He made the trip from Calgary overland. Mr. Shaw's brother, Morrison Shaw, had purchased a ranch here in 1882 and the Shaws were the first white family to settle in this section of the country. The brothers engaged in sheep and horse ranching and did their trading at Macleod. They met with many hardships in the early days, the Indian uprisings being numerous, and the wolves destroyed much of their stock. In 1892 Mr. Shaw and his brother, Lee, began ranching on Boundary Creek and that partnership was maintained for twenty-five years, at the termination of which time they sold their cattle and land. For some years Mr. Shaw rode the range in the interests of the Dominion government and in November, 1917, he became stock detective for the A. P. P. and in this connection he covers all of southern Alberta. He devotes his entire time and attention to this business and he is most satisfactorily discharging the many duties devolving upon him.

In 1900 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Shaw and Miss Marguerite Frank, a native of Strathroy, Ontario, and a daughter of Robert and Ann Jane (Eakins) Frank. Her father was a farmer in Ontario for many years, and both parents died there. To Mr. and Mrs. Shaw eleven children have been born, nine of whom are living: Evelyn is teaching in

the public schools of Alberta; William H. is a clerk in the Union Bank at Cardston; Kenneth is associated with the Dominion Land Survey; Robert is a student in the local high school; Jack, Mildred and Ronald are students in the public schools of Cardston; and Douglas and Vernon, twins, are not of school age.

Mr. Shaw is a consistent member of the Presbyterian church. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, being a member of Mountain Lodge of Cardston and having attained the third degree in the Scottish Rite, and served as junior warden in the lodge. He is a progressive man in every sense of the word, is active in all that pertains to general progress and improvement and has given his cooperation to many movements for the public good.

W. ERNEST PAYNE.

One of the foremost barristers in the district of Red Deer is W. Ernest Payne, senior member of the law firm of Payne & Graham of Red Deer. He was born in Colborne, Ontario, on the 1st of October, 1878, a son of W. L. Payne, K. C., and Emma J. (Powell) Payne. Both parents were born in Cobourg, Ontario, and were married there. They are now residing in Colborne, each aged seventy-five years. The father has practiced in Colborne for over fifty years and is conceded to be one of the foremost barristers and solicitors in the province. He read law under Senator Kerr and was in the office of Chief Justice Armour for a time. He is a graduate of Victoria University, which institution conferred upon him the B. A. and LL. B. degrees. Mr. Payne has an extensive library in his home and keeps well informed on all important questions and issues of the day. He devotes the greater part of his time and attention to his practice and has an extensive and representative clientele. He is an active member of the Methodist church and fraternally is identified with the Masons, holding membership in the Royal Arch Masons. In his political views he is a conservative and although he has always maintained an active interest in party affairs he has never sought nor desired political preferment. To Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Payne seven children were born, William E., whose name introduces this review, being the second in order of birth. Four of the children are living.

In the acquirement of his early education William E. Payne attended the schools of his birthplace and in due time was graduated from the local high school. He then attended Osgoode Hall in Toronto, from which institution he was graduated in 1902. In that year he came to Red Deer and established offices for the practice of his chosen profession. He formed a partnership with George W. Greene until January, 1916, since which time he has practiced in association with P. E. Graham, the firm being known as Payne & Graham, which is considered one of the repre-

sentative law firms in the province and handles much important litigation before the courts.

In March, 1906, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Payne and Miss Mary H. Forbes, a native of Hamilton, Ontario, where she received her education. Mrs. Payne is also a graduate nurse of Grace Hospital in Toronto. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Payne four children have been born: Forbes Ernest died in 1922; Frances Lillian and William Hector are attending school; and Mary Emma Powell is but six years of age.

The family are consistent members of the Methodist church and Mr. Payne has served on the board of trustees for many years. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, holding membership in the Royal Arch Masons, in which he is past master and he is a Rotarian. In his political views Mr. Payne is a Conservative and he maintains an active interest in party affairs. He is public spirited and no movement for the benefit of the community seeks his aid in vain. For sixteen years Mr. Payne has been a member of the local school board and was recently reelected for an additional two years. During the entire time Mr. Payne has had only two opponents for his position. In 1919 he was elected a bencher of the Alberta Law Society and was reelected in 1921, and he was appointed King's Counsel by the Liberal government in 1921. For some time he was president of the Province Conservative Association and the Federal Conservative Association for the Red Deer riding. Both as a representative member of his profession and as a private citizen, Mr. Payne is held in high regard in Red Deer, as in all of the relations of life he has manifested qualities which entitle him to the respect and esteem of his fellow townsmen. For recreation he turns to outdoor sports and during his college days he participated in all athletic events.

MALCOLM E. THORNTON.

The horizon of every man's achievements is fixed by his own capabilities. Malcolm E. Thornton, who possesses the requisite ability and the equally necessary quality of industry, has steadily progressed toward the goal of his ambition and his well developed powers have brought him to a position of prominence as superintendent of colonization and development of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. He was born at Chatham, England, February 16, 1871, a son of John and Harriet (Williams) Thornton, who were also natives of the mother country, the father being a merchant tailor. Both parents are deceased.

Malcolm E. Thornton was reared and educated in Chatham and remained at home until he reached the age of sixteen, when, lured by the spirit of adventure, he started for Canada, arriving at London, Ontario, in 1888. For two years he followed the occupation of farming in that locality and then made his way to the States, going to Denver, Colorado, where he began the study of electrical engineering. For several years he

engaged in that line of activity as an employe of the Edison and General Electric Companies and then took up colonization work for the Canadian Pacific at Chicago, Illinois, being stationed in that city from 1909 until 1915. He then moved his offices to Calgary, Alberta, and since 1910 has been in complete charge of colonization work. He has been very successful in the control of this department and his services are very valuable to the corporation which he represents, for his efforts are intelligently directed and therefore resultant. Through his instrumentality many desirable settlers have been induced to locate in western Canada, contributing their quota toward the development of its great resources, and he is also numbered among the progressive agriculturists of Alberta, owning valuable irrigated lands in the province.

In January, 1900, Mr. Thornton married Miss Ida B. Turner, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Turner, natives of England. They are now residing in the States, making their home in Portland, Oregon. Mr. and Mrs. Thornton have a son, Jack Welland, who was born in February, 1906, was graduated from Western Canada College and expects to enter Leland Stanford University at Palo Alto, California, in 1923. Mr. Thornton's attention is concentrated upon the supervision of the interests entrusted to his care and he has found little time for outside activities, although he has become identified with the Knights of Pythias. His success has been founded upon industry, honesty, ability, thoroughness and devotion to duty and his labors have contributed to public progress and prosperity, as well as to individual aggrandizement.

WILLIAM OLIVER.

William Oliver of Lethbridge has made valuable contribution to the development and progress of Alberta through his success in dry farming and his demonstration of what can be accomplished in this way. With a cash capital of five dollars, when he reached Brandon, Manitoba, he started upon his business career here and has steadily untilized his opportunities and strengthened his powers until he is today one of the successful agriculturists and property owners of this section of the province. He was born in Oxford district, Ontario, December 26, 1860, and is a son of William and Margaret (Hogg) Oliver, both of whom were also natives of Ontario, the former born near Galt, while the latter was born in the district of Oxford. They spent their lives in Ontario, where the father engaged in business as a contractor in early life and later gave his attention to farming. He was a Liberal in politics and both he and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church. The family numbered ten children, seven of whom are living. William Oliver is the eldest of the family. The father was active in community affairs for a considerable period and served as school trustee and as a councilor for several years. He was of Scotch descent, his father having been John Oliver, who was

born near Edinburgh, Scotland, and who came to Canada about 1822, settling near Galt, Ontario, where he continued to reside until called to his final rest. In the maternal line William Oliver is also of Scotch lineage, his mother's father having been George Hogg, who was born near Edinburgh and in 1818 took up his abode at Hamilton, Ontario. He purchased two hundred acres of government land in the district of Oxford—a timber tract in the midst of which he hewed out a little clearing and there erected a cabin without doors or windows. This he occupied for three years. The first bushel of wheat which he raised on his farm he carried on his back to Hamilton, sixty miles distant. As the years passed, however, his labors wrought a marked change in conditions and his once wild timber land was converted into a rich and productive farm, on which he continued to reside until his death, which occurred when he was eighty-six years of age.

William Oliver pursued his education in the public schools of Oxford district, Ontario, and started out in the business world as the assistant of his father in building operations, spending three years in that way. He came west in 1882 with a kit of tools which his father had given him, and made Winnipeg his destination. There he remained for four weeks, after which he proceeded to Brandon, Manitoba, which was then the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railroad. He worked on various jobs for different contractors during his stay at that place from April until July, and then left Brandon in company with a companion, traveling by ox team to the present site of Regina, although there was no town at the time. There he homesteaded and remained for three years until he received his patent and during that period he did considerable building through the country and in the town of Regina, which was founded about that time. He helped unload the first car of lumber on the town site. After a time he had seventy acres of his land broken and under cultivation but lost his first crops through dry winds. Later he obtained work on the Indian Reserve near Lethbridge, putting up some houses for the Indian department. In 1884 he took up his abode in Lethbridge and entered the employ of the Alberta Railway & Coal Company in the shops, building snow plows. In the spring he engaged in house building for the company, erecting houses for their miners. He worked with that corporation for two years and then turned his attention to brick manufacturing, which he followed for three years. He next began contracting on his own account and built many houses in Lethbridge, remaining an active factor in building operations in this city until 1909, when he sold his business and went to the coast, where he remained for a year. In the meantime he had made investments in property and is now the owner of considerable city realty as well as farm lands. He devotes his time to farming and to the supervision of his personal interests and his success has caused him to be regarded as an authority upon many subjects relating to agricultural life, especially to dry farming. He has a small stock farm that is stocked with pure blooded Berkshire hogs and Percheron horses. He has made wheat his principal crop and has demon-

strated what can be accomplished in a country where rainfall is comparatively slight.

In 1889 Mr. Oliver was united in marriage to Miss Amelia Oliver, who was born in Eastend, Ontario, and there pursued her education. They became the parents of three children: William, who is conducting a garage at Coaldale, Alberta; John, who works for the Northern Irrigation Company in Lethbridge; and Mrs. Gladys Helen Shonts, a widow, residing in Vancouver. She has three children: Glen, Cecil and Bettie. Mrs. Oliver passed away in 1912, in the faith of the Presbyterian church, of which she was a consistent member. Mr. Oliver afterward married Margaret Cyntha Cossaboom, who was born in Nova Scotia, and they have become parents of a son, Robert Wilfred, who was born September 1, 1916.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver hold membership in the Presbyterian church, in the work of which the latter takes a very active part. Mr. Oliver also belongs to the Masonic fraternity and to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having been a member of the latter for thirty-five years and passed through all of the chairs in the local lodge. For an extended period he gave his political support to the Liberal party but is now a Progressive. He has filled many positions of public honor and trust. He was on the city council for a number of years and was alderman when Lethbridge became a city. He filled the office of mayor from 1901 until 1904 and was instrumental in introducing many improvements, including the establishment of the first waterworks and sewerage system. He was a member of the city council for several years after retiring from the office of mayor and has long been active in civic affairs, his influence ever being on the side of progress and advancement. His labors have indeed been far-reaching and effective as factors in progressive government and at the same time he has wisely and carefully managed his business affairs, thereby winning the substantial measure of success which is now his.

ROY. W. HENRY.

A forceful and resourceful figure in business circles of Edmonton is Roy W. Henry, who is now manager of the insurance department of the Northern Investment Company, Limited, a position to which he has attained through individual merit and the wise development of his powers, combined with the utilization of every opportunity that has been presented to him. Removing to the west from Ontario, he has grafted eastern training onto western opportunity and enterprise with good results. He was born in Barrie, Ontario, June 25, 1885, and is a son of Ontario Ernest and Katheryne (Wesley) Henry, who are also natives of Ontario and are now living at Beamsville. The Henry family was established in Ontario during the pioneer epoch in the development of that province, when

the work of upbuilding and progress seemed scarcely begun there. The grandfather in the paternal line was an early merchant of Beamsville and there O. E. Henry succeeded to the business, conducting a general store at that place for a number of years. He is now connected with The Steel Company of Canada, which he has represented for a considerable period. His education was acquired in Beamsville and he is a well read man, while in business he has met with a substantial measure of success, owing to the careful conduct of his interests and his fidelity to every trust reposed in him. Politically he is a Conservative and fraternally he is a Mason, having for a number of years been very active in the work of the order. His religious faith is that of the Anglican church. He married Katheryne Wesley, whose father was a direct descendant of John Wesley and who became a pioneer settler of Ontario. By this marriage there were six children, four of whom are living.

Roy W. Henry, the eldest of the family, pursued his education in the schools of Beamsville, where he passed through consecutive grades to the high school, and when his textbooks were put aside he started out in the business world as an employe of the Steele-Briggs Seed Company, Limited, of Toronto, for which he worked for two years. He then entered the Bank of Hamilton at Toronto and was employed in that institution for a period of nine years altogether, at the end of which time he severed his connection with the Bank of Hamilton and entered the Sterling Bank. He was located for a time at St. Catharines as accountant and subsequently was at Goderich. He next became manager of a branch of the bank at Alton, Ontario, and in 1911 he arrived in Edmonton as representative of the Northern Investment Agency. Here he became connected with the insurance department and has been advanced to the position of manager of the department, which he now controls. He has acquainted himself with every phase of the business and most carefully directs the insurance interests of the corporation. He is regarded as a most progressive and alert young business man, who has made good through the wise use of his time, talents and opportunities, and what he has already accomplished indicates that his future career will be well worth watching.

On the 24th of March, 1914, Mr. Henry was married to Miss Pauline Messenger of Ottumwa, Iowa, who pursued her education in the high school of that city while spending her girlhood days in the home of her father, Charles W. Messenger, chief dispatcher for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, with which line he has been connected for forty years. Mr. and Mrs. Henry have become parents of two children, Robin and Genevieve. They are members of the Anglican church and Mr. Henry is identified with the Masonic order, being a past master of Commercial Lodge No. 81, A. F. & A. M., and the first secretary of the lodge following its organization. He likewise belongs to and is secretary of the Kiwanis Club, having filled the position almost continuously from the beginning. His cooperation can be counted upon to further any plan or project which he deems of essential worth and value to the community,

while in a business way his entire course has been marked by a thoroughness and reliability that have secured his steady advancement until he is now regarded as one of the leading business men of his adopted city.

HUGH J. MONTGOMERY.

Hugh J. Montgomery, an enterprising merchant of Wetaskiwin, where he is also filling the office of mayor, thus taking active part in promoting the material development and the civic interests of the city, was born in Prince Edward Island in 1876, a son of James and Catherine (McFarlane) Montgomery. The father was a son of Hugh Montgomery, a native of Scotland, who in early life came to the new world, settling in Prince Edward Island, where he hewed out a farm in the midst of the forest and spent his remaining days thereon. The grandfather in the maternal line was Malcolm McFarlane, who was also born in Scotland and became one of the early farmers of Prince Edward Island. There both the father and mother of Hugh J. Montgomery were born and reared and the mother spent her life there, while the father ultimately became a resident of Alberta, where he passed away in 1921. He had always devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits and thus provided for the support of his family of three children, of whom Hugh J. is the eldest, the others being: W. F. H., who is in business with his brother; and Mrs. Walter Bowden, now living in Vancouver. The parents were both active and helpful members of the Presbyterian church and Mr. Montgomery was a Liberal in his political views.

Hugh J. Montgomery obtained his early education in the public schools of Prince Edward Island and pursued a business course in Charlottetown. He spent his life to the age of twenty years on the home farm and then entered commercial circles by becoming a clerk for W. S. Newsome, in Centreville, of his native isle. In 1898 he came to Wetaskiwin, where he was employed as accountant by John West for three years. He then embarked in merchandising on his own account in partnership with C. E. Compton, with whom he was associated from 1901 until 1907. In the latter year their store was destroyed by fire and Mr. Montgomery afterward, in conjunction with Sackville and Gerard West, sons of the late John West, purchased the business of the Star Trading Company, and the firm name was changed to Montgomery & West. He remained in that connection until 1912, when his brother purchased the interest of the West brothers and the firm today is operating under the style of Montgomery Brothers, Limited, with Hugh J. Montgomery as the president and his brother as secretary of the company. They have an extensive store and do a large business annually, while their trade is steadily increasing with the growth and settlement of the town and surrounding country. Their stock is carefully selected to meet the demands of their

customers and at all times their thoroughly reliable business methods commend them to the support of the general public.

In 1903 Mr. Montgomery was married to Miss Adelaide Vaughn, who was born in Illinois and whose parents came to Alberta during her early girlhood, so that she acquired her education in the schools of Wetaskiwin. Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery have become parents of two children: Kenneth, fourteen years of age; and Lawrence, who passed away in 1922, at the age of twelve years. Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery have membership in the Presbyterian church and he has been a member of its managing board for a number of years. Politically he is a Liberal and has been quite active in politics, stanchly advocating the party principles and doing all in his power to secure their adoption. In 1914 he was elected to the legislature and was reelected in 1917, rendering valuable service for two terms, but went down to defeat in the general election of 1921, when the U. F. A. political party swept the province. He served on the city council from 1905 until 1910 and in the latter year was elected mayor, filling the position for a term. That he has the confidence of his fellow townsmen in an unusual degree is indicated in the fact that in 1922 he was reelected mayor and is now discharging the duties of the office. He closely studies the needs of the city and is working along most progressive lines to promote the welfare and advance the interests of the municipality. He is a most progressive merchant, owns and operates a half section of farm land adjoining the city, and he and his brother are owners of a large and modern silver black fox ranch, located one-half mile north of Wetaskiwin, on the Calgary and Edmonton trail.

JAMES H. DOWDELL.

Of inestimable worth to a community is the man who aids in developing the natural resources of the country, utilizing the advantages that nature has stored up and converting a raw commodity into a product that is of general use. Into this field of activity James H. Dowdell has directed his labors and is now one of the well known coal operators of the province of Alberta. Since 1920 he has made his home in Edmonton, coming here as one of the officials of the Crown Paving Company, since which time he assisted in organizing the Crown Coal Company, of which he is the president. He continues his connection with both enterprises and is one of the representative and progressive business men of the city. He was born in Lanark district, Ontario, on the 6th of October, 1880, and is a son of Thomas and Eliza (Deacon) Dowdell, who were also natives of Lanark district, where the father still resides but the mother passed away in October, 1918. The father was a son of John Dowdell, who was born in Ireland, became a pioneer settler of Ontario, and married a Miss Cameron, who was a native of Scotland. The maternal grandfather of James H. Dowdell was Thomas Deacon, also a native of the Emerald isle



MR. AND MRS. JAMES H. DOWDELL

and a pioneer settler of Ontario, where he became prominent as a farmer and miller, meeting with substantial success in the conduct of his affairs. Thomas Dowdell, the father of James H. Dowdell, was a successful farmer and drover. Starting on a brush farm he cleared the land and converted it into a rich and productive field. In addition to the production of crops he conducted a dairy and was a stockholder in a cheese factory. He holds membership in the Presbyterian church and in politics is a Conservative. He filled the office of councilor for a number of years, was also justice of the peace and has occupied other positions of public honor and trust, including that of road commissioner. He has always kept abreast with the trend of public thought and progress, broad reading keeping him in touch with all that was vital to the interests of the community and of the country at large. He has ever found his recreation as a follower of Nimrod and has displayed considerable prowess as a hunter. He and his wife had a family of eleven children, ten of whom are living, James H. of this review being the ninth in order of birth.

At the usual age James H. Dowdell became a pupil in the country and high schools of Perth, Ontario. He was first employed on his father's farm, thus working until he reached the age of nineteen years, when he went to New Ontario and there conducted a warehouse for three years. About 1902 he made his way westward to Manitoba and became identified with cement work. He devoted his energies to business of that character in Manitoba until he removed to the province of Alberta, settling in Medicine Hat, where he engaged in laying cement sidewalks. He afterward went to Calgary and with a gang of men laid twenty miles of sidewalk in that city in one season. He was the representative of the Crown Paving Company, which he assisted in organizing in 1910 and of which he became the first vice president. He is still identified with this company and it was in that connection that he came to Edmonton in 1920, having been engaged in paving here, however, for a number of years before he took up his abode in the city. In partnership with Jack Starkey he opened the Penn mine under the name of the Crown Coal Company, which was organized as a subsidiary of the Crown Paving Company. This company handled coal for a number of years before purchasing the mine. Mr. Dowdell is the vice president of the coal company and president of the Penn mine, which is being operated to full capacity at the present time. It is thoroughly modern in every way and employs one hundred and twenty-five men, turning out about seven hundred tons of coal per day. The development of the business is attributable in large measure to James H. Dowdell, who has also been an important factor in the successful conduct of the interests of the Crown Paving Company.

In 1910 Mr. Dowdell was united in marriage to Miss Mabel Cummings, who was born in Portage la Prairie, Manitoba, and there was reared and educated. They have become parents of two children: Clarence and Reggie, both in school. The family attend the Baptist church. Mr. Dowdell belongs to the Masonic fraternity and is a loyal follower of the teachings and purposes of the craft. In politics he maintains an inde-

pendent course, voting according to the dictates of his judgment. He finds recreation in various sports, especially hunting and has killed all kinds of wild game. In his younger days he won fame as a boxer and was regarded as the best amateur boxer in the whole countryside. The major part of his time and attention now is devoted to his coal interests and in this connection he has developed one of the most important industries of this section of the province.

ALFRED M. PETERS.

Alfred M. Peters was born in St. John's Newfoundland, July 18, 1865, a son of John Edgar and Rose (Cole) Peters, the former a native of the island of Newfoundland and the latter born in Exeter, England. The father was a successful business man of St. John's, building up a large trade as a manufacturers' agent, and he was also active in public affairs, representing his district in the Newfoundland legislature for several years. His death occurred in December, 1919, when he was eighty years of age. The mother passed away in April, 1913, at the age of seventy-four.

Alfred M. Peters attended the public schools of his native city until he reached his thirteenth year, and then became a wage earner, obtaining work in a departmental store, with which he was connected for nine years. His identification with financial interests dates from 1887, in which year he secured a position in the Union Bank of Newfoundland, and remained with that institution until 1894, when the local banks failed. He joined the Bank of Montreal in 1895, when it established its branch at St. John's, and has continued with the organization. In 1902 he was made manager of the branch opened at Bay of Islands on the western coast of Newfoundland, acting in that capacity for five years, and in 1907 he opened the branch at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, of which he was manager for two years. In 1909 he was assigned the task of establishing a bank at Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, and conducted its affairs until July, 1913, when he was transferred to the Calgary branch of which he was manager until February, 1922, when he was appointed district superintendent for Alberta.

Mr. Peters was married October 9, 1889, to Miss Alice E. Smith of St. John's, Newfoundland, and they have become the parents of four children, two of whom survive: Gertrude E., who married J. E. Buchanan of Edmonton, Alberta; and J. Edgar, a high school student. The eldest son, Edward C., enlisted for service in the World war and was sent overseas, meeting death on the battle fields of France on the 2d of June, 1916, when twenty-five years of age. His brother, Herbert S., also fought in that conflict and was killed in action September 28, 1918, being at that time but twenty-two years of age. They were young men of promise and ability when they made the supreme sacrifice for their country.

Mr. Peters was interested during the World war in the Red Cross order, the Young Men's Christian Association and several organizations of a similar character. He is affiliated with the Methodist church and is now serving on its official board. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons and is also a member of the Kiwanis Club, the Ranchmen's Club and the Calgary Golf & Country Club.

ARTHUR K. WHISTON.

Arthur K. Whiston, of the hospitals branch of the department of public health of the province of Alberta, has served the public in various capacities and has always done able and conscientious work, placing the general welfare ever before personal aggrandizement. He was born at Halifax, Nova Scotia, February 10, 1879, and is a son of Frederick J. and Eliza A. (Crowell) Whiston, also natives of that province, in which they are still residing. The father was born in 1846 and the mother's birth occurred in 1853. The paternal great-grandfather of the subject of this review was a native of England and his ancestors in the maternal line were also of English descent.

Arthur K. Whiston acquired his education in the grammar and high schools of Halifax and afterward attended a business college of that city. His initial experience along commercial lines was obtained as clerk in the wholesale hardware store of William Robertson & Son of Halifax and he remained with that firm for thirteen years. His residence in Edmonton dates from October 1, 1911, and entering the real estate field, he devoted two and a half years to that business. In 1915 the council of Edmonton appointed him special investigator of the city department and he acted in that capacity for a year, saving the municipality a large amount of money. His capable work in that connection led to his selection for the position of municipal inspector for Alberta and from April 15, 1916, until March 1, 1918, he was thus engaged. He was then placed in charge of the work of organizing, erecting and maintaining municipal hospitals in the province and was afterward made secretary of the municipal hospital branch of the department of public health. In February, 1922, the municipal hospital branch was reorganized to include all hospitals in Alberta and institutions receiving government grants and financial assistance and Mr. Whiston was appointed supervisor of organization, which office he now fills with notable efficiency, working along lines producing the best results.

On September 15, 1908, in Joggins, Nova Scotia, Mr. Whiston was united in marriage to Miss Alice Barnhill and they have two sons: Frederick Gordon, who was born May 21, 1910; and Arthur J., born November 3, 1916. Mr. Whiston is a member of the Anglican church and his political allegiance is given to the Liberal party, while fraternally he is connected with the Masonic order. He puts forth earnest effort faithfully

to serve the public and has risen to his present responsible office through the steps of an orderly progression, winning advancement as he has proven his worth and ability. His life is actuated by high ideals and characterized by the successful accomplishment of valuable results.

H. G. MORISON.

H. G. Morison is manager of the Bank of Montreal in Lacombe, and is also interested in breeding and raising cattle, being well known throughout the province in both connections. He was born in Toronto, located in Winnipeg in December, 1902, and in May, 1908, he came to Alberta, where for some time he was accountant for the Merchants Bank in Calgary. He opened a bank at Wainwright in August, 1908, which he conducted until he moved to Daysland in 1911, but the next year he went to Carstairs, where he resided until December 1, 1915, when he came to Lacombe as manager of the Merchants Bank. He remained with that institution until upon the opening of the Bank of Montreal, he became its manager and is still acceptably filling this position. He devotes his entire time and attention to his duties at the bank, and is greatly interested in the breeding and raising of good live stock, owning eighteen head of Aberdeen cattle, to which he is now adding some shorthorns. Recently he bought three head of cattle from Professor Carlisle, manager of the Prince of Wales Ranch at High River, Alberta. These cattle were recently brought to this country from England, where they belonged to the Prince of Wales herd. Lady Dorothy, four years old, is one of the finest animals in Canada. Princess Alice, daughter of Christian King, for whom the Prince of Wales was offered ten thousand pounds, and Princeton Brackla, one year old, are among the cattle owned by Mr. Morison. The latter heifer is a deep blood red in color and very beautiful. She was sired by Clinesland Broodhooks, whose grandmother was a winner at the Highland Show in Scotland. On May 30, 1923, Mr. Morison added a fifteen hundred dollar yearling bull—Princeton Counsellor—from the Prince of Wales herd. The Lacombe district is the largest district in the west for pure-bred cattle.

J. D. OLIVER MOTHERSILL.

J. D. Oliver Mothersill, barrister and senior partner in the legal firm of Mothersill & Dyde, Edmonton, Alberta, was born in the county of Peel, Ontario. Both his parents and grandparents were born in the same county and played an active part in the pioneer development of Ontario. The subject of this sketch is the son of Joseph Mothersill, Sr., who has now retired and is living in the town of Brampton, Ontario.

J. D. Oliver Mothersill spent his early youth in Ontario and there

began his education. In 1912, like many other young men of his native province, he responded to the call of "Go west, young man," and selected the city of Edmonton for his future home. At that date the University of Alberta had just been established. Mr. Mothersill entered the university as a freshman and graduated in arts and law. Immediately after graduation he enlisted with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces by joining the Seventy-second battery, C. F. A., at Kingston, Ontario. After a period of training at Barriefield and Petewawa Camps, and completing a lieutenant's course at the Royal School of Artillery, Mr. Mothersill proceeded overseas, where he transferred to the Fifth Battery, C. G. A., with which unit he served in France until the end of the war.

On his return to Alberta, Mr. Mothersill was first engaged in the practice of law with the firm of Woods, Sherry, Collisson & Field and at a later date became a partner in the firm of Mothersill & Dyde.

Mr. Mothersill is a member of the Edmonton Board of Trade, has served for two years on the council of that body as chairman of the professional section and of the special committee on immigration. He is a member of the senate of the University of Alberta and a past president of the Alumni Association.

In 1920 Mr. Mothersill was married to Miss Isabel Lloyd, a graduate of Toronto University. Mr. Mothersill has one younger brother, the Rev. J. E. Mothersill of Montreal, and one sister, Mrs. J. A. Willoughby of Toronto.

HERBERT L. CUNNINGHAM.

Herbert L. Cunningham, one of the pioneer settlers of Alberta, has been a resident of Vegreville for over two decades and through his activities in the real estate field he has been an important factor in the development and upbuilding of the town. He was born in Bruce county, Ontario, February 21, 1885, and is a son of Thomas J. and Mary (Benson) Cunningham, also natives of that province. They are now living in Edmonton, Alberta, and the father is homestead inspector for this province, having filled that position since 1907.

In 1892 Herbert L. Cunningham came with his parents to Alberta, being but seven years old at that time. They entered a homestead near Fort Saskatchewan, residing on the land for about four years, and in 1900 they removed to Vegreville, arriving here five years before the advent of the railroad in this district. The sons of the family entered government claims near the town and engaged in general farming, bringing their land under a good state of development. The subject of this review remained on the farm until the winter of 1906 and in 1907 he embarked in the real estate business in Vegreville in association with others, but is now sole owner of the enterprise, to which he devotes his entire attention. His interests are conducted under the style of the Vegreville Land Company and he is now controlling a business of profitable proportions,

which has been developed through progressive methods and capable management. In 1919 he went to Vancouver, British Columbia, but returned to Vegreville in 1921, as his local affairs were not receiving satisfactory attention during his absence.

Mr. Cunningham is a member of the Vegreville Community Club and fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is an adherent of the Liberal party but has never had the time nor inclination to participate actively in political affairs, although loyal and public-spirited in matters of citizenship. During the period of his residence here he has witnessed many changes as pioneer conditions have been replaced by the advantages of civilization and no one rejoices more sincerely than he in what has been accomplished along the lines of progress and improvement. He possesses keen perception and business sagacity and is deserving of great credit for what he has accomplished, for the success which he now enjoys has been won through hard work and methods that will bear close investigation and scrutiny.

ALBERT PALMER COREY BELYEA, B. Sc.

Albert Palmer Corey Belyea, director of surveys for Alberta, is a civil engineer of marked ability and the importance of his work indicates most clearly his high professional standing. A native of New Brunswick, he was born in 1882, and his parents, Payzaut and Adeliza E. (Fox) Belyea, were also natives of that province. The father was of French descent and the mother of English origin and they migrated to that province with the United Empire loyalists.

After completing a course in the Gagetown high school, in his native province, Albert P. C. Belyea enrolled as a student at the University of New Brunswick, which conferred upon him the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1906. Three years later he received a certificate as Dominion land surveyor and in 1911 he was granted a certificate as land surveyor in Alberta. His professional activities have been attended by a notable degree of success and since 1909 his talents have been directed in the field of public service. He was first made district engineer and surveyor, being thus employed from 1909 until 1916, and during 1917 and 1918 he was assistant director of surveys, while since 1919 he has been director of surveys for Alberta, in which connection he is doing effective service for the provincial government. He has a clear understanding of the technical as well as the practical phases of his profession and his work represents the highest degree of efficiency in his line.

At Fredericton, New Brunswick, in 1913, Mr. Belyea was married to Miss Estella May Jewett, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Jewett. Mr. and Mrs. Belyea have a son, A. Franklin Belyea, who was born in 1917. Mr. Belyea is a Baptist in religious faith and politically he is an adherent of the Liberal party. He has been elected a member of the senate of the

University of Alberta and his professional connections are with the Association of Professional Engineers of the Province of Alberta and with the Alberta and Dominion Land Surveyors Associations. Actuated by high ideals, he has steadily worked his way upward in his profession, his experience and study continually bringing him a wider knowledge and greater efficiency, and Alberta has greatly benefited by his well directed efforts and his public-spirited devotion to the general good.

MAURICE MATHEW O'BRIEN.

Maurice M. O'Brien, chief school organizer for the province of Alberta, has devoted his life to educational work and thorough preliminary training, broad experience and natural ability well qualify him for his present office of responsibility, in which he is making a highly commendable record. He was born in Peterborough county, Ontario, March 24, 1881, and his parents, John and Catherine (Burke) O'Brien, were also natives of that section of the Dominion, the birth of the former occurring in 1853. They came to Edmonton in 1905 and the father passed away in September, 1921, when sixty-eight years of age. The mother was born in 1858 and is still living in this city, having reached the age of sixty-four. The paternal grandfather, John O'Brien, was born in County Cork, Ireland, and in 1848 he came to Canada with his wife, settling in the province of Ontario, where his death occurred in 1860.

In the acquirement of an education Maurice M. O'Brien attended No. 1 rural school in Douro township, Peterborough county, Ontario, and the Norwood and Model high schools in that district, completing his course in the last named institution in 1898. He then became a student at the Ottawa Normal School and after his graduation in 1902 he secured a position as an instructor in the schools of Algoma, Ontario, teaching in that province form 1899 until 1904. In 1905 he transferred his professional activities to Alberta and two years later entered the education department of the civil service, with which he has since been identified. From 1913 until 1917 he acted as chief attendance officer for Alberta and in 1919 he was made chief organizer of schools in this province, in which capacity he is now serving. His broad experience as a teacher has given him a keen insight into school matters and he also possesses the executive force necessary for the successful performance of the duties assigned him. He keeps in close touch with the most advanced thought of the day along educational lines and the general public is as one in recognition of his splendid work.

In Edmonton, on the 15th of August, 1911, Mr. O'Brien was married to Miss Bridget Veronica Bibby, a daughter of John and Ellen (Cleary) Bibby, formerly residents of Campbellford, Ontario, and both now deceased. Mr. O'Brien is a veteran of the World war. He enlisted at Edmonton and went overseas in June, 1917, becoming a member of the Forty-

ninth Battalion, and served as a private throughout the period of his service. He saw much hard fighting, participating in the engagements at Lieven, Amiens, Cambrai, Valenciennes and Mons, and returned to Canada in May, 1919. He is a Liberal in his political views and a Roman Catholic in religious faith. He is identified with the Knights of Columbus and the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association. He has gained notable success as an educator and stands high in his profession. He regards the public schools as the bulwark of the nation and is doing all in his power to promote the educational facilities and standards of the province.

MAJOR ALEXANDER BOSWELL STAFFORD.

Major Alexander Boswell Stafford was one of that vast army of Canadians who were called upon to make the supreme sacrifice in the World war, in which he was commanding the Thirty-ninth Battery. He had won for himself a most creditable position in the business circles of Lethbridge and left behind him many warm friends here. He was born in Westville, Nova Scotia, in 1877, a son of William and Jane (Gibb) Stafford, who were natives of Scotland but became residents of Nova Scotia in 1864. The father was a miner and after living in the east for about eighteen years he made his way to Lethbridge in 1882. Here he opened a mine and in 1883 brought his family to his new home. He followed mining the remainder of his life, passing away in Lethbridge in 1907. His widow still makes her home in Lethbridge. They were the first family to locate on the present site of Lethbridge and here their family of fourteen children were reared.

Alexander B. Stafford, who was the sixth in order of birth, was over five years of age when brought by his parents to Alberta. He pursued his education in the public and high schools of Lethbridge and in 1896, when a youth of nineteen years, he went to Alaska and the Yukon, where he engaged in prospecting until 1898. With his return to Lethbridge he became a partner in the Brodie & Stafford Furniture Company, with which he continued until 1907. On the expiration of that period he identified himself with the Stafford Agnew Hardware Company as senior partner, being thus associated from 1908 until 1913. In 1914 he established a loan and real estate business, in which he remained active until he entered the army.

In April, 1915, Mr. Stafford joined the Twenty-fifth Field Artillery and in July he went to Kingston to train. He recruited the Thirty-ninth Battery in record time in October, 1915, and went overseas in February, 1916. With his command he proceeded to France in July of that year, and the Thirty-ninth participated in many engagements. He was commanding officer of the battery, with which he served from June, 1916, until he met death at Vimy Ridge, on the 24th of June, 1917. In the meantime he had been in various engagements, including the third battle at Ypres, the

Somme, and others. His own courage and loyalty inspired the men who served under him and he had the love and confidence of his entire command. For conspicuous and gallant services he was mentioned in the Field Marshal's despatch of November 7, 1917.

In 1900 Major Stafford wedded Mary Donalda McIntyre of Lindsay, Ontario, and they became the parents of two children: Dorothy, who took her arts degree from Alberta University in 1922; and Margaret, who is attending high school. Major Stafford took a deep interest in public affairs and his aid and influence were ever on the side of right, progress, reform and improvement. He was keenly interested in all civic matters of Lethbridge and was one of the commissioners of Galt Hospital and a director of the Young Men's Christian Association. In young manhood he took an active part in the athletics of the community; on many occasions he played for Lethbridge on the lacrosse field and participated in the games between his town and the others along the Crowsnest line; later on he found recreation in shooting and in golf. He gave of his time and abilities for amateur sports which he felt assisted to build up the all-around man. In politics he maintained an independent course, voting for men and measures rather than party. His religious belief was that of the Presbyterian church; his life ever measured up to the highest standards of manhood and citizenship and he commanded the respect and esteem of all who knew him.

RICHARD P. BLAKEY, F. R. I. B. A.

The romance of creating and building takes a strong hold of men's imagination and art and life are one in their relation to the creative impulse. It was this desire for self-expression that led Richard P. Blakey to choose as his life work the profession of architecture, which has afforded him a wide scope for the exercise of his talents. For eleven years he has served as provincial architect of Alberta and many of the finest public buildings in western Canada are the expression of his skill and ability. A native of England, he was born at Sunderland, June 18, 1879, and is of English ancestry in both the paternal and maternal lines. He is a son of George Hudson and Mary Jane (Palin) Blakey, the former a shipwright by trade. Both parents are still living in Sunderland.

Richard P. Blakey received his education in his native land, attending the Bede Collegiate Institute at Sunderland, and he engaged in architectural work in England until he reached the age of twenty-eight years. In May, 1907, he came to Canada and in June of the following year he entered the service of the provincial government of Alberta, in which he has continued. In January, 1911, he was appointed to his present position as provincial architect and he entered upon his duties with high ideals of service, from which he has never deviated. His designs have always been characterized by a degree of taste and consistency that indicates the true artistic touch and he has shown a marked degree of orig-

inality in his work. He has back of him the ideals of old world architecture and possesses the resourcefulness which enables him to meet the demands of the new world. He designed and supervised the erection of the rotunda and main staircase of the parliament buildings at Edmonton, in addition to the government house and land titles building in this city; the provincial jail at Fort Saskatchewan; four dormitory buildings and the nurses' home at Ponoka Asylum; the Normal School, courthouse and Institute of Technology at Calgary; the courthouse and Telephone Exchange building at Medicine Hat; the courthouse at Taber; the Normal school at Camrose; and the Municipal Hospital at Mannville.

Mr. Blakey was married at Oswestry, England, April 14, 1906, to Miss Mary Ellen Jones, a daughter of the Rev. John Jones, a native of Wales and a minister of the Wesleyan church. Mr. and Mrs. Blakey have one child: Mary Gwendolyn, seven and a half years of age. Mr. Blakey is a member of Christ Anglican church of Edmonton and has been one of its vestrymen since 1920. He is a Master Mason, being identified with Jasper Lodge, No. 14, A. F. & A. M., and he is also a member of the Edmonton Club. In January, 1921, he passed the qualifying examination and was elected a fellow of the Royal Institute of British Architects. In 1914, at the outbreak of the World war, he enlisted at Edmonton in the Active Militia of Alberta, becoming a lieutenant of the Nineteenth Alberta Dragoons. He served in Canada and England until November 21, 1917, being struck off the strength by reason of surplus requirements. He gives his best efforts to his official duties and his work is the highest expression of skill along architectural lines. He occupies an enviable position in his profession and his labors have contributed materially to the improvement and upbuilding of many sections of western Canada.

REV. ROBERT H. LEITCH, PH. B.

The life history of Rev. Robert H. Leitch covered two-thirds of a century and the entire period of his adult life was devoted to the work of the ministry, in which connection his labors were of far-reaching effect and importance. He did much toward the upbuilding of the Methodist church in Canada and his teachings remain as an inspirational force in the lives of many who sat under his preaching.

Robert H. Leitch was born in Fitz Roy Square, London, England, on the 19th of December, 1852, and there remained until he reached young manhood, when he crossed the Atlantic and took up his abode in Flesherton, Ontario. Soon afterward he entered the Victoria University, from which in due course of time he was graduated. He began studying for the ministry in young manhood and was ordained as a preacher of the Methodist church in 1884, in which year he was married. His first charge was at Ottawa and later he was pastor of the churches at Madoc, at Eldorado and later at Belleville, Ontario. He came to Edmonton in



REV. ROBERT H. LEITCH

1910 and entered upon his ministerial duties in connection with the Metropolitan Methodist church. He remained on the south side for four years and then went to Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, while later he was minister of the Methodist church at Battleford, Saskatchewan. He next returned to Edmonton, Alberta, where he superannuated in 1916. He passed away on the 6th of July, 1920.

Rev. Mr. Leitch was a most zealous and untiring worker in behalf of his denomination. He was always a student not only of the Bible but of the signs of the times and it was his earnest purpose to adapt the Biblical teachings to the needs of the hour. His Christianity was stronger than dogma or creed and he reached out in sympathetic helpfulness to all mankind. He was also a stanch and untiring worker in behalf of the prohibition cause and his teachings were a forceful element in winning support to temperance work.

His death was deeply regretted by his fellow workers of the Masonic fraternity and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, as well as by those who were connected with him through the brotherhood of the church and by home ties. He was a man of kindly spirit and broad sympathies, seeking ever to aid humanity and promote the uplift of the individual in accordance with the highest ideals of Christian service. His life, therefore, was of great benefit and value as a factor for good and the world is better for his having lived.

On the 23d of September, 1884, Mr. Leitch was united in marriage to Miss Armanella Andrews, who survives him. Mrs. Andrews is the daughter of Rev. and Mrs. William Andrews and a sister of W. W. Andrews of Regina Methodist College. To Mr. and Mrs Leitch were born five children: The eldest, Dr. D. B. Leitch, is a graduate physician of Toronto University, of the class of 1913, and he afterward pursued postgraduate work at the Babies Hospital, New York, and specialized in postgraduate work on diseases of children, in the Royal College Hospital for Children at Edinburgh, Scotland. In September, 1919, he opened an office in Edmonton, where he is successfully practicing; the second son, Roy V., is manager of the Bank of Montreal at Clive, Alberta; Rex, who was circulating manager of the Journal, died on April 27, 1919; two of the children died in infancy.

ALEXANDER GALBRAITH.

"The nineteenth century belongs to the United States—the twentieth century belongs to Canada." Thus spoke one of the clearest thinkers in America several years ago. The potential wealth in the rich soil of western Canada has attracted from all quarters of the globe men anxious to secure for themselves and their families a share of the prosperity which the boundless west holds in store for those who seek it, and they have not come in vain, for to every willing worker western Canada has given freely

and abundantly. Among those whose efforts are proving a dominant force in promoting the development of Alberta's millions of acres of fertile farming lands is numbered Alexander Galbraith, provincial superintendent of fairs and institutes and one of the leading authorities in North America on matters pertaining to agriculture and stock raising.

A native of the land of heather and bracken, Alexander Galbraith was born May 20, 1853, at Croy Cunningham, in the parish of Killearn, county of Stirling, not far from Loch Lomond, the scene of Sir Walter Scott's beautiful poem, "The Lady of the Lake." His parents, Alexander and Jean (Graham) Galbraith, were both natives of Scotland, and for sixty years Croy Cunningham had been the family homestead. The father not only excelled as a horse and cattle breeder, but was widely known at the Highland and other important agricultural shows, winning high honors at the first stallion exhibition in the city of Glasgow, which was held in 1836, and the son drew deeply from his environment, the lore of paddock and pasture being early impressed upon his mind. His education was acquired in the Killearn parish school and the Mechanics' Institution at Glasgow and when sixteen years of age he entered a mercantile establishment in Glasgow, in which he learned the cotton, yarn and Turkey red dye business in connection with the English and East Indian trade. For fourteen years he was identified with mercantile interests, but in 1883 his love of husbandry reasserted itself and in May of that year he sought the opportunities offered in the United States, joining his three brothers, John, Archie and James. The latter two had come to America in 1881 and the four brothers formed a partnership, engaging in business as importers and breeders of Clydesdale, Suffolk and Shire horses. During the next twelve years the firm brought to its headquarters at Janesville, Wisconsin, nearly one thousand stallions and many mares that not only won highest honours in the principal show yards of the day, but also proved of real constructive benefit to the communities which they entered.

The financial panic of 1893 brought disaster to the Galbraiths and to hundreds of others interested in the cause of improved live stock. The firm was dissolved and Mr. Galbraith moved to the Ruger farm near Janesville. In recognition of his ripe experience the authorities of the University of Wisconsin secured his services as lecturer at farmers' institutes, a forerunner of his great work of later years. In 1894 he was elected secretary of the American Clydesdale Association, retaining that office until 1901, when he was chosen vice president, and in 1907 he was honoured with the presidency, serving in that capacity until he left the United States for Canada, eight years later.

About 1900 Mr. Galbraith reentered the horse business, importing and dealing in Clydesdales, Suffolks and Percherons. He was associated with his son Graeme in this venture and the business was conducted under the style of Alexander Galbraith & Son, with headquarters at Janesville. For six years Mr. Galbraith was president of the American Shire Horse Society and he also served as secretary of the American Suffolk Horse Association from the time of its organization until 1909, when his son suc-

ceeded him in the office. The Hackney horse likewise claimed a share of his attention and for some years he was a director of the American Hackney Horse Society. In 1901 Galbraith & Son opened a branch stable in Brandon, Manitoba, from which point they distributed about three hundred stallions, and in 1908 the headquarters of the firm was moved from Janesville, Wisconsin, to DeKalb, Illinois. Three years later, in appreciation of his work for the betterment of horse breeding and agriculture in general Mr. Galbraith was presented with an illustrated testimonial by the College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin.

It was in his capacity as a judge of draft horses that Mr. Galbraith made his greatest contribution to the agriculture of North America. At the Chicago World's Fair of 1893, at the St. Louis World's Fair of 1904, and at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition of 1915 at San Francisco, he was called on to adjudicate types. In the International show ring at Chicago and at Madison Square Garden in New York, his decisions are equally well known. During thirty-nine years of live stock shows in Chicago he failed only twice to appear, either as judge or exhibitor. The famous Philadelphia horse shows have called on him eight times, the state fairs of Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio, New Jersey, Virginia and New York have sought his viewpoints, while Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Guelph, Winnipeg, Brandon, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver have profited by his judgment and cooperation. His services have not been confined to lessons in type, but he has set up for horsemen a very high ideal of the privileges and duties of the exhibitor.

In July, 1915, at the instance of the Hon. Duncan Marshall, then minister of agriculture for Alberta, Mr. Galbraith came to Edmonton as superintendent of fairs and institutes and lecturer in the agricultural schools of the province, in which capacities he has since served. No man has ever made a more notable record in this office and his work is characterized by the highest degree of efficiency and ability. His previous experience in this connection at the University of Wisconsin had been broadened by lectures delivered by him at the agricultural colleges and universities of Iowa, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, New York, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan, so that he entered upon his duties with a greatly broadened viewpoint. During his first seven years of service he superintended from eighty to one hundred and twelve agricultural fairs annually, appointed the judges for all, and attended the majority of them. Each year he has assumed charge of demonstration trains that have toured the province of Alberta in the interests of better agriculture, while he has lectured frequently at the six Provincial Schools of Agriculture and has taken charge of the Short Course School, held in tents in different parts of the province during the winter season. He was recently elected secretary-treasurer of the Alberta Agricultural Fairs Association, an organization in control of all the provincial fairs in cooperation with the government.

At Glasgow, Scotland, on the 4th of June, 1879, Mr. Galbraith was united in marriage to Miss Christina Macnicol, a daughter of Peter and Jean (McFarlane) Macnicol. Mr. and Mrs. Galbraith have six children,

namely: Alexander Graham, who married Nelly Rumrill and resides at Janesville, Wisconsin; Peter Charles, who wedded Alice Barlow and is living at Detroit, Michigan; John Gladstone, whose home is in Chicago, Illinois, and who married Edna Ratcliffe; Victor Arrol, who is unmarried and is also a resident of that city; Christina Macnicol, who is the wife of Chester A. Morse of Mattoon, Illinois; and Jean, who is still at home with her parents.

Mr. Galbraith served for thirteen years in the Volunteer army in Glasgow, Scotland, and during more than five years of that period was a first lieutenant. He has done much to promote a knowledge of Scottish ideals and traditions on this side of the water and in 1886 he assisted in organizing the Rock County Caledonian Society in Janesville, acting as its secretary for seven years and as its president for the ensuing six years. In 1894 he introduced the game of golf to Wisconsin, setting out an eighteen-hole course on his farm, and he was the first president of the Sinnissippi Golf Club, the pioneer organization of this character in the Badger state. While a resident of the United States he voted the republican ticket and as a British subject he supports the candidates and principles of the Liberal party. He is an earnest member of the First Presbyterian church and his fraternal connections are with the Masons and the Knights of Pythias. At the time Mr. Galbraith came to Alberta his lifelong friend and coworker, R. B. Ogilvie, paid him the following tribute in a letter to the Hon. Duncan Marshall: "It will not be from Alexander Galbraith, the experienced and practical stockman, nor from Alexander Galbraith, the versatile writer, but from Alexander Galbraith, the man, that the province of Alberta will get the greatest service!" He has preached the lesson of true equine type in every important show-yard in the United States and Canada, by demonstrating, either in the capacity of exhibitor or judge, the fundamentals of draft horse power, and in this connection his name is known from one end of this continent to the other. He has few equals and no superiors in his chosen field of labor. His life has been one of intense activity and usefulness, guided by high ideals and far-reaching and beneficial in its effects.

JOHN JEREMIAH O'CONNOR, LL. B.

John J. O'Connor is an able and successful barrister of Calgary and a progressive agriculturist who has proven the efficiency of system in promoting productiveness. He was born at Orillia, Ontario, January 26, 1887, of the marriage of James and Mary (Larkin) O'Connor, also natives of that province. There the father has spent his life, devoting his attention to the occupation of farming. John J. O'Connor was reared in his native province, attending the Marchmont school and the Orillia Collegiate Institute, from which he was graduated in 1906. The next six years were spent as a teacher and during a portion of that time he

was a law student at the University of Manitoba, completing his course in 1912. In the same year he came to this province and entered Alberta University, which conferred upon him the LL. B. degree. He was called to the Alberta bar in May, 1916, and has since engaged in practice in Calgary, building up a good clientele during the intervening period. He has also been active in the field of public service, filling the position of assistant city solicitor for three years and making a commendable record in that connection. With a mind trained to grasp the complicated points in legal matters, he has proven his ability to handle important litigated interests, and his standing before the court is an enviable one. He is deeply interested in the agricultural development of the province and is the owner of valuable farm property. He believes in scientific methods and keeps abreast of the times in every way. He has equipped his place with the most modern agricultural implements and has transformed his property into one of the finest farms in Alberta.

In October, 1916, Mr. O'Connor married Miss Sarah M. Blackie, a daughter of Peter and Margaret J. Blackie of Toronto, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor have two sons: John Blackie, three years of age; and James Julius, who has not yet reached the age of two. Mr. O'Connor is a communicant of the Catholic church and is also a Knight of Columbus. His political support is given to the Liberal party and his professional connections are with the Calgary and Alberta Bar Associations. He is a young man of ability, enterprise and determination whose progressive spirit has brought him rapidly to the front in his profession, and his genuine personal worth has won for him the unqualified esteem of all with whom he has been associated.

HARRY NELSON.

Harry Nelson has found in journalism a congenial and profitable field for the exercise of his powers and is now editor of the Vulcan Advocate, one of the leading weeklies of southern Alberta. He was born in the province of Ontario, December 15, 1871, a son of David W. and Elizabeth (Gane) Nelson, the former also a native of Ontario and the latter of England. For over forty-five years the father resided at Dundas, Ontario, where he followed the occupation of carriage making. The mother is living but the father is deceased.

Harry Nelson was the only one of their children to come to this province and for seventeen years he has resided within its borders. In 1905, when thirty-four years of age, he located at High River and became connected with newspaper interests in association with Charles Clark. For about a year Mr. Nelson has been editor of the Vulcan Advocate, which he is publishing in accordance with the most progressive ideas of journalism, and the paper is steadily growing in public favor. He also

conducts a job printing establishment and his plant is well equipped, enabling him to turn out high-grade work.

Mr. Nelson was married in Ontario, to Miss Emily Partridge, a native of that province, and in addition to their home in Vulcan they also own an attractive residence at High River. Mr. Nelson is secretary and treasurer of the Vulcan Community Club and for four years he was a member of the town council of High River. His fraternal connections are with the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Pythias, the Odd Fellows and the Foresters and he is also a member of the Loyal Orange Association. He is actuated by the strong desire to serve his community and through the columns of his paper encourages every movement looking to the upbuilding and prosperity of this section of the province. He takes a keen interest in public affairs and is well versed in local and national matters of government, being regarded as an able journalist and progressive citizen.

CHARLES E. COLEMAN, M. D.

Dr. Charles E. Coleman has practiced medicine and surgery in Calgary since 1910 and he has won a position of prominence among the foremost members of his profession in the province. He was born in New Brunswick, on the 30th of November, 1879, a son of P. J. and Anna (Donavon) Coleman, likewise natives of New Brunswick. The father was a shipbuilder for a number of years and then followed agricultural pursuits for a time. He is now living retired in British Columbia. Mrs. Coleman is deceased. In his political views Mr. Coleman is a Conservative and he maintains an active interest in party affairs, and his religious faith is that of the Roman Catholic church. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Coleman six children were born, five of whom are living, Charles E., whose name introduces this review, being the second in order of birth.

In the pursuit of an education Charles E. Coleman attended the grammar schools of Chatham and later enrolled in the McGill University for the study of medicine. He was graduated from that institution in 1902, with the M. D. degree and immediately began practice in Chatham. He practiced in that city and vicinity for five years, at the termination of which time he went to St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, New Jersey, where he spent eighteen months as an interne. In 1910 he came to Calgary and after passing the examination required by the provincial government, established offices for the practice of general medicine and surgery. Dr. Coleman's patronage has assumed large proportions, for he has accomplished some excellent results and has become widely known as a skillful and able physician and surgeon. Although well equipped for his professional duties when starting to practice, Dr. Coleman has taken several postgraduate courses in New York city and has thus kept in touch with the continued advancement being made in the profession by eminent phy-

sicians and surgeons throughout the country. Aside from his private practice the Doctor is local surgeon for the Canadian National Railway.

On the 31st of January, 1911, was celebrated the marriage of Dr. Coleman to Miss Loretta F. Judd, a native of New York city, where she was reared to young womanhood and educated. To their union three children have been born: Corinne, Edward J. and Frank, all of whom are students in the local schools.

Dr. and Mrs. Coleman are consistent communicants of the Catholic church. Fraternally he is identified with the Knights of Columbus and has held many offices in that organization. In his political views he is independent, giving his support to the man he thinks best fitted to discharge the duties of the office without regard to party principles. For recreation the Doctor turns to the great outdoors, for he has always been fond of athletics and is a follower of all seasonable sports.

FRANK COFFIN.

Among the progressive and enterprising agriculturists of Stirling must be mentioned Frank Coffin, who was born in old Oneida county, Idaho, on the 25th of August, 1869, a son of William and Sophronia (Hunt) Coffin. The Coffin family originally lived on Nantucket Island. The paternal grandfather, William Coffin, was born in Indiana, and the maternal grandfather, Jefferson Hunt, was born in Kentucky, where he was a rancher and farmer. He emigrated into Utah and California about the time of the gold rush and was for two terms a member of the California state legislature. Later he resumed farming and ranching in Idaho and his death occurred in that state. William A. Coffin was born in Iowa and his wife was born in Salt Lake City, Utah. He went to Idaho with his mother when a small boy, making the trip overland with oxen from Council Bluffs, Iowa. In early life he freighted from Corinne, Utah, to the mines in Butte and Helena, Montana. He devoted his later life to farming and was a pioneer of the section of Idaho in which he made his home. He was a bishop in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. Mr. Coffin died in May, 1894, at the age of forty-eight years. His widow, who is seventy years of age, is living in Downey, Idaho. To Mr. and Mrs. Coffin twelve children were born: William, whose demise occurred in Idaho; Frank, whose name introduces this review; Louisa, who died at an early age; Thomas, who is a resident of Arimo, Idaho; Geneva, the wife of John Bennett of Rupert, Idaho; May, the wife of Richard Evans of Lava Hot Springs, Idaho; Katherine, the wife of Henry Stoddard of Rupert, Idaho; Martha, the widow of Chauncey Session of Downey, Idaho; Daniel, who died at the age of twenty-five years; Jefferson, who is a resident of St. Anthony, Idaho; Parley, who is residing in Downey, Idaho; and David, whose death occurred in early youth.

In the acquirement of his education Frank Coffin attended the com-

mon schools of his birthplace, walking a mile. After putting his textbooks aside he worked on his father's ranch in Idaho, receiving a share of the profits, and later he started farming and ranching on his own account, acquiring land on Little Lost river. He continued to farm there until 1902, at which time he disposed of his interests and removed to Cardston and thence to Milk River, where he homesteaded one hundred and eight acres of land. He trailed three hundred head of cattle through from Idaho and also a few horses. He achieved success as a rancher and subsequently preempted one hundred and forty acres of land, fifty acres of which he broke and erected thereon substantial buildings, remaining there until 1914, when he disposed of his cattle and came to Stirling, where he bought four hundred and thirty acres of land, which he still owns, and he also owns some six hundred acres of land on Milk river.

On the 31st of December, 1895, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Coffin and Miss Lovisa Thornton, a native of Cache county, Utah, and a daughter of Charles Thornton. Mr. and Mrs. Coffin have four children: Edna is the wife of William M. Madge, a successful farmer and rancher of Milk River; Earl is living in Los Angeles; and May and Albert are living at home.

In matters of citizenship Mr. Coffin is public-spirited, taking an active and helpful interest in all local affairs, and he is now a member of the city council. The religious faith of Mr. Coffin and his family is that of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and he is a prominent member of the Taylor stake. Mr. Coffin has always been a hard working man of earnest purpose and honest methods and fully merits such success as has come to him. He is favorably known in his community and numbers among his neighbors and fellow townsmen many stanch friends.

JOSEPH OLIVIER, M. D.

Dr. Joseph Olivier, who has devoted sixteen years to the practice of medicine, is now successfully following his chosen vocation in Blairmore and his ability has gained him rank with the leading physicians of the Rocky Mountain district. He was born in Quebec, March 18, 1882, a son of George and Delina (Bergeron) Olivier, both natives of Canada. The father was the owner of a well-improved farm in the province of Quebec and continued to follow agricultural pursuits until his death. The mother survives and now makes her home in Quebec. They were the parents of twelve children, nine of whom are living, and the subject of this review was the only member of the family to come to this province.

Joseph Olivier acquired his education in Quebec, completing his medical course in 1906, and he began his professional career in Quebec, but four years later came to Alberta. He first opened an office at Athabaska, Alberta, and in 1916 removed to Coleman, in the Rocky Mountain district.

He remained in that locality until 1918, when he located in Blairmore, where he has since resided. He is the only physician here and his practice is large. Broad experience has augmented his knowledge and promoted his efficiency and he is very conscientious and thorough in the discharge of his professional duties.

Dr. Olivier was united in marriage to Miss Dorothy Johnson, a native of England, and they have four children: Evelyn, Cecile, Dorothy and Loraine. The family are communicants of the Catholic church. Dr. Olivier's deep interest in his profession has led to the acquirement of marked ability and skill and his ambition keeps him abreast of the times in the field of medicine and surgery.

PETER EDWIN GRAHAM.

Peter Edwin Graham is junior member of the law firm of Payne & Graham, prominent barristers and solicitors of Red Deer. He was born in Campbellford, Ontario, in 1876, a son of John and Agnes (McKellar) Graham, the former a native of Langham, Dumfries, Scotland, and the latter of Argyleshire, Scotland. They were married in Scotland and came to Canada about 1858, locating in Ontario. The father taught school for a year after coming here. He had been a very successful merchant in the old country and was equally fortunate here. Mr. and Mrs. Graham are both deceased. To their union eight children were born, five of whom are living, Peter Edwin being the youngest of the family, and all are representative citizens of the communities in which they reside. Throughout his life Mr. Graham was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church and both he and his wife were active in church work. In his political views he was a Liberal.

Peter Edwin Graham received his education in the public schools of his birthplace and was graduated with the B. A. degree from Queen's University at Kingston, in 1898. The following year he accepted a position as teacher in a high school and taught from 1899 to 1908 in various schools in Ontario and in Saskatchewan. In 1908 he entered a law school in Alberta and three years later was admitted to the bar. For some time he was in partnership with John Barnett at Innisfail and then went to Daysland, where he practiced for five years. In 1916 he came to Red Deer and formed a partnership with William E. Payne, the firm being known as Payne & Graham, and that association has since been maintained, the firm having established a reputation as one of the largest and most successful law firms in the district and province.

In March, 1910, Mr. Graham was married to Miss Harriet Phillips, a native of Stratford, Ontario. She received her education in the public schools of that place and after graduating from high school engaged in teaching for a time. To Mr. and Mrs. Graham four children have been

born: John, who is eleven years of age and is in school; Edwin, eight years of age; Ronald, six years of age; and Jean, four years of age.

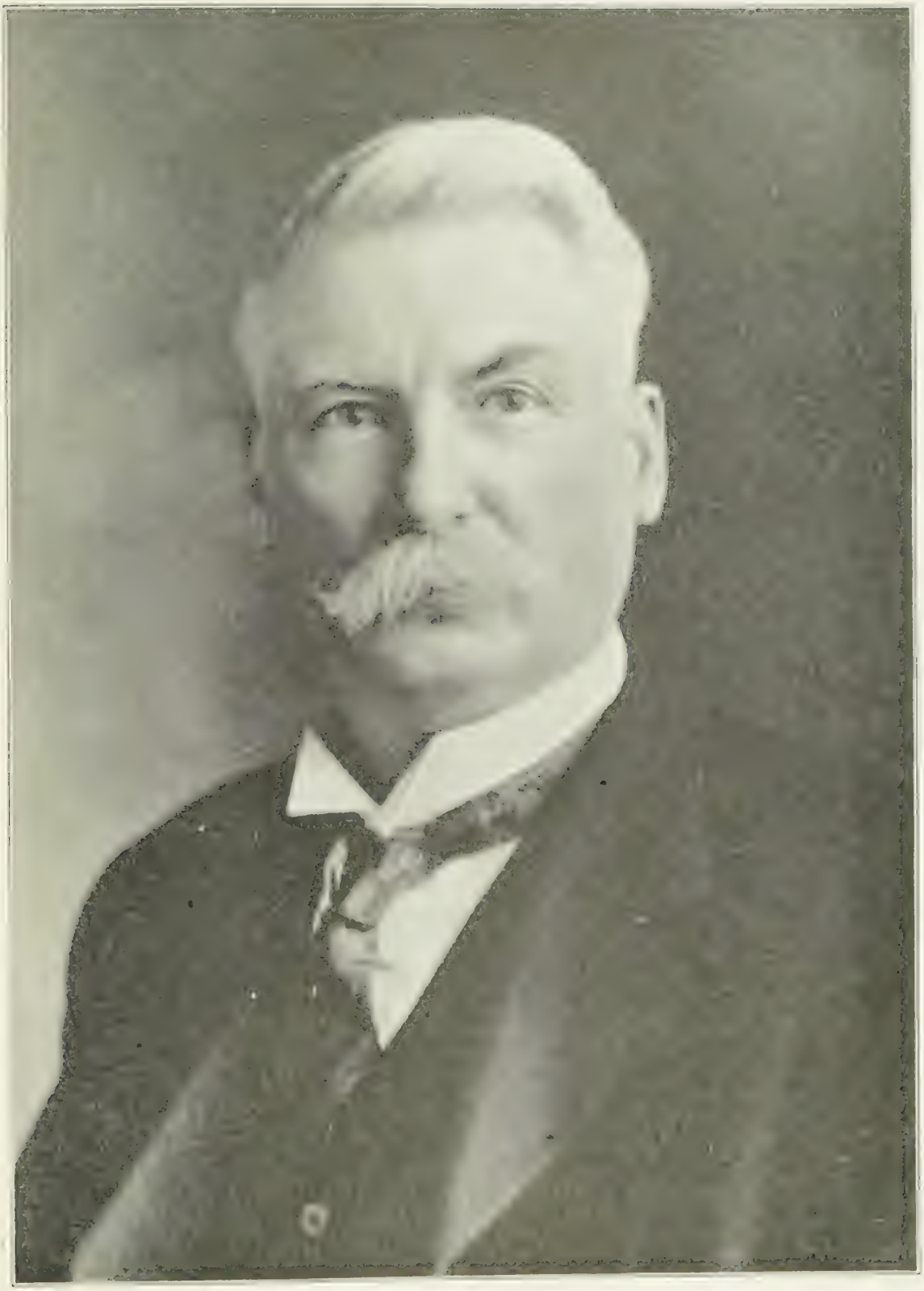
In his political views Mr. Graham is independent, giving his support to the man he thinks best fitted for the office without regard for party principles. His religious faith is manifest in his membership in the Presbyterian church and he is a member and secretary of the board of management. During the World war Mr. Graham gave generously of his time and money in the furtherance of the government's interests and he was secretary of the Patriotic Fund. For recreation from his many professional duties he turns to the great outdoors. During his college days he played on the football team and is still an enthusiast of that game, and is a tennis player of no little ability. The greater part of his spare time, however, Mr. Graham devotes to further study of his profession. He well merits the success he has achieved as a barrister and is held in high confidence and esteem by all who know him.

CHARLES G. ROBSON.

One of the extensive business enterprises of Edmonton is that of W. H. Clark & Company, Limited, of which Charles G. Robson became president in 1915, after having served as secretary-treasurer for many years. In this connection he controls one of the most extensive and important productive industries of the city, reaching out along ramifying and constantly broadening lines until his interests o'ertop nearly every similar enterprise in this part of the country.

Charles G. Robson was born in Durham, Grey county, Ontario, June 1, 1872, and is a son of the late Adam John and Mary (Grant) Robson. His father was born in the county of Huntingdon, Quebec, and while his educational opportunities in youth were limited, he became a well-read man through his own efforts after reaching adult age. He devoted his life to farming and at all times his career manifested sterling traits of character and high ideals. He was a member of the Anglican church, but as there was no church of that denomination in his home locality, he attended the Methodist church at Zion, Glenelg township, Ontario. He was an Orangeman and a Conservative in his political views, inclined toward an independent attitude. He was married at Durham, Ontario, to Mary Grant, a native of Belfast, Ireland, and both spent their remaining days in that province. They had a family of seven children, six of whom are living.

Charles G. Robson, the third in order of birth in the family, acquired a common school education and afterward attended the Collegiate Institute at Owen Sound. Even at the present time he is a student in a technical school, thus advancing his knowledge along lines that are increasing his usefulness as a factor in the world's work. He taught school for a number of years in Ontario, in young manhood, and then went to Duluth,



CHARLES G. ROBSON

Minnesota, where he was a teacher in the Duluth Business University, a commercial school. He continued to engage in teaching for two years and then entered business as secretary of the Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Company. He was with that concern for two years and in 1904 returned to Canada, settling at Edmonton, where he assisted in incorporating the W. H. Clark & Company, Limited. Of this company he became president in 1914. The business is incorporated for one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, with fifty thousand dollars as preferred stock and one hundred thousand dollars as common stock. The company manufactures sash, doors and general millwork and also handles plate glass and all kinds of building materials. Its output is shipped over four provinces but is mainly sent to Alberta. As the years pass the trade of the company is steadily increasing and the enterprise has become one of the profitable productive industries of the city. W. H. Clark & Company, Limited, is one of the large lumber and manufacturing concerns of Alberta today and to the efforts of Mr. Robson the success of the business is largely attributable.

In 1908 Mr. Robson was united in marriage to Miss Barbara McNabb, who was born in Barrie, Ontario, a daughter of William McNabb, a farmer of Ontario. Mrs. Robson pursued her education in the public and high schools of Barrie. Mr. and Mrs. Robson have one son: William, twelve years of age. In his political views Mr. Robson is a Conservative but has never been a poltician in the sense of office seeking. He and his wife are members of All Saints Anglican church and he belongs also to the Board of Trade, the Young Men's Christian Association and the Canadian Manufacturers Association, in connection with the work of each of which he has taken quite an active part. He certainly deserves great credit for what he has accomplished. He was thrown upon his own resources when a young man and from that time forward has made his way in the world unaided. He has led a life of intense and intelligently directed industry, concentrating his time and attention upon his business, with the result that he has helped to promote one of the largest lumber concerns in Alberta.

ANDREW FRANKLAND ANDERSON, M. D.

Dr. Andrew F. Anderson, president of the Alberta Medical Association, has been a resident of Edmonton for a period of eleven years and his professional associates and the general public accord him a position of distinction in his chosen field of activity. He was born at Campbellford, Ontario, in 1878, and is a son of Walter and Naomi (Frankland) Anderson, the former of whom was born in Galt, Ontario, in 1849. They were married in that province in 1874 and are now residing in Galt.

Andrew Frankland Anderson acquired his early education in the grammar and high schools of Peterboro, Ontario, and then attended Trin-

ity Medical College at Toronto, afterward becoming a student at Manitoba University, from which he was graduated in 1902. He successfully followed his profession in the province of Manitoba until 1910 and then devoted a year to postgraduate work in New York city. In 1911 he came to Alberta, locating at Edmonton, where he has since made his home. He specializes in internal medicine, of which he has an expert knowledge, and a large practice is accorded him. He devotes much time to reading and study and keeps abreast with the onward trend of the profession.

At Birtle, Manitoba, on October 15, 1903, Dr. Anderson was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Mary Young and they have become the parents of two children: Marjorie May and Walter Sterling, the latter born in 1910. Dr. Anderson is an earnest and helpful member of the Robertson Presbyterian church and for a number of years has served on its board of managers. He is a Conservative in his political views and fraternally is identified with the Knights of Pythias. He is also a Master Mason and is active in the Kiwanis Club and the Royal Curling Club. He is serving on the board of the Edmonton Hospital, representing the physicians of the city, and is a member of the Edmonton Academy of Medicine, of which he has been president; the Alberta Medical Association, of which he is vice president; and the Canadian Medical Association. It seems that he entered upon the profession for which nature intended him, for in his chosen calling he has steadily advanced until he now ranks with the leading physicians of the province, and his genuine personal worth has won for him the unqualified esteem of all with whom he has been associated.

WALTER LEWIS VENESS.

Diversified interests have engaged the energies of Walter Lewis Veness, who is engaged in the lumber and hardware business in St. Albert. He was born in England, on the 24th of June, 1868, a son of William and Catherine (Hill) Veness, both of whom have passed away.

In the acquirement of his education Walter Lewis Veness attended the schools of England and on the 1st of July, 1887, sailed from his native land to Canada, afterwards going to Michigan, where he worked on a farm for about two years, at the termination of which time he returned to Canada and for one year resided at Hamilton, Ontario. On the 10th of April, 1890, he arrived in Calgary and took up a homestead on the Nose creek, Alberta. He did not prove up on this homestead and subsequently cancelled it because of poor crops. He then located near Innisfail and for fifteen years followed general farming. In 1907 he came to St. Albert and purchased the hardware and lumber business of H. B. Dawson. He has since conducted this enterprise and his practical methods, good judgment and general business sagacity have won for him well-merited success. He is held in favorable regard in St. Albert, for he has established a reputation of being trustworthy and reliable in his trans-

actions, while in matters of citizenship he is enterprising and progressive and can be depended upon to cooperate in promoting any worthy movement or in forwarding the development of the various public utilities.

Mr. Veness has been twice married. In August, 1895, he married Miss Celeria Bacon, a native of England, whose death occurred in 1905. To their union eight children were born, two of whom are living: Walter Arnold and Catherine. Mr. Veness was married the second time in 1909, when Miss Rose Anne Leonard became his wife. They are parents of two children: Mary Cecelia and William Joseph Lawrence.

Mr. and Mrs. Veness are consistent communicants of the Catholic church. They have a large circle of friends here and are readily conceded a place among the town's representative citizens.

ANDREW GILMOUR.

Farming and stock raising has for many years engaged the attention of Andrew Gilmour of Lacombe. He was born in East Middlesex, Ontario, in 1875, a son of James and Sarah Elizabeth (McClary) Gilmour, the former a native of Scotland and the latter of Ontario. The father, who followed the occupation of farming during the greater part of his life, was one of the prominent men of his day and represented East Middlesex in the federal house for two terms. He was held in high confidence and esteem by all who knew him and his death was deeply regretted by many friends, as well as his family. Mrs. Gilmour is making her home in Wetaskiwin, with her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Odell. To James and Elizabeth Gilmour four children were born, three of whom are living, Andrew Gilmour being the second in order of birth. The youngest son, John Gilmour, is associated with his brother Andrew in live stock operations at Lacombe. The religious faith of the father was that of the Presbyterian church and his political allegiance was given to the Conservative party.

In the acquirement of his education Andrew Gilmour attended the schools of his birthplace and was graduated from high school. His first occupation after putting his textbooks aside was as a farmer and rancher. In 1897 he located in Manitoba, where he remained but a short time, coming on to Lacombe the same year, and engaging in ranching and today he is one of the most successful and largest ranchers in the district. He has a large and well improved farm and he feeds cattle, hogs and sheep, the latter to the number of two thousand and he owns and operates thirteen hundred and sixty acres of land. Mr. Gilmour uses progressive methods in promoting his enterprises and his prosperity is but the natural result of his thorough application and the scientific principles which he applies to his work.

On the 24th of December, 1901, was celebrated the marriage of Mr.

Gilmour to Miss Olive Grant Burris, a daughter of William Burris, the postmaster of Lacombe.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilmour are consistent members of the Presbyterian church and zealous workers in its behalf. The political allegiance of Mr. Gilmour is given to the Conservative party and he is very active in party affairs. He was a member of the city council for a number of years and was elected to the legislature of Alberta in 1917, serving one term, at the end of which time he withdrew from public life. He stands ever ready to devote time or money to worthy public enterprises and champions agricultural progress, commercial expansion, educational improvement and intellectual progress, taking a deep interest in all movements that contribute toward the elevation of the human race.

FREDERICK F. HARKER.

The laws of business are as inflexible and the results as certain as in any science. There are no secret processes of manipulation whereby success may be brought to the individual. It depends in every instance upon labor and the record of Frederick F. Harker is proof of this fact, for his life from a very early age has been one of unabating industry. He was gradually advanced as he proved his worth and ability, at length becoming manager of the Edmonton store of the Hudson's Bay Company and thus guiding the destiny of one of the largest department stores in western Canada. He was born at Saltburn, Yorkshire, England, in 1879, and his parents, Ephraim and Anna (Baker) Harker, were also natives of that section of the country. The father was born in 1848 and in 1869 he was married in Yorkshire to Miss Baker, whose demise occurred on the 30th of June, 1907.

When eight years of age Frederick F. Harker accompanied his parents on their removal to Canada, the family home being established at Newmarket, near the city of Toronto, in 1886, and he attended the public schools of that section of the province of Ontario. When but ten years of age he became a wage earner, obtaining employment with the firm of J. W. Stephens, general merchants of Newmarket, and in 1893 he entered the service of F. Wilson & Company, whose establishment was located on Queen's street, in West Toronto, remaining with them for eight years. In 1901 he became connected with the Robert Simpson Company of Toronto, with which he continued for seven years, occupying several positions of trust. In 1908 he heard and heeded the call of the west, and making his way to Portland, Oregon, he became an employe of the firm of Olds, Wortman & King, owners of one of the leading department stores of that city. For eleven years he was connected with that establishment and then accepted a position of general manager of the Edmonton store of the Hudson's Bay Company, succeeding George Carnes in that office. On March 15, 1919, he entered upon his new duties and within a short

time had won the goodwill and confidence of the three hundred and fifty employes who constitute the store staff. His thorough knowledge of merchandising, gained from many years of practical experience, enabled him to introduce many noteworthy improvements and innovations in the conduct of the store and under his progressive management the business enjoyed a very substantial growth, gaining a large share of public patronage. Cooperation and harmony throughout the store were the goal of his constant endeavor and owing to this spirit of close comradeship and Mr. Harker's deep interest in the welfare of the employes of the establishment, he earned their regard and friendship, as well as the unqualified esteem of the executive officers of the corporation which he represented, so that deep regret was felt by all when he severed his connection with the business on September 1, 1922.

While residing in Portland, Oregon, Mr. Harker was married on the 22d of February, 1910, to Miss Sarah Maria Anstey, a daughter of Frederick Anstey, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Harker have a son, Frederick Anstey Harker, born March 6, 1911. Mr. Harker is a member of the Church of England and his political support is given to the Liberal party, while the nature of his recreation is indicated by his connection with the Mayfair Golf & Country Club. He is a "square" man—one in whom to have confidence, thoroughly dependable in every relation and every emergency. He enjoys the esteem of many friends and fully deserves the honor that is accorded the fortunate individual who has fought and won in the great battle of life.

CHAUNCEY E. SNOW.

Through well directed business activity and enterprise, supplemented by remarkable foresight, discrimination and sound judgment Chauncey E. Snow has become one of the most prosperous and successful citizens of Cardston. He was born in Brigham City, Utah, on the 8th of July, 1870, a son of Lorenzo and Eleanor (Houtz) Snow, of Puritan stock. The father was born in Mantua, Portage county, Ohio, in 1814, and died on the 10th of October, 1901. In the pursuit of his education he attended the schools at Oberlin, Ohio, was graduated from high school at Ravenna, and subsequently entered Oberlin College. Lorenzo Snow was the first male member of the family to join the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, affiliating with the church in June, 1836, at Kirtland, Ohio. He continued to reside in Ohio for a time and later removed to Nauvoo, Illinois. He was a prominent figure in church circles and in the spring of 1840 went to England on a mission, remaining in that country until 1842, when he went to Italy. In 1850 he returned to England and thence to the United States and in 1852 crossed the plains to Salt Lake City. For some time he was a resident of Salt Lake and he was elected to the legislature shortly after coming to Utah. He went on a mission to Box

Elder county, Utah, locating fifty families there and he made similar missions to the Sandwich islands and to the Hawaiian islands. Mr. Snow was actively interested in the promotion of home industries and organized many manufacturing concerns, meeting with reverses in some instances and in other instances achieving success. In 1870 he was sent on another mission to England and on the 26th of October, 1872, he left for a tour of Palestine and visited many well known cities in Europe, including Alexandria, Egypt. In due time he returned to the United States and to Salt Lake, where he devoted the greater part of his time to home industries and to the church. He served as president of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, including all organizations in the country, and was holding that important position at the time of his demise. He was the fifth president of the church, and was the first president of the Temple of the church in Salt Lake City, which office he was also holding at the time of his death. To the union of Mr. and Mrs. Snow eight children were born: Amanda E. died in infancy; Ida is the wife of George F. Gibbs of London, England, and they make their home with a son, Snow-Gibbs, a distinguished artist; Eugenia is the wife of Leonidas Pierce of Salt Lake; Alphonso H. is in the real estate business in Salt Lake; Imogene was born in May, 1861, and died in 1863; Lana is the wife of George L. Savage, manager of Savage & Company of Salt Lake; Hortensia is the wife of Joseph O. Duke of Chicago; and Chauncey E., whose name introduces the review. Mrs. Snow was born in Pennsylvania on the 14th of August, 1831, and died on the 19th of September, 1896.

In the acquirement of his education Chauncey E. Snow attended the public schools of Brigham City and in due time was graduated from high school. He then enrolled in the Brigham Young University at Provo and subsequently in the Agricultural College of Utah, and he took a business course in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. After putting his textbooks aside he returned to Brigham City and worked in his father's store for a time. He established the first drug store in that city on the 26th of December, 1890, and after conducting it for one year he sold it. He then opened a shorthand and typewriting school, but after a short time he devoted his entire time to writing. He gained no little recognition as a writer of fiction and in 1895 he published his first novel, "Sister Gratia," which in one day enjoyed a sale of two thousand volumes in Chicago. On the 5th of May, 1895, he came to Cardston, traveling by way of a freight outfit from Great Falls to Lethbridge and then took the stage from there. When he came to Cardston there were but few houses here. He became bookkeeper for the Cardston Mercantile Company and in a short time opened a mercantile establishment on his own account, freighting general merchandise from Lethbridge. On the 6th of August, 1898, he established the Cardston Record, which newspaper he operated with great success until 1899, when he leased it. He also disposed of his mercantile interests and made his initial step into banking circles, founding the first bank in Cardston, under the style of C. E. Snow, Banker. He conducted

that private bank for fifteen years and then sold a half interest in the institution, and still retains an interest in the Cardston Loan Company, Bankers. In 1900 Mr. Snow built the first brick block in Cardston and he was one of the organizers of the Consolidated Coal Company at Taber, Alberta, and served as vice president until disposing of his interest. In 1908 Mr. Snow went to England on a mission for the church and remained in that country two years. When he first came to Cardston district he purchased some six thousand acres of land but later disposed of this tract. However, he now owns four hundred acres of well improved land near Cardston.

On the 9th of September, 1895, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Snow and Miss Annie Daines, who was born in Hyde Park, Utah, on the 18th of February, 1876, a daughter of Robert A. Daines. To Mr. and Mrs. Snow three children have been born: The eldest son, Chauncey, was born on the 21st of October, 1896, and he is a prominent attorney of Cardston, having received his legal training at Columbia University, New York city; the second member of the family is Cecil D., who was born in Cardston on the 25th of May, 1903. He is a graduate of the high school and has taken a business course at Calgary, and is now employed by the United Irrigation Company; the youngest member of the family is Eleanor, who was born on the 28th of March, 1906, and is attending the local high school.

In politics Mr. Snow is a Liberal and he is a stanch supporter of his party, and was a dominant factor in the nomination of W. A. Buchann. He is interested in all civic affairs and wields a great influence for good in this community, and for some years has served as a trustee of the school board. In the church Mr. Snow is also active and he is now holding the position of elder. This life record of Mr. Snow shows what may be accomplished by a determined spirit and unfaltering enterprise. He has carefully noted and used his opportunities and faced discouragements bravely, and his example of unremitting industry and perseverance is one well worthy of emulation.

ROBERT B. WELLS, M. D.

Dr. Robert B. Wells, one of the very successful eye, ear, nose and throat specialists of Edmonton, was born in the district of Norfolk, Ontario, November 4, 1867. His father was a prominent lumberman of that section and the son was given good educational privileges. After mastering the work of various grades and of the high school he attended Aylmer high school and later entered the University of Toronto in preparation for a professional career. He had decided upon the practice of medicine as a life work and therefore matriculated as a medical student, winning his professional degree upon graduation with the class of 1894. He afterward studied for a year under the direction of Dr. Jamieson,

who was speaker of the house of commons in Ontario. Subsequently he went to New York city, where he did postgraduate work for a year and then with his return to Ontario opened an office in Delhi, where he practiced until 1906. In that year he came to Edmonton, where he has remained, save when on three different occasions he took postgraduate work, specializing in the study of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. He went to Europe in 1913, spending the entire year there, doing postgraduate work in Vienna, London and Paris. Since his return he has concentrated his efforts and attention upon this branch of practice and no man stands higher in the profession in Edmonton than he, while his skill and ability along the line of his specialty ranks him with the eminent ophthalmologists, otologists, rhinologists and laryngologists of this part of the Dominion. He belongs to the Alberta Medical Society, of which he was at one time vice president, and he also has membership in the Canadian Medical Association and is a fellow of the American College of Surgeons.

Dr. Wells belongs to the Canadian Club, of which he is the president, and to the Country Club. His religious belief is manifest in his membership in the Presbyterian church and fraternally he is a Mason, interested in the work of the order and at one time serving as master of his lodge. He can always be counted upon to aid any worthy cause or to assist in the advancement and upbuilding of the city, his support being ever given on the side of progress, reform and improvement. His ideals of life are high as related to personal conduct, to public duty or to professional obligation, and the professional standards which he maintains have made him a close and discriminating student of the science of medicine, particularly along the line of his specialty.

ARTHUR GEORGE BAALIM.

Arthur George Baalim, dealer in motor cars at Lethbridge, belongs to that type of energetic, enterprising citizens the record of whose efforts is written in the terms of success. He was born in the Isle of Wight, October 24, 1880, and is a son of Arthur D. and Emily (Osborn) Baalim, who were natives of England. The father was a physician and was serving as ship surgeon at the time of his death, which occurred at sea in 1887. Following the demise of her husband Mrs. Baalim lived in England until 1903, when her son Arthur sent for her to join him in Edmonton. In the family were three children: Arthur G.; Emily, who is a trained nurse of Seattle, Washington; and Charles, who is clerking in a store in Calgary, Alberta. Both parents were members of the Church of England.

Arthur G. Baalim had but limited opportunities and advantages in his youth, owing to his father's early death, which left the mother in straitened financial circumstances. He had to begin providing for his

own support when a lad of but eleven years and at thirteen years of age he made his way to Ontario, where he worked on a farm for a short time. He afterward learned the milling trade in the Blenheim Flour Mills and followed that pursuit for a considerable period. In 1902 he came to Alberta, settling at Edmonton, where he conducted a confectionery and bakery business until 1911, when he removed to Calgary. There he was engaged in the real estate business until 1916, when he came to Lethbridge and here established an automobile business, since which time he has engaged in the sale of the Nash and Chevrolet cars. He erected a fine building in 1919 and in addition to his salesrooms he maintains a large repair department. He has made a success of the undertaking, as his patronage has steadily grown with the passing years, and annually he puts out a large number of cars, which have made his undertaking a profitable one. He is also interested in oil drilling on section 12—115, just across the line from Montana, but devotes the greater part of his time to the automobile business. He prospered in his business affairs in Calgary and has made large investments in Lethbridge. His garage is an extensive one and his automobile trade is the biggest in the city.

In 1913 Mr. Baalim was united in marriage to Miss Gladys Irine Galt, who was born in Winnipeg, a daughter of William Galt, who was a printer and newspaper editor of Winnipeg. Mr. and Mrs. Baalim have become the parents of four children: Harry Galt, eight years of age, now in school; Ceciley, also in school; Gwendolyn Christina, three years of age; and Gladys Irine, who is in her second year.

The parents are members of the Episcopal church and fraternally Mr. Baalim is a Mason. He belongs to the Rotary Club, of which he was the first president, and his aid and influence are always tangible forces in the progress and support of any project for the general good. In politics he is a Liberal and was one of the first aldermen of Strathcona, Alberta. He also served as chairman of the first Victory Loan. He has been the president of the Tourist Association of East British Columbia and South Alberta and president of the Northern Montana and Southern Alberta Highway Association. He stands stanchly in support of good roads and there are many tangible evidences of his public spirit and devotion to the general welfare. He readily recognizes and utilizes opportunities not only for the advancement of his own fortunes but also for the upbuilding and development of the region in which he lives.

JOHN THOMSON STIRLING.

No representative of Alberta's provincial government is better known nor more highly respected than John T. Stirling, who has been a resident of Edmonton for fourteen years, and since 1910 he has served as chief inspector of mines for Alberta, his long continuance in the office being proof of his fitness therefor. He was born at Newbottle, Scotland, November

25, 1875, a son of Peter and Annie Cushnie (Thomson) Stirling, also natives of the land of hills and heather. The father was born in 1850 and his demise occurred in Scotland in 1908, when he was fifty-nine years of age. The mother is still a resident of that country.

John Thomson Stirling obtained his education in his native land and after completing a public school course became a student at the Heriot-Walsh College in Edinburgh, Scotland. In 1898, when a young man of twenty-three years, he was made manager of the mines operated by the Lothian Coal Company at Rosewell, Scotland, and capably filled that position until 1908, when he came to Canada, making his way to this province. He located in Edmonton and for a year was manager of the Rosedale Coal Company of Edmonton, at the end of which time he was called to public office, being appointed district inspector of mines in Alberta in 1909. His excellent service in that connection led to his promotion to the position of chief inspector of mines for the province in 1911 and he has since acted in this capacity. He brings to his responsible duties a thorough knowledge of the subject, gained through many years of practical experience in coal mining activities, and his humanitarian spirit prompts him to put forth earnest and effective effort to safeguard the lives of those employed in this most hazardous occupation. In 1918 he was appointed chairman of the workmen's compensation board and is now acceptably filling that office. He has made an exhaustive study of the coal mining industry and is regarded as an authority on matters pertaining thereto. During the World war he was appointed fuel controller for the province of Alberta and from 1915 until 1919 efficiently discharged the duties of that office of trust and responsibility.

At Newbottle, Scotland, on June 18, 1904, Mr. Stirling was united in marriage to Miss Jessie Stirling Henderson and they have gained many friends in Edmonton during the period of their residence in the city. Mr. Stirling is a member of the First Presbyterian church. He exemplifies in his life the admirable qualities of the Scotch race and has evinced that hearty cooperation in progressive movements and that eagerness to promote the general welfare which are embodied in the truest ideals of public service.

THOMAS HENRY BLOW, M. D.

Many progressive features in the life of Calgary have felt the stimulus of the cooperation of Dr. Thomas Henry Blow, whose labors have been effective and resultant forces not only along professional lines but also in the educational and political fields. He is the father of the School of Technology in Calgary, to the establishment of which institution he devoted a decade of his life with unremitting zeal and enthusiasm. His birth occurred in Dundas county, Ontario, on the 22d of January, 1862, his parents being Robert and Sarah (Henderson) Blow, the former a



THOMAS H. BLOW, M. D.

native of County Armagh, Ireland, and the latter of South Mountain, Ontario. The paternal grandfather, William Blow, came from Ireland to this country in 1812 and was one of the pioneer settlers of the province of Ontario. He engaged in farming, acquiring land from the government, and many a time was compelled to carry a bag of wheat a distance of seventeen miles in order to get it ground. He was a man of great energy and determination who achieved substantial success in life. The maternal grandfather, born in the United States, likewise became one of the pioneer settlers of Ontario. He was a successful miller and a prominent member of the community in which he resided. Robert Blow, the father of Dr. T. H. Blow, engaged in carriage making during the greater part of his life. In his political views he was a Conservative and in all matters of citizenship he was public-spirited and progressive. His religious faith was that of the Presbyterian church. To him and his wife were born four children, Thomas H., whose name introduces this review, being the eldest.

In the acquirement of an education Thomas H. Blow attended the schools of South Mountain, Ontario, and the Kemptville high school, from which in due course of time he was graduated. His professional training was received in McGill University, from which he was graduated with the M. D. degree in 1895. He then located in South Mountain for the practice of medicine and was successful from the start. In 1900 he went abroad for postgraduate work in London, England, and Edinburgh, Scotland, and after returning to America in June, 1902, he spent a year in Denver, Colorado. In April, 1903, he came to Calgary, Alberta, where he has remained. As a specialist in the treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat he has won well deserved prominence. Dr. Blow has always taken advantage of all the opportunities afforded him to broaden and complete his medical education and he is a deep and intelligent reader of medical literature. He keeps in touch with the most advanced thought of the profession and is quick to adopt new methods when once they have proven valuable. His work has gained him a high place in the ranks of the medical fraternity not only in the Calgary district but throughout Alberta.

In 1895 Dr. Blow was married to Miss Ida J. Mulholland, a native of South Mountain, Ontario. To them four children have been born: Harry F., who is attending school; Wilda, a graduate of the University of Alberta; Marion, who is attending school; and Donald M., a high school pupil. Mrs. Blow is active in club and social circles, and her religious faith is indicated by her membership in the Presbyterian church.

Since age conferred upon him the right of franchise Dr. Blow has given his political allegiance to the Conservative party and has been a loyal worker in its local ranks. He served as a member of the legislature in 1913 and again in 1921. He stands for progress and improvement in matters of citizenship, and he endeavored to enlist the support of the government in establishing a university at Calgary but was defeated in that undertaking. He was not discouraged, however, and the new School

of Technology in Calgary owes its existence to him, for he devoted the years from 1910 to 1921 to earnest effort for the establishment of this splendid institution in Alberta. It is one of the most complete schools of its character in Canada and Dr. Blow may well be proud of the distinction of being its instigator and promoter. Premier Stewart, though politically opposed to him, expressed his appreciation of Dr. Blow's work in this connection in the strongest terms on the occasion of the laying of the corner stone. Mrs. Price, who also made a speech, said in part: "To the credit of Dr. Blow belongs the honor of getting this splendid school here." The Doctor was also a dominant factor in the location of the Keith Tuberculosis Hospital in Calgary. The School of Technology has recently been completed and is a beautiful and spendidly equipped institution. The religious faith of Dr. Blow is that of the Presbyterian church and fraternally he is identified with the Masonic order, in which he has attained the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite and he is a Noble of the Mystic Shrine.

J. ROY DRYSDALE, B. A., LL. B.

The Edmonton bar finds an able representative in J. Roy Drysdale, a young man of mental alertness, enterprise and determination, whose identification with the legal profession covers a period of seven years. He was born in Nova Scotia in 1888 and his father, James Drysdale, was also a native of that province. He was born in 1850 and was married in Nova Scotia, in 1887, to Georgia Elizabeth Geddes, who passed away in 1920, while his death occurred in 1906. His father, John Drysdale, was born in Nova Scotia and was of Scotch ancestry.

J. Roy Drysdale acquired his early education in the public schools of his native province and afterward spent a year as a student at Dalhousie University in Nova Scotia. He next entered Alberta University, which in 1912 conferred upon him the B. A. degree, while three years later he completed a course in the law department of that institution. He began his professional career in Edmonton and in 1920 formed a partnership with S. S. Cormack, becoming junior member of the firm, which engages in the general practice of law and is building up a lucrative clientele. Mr. Drysdale is careful in analysis, clear in his reasoning and logical in his deductions and the ability with which he presents his cause has won for him many favorable verdicts.

Mr. Drysdale is a veteran of the World war. He enlisted at Edmonton on January 19, 1917, becoming a private in the One Hundred and Ninety-sixth Battalion, and in May, 1917, was sent overseas with that organization. He saw much hard fighting and participated in the engagement at Lens in September, 1917. At the battle of Passchendaele in October, 1917, he was wounded, being incapacitated for further service, and returned to Edmonton in November, 1919, after eighteen months' military duty.

He is a member of the Great Western Veterans Association and his political tenets are those of the Liberal party, while his religious views are in accord with the doctrines of the Presbyterian church. He is an earnest and conscientious student, thoroughly alive to the importance and responsibility of his profession and fully meriting the high esteem in which he is held by his fellow practitioners as well as the general public.

ALFRED WELLER GIRVIN, M. D., C. M.

A representative member of the medical profession in Strathmore and throughout this district is Dr. Alfred Weller Girvin, who was born at Stella, Ontario, on the 18th day of May, 1880, a son of Charles and Evangeline (Weller) Girvin, likewise natives of Stella. The paternal grandfather, Samuel Girvin, was born in County Downs, Ireland, and came to Canada in 1832. He crossed on an old sailing vessel, taking three months to make the voyage, and he was one of the pioneers in this country. He located in Ontario and farmed until his demise in 1899, at the age of eighty-nine years. John Weller, the grandfather on the maternal side, was born in England and came to Canada and located in Ontario about 1840. He followed agricultural pursuits there until his death in 1881, at the age of seventy years. Charles Girvin was reared to young manhood in Stella, Ontario, and upon attaining man's estate acquired some land on his own account and engaged in farming, in which occupation he continued until his demise in 1899, when fifty years of age. Mrs. Girvin survived her husband until 1915, being sixty-one years of age when she passed away. Mr. and Mrs. Girvin were highly respected citizens of the community in which they resided. For some years he was a member of the school board at Stella and they were both consistent communicants of the Presbyterian church and zealous workers in its behalf. Two children were born to them: Alfred Weller, whose name introduces this review; and William, whose death occurred in 1906, when twenty-three years of age.

In the acquirement of his early education Alfred Weller Girvin attended the public schools of Stella and subsequently graduated from the high school at Napanee, Ontario, after which he taught school for three years near Stella. His earliest ambition was to become a physician and surgeon and therefore he resigned his teacher's position and enrolled in the medical department of Queen's University, from which institution he was graduated in 1905, with the M. D. and C. M. degrees. He took post-graduate work in the hospitals in London, England, and in 1908 came to Strathmore, Alberta, and opened offices for the general practice of medicine. He has since continued to practice here and enjoys an extensive and important patronage. Dr. Girvin brought to the profession the best of training and innate ability and he stands high among the foremost physicians and surgeons in the district.

In 1910 Dr. Girvin was married to Miss Nellie Morris, a native of Elm Grove, Ontario. To them two children have been born: Evangeline and Romola. Mrs. Girvin is a woman of charming personality and she takes an active part in the club and social life of Strathmore.

The religious faith of the Doctor is that of the Presbyterian church, in which he is an elder. Fraternally he is identified with the Masons, holding membership in blue lodge No. 53, of Strathmore and chapter No. 21, and he is a past master of the order. He is a member of the Canadian Order of Foresters of Stella and has held the chair of chief ranger in the Foresters. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to the Strathmore lodge. Along strictly professional lines the Doctor is identified with the Alberta and Canadian Medical Associations and the Calgary Medical Society. Although the greater part of his time and attention is devoted to his professional interests, he is public-spirited, has served on the town council and is now president of the Board of Trade and chairman of the school board. He is also appreciative of the social amenities of life and is a member of the Curling & Golf Club of Strathmore and is president of the Hockey Club. The Doctor thoroughly enjoys home life and takes great pleasure in the society of his family and friends. He is always courteous, kindly and affable and those who know him have for him warm regard.

JAMES McGAVIN.

James McGavin is the president of McGavin's, Limited, Bakers of Edmonton. This is one of the largest enterprises of its character, not only in Alberta but in all western Canada, and its business has been built up through the enterprise, ability and progressiveness of him who is still at its head. So carefully has he directed his interests and so wisely has he used his opportunities that he has steadily advanced in the business world and the steps in his orderly progression are easily discernible, while his record constitutes an example that others might wisely and profitably follow.

James McGavin was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, on the 28th of December, 1882, and there he was reared and educated, pursuing his studies in the public schools. When a youth of but thirteen years he made his initial step in the business world by entering upon an apprenticeship to the baker's trade, his term of indenture to cover five years. During the first year he received in wages only a dollar and a half per week and at the end of the five-year period he was being paid but three dollars per week. However, he learned the trade most thoroughly and thus laid the foundation for his success in later life. He continued to work as a baker in Scotland for some time and also occupied the position of foreman with the Darvel Industrial Cooperative Society for several years. At length the opportunities of the new world proved to him irresistibly attractive and

in 1913 he made his way direct from Scotland to Edmonton, where he has since maintained his home. Soon after his arrival here he established his present business in a small way. His trade has grown year by year until he is now one of the notably successful bakers of the province. The business has an output of twenty-five thousand loaves of bread daily and the capacity of the plant is thirty-five thousand loaves. He ships bread all over the province and also into British Columbia and Saskatchewan. The trade has developed as the result of the excellence of his output, for at no time has he ever sacrificed quality through volume of trade. He has a splendidly equipped plant, supplied with all the latest improved machinery for the making and handling of bakery goods and the utmost care is maintained as to cleanliness and sanitary conditions in the bakery. Aside from his association with McGavin's, Limited, Bakers, he is the president of the Alberta Building & Loan Association and the vice president of the Edmonton Credit Company. In fact, he is one of the most alert and progressive young business men of the city and what he has achieved represents the fit utilization of his time, talents and powers.

In 1913 Mr. McGavin was united in marriage to Miss Zula Duggar and they have become the parents of four children: Allen, James M., Donna and Wilfred. Mr. and Mrs. McGavin are consistent members of the Presbyterian church. He belongs to the Rotary Club and is in hearty sympathy with the high ideals and purposes of that organization. In fact, he is actuated by a most progressive spirit in all that he undertakes, whether in relation to public affairs or to the conduct of private business interests. He has never had occasion to regret his leaving the land of hills and heather in order to try his fortune in the new world, for here he found the opportunities which he sought and in their utilization has steadily advanced until he is today in control of a mammoth business and ranks as a prominent representative of commercial interests in his adopted province.

FREDERICK WILLIAM LUNDY.

A well known barrister and solicitor of Stony Plain is Frederick William Lundy, who was born on a farm near Brampton, Peel county, Ontario, on the 10th of November, 1878, a son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Arthus) Lundy. His parents were also natives of the province of Ontario, where they spent their lives, the father there devoting his attention to general agricultural pursuits.

The rural public schools of Peel county afforded Frederick William Lundy his early education, while subsequently he attended the Brampton high school and then took up the study of law, entering Osgoode Hall Law School of Toronto, from which institution he graduated in 1905. He immediately began the practice of law as a member of a well known firm

in Ontario, with which he was connected until 1908. In that year he came to Stony Plain, Alberta, and established offices for the pursuit of his profession. He has practiced independently since coming here and enjoys an extensive and lucrative clientele, handling much important litigation before the courts. He is sincerely devoted to his profession and is remarkable among lawyers for the wide research and provident care with which he prepares his cases. At no time has his reading been confined to the limitations of the questions at issue. It has gone beyond and compassed every contingency and provided not alone for the expected but for the unexpected, which happens in the courts quite as frequently as out of them.

On the 24th of September, 1913, was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Lundy and Miss Hazel Laird, the ceremony being performed at Edmonton. Mrs. Lundy is a native of Ontario and is a woman of culture and refinement.

Since attaining his majority Mr. Lundy has given his stanch support to the Conservative party and the principles for which it stands. He maintains an active interest in party affairs and wields considerable influence in the district. He has been secretary and treasurer of the town of Stony Plain since 1909 and is satisfactorily discharging the duties of this office. In 1917 he was elected provincial member from the Stony Plain constituency and served until 1921. Fraternally Mr. Lundy is identified with the Masons and he is conceded to be an exemplary member of the craft. Mr. and Mrs. Lundy are consistent members of the Methodist church. He holds a prominent position at the Alberta bar and continued success is assured him.

MORTON ELDRED HALL, M. D.

Dr. Morton E. Hall, a man of advanced scientific attainments, has made rapid progress in the field of professional service and his pronounced ability has won for him recognition as one of Edmonton's foremost physicians. He was born in Gore Bay, Ontario, October 30, 1887, and his father, Samuel Hall, was also a native of that province, his birth having occurred in 1854. In 1872 he went to Manitoulin Island, in Georgian Bay, being the first white settler in that section of the country, in which he still resides at the age of sixty-eight years. He was married in Ontario in 1880, to Miss Mary Alice Cook, who survives and is likewise a native of that province.

After completing his public school training Morton Eldred Hall entered the University of Toronto, from which he was graduated in 1908, winning honors in science and biology, and in 1909-10 he was class assistant in biology in that institution of learning. He also obtained his medical training at his Alma Mater and following his graduation in 1910, he served as surgical interne at the New York Post Graduate Hospital, thus putting his theoretical training to a practical test. He next became pathologist

to Bellevue and its allied hospitals, remaining in New York city until the winter of 1914, when he was granted a year's absence and came to Edmonton. During 1916 and a portion of 1917, while in military service, he lectured on pathology at Queen's College in Kingston, Ontario, serving at that time as sanitary officer of District No. 3. He was sent overseas and for about nine months was officer in charge of the Canadian Medical Museum of the Royal College of Surgeons at London, England. In August, 1919, he returned to Edmonton and has since been pathologist to the Royal Alexandra Hospital, while he also is assistant in pathology at the University of Alberta. He likewise cares for a large private practice, specializing in internal medicine, of which he has acquired a comprehensive knowledge, and his professional labors have been followed by excellent results. He delights in the scientific side of his profession and his studies and investigations have been thorough. He has made valuable contributions to medical literature and wrote a series of articles on "Gun Shot Wounds," which were published in the Journal of Surgery from October, 1919, until January, 1920, while in 1911 he prepared papers for the New York Pathological Society on "Syphilis of the Cranium."

Dr. Hall was married at Minneapolis, Minnesota, U. S. A., on the 1st of August, 1914, to Miss Eva Mae Wilkinson, a daughter of William Wilkinson, deceased. Dr. and Mrs. Hall have five children: Morton E., whose birth occurred in 1915; Roger Montague, who was born in 1917; Frances Wilkinson, born in 1920; and Willard and Charles, born in 1923. While serving in the World war Dr. Hall held the rank of captain and he is now on the officers' reserve list. He is a Knight Templar Mason and Shriner and a member of the Anglican church, while his social nature finds expression in his identification with the Edmonton Club and the Edmonton Golf & Country Club. His professional connections are with the Edmonton Academy of Medicine and the New York Pathological Society and he is also a member of Alpha Omega Alpha, an honor medical fraternity. He is an able exponent of his profession and as a medical practitioner he has attained high rank among those whose skill is uniformly acknowledged.

HOWARD W. REEVES.

After many years of activity in the field of general merchandising Howard W. Reeves is now living retired in Vulcan, Alberta, having won a comfortable competence through earnest effort, foresight, ability and thrift. He was born in the province of Nova Scotia, March 17, 1866, a son of John and Elizabeth (Embree) Reeves, also natives of that region. The father was a sea captain. Both Mr. and Mrs. Reeves have passed away. They reared a family of eleven children, four of whom are living in this province, three being residents of Calgary, the largest city in Alberta.

In 1895 Howard W. Reeves went to the province of Manitoba, where

he embarked in general merchandising, and for fourteen years he successfully conducted that enterprise. He came to Alberta in 1909, opening a general store at Okotoks, which he directed for two years, and in 1911 he removed to Vulcan, in the Little Bow district, being a passenger on the first train operated on the Canadian Pacific Railroad between Calgary and Lethbridge, Alberta. He entered business circles of Vulcan as a general merchant and for eleven years efficiently managed his business interests, building up a good trade, owing to his straightforward dealing and progressive methods. Having accumulated an amount sufficient to provide him with all of the comforts of life, he withdrew from business in march, 1922, and is now enjoying a well earned rest.

Mr. Reeves is a Presbyterian in religious faith and his fraternal connections are with the Masons and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, while he is also a member of the Vulcan Community Club. He made wise use of the opportunities which came his way and his prosperity was gained through strict integrity and the conscientious discharge of all obligations. He manifests a deep interest in everything pertaining to the welfare and advancement of his community and has gained the sincere regard of many friends during the period of his residence here.

J. W. WEIR.

J. W. Weir, president of the Alberta Motor Boat Company, Limited, of Edmonton, has in this connection built up a business of considerable extent and importance, back of which was a period of thorough training and experience that well qualified him for the work in which he is now engaged. He was born in Londonderry, Ireland, in 1886, and while still in his native country he began learning the trade of boatbuilding, at which he served a seven years' apprenticeship. He has continued to concentrate his efforts and his attention along this line and his success is undoubtedly due in large measure to the fact that he has never dissipated his energies over a wide field, but has continued to develop his powers along the line in which he embarked as a young tradesman. During the first year of his apprenticeship his wage was but one dollar per week and at the end of a seven-year period he was receiving but two dollars and a half as a weekly wage. It was while working at his trade in Belfast, Ireland, that he formed the acquaintance of Mr. Buchanan, who is his present partner and who is the vice president, secretary and treasurer of the company. Soon after they became acquainted they left the Emerald Isle and crossed the Atlantic to the new world, settling in Ontario. Mr. Buchanan had gone to Ireland from Scotland to learn more about boat building and together they emigrated to Ontario, where they had a contract to build high-grade motor boats. They remained in that section of the Dominion for two years and then, removing westward to Edmonton, established the Alberta Motor Boat Company in

1912. Through the intervening period of more than a decade they have built up a business of substantial proportions. They are undoubtedly the most skillful boatbuilders in the province and in fact, theirs is the only firm of consequence in this part of the country. Both being thoroughly trained, they turn out all kinds of boats from a light canoe to a hundred and fifty foot gasoline motor boat fully equipped, built especially for the waters and rivers of the north country. Their craft are largely used by trappers and hunters as well as for pleasure boats, and such has been their training and experience that they are able to speak with authority upon almost every question relating in any way to boatbuilding. Mr. Weir is at all times a wide-awake and energetic man, to whom the call of opportunity has ever been a call to action. What he has undertaken he has accomplished and his highly developed powers have brought him steadily to the front, until the company of which he is now the head has no real competitors in the field of boatbuilding in the province of Alberta.

JOHN A. McPHERSON, M. D.

Dr. John A. McPherson, physician and surgeon of South Edmonton, comes to this section of the Dominion from Ontario, his birth having occurred in Victoria district of that province on the 12th of February, 1878. His boyhood was passed on the home farm and he early learned the lessons of industry and perseverance as he assisted in the work of the fields and performed other tasks incident to the development and care of the homestead farm. At the usual age he entered the public schools and in time became a high school pupil. He next continued his studies in the Lindsay Collegiate high school and his thorough training well qualified him for the profession of teaching, to which he then turned his attention. He gave his time to pedagogic work for four years, but desirous of making advance in his own education, he entered the Toronto University and was graduated on the completion of a course in mechanical and electrical engineering with the class of 1906. Later he became a medical student in Toronto University and there won his professional degree as one of the alumni of 1911. Subsequently he pursued postgraduate work in Edinburgh, Scotland, and in London, England, spending a year abroad in further study. His training was thus comprehensive and splendidly qualified him for the work of the profession, which he resumed upon his return to Canada. In November, 1912, he arrived in Edmonton, where he has since practiced and thoroughness and capability characterize all of his professional activities.

Dr. McPherson belongs to the Canadian Medical Association, also to the Alberta Medical Society and was the president of the Edmonton Academy of Medicine for the year 1917. His practice has steadily grown in volume and importance, yet he finds time for cooperation in public affairs, being never neglectful of the duties and obligations of citizen-

ship. He was a member of the Edmonton school board, serving thereon from 1914 until 1920. He also belongs to the Masonic fraternity and in the practice of his profession finds ample opportunity to exemplify and inculcate the teachings and purposes of the craft.

PETER A. WINTEMUTE.

Peter A. Wintemute, occupying a prominent place in the business activities of Calgary, is the representative of one of the largest insurance companies in Canada and as the result of his ability and enterprise has been promoted to his present position as manager of the southern Alberta district of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company, with offices in the Lougheed building. He was born in Cayuga, Ontario, November 3, 1877, son of Francis W. and Elizabeth (Strohm) Wintemute. His parents were natives of Canada, as were his grandparents, with the exception of his maternal grandmother, who was born in Pennsylvania. Francis W. Wintemute was engaged in the mercantile business in Cayuga for many years, conducting a general store until 1902, when his health broke down and he was forced to move to a more favorable climate. He went out to Saskatchewan and took a homestead which he farmed for six years, regaining his health while working in the open fields. In 1908 he was made postmaster at Wawota, Saskatchewan, and still occupies that position. Society affairs now claim a generous share of his attention and he is prominent in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, while at the age of seventy he still joins heartily in a game of curling.

In the public schools of Cayuga, Peter A. Wintemute obtained his early education, going to Buffalo, New York, at the age of twelve to attend a business college. For seven years after leaving this school he worked as a clerk in a grocery store in Buffalo. This occupation held little attraction for him, so he came to western Canada, where the road to success is not so tedious to travel and the opportunities for the young man are greater. Taking a homestead in Saskatchewan he set about improving it, subsequently buying the adjoining quarter section, which he also farmed for three years. By that time both pieces of land were improved and ready for a tenant, who was duly installed on the place. Mr. Wintemute still owns this farm, but he has never personally operated it since. After conducting a business in general merchandise for a few years at Manor, Saskatchewan, he sold out and took the local agency for the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company, in whose employ he has remained. In 1908 he was transferred to Regina as inspector, three years later coming to Calgary as manager for the southern Alberta agency. Since his entrance into the insurance world, Mr. Wintemute has become widely known among the insurance men of the Dominion who elected him president of the Life Underwriters of Canada for a term. He has also served twice as president of the local association of underwriters.

In October, 1900, Mr. Wintemute was married to Miss Johanna Fissette, daughter of George and Sarah Fissette. A native of Quebec, George Fissette is now living in Cayuga, having retired from his business of manufacturing soap. His wife, who was born in Ontario, died in June, 1921. Mr. and Mrs. Wintemute have two children: Marjorie E., born in October, 1901; and Karl F., born June 13, 1903, who is now a student at the University of Edmonton.

A Liberal in politics, Mr. Wintemute has never held an elective office. He does, however, take a deep interest in public affairs of a non-partisan nature and for two years was vice chairman of the Victory Loan committee, in which capacity he made a trip across Canada on a very successful speaking tour. To matters of local import he lends his support as a member of the Board of Trade and the Kiwanis Club. His religious affiliations are with the Methodist Episcopal church and fraternally he is a Mason, belonging to Perfection Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and he is also an Elk. Out-of-door sports find in him an active participant and a generous patron. He plays golf at the Calgary Golf & Country and Polo Clubs, but best of all, in his opinion, is the game of baseball. He is not only an enthusiastic "fan" but contributes liberally to the support of the local team.

MICHAEL COPPS COSTELLO, M. D., C. M.

Dr. M. C. Costello is a member of a family which for forty years has been closely and prominently identified with Calgary's development and upbuilding, and his ability has placed him with the leading physicians and surgeons of the city, while he has also made his influence felt in industrial and municipal affairs. His birth occurred at Montreal, in the province of Quebec, Canada, on the 2d of August, 1875, and his parents were John William and Elizabeth (Copps) Costello, the former a native of Listowell, County Kerry, Ireland, and the latter of Fitzroy Harbor, County Carleton, Ontario, Canada. They arrived in Calgary in August, 1883, during the pioneer period in its history, and were numbered among the earliest settlers here. The father became the first school teacher in the community and was later appointed Dominion government inspector of weights and measures for the province of Alberta, serving in that capacity from 1885 until his death. He passed away in 1918. The mother is still living.

Michael Copps Costello was a pupil in Calgary's first school and later attended the public and separate schools of the city, obtaining a second-class certificate from the educational authorities of the northwest Territories. He then learned the printer's trade, which he followed for twelve years, and for five years operated one of the first lintoype machines in Alberta. His college education was received at Queen's University in Kingston, Ontario, and in 1908 he won the degrees of M. D. and C. M. He then went abroad and during 1908 and 1909 studied at the Rotunda Hospital in Dublin, Ireland, the London Hospital in London, England, and at

the Royal Infirmary in Edinburgh, Scotland, thus broadening his knowledge and promoting his skill. On returning to Canada he took up his residence in Calgary. Close study has kept him in touch with the trend of modern professional thought, research and investigation and high ideals have at all times guided him in the performance of his work. He has been equally successful as a business man and as president of the Calgary Iron Works, Ltd., he controls important industrial interests. He has also made judicious investments in real estate, owning improved and unimproved property in this city, in addition to farm lands, and has firm faith in the future of this section of the country.

On January 11, 1910, Dr. Costello was married in the cathedral of Kingston, Ontario, to Miss Pearl Anastasia Corrigan, a daughter of Dennis and Margaret Corrigan of that city. Dr. and Mrs. Costello have three sons: Francis Copps, John Leo and Thomas Emmett. Dr. Costello is a member of St. Mary's Roman Catholic church of Calgary and in political matters he maintains an independent attitude, standing at all times for principle and for good government. He is keenly interested in civic affairs and has ably filled various public offices. During 1913 and 1914 he was alderman of Calgary and also served as mayor from 1915 until 1919, holding that office at the time of the World war. In 1917 he became president of the Union of Alberta Municipalities and in the following year he acted as president of the Union of Canadian Municipalities. He was a candidate of the Conservative party in the provincial elections of 1921 and although ably supported by his constituents he failed to win the election, owing to the strength of the Liberals in this district. While connected with the printer's trade he took an active part in union matters and became a charter member of Calgary Typographical Union, No. 449, of which he was the first secretary, also acting as a delegate from this union to the Calgary Trades and Labor Council. He is prominent in club and fraternal organizations and is a member of Calgary Branch, No. 126, of the Catholic Mutual Benevolent Association, of which he was secretary from 1901 until 1904 inclusive, and he also filled the office of president. He likewise belongs to Calgary Council No. 1186, of the Knights of Columbus, and was grand knight in 1913-14. He is an active member of the Calgary Board of Trade and is also connected with the Calgary Golf & Country Club and the Rotary and Canadian Clubs of this city, serving as president of the last named organization in 1919. He is a man of versatile talents and the possessor of those qualities through which success comes as a natural sequence. His activities have covered a wide scope and his life has been a busy, useful and purposeful one.

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